used to think with pleasure of the number of brethren in the faith in the establishment, with whom we could 'joy and rejoice, and who were prepared to reciprocate our joy. When the congregations of the evangelical clergy increased and multiplied, it was to us a source of sincerest satisfaction; and often did both we, and the members of our churches, manifest our respect and affection in various ways. We joined such that respect and affection in various ways. We joined such that the many ways are respect and affection in various ways. We joined such that their children would that their control of all the schools in this country to the Roman Catholics; that all the day and Sunday country to the Roman Catholics; the sunday country to the Roman Catho respect and affection in various ways. We joined such conare a specimen of the body, I shall be compelled to believe that our most virulent enemies are now to be foun! amongst these same evangelical clergy, whom we have never provoked—whom we have never injured; so that most of us are beginning to dread, that, contrary to our earnest wishes, an end of all Christian intercourse between these Clergy and ourselves is well nigh come. I cling with strong affection to some who are delightful exceptions; and such may they ever remain! May their numbers increase ! may our fears prove groundless Yet there are too numerous instances of bitter uncharitableness, afforded by yourself and many of your brethren, to allow much confidence; insomuch that the dissenter hardly knows whether he has most of evil to expect from the thrusts of evangelicals (alas! how changed!) or from the undisguised walevilence of high Church Clergymen. Against the aims, however, of either party seeking a tyrannical and exclusive domination-whether these aims be open or covert-it will behove the friends of religious liberty, the inheritors of that spirit which has, by the blessing of God, eluded and baffled the attempts of spiritual despotism in other days, to be on their guard. On this subject I might easily enlarge; for, at the resent crisis, our danger renders it a tempting theme, and we have some of the blood of our nonconforming ancestors still running in our veins. But I forbear." Mr. Gwyther admits that dissent is in danger, and we shall not conceal our joy at the admission What has thrown dissent into danger he would also no doubt admit to be the comparative prevalence of sound Church principles which have had a greater influence, even over the minds of such persons as Mr. Stowell, than they would readily acknowledge. Only let the progress of Church princi-ples and feelings be still more vigorously pushed forward, and dissent will soon sink to delightful insignificance.

TOREATMENT OF THE BOOK OF COMMON PRAYER BY A BAPTIST MINISTER.
(From The Birmingham Advertiser.)

The following are extracts from a speech made by the Rev. W. H. Bonner, Baptist preacher in Wood-street meeting-house, Bilston, at a meeting held on the 25th ult., in the Independent conventiele, Bilston, to take into consideration the education clauses of the Factory Bill, &c. Mr. Robert Bew, a Wesleyan, in the chair: Mr. Bonner said, the education clauses of the bill we are met to discuss to night, require the children to be taught the Church Catechism. He w make a quotation from the same:—"to order myself lowly and reverently to all my betters." "Why," said he, "I have not a better in all the world, and all men are my equals." He then proceeded — "This book I have in my hand is the Book of Common Prayer; and common enough, indeed, to wipe my feet upon it." He then threw it on the floor, and wiped his feet upon it. He then threw it on the fallor, and adject has feel upon it. He took it up again, and then threw it down again, and held his foot upon it for some minutes. He produced a Bible, and set the Bible against the Prayer Book, and quoted, "The rich and the poor meet together, and the Lord is the Maker of them all." He then said, a dressing the chairman, "If you will allow me, I will take it up again; it is a pity the poor thing should lie there." He took it up and made a quotation from the 19th Article, "The visible Church of Christ is a congregation of faithful men." "Some one below would say it was the bricks and mortar." He then referred to the Twen-" ragamuffin dissenters." - London paper.

PLOWERS OF DISSENTING ELOQUENCE. . (From The Landon Church Intelligencer.)

At Manchester lately that well known character William Gadshy, a teacher of the Anabaptist heresy in that town, said at a public meeting, that "He should as soon think of his child's being taught Paine's Aye of Reas nows some of the doctrines of that book;" meaning the Prayer Book. Now this is to us not so difficult of belief as some would imagine; for the late Mr.

Be it therefore enacted, &c. That from and out of the rates that book; meaning the Prayer Book. Now this is to us not so difficult of belief as some would imagine; for the late Mr. Edward Parsons, a Brownist teacher at Leeds, and quondam editor of or writer of articles for The Leeds Mercury, recommended to his congregation some at least of Tom Paine's General and unappropriated, there be granted the sum of Forty Thousand Pounds, to be paid to the said "eminent individuals". apt illustration imaginable of Tom Paine's morality. Well, as a lasting mark of the gratitude of the country, for their another Anabaptist preacher of the name of Webb, who seems having so prudently and cautiously as aforesaid abstained and to live at Inswich, said lately, at a meeting in London, "Tell me not of Education Bills, which none but persecutors the basest coald devise, and none but slayes the meanest would be a said lately and country, for their having so prudently and cautiously as aforesaid abstained and refrained from "taking any active part" in the said Rebellion. could devise, and none but slaves the meanest would obey. Let-baronets be recreants to great and noble principles; let lords and lordlings be false; let hell from; onward! onward! is our motto." And at a meeting in Congleton, a Mr. Chapman, out Heroding Herod, said, "he had heard, perhaps, more of the Bill than any of the rest. He had heard that it came exhortations to charity, on all fitting and unfitting occasions, direct from hell, and was sent with the Devil's compliments to bestowed by our worthy Governor on all parties who have Sir James Graham, to bring it into the House. (Great cheers.) But he did not believe it, for he did not think so ill of the Devil as to suppose that he could have framed the measure are my honored Executive Council, and rebel is a naughty without Sir James's a-sistance." Now really the language and spirit of this Mr. Chapman must strongly induce people to believe that nobody is more likely than himself to have received the information he gives from head quarters!! It is natural enough that the personage who Mr. Chapman informs
us sent the bill with his compliments to Sir James Graham
talk of them as you would of the dirt you walk on." And as sent the in with in a compinents to sir James Orangam should communicate such important transactions only to his most intimate friends. This inference is legitimate enough if Mr. Chapman has told the truth in what he states; and if he thing, which every body likes. But, in the mean time, the

WESLEYAN METHODISM IN THE RURAL DISTRICTS.

To the Editor of The Church and State Gazette.

Sir.—You have asked me to supply you with Church and Dissenting statistics in this place. Methodism appears to have been rampant here (and is so now) for the last thirty or forty been rampant here (and is so now) for the last thirty or forty loyalists of Canada, that has not been vigorously improved?

Has the loyalist seen one solitary act which would lead even are loyalist seen one solitary act which would lead even are loyalist seen one solitary act which would lead even are loyalists. a Romanist, and there are about one hundred inhabitants of that creed. The late incumbent resided here but very little, Methodists were, therefore, displeased when I introduced a second full service. The national school I found grossly misthe mistress also a Methodist. There was no Sunday-school, Upon my reforming many abuses, and starting a Sundayschool, the Methodists immediately commenced a subscription for building a school-room. The above master and mistress would never cordially co-operate with me, and our Sunday-school proved almost inefficient. When, after about a year's rial, we were obliged to dismiss the Methodist master fo lect of duty, the Methodists immediately took him by the hand, and started him in their new school-room. In various other ways the Methodists opposed and do oppose, the Church. I ought to say, that the leading Methodists here never come to church. Some few of the better class do come occasionally.

Now, Sir, I would ask, do the Methodists, acting thus,

leserve the title of friends or supporters of the Church? I believe their attachment to the Church, at present, to be quite hollow, whatever it may have been formerly. Indeed, their proceedings with respect to the Factory Educational Bill show it. They are unwilling to be thought Dissenters from the Church of England, because many, I believe, who now join them, would not entirely leave the Church for them; but they are fast hastening to a separation, and I believe that the Church will not suffer by it. They have flourished by leaning upon the Church; but, like ivy against a church-wall, they are more frequently injurious than useful. I have been induced to make these remarks, because I thought, a week or policy are. two ago, from some remarks in your Gazette, that your im-

our Constitution.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

WESLEYAN OPPOSITION TO THE FACTORY BILL. (To the Editor of the Church & State Gazette.) Sir,-I am happy to find that your views of the latent cause

of a section of the Wesleyans petitioning against Lord Ashley's bill are in unison with my own. Last week a Wesleyan preacher came his usual round into my parish, but, instead of edifying his hearers with a suitable sermon, he endeavoured to arouse their worst feelings by a clownish philippic against that bill. Having nearly accomplished his end by misrepresentations, two men were appointed to go round the parish the next day with a petition against it. Some signed it, others would not until they enquired of me about the nature of the bill.—

After giving them a summary of it, not one more would sign.

the Municipal Council of the District of Prince Edward, who had applied to his Excellency to remove the Warden, "that on "a careful consideration of the Municipal Act his Excellency Veracity of the Five Books of Moses, 12mo. 8 department of the Five Books of Moses upon, were in high dudgeon, and threatened to go and call over "of the government on any subject or any occasion." not told him that the bill was all in favour of the Papists; ledged the receipt of a political Address from the Brock Disanother was informed that Government was about to take trict Council, "with the greatest satisfaction." This is even to attend the Church; a third signed because they said that every poor cottager would have to pay a share of the expense of building new schools and supporting masters. And there were to be two other men besides, cum multis aliis, &c. Had
Wesley lived to have read his lordship's bill, he would have

on my arrival in this colony. hailed it as the precursor of good to men, and viewed the consequences as tending to promote the glory of God. Your's, &c.

April 28, 1843.

"At the same time I see with regret the tone of your communication. It is surely desirable that past dissentions should be buried in oblivion, and that all parties should labour together

(To the Editor of the Church & State Gazette.)

Mr. Editor,-The Methodists in the neighbourhood of Malton have, during the last week, been adopting means the most un-justifiable to prevent the passing of the Factory Education Bill. Among the many falsehoods stated by them, to induce people to sign their petitions, are the following, which seem to have

under its provisions, be treated like slaves.

To prevent such alarming results, you may be sure, a great number of signatures would be obtained. Such was the case. Not only all the men of their own party, but also many poor Charalman, but also many poor Churchmen, led by their misrepresentations, at once signed their petitions. That persons could be so misled is certainly another proof of the great necessity of such a bill, and that its benefits (as Lord Ashley hoped) should not be limited only to the

manufacturing poor.

As an instance of the very small glimmering of light that As an instance of the very small glimmering of light that shines in this agricultural district, especially in that body of religionists who have expressed their desire for the consinuance of existing ignorance, rather than support the present effort to remove it, I will lay before you a few particulars of what transpired at a prayer-meeting early in March last. A man was present who was said to be under conviction. The leader offered up an impassioned prayer in his behalf, and then arose and said—

said—
"Now, Jack, jump up and say thy sins are pardoned and thy soul saved." Jack replied. "No, I cannot do that, I have been too great a liar, swearer, Sabbath-breaker, to feel that." Another stepped up to him and said, "Thou hast not sinned against the Holy Ghost, and thou con say that." A woman then stepped up to the last speaker and inquired, "What is it to sin against the Holy Ghost?" "Oh! (exclaimed another) no great stays have. Back are have a back at their house that no cross questions here; Bakers have a book at their house that will explain all that. There is a book at B-'s house that will explain all that.'

The above is a fair sample of the ignorant (may I not, say profane?) proceedings that characterize the ordinary prayer-meetings of the Methodists in this part of the country. What I have here said I can substantiate, if called upon to do so, by the mouths of credible witnesses.

Your friend and admirer,

Canada.

A JEST WITH ALL THE BITTERNESS OF TRUTH. (From The Patriot)

A wicked wag has sent us the following draft of an " Act of Parliament," which will doubtless soon become the law of the

land:—
Mr. Editor,—I don't wish to interfere with your Correspondents, on the subject of the "Rebellion claims," but as the "Chronicle" asserts that the Inspector-General could not with propriety include their payment in the Estimates—I wonder if a Bill, such as I have "brought in," had been passed and received the Royal assent whether the "eminent" person would not have felt it to be his bounden duty to carry out its provi-sions—would he have kept it out of the "Estimates," or would it have been banished from the statute book?

VIDUALS" therein-named, who abstuined from "TAKING ANY ACTIVE PART" in the late Rebeilion and Invasion.

WHEREAS, while during the late Rebellion in this Province, whereas the bricks and mortar." He then referred to the Twentieth Article, "The Church hath power to decree rites and ceremonies." He inferred that this Article contradicted the former; for if one of the congregation were to ask Mr. Fletcher (meaning the incumbent of St. Leonard's) to read King James's Book of Sports, he would say he could not; and he has no power to leave out the reading of the Lord's Prayer.

Whereas, while during the late Rebellon in this rownee, certain persons professing loyalty to their Queen and Country, most incautiously exposed their persons, and lavished their property in furnishing supplies to the Troops and Militia;— and whereas during the said period certain "eminent individuals," to wit, The Eminent Francis Hincks—The Eminent Robert Baldwin—The Eminent J. H. Lafontaine, the eminent with the property in furnishing supplies to the Troops and Militia;— and whereas during the late Rebellon in this rownee, certain persons professing loyalty to their Queen and Country, most incautiously exposed their persons, and lavished their property in furnishing supplies to the Troops and Militia;— and whereas during the late Rebellon in this rownee, certain persons professing loyalty to their Queen and Country, most incautiously exposed their persons, and lavished their property in furnishing supplies to the Troops and Militia;— and whereas during the late Rebellon in this rownee, certain persons professing loyalty to their Queen and Country, most incautiously exposed their persons, and lavished their property in furnishing supplies to the Troops and Militia;— and whereas during the said period certain "eminent individuals," to wit, The Eminent Francis Hincks—The Eminent Robert Baldwin and the late Rebellon in this rowner and country, most incautiously exposed their persons, and lavished their persons, and lavished their persons, and lavished their persons professing loyalty to their Queen and Country, most incautiously exposed their persons, and lavished their persons professing loyalty to their James's Book of Sports, he would say he could not; and he has no power to leave out the reading of the Lord's Prayer A. N. Morin, and divers others equally eminent, and whom has no power to leave out the renaing of the Lord's Frager once, though it be read half a dozen times in the Morning Service. Mr. Bonner said at the conclusion of his speech, that no Churchman ever taught children, nor took any interest in educating them, except they were incited to do so by the part" in the said Rebellion; and whereas it has not been in the power of the Government to offer but slender rewards to the said "eminent individuals" by bestowing upon them sundry public offices, with salaries totally inadequate to the eminen

INFATUATED CONDUCT OF THE GOVERNMENT TOWARDS THE LOYALISTS.

(From The Montreal Herald.)

Mr. Chapman has told the truth in what he states; and if he has told a lie his intimate connexion with the same personage is quite as indisputably proved. He may now take his choice.

He may now take his choice.

The coaxing of the lips is accompanied without scruple. The coaxing of the lips is accompanied with the spurring with the heel, and His Excellency and His Excy's advisers laugh at the innocent simplicity which i tickled with the music of the sound, but rouses not at the

and left everything to a curate, who seems to have acted in a do justice to his countrymen. We have heard much, but secution, to hang an idea upon, that His Excellency me verily have we seen nothing.

We fondly hope, that after the pressing business is over of s were, therefore, displeased when I introduced a large of the matter was a Methodist and local preacher; so also a Methodist. There was no Sunday-school is also a Methodist. There was no Sunday-school is salso a Methodist. There was no Sunday-school is salso a Methodist. and property for the Queen. Whatever may be the of Sir Charles or his loyal advisers, we must say, that reflecting people do not think it much to the credit of the Government Imperial or Colonial, that the claims against it, for losses during the rebellion, should have been so long admitted and so long unpaid. Although the sufferers were, at one time, fools enough to risk their all for Her Majesty, those in authority, however high, need not think, that they are such fools as to believe those who tell them, that there are no funds to pay them .- These officials indulge in an economy of truth, which towards the burned out loyalists is perfectly futile. These injured men know for truth, that a commission was appointed to investigate their claims, -- they know that that Commission reported favorably upon them, -- they know that an act was

passed appropriating a large sum of money to liquidate them, -they know that ten times that amount has been collected out of the inhabitants of the country since,—and, more than that, they know that they have been insulted with a lie, when they petitioned for bread. Perhaps they still have charity left to "forgive" such infamous treatment, but dare his Excelency expect them to "forget" the galling truths which they know, and the disgusting falsehoods they have been told. he does, he is more of a Christian than, we fear, the victims of

There are now men, with large families dependent upon pressions respecting the Methodists were erroneous and too favorable. I do not now consider them entitled to the name has developed itself, to sustain the British government here, of Wesleyans. I am glad to see, from your last week's Gazette, that you are forming what I think a proper estimate of
them. obvious chence of black shameful ingratitude, who lost every thing they had in the struggle and who now are left, as they I have up-hill work in this parish at present, but I do not have been left for years, in poverty and wretchedness in con despair; and trost, by divine grace and assistance, to see the Church here a blessing to the neighbourhood and a pillar to out those men, intended to hand them over to the bloodhounds out those men, intended to hand them over to the bloodhounds who hanted them, why be guilty of the double cruelty of taking from them the feeling that they served an honourable government, and at the same time of subjecting them to the enemies they had conquered. But after it has both shaken their loyalty, and screwed them under those who hate them, it is monstrous injustice to taunt them with "no funds," when they demand a just debt. It is indeed asking for food and receiving a scorpion. Sir Charles may talk of forgiving and forgetting, but while the act at every turn belies the word, he may be assured that those who speak his native tongue cannot forget and will not forgive.

MISCELLANEOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Sir Charles Metcalfe, through Mr. Secretary Harrison, tells After giving them a summary of it, not one more would sign. "a careful consideration of the Municipal Act his Excellency Those who had signed, finding that they had been imposed "finds no provisions in it requiring of them to address the head the deceivers. One said he would not have signed if they had Mr. Harrison, in Sir Charles Bagot's administration, acknowchildren from under the care of their parents, and force them handed justice with a vengeance! But then the majority of

bard-'A change has come over the spirit of our dream.' We WESLEYAN CONDUCT WITH REGARD TO THE FACTORY BILL. in peace, and harmony for the welfare of the community. This CLARENDON'S HISTORY OF THE REBELLION. cannot be accomplished by injurious accusations, and reflections such as are contained in your Address.

always be grateful, and I regard with admiration the conduct of all who defended their country against foreign invasion and internal rebellion, but your connection with the Mother Country would now be most effectually promoted by pouring the healing balm of forgetfulness on old sores, and cherishing

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ITEMS .- We understand that the Imperial Government has made a grant of 160% sterling to each and every officer of the Provincial Forces engaged in the war of 1812. Although oming too late to be greatly advantageous to these defenders of their country in the time of peril, yet we are glad to see their claim acknowledged in so substantial a manner....... His Excellency the Governor General has subscribed 50% towards the re-erection of Brock's Monument ...... The par don of the traitor Gibson is confirmed; by this act Sir Charles Metcalfe has wantonly insulted the loyal colonists. The Toronto Herald justly observes, "if Gibson be pardoned, Lount and Matthews were murdered."—Montreal Herald.

VARIOUS.—The Prince Edward Gazette, after a long neutrality, has avowed itself Conservative ..... Lord Geo. Paulet, Captain of H. M. S. Carysfort, has taken possession of the Sandwich Islands, in the name of England ...... The Government, in this Province, continues to act in the most wanton and unjust manner, with regard to advertisements..... The Lord Bishop of Toronto has subscribed £5 to the Highland Society, and been made an honorary member thereof.....Irish Repeal meetings have been, or are about to be held in New York, Buffalo, and Rochester. They are participated in by eading Americans, and officers of the American Government and A great bridge at By town has been commenced, and the beginning of the work hallowed by prayer offered up by the Rev. S. S. Strong. A lesson this to our House of Assembly!..... Painful rumours have reached this city to the effect that the aborers on the Beauharnois Canal have been rioting and that the military having been called in, several of the rioters have been

> (From The Canada Gazette, 10th June ) SECRETARY'S OFFICE (WEST), Kingston, 10th June, 1843.

His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to appoint The Reverend Robert Vashon Rogers, Chaplain to the Provincial Penitentiary, in place of the Reverend W. M. Herchmer, resigned. His EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL has been pleased to appoint the following persons, to compose a Board of Examiness for the respective CITIES AND TOWNS CORPORATE IN CANADA WEST, under the 16th Section of the Common School Act, 4 & 5 Vic. cap. 18, viz. City of Toronto.

City of Toronto.

City of Toronto.

City of Toronto.

Lames R. Armstrong, Rev. John Barclay, Hon. John Elmsley, Rev. Henry J. Grasett, Rev. J J. Hay, Rev. John Jennings, William Moore Kelly, James Leslie, John Goodenough Lynn, James McDonell, Martin J. O Beirne, George Ridout, Charles Robertson, Rev. John Roaf.

Town of Kingston. Tancred Bouthillier, Thomas Baker, Rev. Patrick Dollard, George Desbarats, Rev. William M. Herchmer, Charles Hales, Rev. Thomas Liddell, D.D., John Mowat, Anthony Manahan, Walter McCuniffe, James M. Rorison, Mathew Rourk, James Sampson, M. D., John Waudby.

Town of Cornwall. Rev. Alexander McDonell, Donald McDonell, Donald Æneas McDonell, Rev. Hugh Urquhart, Rev. Alexander Williams, Guy Carleton Wood. Town of Brockville.

Bev. Edward Dettroche, Luther Houghton, Alexander McMillan, Patrick Murray, Rev. Philip O'Reilly, Rev. William Smart. Town of Picton. Rev. Murth Lalor, Rev. William Macaulay, Owen McMahon imothy McGuire, Rev. James Rogers, Hon. Simeon Washburn.

T wn of Belleville. Rev. Michael Brennan, Rev. John Grier, J. W. Dunbar Moodie; Hugh McGinnis, Peter O'Reilly, Rev. John Reynolds. Town of Cobourg. Rev. Thomas Alexander, Rev. A. N. Bethune, Rev. William Dolan, Simeon Fennell, Andrew McAllister, Rev. Egerton Ryerson.

Town of Hamilton. Town of Hamilton.

George H. Armstrong, Rev. John G. Geddes, Rev. Alexander Gale,
Very Rev. W. P. McDonald, Samuel McCardy, Edward Cartwright
Thomas.

Town of London. Alexander Anderson, Rev. Benjamin Cronyn, Rev. Patrick O'-Dwy r, Rev. William Proudfoot, Patrick Smith, John Wilson.

THE NIAGARA DISTRICT CLERICAL-ASSOCIATION. The members of this Association are respectfully reminded that their next meeting is to be held (D. V.) at the residence of the Rev. John Anderson, Rector of Fort Erie, on Wednesday and hursday, the 5th and 6th days of July next.

T. B. FULLER, Secretary N. D. C. A.

WESTERN CANADA

CHURCH OF ENGLAND DIOCESAN PRESS. THE Subscribers to this Association are requested to pay into the hands of the undersigned, or of the Messrs. ROWSELL, Publishers of The Church. at Toronto, an instalment of Five per cent upon the amount of their respective Shares, on or before the Tenth day of July next.

A Dividend for the past year, at the rate of Eight per cent. per annum, upon the amount of the Stock paid in, will be payable to Subscribers, at the Office of The Church, at Toronto, on and after the 18th of July next.

he lath of July next.

By Order of the Managing Committee.

H. J. GRASETT, Secretary & Treasurer.

Toronto, June 13, 1843.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, COBOURG.

EDUCATION. MRS. COCKBURN begs to inform her friends and the public that she has REMOVED her Establishment to the corner of Duke and George Streets, opposite to the Bank of Upper Canada. Toronto, 12th June, 1843.

is also offered for sale, being part of Lot No. 3, in the 6th Concession of Hope, within one mile of the above Mill.

Terms.—Part of the purchase money will be required down, and time will be given for the remainder.

For further particulars inquire of the Proprietor (if by letter, post paid),

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HOUSE OF INDUSTRY THE Treasurer of the House of Industry begs to acknowledge the receipt of Twenty Pounds, being amount of Collection in the Roman Catholic Church of this city in aid of the funds of that charity. Toronto, June 2, 1843.

H. & W. ROWSELL, Stationers, Booksellers, and Printers, KING STREET, TORONTO. ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR SPRING SUPPLY OF

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CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF TORONTO. ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT.

To the Worshipful the Mayor, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of Toronto, in Common Council assembled : The Standing Committee upon Finance and Assessment, beg leave to bring up this their Second Report for the current year: A FTER a careful investigation of the present financial affairs of the City, your Committee have prepared, and now submit, a Statement of the Estimated Expenditures and Revenues for the

ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES. 

Total of outstanding Corporation Notes . . . . £9127 15 0
Sundry small accounts . . . . £100
Dutto appertaining to the Fire Department . . . 150 250 0 0 Salaries, Per Centage, &c., to the various Officers and Servants of the Corporation

Servants of the Corporation

Printing and Stationery

Clemning and repairing Streets, Sewers, &c.

Fire Lepartment, ordinary expenses

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Ditto for new Hose

Ditto for Water Plugs

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On account of Drainage into Public Sewers
Amont advanced in 1842, for Breaking Stone on York
Street, to be repaid
Cash in hand and in Bahk
Twoper cent. on £8000, it being recommended that the
Issue of Corporation Notes for the current year
should be at an interest of Jour instead of six percent. as charged in the Estimated Expenditures::...

STEAM SAW-MILL FOR SALE.

The Subscriber offers the above Mill for sale, together with Lot make provision for a sum not exceeding £775, for the purpose of planking the food and side-walk in Colborne-street is made under a late order of the common Council, which instructs the Finance Committee to make provision for a sum not exceeding £775, for the purpose of planking the road and side-walk in Colborne-street. Your Committee have an extrained from the Board of Works, that under the contract which they have made for effecting that improvement, the whole will be accomplished for £250, and your Committee have an extrained from the Board of Works, that under the contract which they have made for effecting that improvement, the whole will be accomplished for £250, and your Committee have estimated for the usual sum, for repairing your Worshipful Council not making some more effectual provisions for the surface, \$8.

Your Committee have estimated for the usual sum, for repairing your Worshipful Council not making some more effectual provisions for the surface, \$8.

Your Committee have estimated for the usual sum, for repairing your Worshipful Council not making some more effectual provisions for meeting \$100 ACRES OF LAND

the Plank Side-walks in the various Wards of the City, in the event of your Worshipful Council not making some more effectual provisions for renewing and extending this species of improvement throughs out the City.

Of the "ESTIMATED REVENUES," the four first items are taken from the Chamberlain's Books. They comprise the balances due to the City from various sources; several payments on account of which have been made to the Chamberlain since these returns were made up, and the rest is in the course of collection. The assact Taxes are estimated at the same pounding as in former years, and the increase in the product, as compared with former years, arises from the grea increase in the number of Buildings and value of Property during the past year. The assumed increased loss under this other present year.

The amount of Rents payable to the Corporation for the current year is taken from the Chamberlain's Returns.

The revenues from Market and Weigh House Fees, are estimated at thirty-eight pounds more than was received last year—less annual increase than each succeeding previous year has produced.

The Fines at the Police and Mayor's Court are estimated at ten pounds more than last year, as the bill now in progress for licensing Cabs, &c. will undoubtedly produce that additional amount.

The revenue from Drainage into the Public Sewers is estimated on the assumed continuance of the present law; but should the condition of an annual rental be substituted for that of the existing law, the revenue from this source for the current year will probably fall short to the amount herein estimated for.

The tevenue from this source for the current year will probably fall short to the amount herein estimated for.

The sum of £126 iss, 66 for breaking stone for the Macadamizing of York-street-south, which was advanced last year from the general funds of the City, on account of the Debentures issued for that purpose not having then been taken up, will, now that those Debentures have been taken up, be reimbursed from that sour

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

THE MISNES SKIRVING, truly grateful for the liberal patronage extended to them since they came to Toronto, would inform their friends and the public generally, that they intend MOVING on the 13th current, to that House in MARKET STREET, now, and for some years occupied by Miss. CockBCun; where, by strict attention to the general deportment, as well as the several studies of the Young Ladies committed to their charge, they hope to give general satisfaction. The Misses S. would also inform any Ladies, desirous of speaking the French Language, that a Private Class under the Superintendence of Mr. Kowalewsky (who teaches the Oral System) will be opened at their House, on Monday, the 19th. A Course of thirty-six Lessons is generally sufficient to enable any one to write, translate, and speak fluently. Mr. Bull attends the Drawing Class.

Toronto, June 5, 1843.

SCHOOL WANTED.

A YOUNG NAN, who is qualified to give instruction in the Classics, and the usual routine of an English education, desires mengagement as School Teacher. Satisfactory reference as to character and ability can be given. Address to C. G. at the office of this paper. If sent by post, the postage to be pre-paid.

Toronto, 6th June, 1843.

LADIES' BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL. MRS. GILKISON

PIRS. GILKISON

BEGS respectfilly to announce to the inhabitants of Toronto and its vicinity, and to her friends generally throughout the Prevince, her intention of opening a Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, in one of those commodious brick buildings recently erected on McGill Square. Lot Street East, on the 4th of September next.

Terms and other particulars can be made known on application to Mrs. Gilkison, at her present residence in Richmond Street, or at Mr. Rowsell's, bookseller, King Street.

Mrs. Gilkison will continue as heretofore to give Private Tuition on the Piane Forte, Guitar, and in Singing.

N.B. The most unexceptionable references given.

Toronto, 4th May, 1843.

GOVERNESS. THE Friends of a young Lady are desirous of obtaining for her a Situation as Governe see two of three young children, in a respectable family in the country.

Address P. P., Box 241, Toronto.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his friends, that he is disposing on his Cloth and Tailoring Establishment to Messrs. T. & M BURGESS. Mr. T. Buncess having been for a length of time Foreman in the Establishment, and possessing a general knowledge of the Business, he can confidently recommend him to the notice of All those who are indebt d to the Subscriber will please settle their accounts by or during the first week in July next, as after that time he will have no connection with the Business, and therefore all accounts not then settled will be placed in the hands of an Attorney

LOAN WANTED. WANTED to Borrow, One or Two Hundred Pounds, for a year or two, on improved Freehold Property in the town of Cobourg. Enquire (if by letter, post paid) of Messrs. H. & W. ROWSELL,

June 8, 1843, DR. GEORGE R. GRASETT, Newgate Street, near the Rectory; Toronto.

MOFFATTS, MURRAY & CO. BEG to inform their Correspondents and the Trade generally, that they are receiving their SPRING-IMPORTATIONS, to which they would particularly invite attention.

ent will be found very general, consisting of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, SHELF HARDWARE,

Cutlery, Nails, Chains, Seythes, Sickles, &c. &c. TEAS, SUGARS, COFFEE, RICE, TOBACCO; Total of Ord nary Expenditures for the year ..... £8175 0 0 BRANDIES, HOLLANDS, HIGH WINES & CORDIALS, PORT, MADEIRA, AND SHERRY WINES,

IN WOOD AND IN BOTTLE, CHAMPAGNE AND CLARET, OF CHOICE BRANDS, &c. &c. &c. &c.

SMITH & MACDONELL, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FINE WINES, LIQUORS AND GROCERIES, West End of Victoria Row, Toronto. A FARM FOR SALE IN MARKHAM.

to the purchase of new Hose, to the amount of £100; and to the payment, mater the contract with Mr. Furniss, of six months' charge for Fire Plugs.

The cost of Gas-Light is also estimated according to the contract with Mr. Furniss,—105 Lamps, at £6 each, and £20 for lighting the City Holl, bright the amount paid by the City, aver deducting the charges made to individuals for use of said Hall.

The next item of £400 is the sum payable to the District for the use of the Court House and Jail, and for the support of the City prisoners therein, under the amended Act of Incorporation.

The item of incidental Police Expenses has heretofore been comprehended under the head of Miscellaneous Expenditures,—but, your committee have thought it better to detach it therefrom, and to place it under its present and more appropriate head. This item comprises the expense of hiring extra constables during the sittings of the Court, &c., and of hiring conveyances and sending Constables to execute warrants and other processes in the country; of cartage of drunken and disorderly persons to Jail, and of other expenses appertaining to the expenses of the City Goton England, seems to be a person in whom confidence may be phicaed, and who would faithfully discharge any during the expenses of the City Government which are not embraced under a more distinctive head—Repairs, Alterations, &c. in the Market House, City Hall, Public Offices, Furniture, and Coroner's Accounts, Insurance, &c.

The estimate for planking Colborne-street is mar'e under a late

Ventor, Lag. Post Office. Montreat; the cocupant of the city and to the correct the country of lighting the cocupant of the correct the country of the contract the contract of the contract of the city price of the City price of the City price of the City Debt. Poetal Standard on the price from the price for planking to the city price of the city for the city price of the city for the city for the city price of the city for the city price of the city for the city for the city price of the city

NOTICE is herely given, that the Books of Subscription for the new Sto's of the Bank of Upper Canada, as authorized by the Provincial Act ch Victoria, chapter 27, will be opened on Monday the first day of May next, at the following places, viz:—

Toronto...... at the Bank of Upper Canada.

Kingston ..... Office of the Bank of Upper Canada. Office of the Bank of Copper Canada.
Agency of do
Office of Jacob F. Pringle, ksq.
Office of J. G. Irvine, ksq.
Agency of the Bank of Upper Canada.
Agency of do.
Gore Bank
Office of the bank of Upper Canada.
Office of the bank of Upper Canada.
Office of the bank of Upper Canada. " Ome of do.
" Agency of do.

CONDITIONS. These Books will be closed on the thirtieth day of June following. Ten per ceut, on the amount subscribed, must be paid at the time f subscribing; but Subscribers may pay up their whole subscription they resont Contingent Fund will be divided amongst the holders

By Order of the Board,
THOS. C. RIDOUT,
Caskier,
301-12 Bank of Upper Canada, Toronto, 5th April, 1843. NOTICE.

BRITISH AMERICA FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, Authorised by Act of Parkament to grant INLAND MARINE ASSURANCE.

THIS Company will be prepared, on the 25th instant to take risks in the MARINE DEPARTMENT, as empowered by Act of the Provincial Legislature, 6th Victoria, 6ap. 25.

The Rates of Premium, and other information, may be obtained at this Office, or of the undermentioned, who have been appointed Agents of the Company, and are authorised to grant Assurance, either in the FIRE on MARINE DEPARTMENTS, in the name and on behalf

JO EPH WOSHAM ..... Montreal.
WILLIAM STEVEN ..... Hamilton. T. W. BIRCHALL

For Hamilton, calling at Port Credit, Oakville, and Wellington Square, STEAMER ADMIRAL,

STEAM BOAT NOTICE.—1843.

CAPT. W. GORDON. THIS new and superior Steamer will, until further notice, leave Hamilton for Toronto at 7 o'clock A.M., and returning will leave &c. Toronto at 3 o'clock P.M., touching at the intermediate Ports: STEAMER GORE,

CAPTAIN HENRY TWOHY, WILL until further notice, leave TORONTO for ROCHES-TER, at half-past 10 o'clock, on the arrival of the Hamilton steamer, every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday Morning, touching (weather permitting) at Darlington, Bond Head, Port Hope, and Co-

Will leave ROCHESTER LANDING for TORONTO, touching at Cobourg, Port hope, and other intermediate ports, (weather permitting,) every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Mornings, at 8 o'clock.

Wanter qualified to teach the higher branches of an English education, the Latin, Greek, and French Languages, Geography, and Mathematics. Candidates are requested to transmit (post paid) certificates of moral character, and of their literary attainments and experience in teaching, to the Rev. M. HARRIS, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, not later than the 22nd June, the Trustees being desirous that the School should be opened on the lst of July, if possible.

Will leave ROCHESTER LANDING for TORONTO, touching at Cobourg, Port hope, and other intermediate ports, (weather permitting,) every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Mornings, at 8 o'clock.

Parcels and Luggage at the risk of the owner unless booked and paid for; and the owner of the steamer will no; hold himself responsible or or old sion, dangers of the mavigation, &c. or by reason of its being carried on the deck of the steamer.

See ALPORT, Asset burg. Will leave ROCHESTER LANDING for TORONTO, touching t Cobourg, Port Hope, and other intermediate ports. (weather peritting), every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday Mornings, at 8
Frances, only daughter of the Rev. F. G. Ellio.t, age4 two years and
fine months.

1843.—ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED THAT THE FOLLOWING AND THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THIS SEASON:

LAKE ONTABLO.

BETWEEN KINGSTON AND TORONTO, Princess Royal, Colcleven; Sovereigh; ELMSLEY; City of Toronto, Dick;

> From Kingstoni PRINCESS ROYAL: At 8 o'clock, Evening-Monday and Thursday: SOVEREIGN; At 8 o'clock, Evening-Tuesday and Friday, CITY OF TORONTO: At 8 o'clock, Evening-Wednesday and Saturday;

-and arrive at Toronto early next day. From Torontoi SOVEREIGN; At 12 o'clock, Noon—Monday and Thursday; CITY OF TORONTO;

PRINCESS ROYAL; At 12 o'clock, Noon—Wednesday and Saturday;
—and arrive at Kingston early next morning. The above Steamers call at Cobourg and Port Hope each wing.

At 12 o'clock, Noon-Tuesday, and 12, Noon, Friday,

Toronto, May 4th, 1843. BELLEVILLE BAZAAR. NOTICE is hereby given, that a Bazaar, for the purpose of alding the funds for the erection of a Parsonage House, in this Town, will be held in Belleville, in the month of September user, under the direction of a Committee, composed of the following Ladies, viz. :

Mrs. E. Holden, Mrs. G. Bleecker, Mrs. C. Herchmer; Mrs. B. Dougall. Mrs. Breakenridge; Contributions to this Bazaar may be sent to the Committee before the end of the first week in September next, with the price attached

Articles of Church Decoration.

THE Subscribers expect to receive from England, about the first week in June, sundry articles for Church Decoration. The following is a List with the prices in Currency, and being a consignment, they can be sold for ready money only. Parties desirous of purchasing, are req ested to make early application, as of some articles a dingle specimen only is sent, and of mone will there be more than two

A DOUBLE DAMASK "FAIR LINEN CLOTH FOR THE COMMUNION TABLE."

ALTAR CLOTH. An ALTAR CLOTH exactly the same in pattern as the above, of fingram Woollen Damask. The Colour is permanent, and it may be washed by the ordinary process without injury to the texture.

Size and price the same as the linen.

WHITE LINEN COMMUNION CLOTH A more elaborate WHITE LINEN COMMUNION CLOTH: Has on the centres of the top and front the Sacred Monogram, highly ornamented and encircled with a fich "Gloria." At the front corners emblematic "Crowns of Glory," connected round three sides by a richly wreathed border of "Grapes, Corn, and Vine leaves." This Cloth is manu actured of the fluest quality of Satin Damask, and in the following sizes:—

ALTAR CLOTH.

NAPKINS.

A long narrow NAPKIN.or "MANIPLE," used at the Combination and Foot—of fine White Linen, corriched with a wreath of "Grapes, Corn, and Vine leaves," and an antique Challee in Damask. The ends finished with a de-p fringe.

Price 7s. 6d,

A NAPKIN, or "CORPORAL," to cover the PATEN and CHALLICE, of the fluest White Linen Satth Damask. This is quite plaint, with the exception of a rich emblem atte border, composed of alternated filtre unid Crosiers, with the sacred Monogram and an Eastern Cross.

24 inches 75. 04.
27 inches 78. 64.
14 yard 108. 64.
14 yard 14s. 04.

N. B .- A few Baptismal Fonts are also expected about July. H. & W. ROWSELL, 163 King Street, Toronto:

MEYNES' VIRGIL. UST received 3 copies only Publit Virgilli Maronis Opera Notis ex editione Heyolana excerptis Illustrata. Accedit Index Maite tairianus. Ox ord edition. Price £2 5s:

H. & W. ROWSELL, 163, King Street. WHATELY'S LOGIC.

THE ENGLISHMAN'S LIBRARY, A series of cheap publications, adapted for general reading, uniting a popular style with soundness of principles. The volumes are heavy bount in cloth.

M A....
The Practice of Divine Love, by Bishop Ken; with memoir of 

" " " " " " " second " third " The Siege of Lichfield, a Tale of the Great Rebellion, by the 

H: & W. ROWSELL; 168, King Street:

Toronto, May 18, 1843. WORKS ON ROMANISM JUST IMPORTED.

For sale by H. & W. ROWSELL 163, King St

TO LET, The Premises No. 2, Waterloo Buildings, KING STREET TORONTO,

AT PRESENT OCCUPIED BY H. & W. ROWSELL, THEY BEING REMOVING TO No. 163, KING STREET.

THE Premises are large and commodious, with good yard, (in which is a Well.) Coach-house, Stable, back Store-house, &cr. &c. There is a good Cellar, the full size of the Store, and also an excellent Brick-vaulted Cellar in addition, renderling the Premises well adapted for a Grocery or Wholesale Store: Apply on the Premises. Possession can be given as early as may be desired.

CAPT. ROBERT KERR.

This well and favourably known Steamer will, until further notice. leave Toronto for Hamilton at 8 o'clock A.M., and returning leave Hamilton for Toronto at 2 o'clock P.M.

Passengers from the West can by this arrangement have sufficient time to transact business at Toronto, and return the same day, by the Steamer Admiral.

The above boats run in connexion with the Hoyal Mail Steam Packets, forming a line from Hamilton to Montreal.

N.B. All baggage at the risk of the owners, unless booked and paid for.

For further information apply to Messrs, GUNN & BROWNE, and ABEL LAND, Esq., Hamilton; and at Toronto, at the Steam Boat Office, or to the Captains on Board.

Hamilton and Rochester Steam Boat Office, 10th May, 1843.

30714

Hamilton and Rochester Steam Boat Office, 10th May, 1843.

Toronto, 2nd March, 1848.

BIRTH.

BIRTH.

BIRTH.

BIRTH.

BIRTH.

MARRIED.

On the 6th instant, by the Venerable Archdeacon Stuart. Francis W. Smith, Esq., to Hamnah Mary, cludest daughter of Mr. W. Eller-Neck, all of the Town of Kingston.

At Nelson, by the Rev. Thomas Greene, Nathan Bell Esq. MD., to Mrs Nelles, reliet of Robert Nelles Esq., and daughter of the late Danilel O'Reflly Esq.

By the same, Mr. Robert Foster to Miss Caroline Corner.

At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. W. Chalerton, Mf. John Norris, of Quebec, to Emma, eldest daughter of Mr. W. Spirelle, of London.

At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James At Quebec, on the 3rd instant, by t

DIED. In the City of Toronto, on the 12th inst., the infant son of Mr. J. Walton.
At Hamilton, on the 9th inst., suddenly, J. M. Whyle, Esq., for-

P. M. Zotiš Mills; Rev. F. G. Elliott (the cost will be 25s and 40s.); Capt. Keogh; Capt. Down's, Rev. T. H. M. Bartlett; G. Stantou, Esq. P. M. rem. in full, vol. 6; P. M. Cornwall; Rev. J.

Now offered for sale, at £1 10s. currency,

By H. & W. ROWSELL, King Street.

Lawn SURPLICES, £2 10s, and £3 5s. Armazene Chaplain's SCARF, (two folds) £1 10s.
do. (three folds), £2 2s. 6d.

JUST received a few copies of the Elements of Logic, by Archbishop Whately. Price 7s.

For sale by

Wyatville, of London.

At Quebec, on the 3rd inst., by the Rev. E. W. Sewell, Mr. James Auckbard Coall, of Dublin, Ireland, to Caroline Jane, daughter of the late C. J. R. Ardouin, Esq., of Quebec.

LETTERS received during the week ending Thursday, June 15th :-

Possible.

MICHAEL HARRIS, Chairman, &c. &c.

Perth, 30th May, 1843.

MICHAEL HARRIS, Chairman, &c. &c.

Terosts, 13th May, 1843.