differences in the relative capacity to pay of the economically more-developed and the economically less-developed countries. The other three principles dealt with the desirability of encouraging voluntary contributions, with the special responsibility of the permanent members of the Security Council for the maintenance of peace, and with the possibility, where circumstances warranted, of the Assembly giving special consideration to the situation of members that were victims of or otherwise involved in events leading up to peace-keeping activities. This resolution was adopted by 90 votes in favour (Canada), 11 against, with three abstentions.

- (b) The second resolution [1875 (S-IV)] authorized the Secretary-General to spend up to \$1.58 million a month for the continuing costs of UNEF until December 31, 1963. Of the total \$9.5 million required during this period, \$2.5 million was to be assessed on the basis of the scale of assessments used for the regular budget. The balance (\$7 million) was also to be assessed under the regular scale, except that the economically less-developed countries were to be assessed at 45 per cent of their normal rates. The shortfall thus created was to be met by voluntary contributions. This resolution was adopted by 80 votes in favour (Canada), 11 against, with 15 abstentions.
- (c) Resolution 1876 (S-IV) applied a similar formula to the financing of ONUC for the second half of 1963. The total amount to be appropriated was \$33 million, of which \$3 million was to be assessed at the regular budget rates. The Assembly adopted this resolution by a vote of 80 in favour (Canada), 12 against, with 15 abstentions.
- (d) The fourth resolution [1877 (S-IV)] appealed to all member states, without regard to other factors, to liquidate any outstanding UNEF or ONUC arrears and requested the Secretary-General to consult with member states in arrears to work out arrangements within the letter and the spirit of the Charter for their prompt payment. This text carried by 79 votes in favour (Canada), 12 against, with 17 abstentions.
- (e) Resolution 1878 (S-IV), extending the period of sale of United Nations bonds to December 31, 1963, was adopted by 93 votes in favour (Canada), 12 against, with four abstentions.
- (f) According to Resolution 1879 (S-IV), adopted by 91 votes in favour (Canada), 12 against, with two abstentions, the Secretary-General was requested to study the feasibility and desirability of establishing a United Nations Peace Fund financed from voluntary contributions.