

Headaches, Dizzy

Spells and faintness have been my afflictions for 12 years. Often I would fall in a sudden faint and several times narrowly escaped being burnt on the stove. No medicine gave me more than a few days relief, and I laughed when a friend urged me to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. But I took it and in six months I was free from all headache trouble, faintness or dizziness. I am now perfectly well. I cannot say too much in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is worth its weight in gold to me. Mrs. R. H. HAWES, Paris, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures
Hood's Pills are the best. 25c. per box.

TRAP AND TRIGGER.

Results of the International Shoot at Hamilton.

London Loses the Hockey Match at Stratford—Turf Tips.

ATHLETICS.

Mr. John Limmen, of Toronto, a boxer of some reputation, is in the city, and is desirous of meeting any local athlete in a scientific sparring match for points. His weight is 135 pounds, but he is willing to meet heavier men. His idea is to start a gymnasium in London in conjunction with Jack Stewart. He is a guest at Mr. Jerry McDonald's hotel, where he will be pleased to meet any would-be contestants or pupil.

THE TRIGGER.

THE HAMILTON SHOOT.

HAMILTON, Jan. 17.—The international live bird shoot for \$700 in gold in connection with the Hamilton Gun Club tournament has been completed and the money carried off as follows: H. Bates, Ridgeway, 20 birds, \$125; E. D. Fulford, Uxton, N. Y., 20 birds, \$125; J. A. R. Elliott, Kansas City, 20 birds, \$125; John Strand, Hamilton, Ont., Capt. J. L. Brewer, Rochester, N. Y., and Maynard Fairbank, Minneapolis, 10 birds, \$50 each; Geo. Martineau, Hamilton, 10 birds, \$50 each; H. M. Murchie, D. Miller, Woodstock, H. M. Murchie, Syracuse, N. Y., W. Murphy, Paterson, N. J., E. V. Van Dyke, New York, H. R. Sweeney, Albany, R. O. Herkes, Dayton, Ohio, M. D. Campbell, Oshawa, M. Mayhew, Uxton, N. Y., Dr. Blackall, Clinton, Ont., and Chas. Forsyth, Aldershot, Ont., 10 birds, \$14.50 each. The stake race (15 live birds) was the most important event of the day. Thirty men entered. The scores were: Geo. Bates, Toronto, 12; H. R. Sweeney, Albany, 13; C. Cox, Toronto, 13; E. D. Fulford, Uxton, 14; Capt. J. L. Brewer, Rochester, 12; D. A. Upson, Cleveland, 13; J. A. R. Elliott, Kansas City, 14; M. D. Campbell, Oshawa, 13; M. Mayhew, Uxton, 13; T. W. Murphy, Paterson, N. Y., 11; H. M. Murchie, Syracuse, 12; Wm. Fitch, Hamilton, 13; R. O. Heikes, Dayton, Ohio, 15; S. Fairburn, Minneapolis, 13; D. Miller, Woodstock, 12; Dr. Blackall, Clinton, Ont., 14; John Strand, Hamilton, Ont., 15; H. Bates, Ridgeway, 14; Capt. Money, New York, 14; J. C. Crooks, Hamilton, 13. All the rest retired.

The \$45 stakes were divided as follows: R. O. Heikes, Dayton, Ohio, and John Strand, Hamilton, Ont., with 15 birds, \$123.74 each; Ed. Fulford, J. A. R. Elliott, Dr. Blackall, H. Bates, Capt. Money, and H. Kelsey, 14 birds, \$93.75 each.

F. C. KEY.

STRAITFORF WON.
The London Hockey Club went to Stratford yesterday, and after a closely contested game came out second. Score: Stratford 2, London 1.

THE TURF.

PATTIE D SOLD FOR \$1,930.
BUFFALO, N. Y., Jan. 17.—The sensational feature of the day at the Driving Park horse sale was the purchase of Pattie D (2:13) by Frank Smith. He is the newspaper man who writes under the name "The Druid," and is well known in Canada as a starting judge at St. Thomas, Alymer and other Western Ontario tracks. Pattie D brought \$1,930. She is expected to go in 2:06 the coming season. She has a record of a trial eighth of a mile in 123 seconds. Prices realized today on the whole were very low.

TIPS.

August Belmont, it is stated, intends to send a string of racers to Europe in charge of Jack Joyner. It is said that Mr. Belmont's party will be an extended one and that the consignment of thoroughbreds will include some of the get of Rayon d'Or.

A mild sensation was experienced shortly before the first race at Alexander Island on Thursday by the arrival of a Hamilton steamer, as she was stolen from the stable cist, as she was stolen from the stable cist, as she was stolen from the stable cist.

CURLING.

THE CANADIANS LOSE.
MILWAUKEE, Jan. 17.—The Walker international curling trophy was today won from the Canadians, who held it last year, by the St. Paul and Cambria teams.

PILES! PILES! Itching Piles! SYMPTOMS—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; mostly at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which need a need an ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists, or by mail, for 50 cents. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia, Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale agents.

JAMES MILLER has opened up a new barber shop in Collins block, London West, and guarantees to do first-class work. Give him a call. ywt

If you want any jewelry repaired, a watch or clock cleaned, take it to T. R. BRYAN'S, 208 Dundas Street. Satisfaction guaranteed. ywt

LOVELESS—The Tobac const.

OTELLO, MONTEROS, GROTTOS—10c Cigars for 5c.

VERY Large Assortment of PIPES and POUCHES.

EL PADRES AND MATILDA—10c Cigars for 5c.

LOOK at our Window When Passing.

ENJOY LIFE WHILE YOU CAN

SMOKERS should Not Make Mistake.

SE That You Have the Right A

202nd Dundas Street.

Trade in Canada

As Shown by Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review.

Quietude and Caution Prevail as a General Rule.

The Prevalent "Prosperity" That Political Stump Speakers Talk About, Fails to Materialize.

TORONTO, Jan. 17.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade in Canada says:

In Montreal the main activity of the week has been in the stock market, some quite large deals being reported. Money has been in rather better request, but bank rates are unchanged, the figure for call loans being 4 per cent, though it is said private funds have been loaned on call at 2 1/2 per cent.

In the wholesale trade there has been no general marked improvement.

In groceries the movement is a quiet one outside of teas, for which there is continued inquiry from Toronto and western American cities. Sugars rule low, and one of the local refiners is producing an unbranded granulated at 33 cents, which is about as low as German granulated can be laid down, while the quality is said to be better. Molasses is firming up in anticipation of the usual active demand.

Orders for oils, paints and glass are being booked in fair quantity for delivery when spring freight comes on, but actual business at the moment is light. Metals remain quiet. Montreal and western rail manufacturers agreed last week on \$2 10 as a schedule price for cut nails, but Lower Province makers are said to be offering goods at cut rates.

Firm prices rule in leather, but no active buying is in progress.

Wholesale trade at Toronto shows a slight improvement in some lines, but there is apparently little in the situation that warrants any permanent appreciation. The outlook as viewed by many is not without its favorable signs, but the important drawback is a lack of confidence, and the great discrimination with respect to credits. Better things, however, are expected as a result of this general cautious policy, but it may yet be some time before the better state is attained. The general stocks of merchandise are comparatively small throughout the country, and merchants are buying only from hand-to-mouth. In some cases retail merchants are taking advantage of the discount offered for cash. Prices as a rule are low, and it looks as if the price of wheat is not out of proportion when compared with many leading lines of merchandise.

Money on choice collateral is easy, with offerings plentiful. There is great difficulty in finding secure and profitable investments, and the coming annual statements of loan companies are in consequence looked forward to with much interest. It is likely that their profits will be smaller for 1924 than in the past year. The discount line at banks is being reduced, while the rates from prime paper is unchanged at 6 to 6 1/2 per cent.

The failures for the week are 60, as against 46 for same week last year.

IN LABOR CIRCLES.

Unemployed Men in Quebec Appeal to the Mayor.

Partial Victory for Debs and His Associates—Scenes of Violence in Brooklyn—Ohio Miners Starving.

DISTRESS IN QUEBEC.

QUEBEC, Jan. 17.—A large number of workmen called on Mayor Parent yesterday, asking for work from the corporation. Mayor Parent says that 15,000 yards of stones would have to be broken, and 200 or 300 men could find work. He also promised to do his utmost to provide work from other sources.

DEBS' CASE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—The Supreme Court today denied the petition of Eugene V. Debs, et al., participants in the big strike, for a writ of error. With reference to the application for habeas corpus, leave was granted to file a petition and a rule entered making it returnable on the 28th inst.

MINERS STARVING.

AKRON, Ohio, Jan. 17.—The miners of Thomastown and Lakewood, this county, have only had six weeks work since April last, and are starving. Supplies have been sent to them.

THE TROLLEY TIE-UP.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 17.—Two men and one woman were arrested during a disturbance at Halsey avenue line, when the cars were started this afternoon. They were in a crowd of stone throwers, which was charged by the police. The police say the woman threw stones and used bad language. She resisted when two men and one woman who were formerly conductors on the Halsey street line, attacked a conductor of that line. They dragged him from the platform and struck him on the head with a bill, fracturing his skull. They were arrested. Their names are John Flanagan and Michael Callen.

The DeKalb avenue line, which came to a standstill this morning, was a full complement of cars all day and did a rushing business late into the night. The agreement was a concession to the men.

BURNS WILL BE BACK.

LONDON, Jan. 15.—The Westminster Gazette this afternoon publishes a long interview with John Burns, the labor leader, in which he criticizes the United States and says "in spite of the abuses of Tammany, Anarchists and millionaires, sound Americans are only too grateful for our criticisms."

Mr. Burns says he will return to the United States next autumn, adding: "For nowhere in the world is there more need of the Englishman's helping hand."

IS SPIRIT OF PROTESTANTISM?

HAMILTON, Jan. 17.—All the employees in the Ontario rolling mills whose wages were not reduced at the time of the strike last year were out yesterday. Employees receiving \$1.50 per day or less will be reduced 10 per cent, and those receiving over \$1.50 per day will be reduced 15 per cent.

WORK, NOT CHARITY, WANTED.

MONTREAL, Jan. 17.—The labor trouble here is causing the authorities grave uneasiness. The organizations threaten to march 3,000 men to the City Hall tomorrow and repeat the demonstration of a few days ago. The police authorities propose to take precautions, and a strong force will be kept at the City Hall to meet any emergencies. The mayor has started a fund for the relief of the distressed, but this fails to appease the labor leaders, who declare that the unemployed want work, not charity.

THE DAIRYMEN.

Closing Session of a Successful Convention.

The Proposed Branding of Cheese Increased—Election of Officers.

STRAITFORF, Jan. 17.—Last evening's session of the Ontario Dairymen's Association was marked by a discussion of good roads and their relation to the dairy. President Pattullo and Mr. A. W. Campbell, of St. Thomas, addressing the meeting.

Mr. D. Derbyshire, president of the Ontario Creameries Association, gave a short general address.

Mr. John Gould, of Ohio, spoke on road-making, and said that instead of building them by statute labor they should be built by the contract system.

Prof. Robertson, of Ottawa, touched on "Dairying in Canada." Speaking to so many representative dairymen he was puzzled as to what line he should pursue. He thought he would speak of that part of dairying which would put the most money in their pockets. He favored co-operative dairying.

At the conclusion of Prof. Robertson's address the convention adjourned over night.

Thursday's Session.
The meetings of the association closed this afternoon. This has been the most successful convention, financially, and otherwise, that the association has ever held. This morning Messrs. Everett, Chapin and Dillon were the principal speakers. At the afternoon session the attendance had fallen off somewhat, but under spirited addresses from Messrs. Gould, Peace, Gibson, Derbyshire and others interest was fully maintained until the adjournment.

A resolution was adopted strongly recommending that such regulations be adopted, and such law be enacted as to compel cheese factories to brand cheese with the date on which it was manufactured. The following officers were elected:

President—A. Pattullo, Woodstock.

First Vice—A. St. Laurent, Toronto.

Second Vice—Harold Eagle, Atercliffe.

Directors—John Train, Harrison; J. N. Pagent, Cambro; J. L. Williams, Ingersoll; Geo. Robertson, Lucknow; Thomas Ballantyne, Stratford; J. S. Pearce, London; Harry White, Hawkesville.

Auditors—J. C. Hegler, Ingersoll, and J. A. Nelles, London.

Tonight the members of the association were the guests of the city in a banquet at the Windsor Hotel.

The Telephone.

A Great Time-Saver Which May Be Abused.

How Subscribers Can Help to Provide Prompt Service.

(Extracts from a pamphlet by Angus S. Hibbard.)

The record made of the traffic of various exchanges has led during the past year to another record which has been of interest, more especially to the users of telephones. This is a traffic record of the subscriber's telephone, showing just how many times it is used each day on outward calls and on inward calls, and how many times the line has been called for other than found busy, showing also whether the "busy" calls were on account of the fact that the telephone was being used for outgoing or incoming business. In the Chicago exchange the records for about 3,000 lines have been kept in this manner. In one case a firm of packers, having six lines connected with the Yards Exchange in Chicago, was found to use the telephone an average of 802 times in each day. It was found also that this firm was called for many times when all the lines were busy. The matter of this telephone traffic was taken up with the people in charge of the exchange, and the result was that the "busy" calls were reduced, and it was found that frequently all of their telephones, or nearly all of them, were engaged by their own men at one time in making outward calls. This showed that the telephone lines represented business entrances or doors for business to the firm's office, just as much, in a way, as the actual doors leading from the street or hallway; and in fact more so, because people procured an entrance through their telephone doors—if I may use that term—than in any other way. It was then shown that if these telephones were blocked by the outgoing work of the firm's employees, it was naturally impossible for anyone desiring to do so to get in at the same time. In a way, it was as if, in a factory where the time was opened for business in the morning, an entrance should be given to the shipping departments to ship the goods out of the front doors, filling them with the calls and orders of customers. It is evident, would immediately paralyze the retail business, because no one desiring to trade with the firm could gain admission through the usual entrance, but the telephone lines, being naturally driven away the custom and very much interfere with the business of the retail store. This point being illustrated, it was arranged with the firm in charge of the exchange, that the firm's employees, by using all of the telephones simultaneously, and endeavoring every way to leave at least one line open and available for the entrance of the line, would be the simple thing to do, and it was found that the number of busy or unavailing calls was largely reduced. The record of the traffic shown and illustrated in this manner, without the addition of other telephones, but merely by bringing about a co-operation and better use of existing facilities by the subscriber, resulted not only in great benefit to him, but also the convenience of his customers. In other cases it was found that where a single telephone was used one hundred or more times in a day, the busy or unavailing calls for the line were very largely caused by the habit of the subscriber in originating a large number of calls consecutively, and in that way blocking out, during a period of one hour or more, all of the calls which might have been put through the line. People who wanted to talk with the subscriber were knocking at his telephone door, finding it busy again and again, and finally, in unduly long waiting, they gave up and went entirely or took their business to someone else. The door, meanwhile, had been blocked by the voluntary action of the subscriber himself, just as much as if he had locked the door of entrance into his place of business and refused admission to all parties.

This record of telephone traffic upon the subscribers' lines is showing clearly every day that the final completion of a telephone call depends not wholly upon the telephone company or its agents, but very largely, and in many cases almost entirely, upon the intelligent use of the telephone by the subscriber.

In looking at the telephone as a door

or entrance for business, which it certainly is, the user must understand that if his business is extensive in volume, it can no more enter by one door or one telephone, which is limited in the extent to which it can be used, than it is possible for an extensive trade represented by customers to enter by one narrow door. There must be doors enough, and there must be telephones enough, and people enough employed to handle the telephones to accommodate the business and the trade which enter in that way.

In a number of instances the blocking of business by the subscribers was found to have been caused by unwarranted and unnecessary use of the telephones by employees, and there must be enough and people enough employed to handle the telephones to accommodate the business and the trade which enter in that way.

If the subscriber is not near the telephone or is not in the office so that he may be called at most within a minute, get the number and name of the party calling and say that the person who has been called for will be informed and will call up as soon as possible. Watch the use of the telephone so that it may be restricted to your business needs.

Your line, during a long business day, may be made to satisfactorily handle perhaps 50 calls if they are evenly distributed. If, however, your telephone work is congested into three or four hours it is not possible to handle any such number on one telephone.

If the subscriber is not near the telephone or is not in the office so that he may be called at most within a minute, get the number and name of the party calling and say that the person who has been called for will be informed and will call up as soon as possible. Watch the use of the telephone so that it may be restricted to your business needs.

Such an analysis of the traffic will be of benefit to every busy telephone subscriber, and his own action in relieving the pressure on his own line will benefit him more and enhance the value of his telephone more than anything he can do.

Today the telephone exchange is a great and important factor in the transaction of business in large cities. It is no longer a matter of one line to an exchange, or one instrument in an office, or one warehouse, or one means of doing business which must be fitted to the business itself—not to the business of the telephone company, but to the business of the telephone user. It must be extensive enough and broad enough to meet his uses and demands, and it must be used by him in a way in which it will best meet these demands. It is being shown throughout the country that the telephone exchanges do and will adapt themselves to the needs of the business of their patrons. Telephones are now being furnished in large exchanges to accommodate the highest and most infrequent user, as well as the heaviest, in one case a single instrument, in the other possibly a large private branch exchange operated by the subscriber.

The determining quantity is the telephone traffic which the subscriber wishes to handle. On it depends the number and kind of telephone doors necessary for his exits and entrances. In an appreciation of the facts of telephone traffic by telephone users will thus be of immediate benefit to them and to their correspondents. It will mean the telephone door swinging more easily and more frequently, and not often be found in that unsatisfactory condition, "Busy now; please call again."

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 75c. bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

W. Chapman, BUTCHER, Fresh and Salt Meats, Beef, Mutton, Poultry, etc. Goods delivered in any part of the city. 269 DUNDAS STREET.

Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co. Capital and Assets, \$53,000,000. EDWARD TOWE, Agent, Office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone No. 675. Money to loan at lowest rates.

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Bayley's 172 DUNDAS STREET.

Remnant Sale

Dress Goods Ends, Cloaking Ends, Print Ends, Linen Ends, Lace Ends, Ribbon Ends.

Remnants in Every Department Clearing at Remnant Prices.

BAYLEY'S

Radway's Ready Relief

Radway's Ready Relief is safe, reliable and effective because of the stimulating action which it exerts on the nerves and vital power of the body, adding tone to the one and inducing to renewed and increased vigor the slumbering vitality of the physical structure, and through this healthful stimulation and increased action, the CAUSE of the Pain is driven away and a natural condition restored. It is thus that the Ready Relief is so admirably adapted for the Cure of Pain and without the risk of injury which is sure to result from the use of many of the so-called pain remedies of the day.

It is Highly Important That Every Family Keep a Supply of

Radway's Ready Relief

Always in the house. Its use will prove beneficial on all occasions of pain or sickness. There is nothing in the world that will stop pain or arrest the progress of disease as quick as the Ready Relief.

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weakness in the back, spine or kidneys, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

A CURE FOR ALL

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammations, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Prostrations, Chills, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Neck, Chest or Limbs. It was the first and is the only PAIN REMEDY

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application. A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal Pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious Fevers, aided by RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

25 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists

RADWAY'S R PILLS,

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Regulate the Liver and Digestive Organs. The safest and best medicine in the world for the

CURE

of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous System, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Bilelessness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking RADWAY'S PILLS, 15c. doing

DYSPEPSIA,

Sick Headache, Foul Stomach, Bilelessness will be avoided, as the food that is eaten contributes its nourishing properties for the support of the natural waste of the body.

Price 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.

BOWMAN, KENNEDY & CO. Wholesale Hardware Merchants, LONDON, ONT.

Headquarters for Guns, Rifles & Sporting Goods

Agents for Winchester Rifles and Repeating Shot Guns, Agents for W. W. Greener's Celebrated Hammer and Hammerless Guns, Agents for J. P. Clabrough's Celebrated Hammer and Hammerless Guns.

A great assortment of Rifles, Revolvers and Hammer and Hammerless Guns, Loaded Shot, Shells loaded with Hazzard, Trap, Cariboo, American Wood and S. S. Powders; Shot Wadding, Cartridges, Cartridge Cases, Shooting Caps, Coats, etc. Best and largest stock in the Dominion. Prices close, as all lines are bought for cash. yt

Consolidated Plate Glass Co. LONDON.

PLATE GLASS, STORE FRONTS, LEADED WORK.

The Largest Stock in Canada.

Ask for Prices.

GREAT SALE OF SUGAR.

28 Pounds St. Lawrence Granulated Sugar, \$1.

You need not extend your purchases further, but our prices are the lowest in town.

MacWILLIE'S CASH GROCERY

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