

We Did Not Sell



Out the Produce Department of our business—could not get a satisfactory offer; consequently we will continue it as usual. Only change we propose is, on 1st January next, we will move our office to our Packing and Cold Storage Warehouse, Louise Bridge, where we hope to serve our customers to better advantage than in the past by having our business all centred at one point.

Your consignments of BUTTER, EGGS and POULTRY shall have our usual careful attention, and your orders for HAMS, BACON and LARD solicited.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR DRESSED HOGS.

Write or wire us.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO. Pork Packers and Commission Merchants
WINNIPEG

We quote for shipment next week:

British Columbia Fresh Salmon, \$.09

Frozen and Packed in 100 lb. cases.

Finest Lake Winnipeg Whitefish .05

Frozen and Packed in 140 lb. cases.

Finest Oysters in Bulk, Selects \$2.25

In any quantity required.

R. A. ROGERS & COMPANY Ltd.

WINNIPEG

F. D. ROE, President

R. ABERNETHY, Vice-President

T. F. PATERSON, Sec.-Treas.

The Canadian Pacific Lumber Company Limited

PORT MOODY, B.C.

CAPACITY: LUMBER—60,000 feet per Day; LATH—30,000; SHINGLES—120,000.

We have the largest dry kiln capacity of any mill in B.C.; also the largest amount of sheds, and these are well stocked with Manitoba lumber. We have seven planers and are prepared to ship promptly. We understand the requirements of Manitoba dealers. Send to us for your next car. JAMES MAYHOOD, Salesman.



Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in all Classes of British Columbia

LUMBER, LATH, SHINGLES, MOULDINGS, Etc.

MANAGER

Bank of Montreal's Half Yearly Report.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—A good indication of the prosperous condition of business throughout the Dominion is the report of the Bank of Montreal for the half year ending Oct. 31 just issued. The earnings were the largest in the institution's history, amounting to \$711,828 as compared with \$582,903 for the corresponding period last year. This was at the rate of 11.84 per cent compared with 11.40 for the corresponding period of 1900. The notes of the bank in circulation have increased from \$7,384,408 to \$8,308,240 or \$924,832 of an increase. Deposits for bearing interest increased from \$18,104,058 to \$24,178,105, while deposits bearing interest increased from \$40,127,812 to \$50,419,841, the two together showing a comparative increase of a very considerable amount, \$17,302,000.

Current loans and discounts in Canada and elsewhere have increased from \$58,621,304 to \$60,023,051. The assets of the bank now amount to \$113,491,322 compared with \$104,796,350 last year. The assets immediately available have increased from \$35,343,026 to \$52,565,538. The amount carried forward to profit and loss is \$267,211 compared with \$150,084 last year, and as it is the avowed policy of the bank to increase its "nest" to an equality with its capital stock, it would not be surprising if the reserve were brought up from \$7,000,000 to \$8,000,000 at the next annual meeting.

Canada's Foreign Trade.

Ottawa, Nov. 13.—Canada's foreign trade still grows. The imports and exports alike for the four months of the fiscal year up to the end of October show expansion. The same thing applies to the figures for the month of October alone.

The imports for the four months have been \$66,964,478, an increase of \$3,676,427 over the same period of 1900. The exports amounted to \$81,280,000, a gain of \$3,566,868.

For October alone the imports were \$18,181,640, as against \$16,224,484, and exports \$28,382,474, as against \$18,425,449. It is worth mentioning that in the month just passed there has been an increase over the same month last year of \$600,000 in the exports of cattle, \$600,000 in the exports of butter, \$600,000 in exports of cheese, \$100,000 in exports of eggs, \$2,000,000 in exports of wheat, \$274,000 in exports of hay, and \$1,500,000 in exports of British Columbia salmon.

The returns for the four months are as follows as compared with the figures for 1900:

Imports	1900	1901
Dutiable goods	\$37,067,610	\$38,086,005
Free Goods	21,896,128	28,451,009
Total	\$68,963,738	\$66,537,014
Cats and bullion	\$ 1,917,743	\$ 2,227,300
Total	\$68,294,051	\$68,764,314
Duly collected	\$ 9,976,050	\$10,943,224
Exports	1900	1901
Domestic product	\$70,250,000	\$73,751,380
Foreign produce	7,463,139	7,900,010
Total	\$77,713,131	\$81,280,000
By classes the exports of domestic products have been:		
Minerals	\$16,552,888	\$15,566,814
Fur	1,117,022	1,406,422
Produce of forest	15,158,803	15,302,010
Animals & their pro.	23,340,400	21,013,380
Agricultural	6,637,211	7,880,171
Manufactures	4,866,154	5,713,422
Miscellaneous	30,703	11,306

Settlers have taken up 150,000 acres of land in the Temiskaming district of New Ontario this year.

Chicago packers are believed to be cornering the egg market and now have 500,000 cases in cold storage. The combination expects to have the market completely under their control before the middle of January. Prices have gone up to 27 cents.

The potato crop of this country, says The New York Commercial, is almost a complete failure this year, and our produce dealers will have to look abroad for their stocks. The importation of potatoes has already begun, large cargoes having reached here from Holland and Germany. Experts believe that large importations will have to come from Europe before winter closes. Precisely how bad the American crop will be cannot be ascertained, but for several weeks ago the last government crop report estimated the rest of the ordinary crop. It is not only poor in quantity, but it is poor in quality.