

WOODROW WILSON ELECTED PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

T. R. SECOND, TAFT THIRD G. O. P. ANNIHILATED BY PROGRESSIVE MOVEMENT

Democratic Candidate Carries the Solid South and Captures Many Republican Strongholds in the Eastern States.

ROOSEVELT GETS PENNSYLVANIA; MICHIGAN ALSO GOES TO PROGRESSIVES

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, Nov. 6.—Governor Woodrow Wilson, of New Jersey, was yesterday elected President of the United States, Roosevelt running second and Taft a poor third. At noon today the electoral vote stood: Wilson, 387; Roosevelt, 99; Taft, 12. There are four doubtful states—Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota and Wyoming—comprising a total of 33 votes. Taft carried Vermont, Utah and Idaho.

A SWEEPING VICTORY.

New York, Nov. 6.—Overturning big Republican majorities in states never before captured by the Democrats in a presidential election, the Wilson-Marshall presidential ticket was swept into office yesterday on the wave of a victory that carried with it state offices, congressional seats, and the control of a number of legislatures that will have the opportunity to oust Republicans from the United States Senate and add to the Democratic strength in that body.

ROOSEVELT'S SHOWING.

Second only in interest to the overwhelming victory of Governor Wilson and his running mate, Governor Marshall, of Indiana, was the strength shown by Colonel Roosevelt in Illinois, Pennsylvania and other states. On returns received up to three this morning from states where the result was reasonably certain, it appeared that Governor Wilson would have almost, if not quite, 400 of the 531 votes in the electoral college, and that Col. Roosevelt would have nearly 100. President Taft had received eight votes, those of Vermont and Utah; while the 51 votes of Idaho, Iowa, Minnesota, New Hampshire, South Dakota, and Wyoming remained in the doubtful class.

ROOSEVELT GOT PENNSYLVANIA.

In the hours that intervened between midnight and the receipt of fairly complete reports this morning, there were many important changes in the results as earlier reported from closely contested states. In Pennsylvania, based on returns from over half the state, the 33 votes were apparently certain for Roosevelt at 8 o'clock today. The race between Taft, Roosevelt and Wilson was almost an even affair until over 135,000 ballots had been counted. As precincts outside the large cities began to report, Roosevelt and Wilson forged ahead, and with something over half the vote counted, Roosevelt this morning had a majority of over 20,000 with many strongholds yet to deliver their count.

DOUBTFUL STATES.

Minnesota, conceded to Wilson at midnight, slipped back into the doubtful column in the early morning hours, when accessions to the Roosevelt strength reduced the proportion of the Democratic lead. In the afternoon, in the midnight returns, showed a strong reversal of form, and at 8 o'clock this morning, returns from a portion of the state gave Wilson a slight lead.

CLOSE IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The race in New Hampshire was so close as to make predictions of the result impossible. Taft and Wilson ran neck and neck throughout the night, as the count progressed, Taft's lead varying from 13 to something over 100, and with many districts yet to be counted the electoral vote remained at issue between the Democratic and Republican candidates.

WILSON GAINS IN ILLINOIS.

The Roosevelt victory in Illinois showed signs of being greatly reduced as the "down-state" precincts came in during the early morning hours. Reports from Chicago indicated that the big lead held by Col. Roosevelt late last night, gained chiefly through his large majority in Chicago and Cook County, was being steadily reduced by the vote from Democratic districts in the state at large, particularly in the southern counties.

THE POPULAR VOTE.

No efforts were made during the night to compute the popular vote for the Presidential candidates. In the majority of states, however, the vote was larger than at any previous Presidential election; and the final returns on the actual number of ballots cast for the three candidates is expected to exceed all records.

The defeat of President Taft; the division of the Republican vote between Taft and Roosevelt; and the consequent division of Republican organizations, resulted in complete Democratic victories in many states. In New York the Democrats carried the state ticket and the legislature. In Illinois, the Democratic candidate for governor had apparently carried the state. Democratic senators appeared certain as successors to Republicans from Colorado, New Jersey, Delaware, Montana and several other states.

SOCIALIST SETBACK.

A general increase in the Socialist vote polled by Eugene V. Debs, the Presidential candidate, was accompanied by setbacks to the local Socialist organizations in two of their strongholds. In Wisconsin, Congressman Berger, the only Socialist in the House of Representatives, was defeated with a number of other officeholders, and in Schenectady, N. Y., where the party had elected almost a complete local ticket at the last election, practically all of its candidates were defeated.

MAY CONTROL SENATE.

President-Elect Wilson will have behind him a greatly strengthened majority in the national House of Representatives, and on the early returns the Democrats apparently have a chance to secure control of the United States Senate. In Illinois, the Progressives and Socialists hold the balance of power in the legislature, which is to select two senators. In Colorado, where two senators are to be chosen, the Democrats are in apparent control, and in other states later returns may show a shift of the legislative power from Republican to Democratic hands.

Governor Wilson got only carried in his own state, New Jersey, by a large majority, but he carried also the states of his opponents, the state of his own running mate, Indiana, and the state of Col. Roosevelt's running-mate, California. Control of the Legislature in New Jersey assures to the Democrats the choice of Governor Wilson's successor in the gubernatorial vacancy.

NEW HAMPSHIRE DOUBTFUL.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 6.—New Hampshire was still a doubtful state at 8 a.m. today. Returns from all but sixty precincts gave Wilson 24,601; Taft, 23,876; Roosevelt, 13,083.

MICHIGAN COUNTING SLOW.

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 6.—The counting of the Michigan vote was so slow that at 7 o'clock this morning only 568 precincts out of a total of 1,872 in the state, outside of Wayne County, had reported complete returns. They gave Roosevelt 62,331; Wilson 46,913; Taft 43,733. The same districts gave Ferris, Democratic candidate for governor, a plurality of about 3,300.

LATER.

New York, Nov. 6.—The changes in the doubtful states, according to later returns, gave Mr. Wilson four more electoral votes from New Hampshire.

While the apparent Roosevelt pluralities reported last evening are diminishing in Iowa and Illinois, the situation in Pennsylvania still shows some uncertainty, but with very strong probabilities that the state has been carried for Roosevelt by a plurality of approximately 20,000.

In Iowa late returns from one-third of the precincts of the state indicate a Wilson victory by about 10,000.

Minnesota is still doubtful, but incomplete returns showed that Wilson was leading Roosevelt by 4,676.

NEW HAMPSHIRE FOR WILSON.

New Hampshire has moved from the list of doubtful states, and will now give Wilson four more electoral votes. Returns from 270 out of 290 districts in the state give the Democratic candidate a lead of 1,570 votes over Taft.

IDAHO FOR TAFT.

Idaho has gone to Taft by 8,000, and the election of two Republican senators is assured. This victory increases the total of Mr. Taft's electoral votes to 12, his other two states being Vermont and Utah, each with four electoral votes.

SOUTH DAKOTA UNCERTAIN.

South Dakota was still uncertain this morning. Returns from only half the precincts had been received, and those gave Roosevelt a lead over both Wilson and Taft. The first definite returns from Wyoming, in early estimates very generally conceded to the Republicans, showed that Wilson had a slight lead over Taft, with about one-fourth of the state heard from.

THE WINNING TICKET



WOODROW WILSON OF NEW JERSEY.

THOMAS R. MARSHALL OF INDIANA.

Standing by States At Noon Today

New York, Nov. 6.—The following is the electoral vote by states, as indicated by the returns received up to noon today:

	Roose-	Taft.	Wilson.
Alabama	12	3	12
Arizona	3	3	3
Arkansas	9	9	9
California	13	13	13
Colorado	6	6	6
Connecticut	7	7	7
Delaware	3	3	3
Florida	6	6	6
Georgia	14	14	14
Idaho	4	4	4
Illinois	29	29	29
Indiana	15	15	15
Iowa (doubtful)	10	10	10
Kansas	10	10	10
Kentucky	13	13	13
Louisiana	10	10	10
Maine	6	6	6
Maryland	8	8	8
Massachusetts	18	18	18
Michigan	15	15	15
Minnesota (doubtful)	10	10	10
Mississippi	18	18	18
Missouri	18	18	18
Montana	4	4	4
Nebraska	8	8	8
Nevada	3	3	3
New Hampshire	4	4	4
New Jersey	14	14	14
New Mexico	3	3	3
New York	45	45	45
North Carolina	12	12	12
North Dakota	5	5	5
Ohio	24	24	24
Oklahoma	10	10	10
Oregon	5	5	5
Pennsylvania	38	38	38
Rhode Island	5	5	5
South Carolina	9	9	9
South Dakota (doubtful)	12	12	12
Tennessee	12	12	12
Texas	20	20	20
Utah	4	4	4
Vermont	4	4	4
Virginia	12	12	12
Washington	7	7	7
West Virginia	8	8	8
Wisconsin	13	13	13
Wyoming (doubtful)	12	12	12
Totals	12	387	99
Doubtful	33		

RECAPITULATION.

Seats in electoral college	531
Necessary for choice	266
Woodrow Wilson at noon	387
Roosevelt	99
Taft	12

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—SHOWERY.

Toronto, Nov. 6.—8 a.m. Moderate to fresh winds; showery, chiefly tonight and Thursday.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
LONDON	48.5	28	Rain
Victoria	50	40	Cloudy
Calgary	52	20	Clear
Port Arthur	56	22	Clear
Parry Sound	54	46	Rain
Toronto	59	46	Cloudy
Ottawa	56	44	Cloudy
Montreal	52	44	Rain
Quebec	44	42	Rain
Father Point	42	38	Cloudy

A moderate depression situated in the Mississippi Valley is moving towards Ontario, attended by rain. Pressure is also low in the Western Provinces, but accompanied by fine weather.

GOVT. GROWS WEARY OVER C. P. R. STRIKE

Premier Borden and Mr. Crothers Likely to Reconsider Refusal to Give the Men a Board of Conciliation.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Nov. 6.—Uneasiness is developing in the Government over the strike situation involving the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Canadian Brotherhood of Railway Employees. Minister of Labor Crothers has been a good deal criticized for refusing to grant the board which the men asked to have appointed to inquire into the dispute. The board was refused by Minister of Labor Crothers, after consultation with Premier Borden. A good deal of dissatisfaction with this course has reached the Government from such industrial centres as Montreal, Toronto and Hamilton, while E. Frapp, M. P. for Ottawa, filed a personal protest against the refusal of the board.

20 GREEKS HAVE LEFT LONDON TO FIGHT TURKS IN EUROPE

Peter Karrys Is the Latest to Answer the Call of His Country for the Return of the Reserves—Greeks Take Keen Interest in the War.

Peter Karrys, who for the past six years has been located in London, and who had been connected with the National bowling alley, joined a party of Greeks homeward bound this morning and will depart for the east on a special train this afternoon to make steamship connections at New York. London has now sent about twenty members of its Grecian colony to take part in the war of the Balkan States against Turkey. Mr. Karrys is an intelligent Greek, and while here gained a good control of the English language.

His parents still live in his native land. They are not aware of his coming, however. The recruits are under instructions to proceed directly to Athens, from which they will be sent to the front. Grand Trunk train No. 6 carried a hundred or more from western points at noon today. They assert that the Balkans will fight until Constantinople falls, unless the powers interfere.

The Greeks are taking the keenest interest in the war dispatches here, and practically all of them have maps of the territory affected, secured since the commencement of hostilities. Those at home in Greece were apparently unaware of the imminence of war until very shortly before the fighting commenced, for letters received in London from relatives of men now located here make no mention of the trouble.

INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT PRESIDENT-ELECT WILSON

He is 56 years old.
He has a charming and beautiful wife and three charming daughters.
His daughters all look much more like him than like their mother. They are all grown and unmarried.
His first name is "Thomas," but he has not used it for many years. They called him Tommy in college.
He is nearly blind in his right eye as the result of an accident in youth. When reading he holds a monocle in front of the damaged eye.
His favorite recreation is golf, but he walks much. He never drinks ice water.
Sleeps from 9 to 12 hours out of every 24.
Likes automobiling, but often goes to sleep in the motor.
He is a shorthand and typewriting expert. Writes all his speeches, lectures and books that way. He uses the "Graham system" of shorthand.
He is 5 feet 10 inches tall, weighs 177 pounds.
He can run a half mile at a good pace without losing his "wind."
Dislikes military display.
Except for a few thousand dollars which he saved from his salary as president of Princeton, he has no money or property. Considers "13" his lucky number. There are 13 letters in his name, and in his thirteenth year as a professor at Princeton he was elected its thirteenth president.
Likes to go to the theatre. Prefers comedy or light opera. His best speeches are impromptu.
He has enormous ears and a large mouth, with large, irregular, somewhat discolored teeth.
He wears eye glasses all the time.
Was a good baseball and football player when a young man. He is Scotch-Irish.
His father was a Presbyterian minister and he is a Presbyterian, too.
When away from home he sends his wife a "lettergram" every night.

HEAR MACKENZIE KING TONIGHT WHEN HE SPEAKS IN HYMAN HALL

Former Minister of Labor in Laurier Government Will Address Liberals of London on Topics of the Hour—Naval and Trade Policies of Sir Wilfrid Will Be Dealt With.

Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, formerly Minister of Labor in the Laurier Cabinet, arrived in the city this afternoon, and will address local Liberals in Hyman Hall tonight on the various issues now engaging the attention of the people of Canada.

The naval policy of the Liberal party will be dealt with, and the trade policy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be explained at length.

Mr. King was one of the most effective platform speakers on the recent Laurier tour, when the Liberal chieftain was greeted by enormous crowds on every occasion on which he spoke. Hon. Mackenzie King delivered addresses almost daily, and his splendid platform gifts were greatly appreciated by Sir Wilfrid.

It will be an excellent opportunity for the Liberals of London to hear Mr. King tonight at Hyman Hall. It is expected that the building will be completely filled.



HON. MACKENZIE KING.

During his stay in London he will be the guest of Mr. George S. Gibbons.

CANON TUCKER SEES NO CAUSE FOR OBJECTION

Rector of St. Paul's Cathedral Says No Fault Can Be Found With Sacred Concerts.

SHERIFF CAMERON IS A STRONG ADVOCATE

Musicians May Take a Hand in the Matter If Church Soloists Are Interfered With.

Opinions of the local clergy seem to be divided on the subject of Sunday evening band concerts, but there are many who think that the objections already raised do not apply to the band concert given in the Majestic Theatre last Sunday night.

Canon Tucker, who presided at the concert Sunday evening, stated to The Advertiser today that he thought the ministers who were raising objections did not know what they were objecting to. He saw no objection to the concert given in the Majestic Theatre. "Of course," he continued, "there may be the objection of strict Sabbatharians to a sacred concert of any kind on a Sunday evening, but to the concert itself I can see no objection. The concert was opened and closed with prayer; the audience joined in the singing of the hymns, and the only difference I saw in it and any church service was that the audience applauded the pieces given by the band."

"The objection that it might draw people from church is the one that is worth considering, but I think that this is open to question. If it does draw people from the church then there are objections to it, but if on the other hand, it is the means of attracting people who would otherwise walk the streets, then I think it is a good thing and should be continued. There are hundreds of people in boarding houses who have no drawing-room to sit in and they spend their Sunday evenings walking the streets. You will see them in crowds every fine Sunday evening on Dundas street. It is these people the Sunday concert will reach. Music it is said, has an influence for good. Surely sacred music would have a double influence. I think the Sunday concert ought to be productive of much good."

The Bishop of Huron in a letter to Mrs. Dr. Kingsmill, previous to the concert, stated that he would endorse the Sunday evening concerts if the program was supervised by a local clergyman.

HEAVY DAMAGES ASKED OVER MORDEN JAILING

Charge Made of Conspiracy to Have Prince Arrested and Imprisoned.

[Canadian Press.]

Winnipeg, Nov. 6.—A statement of claim has been entered for \$5,000 on behalf of J. A. Prince, of St. Boniface, against Roland Dixon, A. Cross and Frank Chittick, of Winnipeg, and Paul Fries, of Notre Dame de Lourdes. The claim is made on the ground that the four defendants did unlawfully and maliciously conspire, confederate and agree to have Prince arrested and imprisoned. The arrest was made in connection with the MacDonald by-election on Oct. 11, and thereafter Prince was placed in jail at Morden, where he was held without bail for 24 hours.

FATHER SUES AUTO OWNER FOR INJURIES TO HIS DAUGHTER

William H. Dingle, of South London, Issues Writ Against W. D. Thomas.

THREE DAMAGES CASES MAY GO TO TRIAL

In All Five Writs Have Been Issued in Two Days at the Local Court House.

Of five writs which have been issued during the last two days by local solicitors, three are for damages, the result of personal injuries sustained by the plaintiffs through the alleged negligence of the defendants. One of the remaining two is for damages for trespass, and the other is for recovery for a horse killed.

Wm. H. Dingle, for himself and as the next friend of his daughter, Maud Dingle, has issued a writ against W. D. Thomas, of King street, this city, claiming unstated damages from the defendant. The action is the result of an accident on June 10, 1912, when the defendant's automobile struck and knocked down the girl on Dundas street, near Richmond street. The plaintiff claims that the accident was caused by the negligent driving of the machine. Mr. E. W. Scatcherd is acting in behalf of the plaintiff.

Mr. Scatcherd, acting for Mr. R. F. Toohill, of the Township of Metcalfe, has also commenced action against John Hughes, of the same township. The plaintiff claims that the defendant has trespassed on his property by digging postholes, erecting posts and fences, and cutting down a number of trees. The amount of damages, as stated in the writ, is \$500, and the costs of the action.

Messrs. Gibbons, Harper & Gibbons, on behalf of Messrs. R. Hueston & Son, have commenced proceedings against the Mitchell Garage and Sales Company for damages for the loss of one horse, which was killed by a taxi-cab, on account of the alleged negligence of the company's servants or agents. About six weeks ago, Mr. E. Fields, of this city, was driving westward on Dundas street, and commenced to turn south on Waterloo street, but the taxi-cab was struck by one of the defendant's taxis and a horse killed. The plaintiffs claim unstated damages and costs.

Against Street Railway. Messrs. McKillop, Murphy & Gunn, having received instructions from the plaintiff, Miss Sophia Fawkes, of Queen's avenue, have entered a suit against the London Street Railway Company for damages received by the plaintiff while a passenger on one of the local street cars. Miss Fawkes was getting off a car at the corner of Dundas and Rectory streets, when the car started, and she was thrown to the ground, sustaining serious and painful injuries. The accident was caused by the alleged negligence of the company's servants or agents.

Frederick P. Emmons, of Strathroy, has issued a writ against the Dymond Colonial Company, Limited, of Strathroy, through his lawyer, Mr. J. M. McEvoy, for \$1,000 damages for personal injuries sustained by him. The plaintiff was employed by the defendants, who are the successors to the Colonial Furniture Company, and on July 23 last had his hand mutilated in a boring machine. The accident was caused, it is alleged, by defects in the pulley and belt of the machine.