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OBITUARY

Mrs. Thomas Walker.

The death of Mrs. Dora Walker, wife of Thomas Walker, occurred on Saturday at her residence, Pokiok, after an illness of five months. Besides her husband and daughter five months old, Mrs. Walker is survived by her mother, two brothers—John, in Salem (Mass.), and Edwin of this city—and four sisters—Mrs. Maud Young, wife of F. H. Young, of New York; Mrs. Matilda Robertson, wife of W. F. Robertson, of St. John; Mrs. Minnie Sears, wife of J. H. Sears, of this city, and Mrs. Isabella Glenn, wife of L. D. Glenn, of Chipman, Queens county. Mrs. Walker was twenty-seven years of age and the daughter of the late Patrick Carlin. The funeral will take place on Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Mrs. George P. Ferris.

The death of Mrs. Eleanor Ferris, widow of George P. Ferris, occured yesterday at the residence of her son-in-law, 102 Sheriff street. Mr. Ferris, who was seventy-six years of age, had been in failing health for a long time and her death was not unexpected. She leaves four sons—Wallace, at Houlton (Me.), Milford and David, at Cambridge, Queens county, and Alphonse, at Head of Mill Stream, Kings county; also four daughters—Mrs. Neta Clark, wife of Thomas Clark, of this city; Mrs. Delia Burch, wife of William Burch, of Pleasant Point; Mrs. Lily Cross, wife of C. H. Cross, of Cambridge, Queens county, and Miss Priscilla Ferris, of Boston.

The funeral will take place at Grand Lake on Tuesday. A service will be held at her late residence this evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Wm. Parks.

The death occurred at Barnesville on April 13th, of Wm. Parks, one of its oldest and most esteemed residents.

The deceased was was in his 73rd year, had spent the greater part of his life in the vicinity, where he was well known and respected by all. He was a consistent member of the Reformed Presbyterian church of which he was for some years an elder.

He leaves a widow two sons and three daughters, and a sister to mourn their sad loss. The entire community sympathizes with the family in their bereavement.

Miss Sarah Isabel Phair.

Miss Sarah Isabel Phair died on Saturday afternoon at the residence of W. G. Lee, No. 5 Wall street, aged eighty-five years. She was a daughter of the late William B. Phair, formerly postmaster in Fredericton. The body will be taken to Fredericton for interment today.

Mrs. Edwin Clay.

Rev. Fred M. Clay passed through St. John on Saturday with the body of his mother, the widow of Dr. Edwin Clay, formerly emigration agent at the port of Halifax. Mrs. Clay died on Wednesday at the home of her son in Medina, New York. Dr. Clay was at one time pastor of the Carleton Baptist church. Mrs. Clay was a daughter of the late Hon. H. G. Pineo, of Pugwash, N. S.

Mrs. Charlotte E. Hartt.

The death of Miss Charlotte E. Hartt at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Charles A. Prichard, Whitestone, (N.Y.), will be heard of with regret by a large circle of friends in this city by whom she was greatly beloved and esteemed. The deceased was well known in musical circles in St. John. She was for several years organist in some of the churches in this city. She was a daughter of the late Jarvis W. Hartt, once principal of Horton Academy, Wolfville (N.S.), and of the Girls' High school in this city.

A brother, George le Baron Hartt, of New York, and three sisters survive her—Frances Annetta, wife of Dr. G. U. Hay; Prudence Boardman, wife of William Gilchrist, of this city; and Emma Florence, wife of Charles A. Prichard, of Whitestone. A brother, Professor Charles Fred. Hartt, who died at Rio Janeiro, Brazil; and two sisters, Jennie, wife of Dr. Henry Hartt, of New York, and Sarah, wife of J. W. Harrington, of Philadelphia, predeceased their sister.

The body will be brought to this city for interment.

ROBLIN ANXIOUS FOR JOINT DEBATE WITH SIFTON

Says Hon. Clifford is Going Into the Laurier Cabinet Again, and Wants Election Lists in Friendly Hands.

Winnipeg, April 19.—Premier Roblin, of Manitoba, speaking here, said that Mr. Aylesworth's amendments to the Franchise Act, taking lists out of the hands of the Manitoba government were made at the instigation of Clifford Sifton, who was about to come back to the Laurier cabinet. Mr. Roblin said he proposed to ask Mr. Sifton to meet him on the public platform and discuss the franchise act.

Andrew Carnegie will add $5,000,000 to the fund of the Carnegie foundation, to be used to pension professors of state universities.

Black Watch Chewing Tobacco

A new sensation. A real pleasure. The big black plug.

2270

QUEBEC PAGEANT GREATEST EVER

London, April 19—Arrangements have been completed for the visit which the Prince of Wales is to pay to Quebec in July at attend the tercentenary celebrations and inaugurate the dedicating of the Plains of Abraham to Wolfe and Montcalm, and to the men who fought under them for the possession of what is now a part of Canada.

This is the Prince's second visit to Canada. He crossed nearly ten years ago, when on his world tour, from ocean to ocean, visiting all the chief towns en route. He also spent some time enjoying the fishing and hunting of the Northwest. This time, however, he will go no further than Quebec and his stay will not extend over a fortnight.

The Atlantic will be crossed on a fast cruiser, probably the Minotaur, accompanied by another fast cruiser, as an escort, the two leaving Portsmouth on July 16, and reaching Quebec on the 23rd.

The British Atlantic fleet will go over in advance of the Minotaur and her escort to take part in the celebration and give a fitting welcome to the heir to the throne upon his arrival in Canadian waters. His royal highness, too, will be accompanied by a brilliant staff, so that none of the pomp and ceremony of the British court will be missing. Among the staff will be Sir Francis Hopwood, permanent under-secretary for the colonies, who of all men in England probably knows more about the colonies and upon whom the Canadians at least rely when dealing with the Mother Country.

French and American squadrons will also be at Quebec and invitations have been sent to France and all the colonies to send delegates to take part in the celebrations. Australia has accepted and will be represented by the commonwealth. Brouages, general of the commonwealth, has been asked to send a representative, as have also the families of Generals Wolfe and Montcalm. Levi J. Murray, Guy Carleton and Simon Fraser, who performed deeds of valor in the taking of Quebec.

The prince on landing July 22, will be received by the governor-general and will be presented with an address by the Dominion parliament. On 23rd the scene of the landing of Champlain will be performed and the old navy will be shown with the crew in replica of his ship. The fetes will then be formally opened by the prince to which Sir Wilfrid Laurier will reply. The programme of the following days follows:

July 24—Dedication of the battlefield. Military and naval review.

July 25—Review of the fleets.

July 26—Thanksgiving Day. Services in the Roman Catholic and English Cathedrals.

July 27—Naval display ashore by 10,000 sailors, representative of the bombardment of Quebec by the British fleet and army under Saunders and Wolfe.

July 29—Prince of Wales leaves Quebec.

Pageant to Be a World-Beater.

Quebec, April 19—(Special)—Preparations for the big tercentenary celebration are going apace, and regular drill will commence on the big pagentry performance soon. Frank Lascelles, in discussing today the progress made, said, that taking into consideration the unrivalled situation of Quebec, there was no reason why the pageant of 1908 should not prove the very finest thing of its kind ever seen in the world's history.

It transpired today that the costumes are well under way and are being especially manufactured in England.

The fire works will be unique and probably the finest in the world's history. A series of ninety inch bombs are being especially manufactured in London. These pieces will be the most spectacular ever seen and each one after exploding will hurl a shower of 3,000 colored lights. The roar of the bursting bomb will be heard thirty miles distant. Special apparatus is being constructed to throw these bombs in the air.

Another very beautiful sight, not hitherto seen in Canada, will be daylight fire works. This novel conception provides for the shooting of rockets during the afternoon programmes.

RICHARD KIERVIN DIES SUDDENLY

Well Known North End Resident—Many Years With Stetson, Cutler & Co.

Richard Kiervin, one of the best known residents of this city, died suddenly at his home in Main street about 5 o'clock last evening. He was in his usual good health and spirits until Saturday, when he left his work and went to his home complaining of a chill. His condition was not thought to be serious and the household were shocked when he suddenly expired.

Mr. Kiervin was in his 60th year, and leaves, besides his wife, who was Miss Elizabeth Tierney, two sons and five daughters. The sons are John P., and William F. of this city, and the daughters are Mrs. William Harrington of Main street, and Misses Evelyn, Regina, Florence, all at home, and Irene of St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn. Five brothers and three sisters also survive him. The sisters are Mrs. D. Lynch and Mrs. Bollard of this city, and Mrs. White of Boston.

Mr. Kiervin was born in Kent county and was a school mate of the late George V. McInerney. He came to St. John when eirteen years of age and had been in the employ of Stetson, Cutler & Co. for twenty-two years. He was of a genial disposition and will be mourned by hosts of friends.

ICE WEAKENING AT FREDERICTON

Fredericton, N. B., April 19.—The Easter services in the churches of the city today were very interesting and impressive. The weather was fine and mild, and the congregations were much larger than usual. The floral decorations were on quite an elaborate scale, and were very much admired. Anthems, resurrection hymns, and carols made up the musical programme. At the Brunswick Street Baptist Church the choir rendered a hymn composed for the occasion by Pastor McDonald.

MARINE ENGINEER SUICIDES AT MONTREAL

Montreal, April 19.—Before committing suicide in a St James hotel room last night, Henry McKinnon, a marine engineer, wrote a letter to the coroner asking him to have the news of his suicide kept out of the papers. Then he swallowed a dose of cyanide of potassium, and was found dead in his room this morning.

The victim originally came from Perth, West Australia, and had been in Montreal only five days. He evidently belonged to one of the lodges of the Sons of Scotland, and in his letter to the coroner he said: "Please give me a decent burial, and I am sure Mother Lodge Bobbie Burns will stand good."

Militia Appointment.

Ottawa, April 19—The following are gazetted: 74th Brunswick Rangers—To be chaplain with the honorary rank of captain, the Rev. Scovil Neales to complete establishment.

Provisional Lieut. W. D. Atkinson is retired, having failed to qualify.

Halifax, N. S., April 19.—The s.s. Empress of Britain, arrived here at 8.10 Saturday morning and waited until 5.35 in the afternoon for the mail train. She sailed at 6.30 p.m. with 600 passengers. The loss of time entailed by the call at Halifax is about twenty hours.

MANY HAVE IT FILLED

Druggist Says no Sufferer of Kidney Trouble or Rheumatism Should Leave This Simple Home Made Mixture Untried.

That the readers of this paper appreciate advice when given in good faith is plainly demonstrated by the fact that one well-known local pharmacy filled the "vegetable prescription" many times within the past two weeks. Most of these folks naturally bought the ingredients only and mixed them at home. The announcement of this simple, harmless mixture has certainly accomplished much in reducing the great many cases of kidney complaint and rheumatism here, relieving pain and misery, especially among the older population, who are always suffering more or less with bladder and urinary troubles, backache and particularly rheumatism.

Another well-known druggist asks us to continue the announcement of the prescription. It is doing so much real good here, he continues, that it can not be repeated too often, and further states many cases of remarkable cures wrought.

The following is the prescription, of simple ingredients, making a harmless, inexpensive compound, which any person can prepare by shaking well in a bottle: Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce; Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Any first-class drug store will sell this small amount of each ingredient, and the dose for adults is one teaspoonful to be taken after each meal and again at bedtime. There is enough here to last for one week, if taken according to directions. Good results will be apparent from the first few doses.

FIRE DESTROYED THREE HALIFAX HOUSES YESTERDAY

Halifax, N. S., April 19.—A fire this morning resulted in the destruction of three large wooden buildings on Water street. The building was a wooden structure and it was only the prompt action of the fire department that saved the loss of much property and several lives.

A resident of one of the houses, who was ill, had to be removed through the roof, the lower part of the building being on fire.

T. S. Simms left on Saturday night for New York, where he will attend meetings in connection with the laymen's missionary movement tonight and Tuesday evening. United States Secretary Taft will be one of the speakers. Mr. Simms will be absent from the city about ten days. After the meetings he will go to the southern states on business.

PRESCRIPTION FOR CURING HICCUPS AND HEARTBURN.

Nothing brings such magical relief as slowly sipping a few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water. Nerviline cures the conditions that cause the hiccups, just as it does all other disorders of the stomach and bowels. For stomach pains, bloating, indigestion and cramps nothing can equal the sure cure of Polson's Nerviline.

DETECTIVES GIVE COMMISSION EVIDENCE AGAINST HOTELS; CLEAR PROOF OF VIOLATIONS

The liquor license commissioners met on Saturday afternoon in the rooms of the board of trade to hear objections and petitions against the applications for licenses which had been received. A feature of the proceedings was the report of a detective, submitted to the Temperance Federation, giving an account of visits to hotels and saloons to obtain evidence of the sale of liquor during prohibited hours. The report showed that every licensed hotel in the city was violating the law in this respect. Petitions against granting licenses to the Ottawa, King Edward and Park hotels and several saloons in different parts of the city were received. The commissioners promised consideration. L. P. D. Tilley appeared for the Temperance Federation, and Hon. C. N. Skinner, Dr. A. W. Macrae and J. B. M. Baxter for the hotels and saloon keepers, against whom petitions had been filed. The commissioners present were Col. A. Blaine, the chairman, and Dr. T. H. Lunney, with J. B. Jones, inspector and secretary. There was a large attendance of liquor dealers, members of the Temperance Federation and the general public.

The secretary in opening the meeting, said a number of petitions against licenses had been filed.

Mr. Tilley suggested that the petitions signed by ratepayers of Prince ward against licenses being granted to the Ottawa, King Edward and Park hotels should be read first.

Objections Offered.

Dr. Macrae, who appeared for the proprietors of the Ottawa and King Edward hotels, objected on the ground that under subsection 16 of section 11 of the act, the proceedings were similar to a court of summary jurisdiction and that as no sworn petitions were presented or any evidence under oath, the proceedings were out of order. He contended that under sub-section 7 and following clauses of section 11, no provision was made for petitions being filed against any person who kept open in prohibited hours. No charge of ill repute or previous forfeiture was brought forward, and if a petition were received it could only refer to objections to the character of a licensee. On that ground he further contended that the petition could not be heard, as three days' notice to the applicant prior to the hearing was necessary, when the character of the licensee was called in question. It was obligatory on the commissioners to satisfy themselves that three days' notice had been given before they heard the petition. The petitioners must substantiate the petition by affidavit that notice had been served. He claimed that an attempt to turn the commission into a court of enquiry was being made and that no offences under the act were being charged. He moved that the petition be dismissed.

Mr. Skinner, representing the Park hotel, took the same ground as Dr. Macrae, and contended further that the act required each person to be treated individually. The commission, moreover, was not constituted as a proper court to prove the violation of the law.

Mr. Tilley Replies.

Mr. Tilley, in reply, said he felt sure ninety per cent. of the citizens were in favor of the law being enforced. Mr. Macrae had devoted most of his argument to the section relating to character. The petition was not bringing any charge as to character, and Mr. Macrae's contention that it was ultra vires could not apply. He would like to ask his learned friend how objections by petition could be filed against licenses who violated the act by selling in prohibited hours if his construction of subsections 6 and 7 of section 11 was carried out. He then read subsection 6 as follows:

It shall be the right and privilege of any ten or more electors of any ward or parish to object by petition, or in any similar manner, to the granting of any license within such ward or parish.

It was plain, he contended, that the section in itself was sufficient to admit of a petition being presented.

Continuing, Mr. Tilley quoted subsection 7:

The objections which may be taken to the granting of a license may be one or more of the following:

(a) That the applicant is of bad fame and character, or of drunken habits, or has previously forfeited a license, or that the applicant has been convicted of selling liquor without a license within a period of one year; or that he has kept within a period of two years, a place in which the illicit sale of liquors was frequent and notorious.

Under the last clause, he claimed, the petition was in order as a sale of liquor in prohibited hours was an illicit sale under the meaning of the act.

Dealing with Mr. Macrae's arguments that the evidence must be under oath, Mr. Tilley pointed out that section 16 provided that the commissioners "may summon and examine under oath such witnesses as they think necessary." It was he contended, within the option of the commission, but was in no way compulsory. With regard to Mr. Skinner's argument in favour of separate petitions, he said no section of the act bore out that contention.

Mr. Tilley read section 33 of the act dealing with the report of the commissioners to the government.

Act Not Complied With.

The license commissioners shall report on or about the first of January in each year, or such other time as the lieut.-governor may prescribe, to the provincial secretary and their report shall contain:

(a) A statement of the number and description of licenses and the number of applicants to whom licenses were granted during the year;

(b) The names of the applicants to whom licenses were not granted;

(c) Any other statement required to be entered in the register;

(d) Prosecutions for infractions of this chapter and the result of the same;

(e) Any remark as to the working of the law within the district, etc.

Mr. Tilley asked why a statement showing convictions had not been filed, and why copies of such report were not available for public distribution as required under section 5 chap. 26, 1905, by an amendment to the liquor license act.

The chairman said a statement giving the names, transfers, and amount of the fines collected had been filed with the provincial secretary.

Mr. Tilley replied that he was not dealing with that statement. He was referring to the list of convictions for offenses required under section 33 of the act. Continuing, Mr. Tilley said the Temperance Federation had employed the Canadian Detective Association to obtain evidence that the law was being violated, and a man in the employ of the association had been sent from Halifax to make an investigation. Before reading his report, he would like to say in fairness that as far as serving liquor in prohibited hours went the act was being fairly well kept by liquor dealers other than the hotels.

Mr. Tilley was beginning to read the report when Dr. Macrae objected. He said it had nothing to do with the charge.

The chairman: "We would like to hear it, if it proves that liquor has been sold in prohibited hours."

J. Willard Smith: "A good many citizens would like to hear it also."

Mr. Skinner: "I thought Mr. Tilley was only replying to the preliminary objections."

Mr. Tilley then read the report, which was as follows:

The Detective's Report.

Report for March 7; Operative L-22.

While in St. John on Saturday, March 7th, Operative L-22 had occasion to drop in to the "Ottawa Hotel" on King's square at 8.30 p.m., and while there he noted a continual stream of people going into the back room, several of them being turned back by the proprietor, a Mr. Green, which gave operative the impression that liquor was sold in violation of the law, especially as the door leading to the back room was kept locked and for each person passing through this door, the clerk behind the counter in the office would press a button, which automatically opened the door.

Operative passed through the door himself, and after passing through a hall and another room he finally landed in a large bar-room, where two bartenders were in attendance and about fifteen men were drinking whiskey, ale and gin. Operative called again the same evening at 10.30 p.m. The proprietor, Mr. Green, was still on duty, turning away those who evidently appeared to be undesirable customers, and of whom there was quite a number, and letting others pass in.

Operative went in to the bar and at this time there were still two bartenders and about eighteen customers, all drinking the various kinds of liquors, such as Scotch, ale, and gin.

On leaving the bar-room, the proprietor would request some to leave by the side door and direct them as to which way to go, up or down the street, and if it happened that four or more would come out at the same time he would allow two to pass out first, requesting the others to wait until the first two were out of sight.

Report for March 14; Operative A-14.

Having got acquainted during the day with a couple of the men who frequent the various hotel bar-rooms, operative at 8 p.m., on this date, with these two men, went to the Hotel Ottawa where operative gave the clerk the wink and he touched the electric button at the desk and unlocked the door and operative and his friends walked into the bar. There were about twenty men present in the bar-room and the two bartenders were busy putting up the drinks, which operative noted were all of the intoxicating kind. Operative and his friends while there, noticed a number of men coming and going, and after staying in the bar for about half an hour, operative and his friends left and proceeded to the "Park Hotel," which place they entered by the front door of the office, passing to a rear door at the end of the office, which was opened by the clerk at the desk, by pressing an electric button. Operative and his friends passed through a passage-way at the end of which was a door, which was opened by a boy who apparently was not over sixteen years of age. Operative found the bar-room filled with people, all drinking, and two bartenders as busy as possible, mixing up drinks and trying to keep everybody in good humor. Operative counted twenty-nine men in the place, and as fast as they were being served and left, others came in and took their places. On coming out, one of the men started to sing, but was reminded by the boy at the door not to make too much noise, as the inspector might be around and be attracted.

After coming into the office, operative sat down for a few minutes and while there counted twenty more men coming into the bar, and in all the time operative was there, about an hour, he counted about fifty men.

"Leaving the Park Hotel at 9 p.m., operative and his friends went to the "Edward Hotel," where they followed four men who were just entering the door which opened into a passage-way which leads to another door opening into the bar. Here a man was standing opening and closing the door.

On entering the bar-room, operative found a young man, about eighteen years of age, doing his best to wait on the crowd of eighteen who were lined up at the counter. Operative and his friends were ushered out through another door in the rear, which leads out into a passage-way to the same door which operative had entered by at first, and then passed out through the office to the street.

Operative and his friends next called at the "Windsor Hotel," but saw no drinks being served, and was informed that they could not get anything.

At 10 p.m. operative and his friends went to the "Victoria Hotel" on King street, where, at the end of the hotel counter, operative noticed a man standing in such a way that he was concealed from view by a curtain which was attached to the counter. He opened the door and operative and his friends passed through the hall to the bar, where they found two bar-tenders busy waiting on a crowd of about twenty. While operative was there, a considerable number of men entered and left.

Operative at 10.30 p.m. went to the "Royal Hotel," and was informed by the porter that the bar was closed.

Operative next went to the Grand Union Hotel, where he and his friends went to the door that leads to the bar-room, but found it locked with a pad-lock; and the clerk informed operative that it was after hours and no liquor would be served.

At 11 p.m. operative and his friends returned to the "Ottawa Hotel," where he noticed Inspector Jones and a policeman standing between the "Ottawa" and "Park" hotels. Operative and his friends passed them and walked into the "Ottawa Hotel," where the blinds were now drawn, and operative and his friends passed into the bar-room, where they found a dozen or more people drinking. When operative left at 12 o'clock (midnight) there were still twelve men present, and none of them appeared to be in any hurry.

AVOID HEADACHE POWDERS.

When your liver is wrong, cheeks are pale, head aches—don't deaden the trouble with drugs, help out the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Safe, mild and sure are Dr. Hamilton's Pills, buy a 25c. box.

STROUD'S TEA

IN LEAD PACKETS.

"Has an Exclusive Flavor."

The one Tea you will never tire of.

—FOR SALE AT ALL GROCERS.—

W. D. STROUD & SONS,

MONTREAL, QUE.

On coming into the hotel office, Mr. Green, the proprietor, whispered to operative to go out the side door, which is the door that leads from the dining room upstairs to the street. Operative did not see the inspector when he came outside.

Report for March 15th, operative A-11.

Sunday, March 15, 1908.—At 2.00 p.m. on this date operative went to the "Ottawa Hotel," where he found the bar open and six men there drinking.

After tea operative again called at the "Ottawa" and there found a small boy of about fourteen or fifteen years of age at the desk. At first he did not want to open the door for operative and his friend, but a man who was stopping there knew them and told the boy it was all right and he opened the door.

Operative found quite a number of men in the bar, and all were drinking. This was also the case at the Park and Edward Hotels, but they would caution the customers here on entering to sit down for a while and would only allow a few to go in at a time, but finally on getting into the bar the bartender lost no time in serving those present, and on leaving they were all cautioned again to sit down for a while before going out.

Operative next called at the "Grand Union," endeavoring to enter there, but found that nothing could be obtained.

It being 10.00 p.m. operative discontinued for the night.

Report for April 6th, operative L-22.

Monday, April 6, 1908.—Operative L-22 reports that he entered the "Royal Hotel" at 10.55 p. m. on the above date, and on giving the clerk behind the counter the wink, he was admitted to the bar-room, the clerk having pressed a button beneath the counter, which automatically opened the door. In the bar operative found five men, two of them had empty whiskey glasses before them and operative is unable to say what they had been drinking. The three other men each had a glass of hot Scotch. Shortly after operative had entered the bar, he was followed by two other men who asked for and received Scotch whiskey from the bartender in charge.

Operative, when prepared to leave, started towards the door through which he had entered, but was stopped by a bell boy who directed him up a stairway which leads from the bar to the dining room floor of the hotel. Operative left by the way directed, and finally landed in the hotel office by way of the main stairway.

Operative next went to the Grand Union Hotel where at 11.20 p.m. he saw in the washroom, which is located off the hotel office, two men, who evidently were waiting to be admitted to the bar, which has a door leading to the room. Operative only saw a bell boy around, and gave him the wink that he wanted to get into the bar, but was told that the proprietor would return in a few minutes. The proprietor arrived a short time afterwards, and after having scrutinized the faces of the two men and operative, he produced a key from his pocket and opened the door to the bar, admitting operative and the two men without any words being spoken.

In the bar operative found a bartender in attendance, and two men, each with a glass of beer before them (possibly ale). The two men who entered the same time as operative called for "Scotch whiskey," which was served them by the bartender.

After remaining in the bar for a few minutes operative left the place, letting himself out by turning the latch, which was on the inside of the door.

Report for April 7; Operative L-22.

Continuing the above investigation, Operative L-22 at 9.45 p.m. went to what is known as the "Wooden Taps" on Mill street, entered the bar, and there found quite a number of customers present at the bar. Operative remained in the bar and at 10 p.m. all lights were turned out and all customers left, the operative being the last customer to leave, and the bar tender commenced to clean up.

Operative next went to the "New Victoria Hotel," and entering same at 10.20 p.m., went to the wash room, which is located to the right of the hotel counter, where he met a young man, evidently a porter, whom he asked if the bar was closed, to which the young man replied, "No, it is not; wait a minute." He then went out and got the clerk, who came in and opened the door to what appeared to be a store-room, leaving the operative to find his way into the bar, which he did after passing through three different rooms. The operative found one man drinking in the bar, and while there two other men came in. The operative remained in the bar about ten minutes, and then left the same way as he had come in.

Operative next went to the various bar-rooms located on Union, Mill and Water streets, but found none of them open, the majority of them having pad-locks on the doors, everything being quiet and in darkness, and operative saw no way in which to enter any of these places.

Some More Objections.

In the report under date April 6, when reference was made to the Royal and other hotels, Mr. Skinner asked why these proprietors were attacked when no petitions were lodged against them.

Mr. Tilley said the commission was open to hear complaints as to the working of the act.

The chairman: "There is no charge against the Royal."

Mr. Tilley (holding out the report): This is a charge. Year after year we have made statements in a broad way that the act was being violated. We were told that we had no proof. Now we have it. The Temperance Federation promised at the last annual meeting to produce and give the commissioners proof of the violation of the act at the next session and now we are doing it."

Mr. Tilley then took up the question of hotel licenses. He asked how it was eight had been issued when only seven were allowed under the act.

Mr. Skinner: "You can't go on like this. You are trying the commissioners."

Mr. Tilley: "I ask the secretary."

Mr. Jones: "If you're asking me I would say that the commissioners are advised they can legally do it."

Mr. Tilley went on to ask how it was that with only six licenses allowed in Kings ward twelve had been granted, or six too many, with only 11 allowed in Prince ward fifteen had been granted, or four too many, and with only nine permitted in Queens ward eleven had been issued, making in all twelve more than the legal number for the three wards.

Mr. Skinner again suggested Mr. Tilley was attempting to crossexamine the commissioners.

Mr. Tilley: "The commissioners may care to give their explanation."

The chairman: "We acted under legal advice in issuing the licenses."

Mr. Tilley said owing to the commissioners having failed to file a list of convictions the public were unable to obtain particulars. He would therefore ask the secretary to read the list of convictions during the past year.

Mr. Skinner: "You can get those from the police."

Mr. Tilley: "I am not going to spend a day searching the records when a statement should be available as the law requires."

Last Year's Convictions.

The secretary then read the following list of cases reported and the convictions since May 1907:

1907, August—Louis Green, unlawfully having persons in the bar of the Ottawa hotel in prohibited hours; fined $50.

W. H. McQuade, selling liquor in the Grand Union hotel in prohibited hours; case dismissed for want of evidence.

J. Everett Watters, druggist, Carleton, for selling liquor; fined $100.

September—J. D. Driscoll, unlawfully having persons in the bar of the King Edward hotel in prohibited hours; fined $50.

J. D. Driscoll, selling liquor in the King Edward hotel in prohibited hours; fined $50.

W. H. McQuade, selling liquor in the Grand Union hotel in prohibited hours; fined $100.

Louis Green, having persons in the bar of the Ottawa hotel in prohibited hours; fined $50.

James Boyd, obtaining liquor for an interdict; one month in jail.

George Addison, obtaining liquor for an interdict; twelve hours in jail.

October—Helen Lacey, selling liquor without a license; fined $100 or three months in jail.

Rachel Burns, keeping liquor for sale; case dismissed.

November—W. C. R. Allan, druggist, Carleton, for selling liquor; fined $100.

J. Everett Watters, druggist, Carleton, for selling liquor; fined $100.

December—Robert W. Carson, selling liquor to an interdict; case dismissed.

Charles O'Neil, gambling in his beer shop; fined $50.

1908, January—Peter Dolan, selling liquor in prohibited hours; case dismissed for want of evidence.

Matthew A. Harding, selling liquor in prohibited hours; fined $50.

February—William O'Keefe, selling liquor in prohibited hours; no conviction.

William O'Keefe, selling liquor in prohibited hours; no conviction.

April—James Hogan, permitting persons to be present in his bar in prohibited hours; fined $20.

Rev. A. A. Graham said he was present representing the presbytery of St. John, but as he understood no licenses were to be decided pending a hearing before the supreme court, he would not take up the time of the meeting.

Petitions against granting licenses to R. Caples, 313 Brussels street, and John J. Connors, Waterloo street, were read. Mr. Baxter appeared for Mr. Caples and presented a counter petition with 30 signatures in favor of the license being granted. James Patterson, J. Willard Smith and O. B. Akerly spoke against the granting of a license to Mr. Connors and a largely signed petition from the Every Day Club was presented.

A petition signed by forty-one ratepayers protesting against a saloon in Chesley street was read.

This concluded the business. The chairman said they would take everything into careful consideration and the meeting adjourned.

Patsy Strikeout—Say, old chap, help us out, won't yez? We're lookin' fer a pitcher.

Thirsty Timothy—Is dat so? Well, I'm lookin' fer a keg.

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PLEASE ADD TO YOUR DIRECTORIES.

Main 2123	Farris, F. S., residence, 100 Main.	
Main 2140	Foster, F. A., residence, 65 Hazen, number changed from Main 1857-11 to Main 2140.	
Main 1520-11	Kenwick, W., residence, 19 1-2 St. Andrews.	
Main 1254-12	Glynn, John, Livery and Coach Stable, 12 Dorchester, number changed from Main 761-11 to Main 1254-12.	
Main 2139	Hastings, A., residence, 4 Wentworth.	
Main 1535-12	Johnston, Wm., residence, Mt. Pleasant.	
Main 2131	Leonard, John G., D.D.S., Dentist, 15 Charlotte.	
Main 2138	Lilley, Harry R., Meat and Fish Market, 158 Mill.	
West 188-31	Makenney, R. C., residence, 290 King, W. E.	
Main 1660	May Queen, Warehouse, Indiantown, number changed from Main 204-11 to Main 1660.	

F. J. NISBET, Local Manager.