

Chronology of Recent Cambodian Events

September 1987: last of Vietnamese occupation forces withdrawn; 27,722 Cambodians repatriated; 10,118

October 1991: Paris Peace Accords signed; UNTAC deployed; 405,558 (201-612-22-558 ext; 505)

March 1992: UNTAC deployment begins; 427,427 (2-470-824-427 ext; 558)

May 1993: UNTAC supervised general elections; Hun Sen becomes Prime Minister; 210 (210-427-427 ext; 208)

June 1993: attempted coup; 208 (21-427-427 ext; 208)

September 1993: new government formed; King Norodom Ranariddh becomes head of state

Others

July 1994: attempted coup

July 1994: attempted coup; 208 (21-427-427 ext; 208)

March 20: 1997: attempted coup; 208 (21-427-427 ext; 208)

June 1997: Pol Pot tried and convicted by the Khmer Rouge.

July 2, 1997: factional fighting between troops loyal to CPP and FUNCINPEC breaks out in capital. Forty-one extra-judicial killings. FUNCINPEC leaders flee to other countries. US, Japan cut aid.

July 1997 - present: fighting between forces loyal to Prince Ranariddh, assisted by Khmer Rouge, and RCAF, begins in areas bordering Thailand.

December 1997: Electoral law in force.

January 1998: National Election Committee (NEC) named.

February 27, 1998: ceasefire in effect between Ranariddh and RCAF forces.

July 28, 1998: date of first Cambodian-run elections since Paris Accords.