

from 45% to 42½%; pleasure boats valued not over \$15,000 each, from 15% to 7½%; internal-combustion motor-boat engines (except non-carburetor type weighing over 2,500 pounds each), from 15% to 8-3/4%; cash registers, from 15% to 12½%; printing machinery (except for textiles and except duplicating machines other than printing presses), bookbinding machinery, and paper-box machinery, from 25% to 12½%; knitting machines for full fashioned hosiery, from 40% to 20%; cream separators valued over \$100 each, from 25% to 12½%; apparatus for the generation of acetylene gas from calcium carbide, from 15% to 10%; internal-combustion engines of the carburetor type, from 10% to 8-3/4%; machines for making paper pulp or paper, from 15% to 10%; machines and parts, n.s.p.f., 15% to 13-3/4%; bismuth, from 3-3/4¢ per lb. to 1-7/8¢ per lb.; bronze powder not of aluminum, 14¢ per lb. to 10¢ per lb.; mechanics' hand tools, from 45% to 22½%; blow torches and incandescent lamps, designed to be operated by compressed air and kerosene or gasoline, from 22½% to 12½%; cooking and heating stoves of the household type, n.s.p.f., from 22½% to 12½%.

Wood and Manufactures

Maximum concessions have been obtained on several wood products which are of major importance to the industries involved. Of special significance are the concessions on practically all types of exported plywood. On Douglas fir plywood the duty is reduced from 40% to 20%, on birch plywood, from 20% to 15% (at Annecy there was also a 5% cut in this rate) and on most other types of plywood, from 40% to 20%.

Other reductions are: blocks or sticks, heading and stave bolts, hubs for wheels, from 5% to 2½%; beer barrels, from 15% to 7½%; packing boxes and shooks, n.s.p.f., from 15% to 3¾%; paint brush handles, from 15% to 10%; broom and mop handles, not less than ¾ inch in diameter, not less than 38 inches long, from 15% to 10%, canoes and paddles, from 15% to 10%; carriages, drays and other horse-drawn vehicles, from 16-2/3% to 10%; ice hockey sticks, from 15% to 10%; and toboggans, from 15% to 10%.

Agricultural Products

Agricultural concessions by the United States include: cheddar cheese on which the duty is reduced from 3½¢ per lb. with a minimum of 17½% to 3¢ per lb. with a minimum of 15%; sheep and lambs, the rate is cut from \$3.00 per head to 75¢ per head; blueberries, frozen or otherwise prepared or preserved, from 10% to 8¾%; grapes other than hothouse, July 1 to February 14, from 17½¢ per cu. ft. to 12½¢ per cu. ft.; certified seed corn, from 25¢ per bus. to 12½¢ per bus.; and mustard seed, whole, from 1¼¢ per lb. to 7/8¢ per lb.

Other concessions are as follows: beef and mutton tallow, from ¼¢ per lb. plus 1½¢ per lb. I.R. tax to 1/8¢ per lb. plus 3/4¢ per lb. I.R. tax; meats, fresh, chilled or frozen, n.s.p.f. except edible offal, from 6¢ per lb. with a minimum of 20% to 3¢ per lb. with a minimum of 10%; cream, from 20¢ per gal. to 15¢ per gal. within a quota of 1.5 million gallons (the over-quota rate remains unchanged); horses, not for breeding or immediate slaughter, valued not over \$150 per head, from \$10 to \$7.50 per head, valued over \$150 per head, from 15% to 8¾%; horsemeat mixed with bonemeal and unfit for human consumption (para. 1558), from 20% to 10%; sunflower seed, from 2¢ per lb. to 1¢ per lb.; oats, unhulled, ground, from 25¢ per cwt. to 12½¢ per cwt.; oatmeal, rolled oats, oat grits, from 10% with a minimum of 40¢ and a maximum of 80¢ per cwt. to 10% with a minimum of 20¢ and a maximum of 80¢ per cwt.; rye malt from 30¢ per cwt. to 22½¢ per cwt.; rye flour and meal, from 30¢ per cwt. to 22½¢ per cwt.; mixed feeds, from 5% to 2½% (this item includes dog food in which grain is an ingredient); cereal breakfast foods, n.s.p.f.; from 10% to 5%.