

An Act to extend certain Acts therein mentioned to the Province of Prince Edward Island.

An Act to authorize the shareholders of the Canada Permanent Building and Savings Society to change the name of the said Society.

An Act to amend the Acts respecting the Militia and Defence of the Dominion of Canada, and to extend the same to the Province of Prince Edward Island.

An Act to amend an Act to make further provisions as to duties of Customs in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories and further to restrain the importation or manufacture of intoxicating liquors into or in the Northwest Territories.

An Act to extend to the Province of British Columbia certain of the criminal laws now in force in other Provinces of the Dominion.

An Act to incorporate the Alliance Assurance Association of Canada.

An Act to amend an Act respecting the Public Works of Canada.

An Act to incorporate the Ottawa Agricultural Insurance Company.

An Act to amend the law relating to bills of exchange and promissory notes and the stamps thereon.

An Act respecting the elections of members of the House of Commons.

An Act to provide for the appointment of harbour masters for certain ports in the Provinces of Quebec, Ontario, British Columbia and Prince Edward Island.

An Act to amend the Acts of incorporation of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Loan and Savings Society.

An Act to provide for the appointment of port wardens at certain ports of the Dominion.

An Act to authorize the transfer of the Windsor branch of the Nova Scotia Railway to the Western Counties Railway Company.

An Act to enable the Montreal Northern Colonization Railway Company to build a bridge over the Ottawa River.

An Act to incorporate the Colonial Building and Investment Association.

An Act to incorporate the Lumber Exchange of St. John, New Brunswick.

An Act to provide for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

An Act respecting the Albion Mines Savings Bank.

Parliament was then prorogued with the following Speech from the Throne:

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate,

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

"I am glad that at a comparatively early period of the session I am able to relieve you from further attendance in Parliament.

I thank you for the devotion you have shown to the public interests in the earnest prosecution of the work of the session.

I congratulate you on having passed an Election law adapted to the requirements of the respective Provinces, and I trust that this law, with the amended Act for the trial of Controverted Elections, will result in securing for the future pure and peaceable elections.

The measure you have passed, providing for the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway will enable my Government to proceed as soon as practicable with such portions of the work as are necessary to secure communication with the interior and with British Columbia.

I hope that the law for the establishment of a Military College will be found to fulfil its design, in securing a class of thoroughly educated officers for the Militia service.

I trust that the other measures you have adopted with so much unanimity will likewise prove beneficial to the country.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I thank you for the readiness with which you have made provision for an anticipated deficiency, and granted the supplies for the Public Service.

Honourable Gentlemen of the Senate,

Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

I trust that the measures I have caused to be taken for the preservation of the peace in the Northwest Territories will be effectual in preventing the spirit of lawlessness so much to be feared in these vast unsettled regions, and in maintaining friendly relations with the Indian tribes.

The negotiations in progress relative to the compensation due to Canada under the Treaty of Washington will, I hope, realize our just expectations.

We have reason to rejoice that within our borders are peace and prosperity; and I pray that the country may continuously enjoy these invaluable blessings."

The SPEAKER of the Senate then informed the members of the Senate and the House of Commons that the Governor General had prorogued Parliament until Monday, July 6, 1874.