London Advertiser. MORNING

VOL. XXVIII., NO. 291.

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McCarthy will be made chief justice of the Supreme Court.
Sir Charles Tupper has not yet received instructions to proceed to Washington, although the date for the alleged negotiations with Messrs. Blaine and Harrison was fixed

In the Senate yesterday Premier Abbott Introduced a bill amending the Northwest Act of this session, which, having been already assented to, could not be altered in any other way. It was found by the census that the Territories did not furnish the estimated 2,500 persons for each of the 26 members of the Northwest Assembly, so

The report recommending the appointment of A. A. Boucher as first assistant clerk in place of the late James Adamson was adopted. Mrs. Adamson is granted \$1,000 in recognition of her late husband's

WILD WEST WAYS IN NEW YORK. & Train on the New York Central Held

Utica, N.Y., Sept. 30.—Special American express train No. 31, due here at 1:30 a.m. to-day, was robbed between here and Little Falls. The robbers brought the train to a standstill a mile east of this city by applying the air brake by means of the valve in the car, and then escaped in the darkness. The express agent in charge of the car was A. B. Moore, who resides in Buffalo. It is not known how much was taken, but one package of \$1,000 in curtaken, but one package of \$1,000 in curtaken.

therefore saved.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 30.—A. B. Moore, the messenger in charge of the car robbed on the Central this morning, has always had the confidence of the officers, and is in every respectoonsidered a trustworthy man. The story as learned here to-day is that Moore was in the center of the car, which was well filled with freight, when the robbers suddenly appeared before him and thrust a revolver in his face. At the same instant they caught Moore's revolver from the case on top of the messenger's trunk or box and then commanded the messenger to open the door of the safe. There were four safes in the car, but Moore had piled freight on three of them and only one was in sight. As the cobber were learned to the safe. but Moore had piled freight on three of them and only one was in sight. As the robbers were looking over the packages in this they threw several of them on one side as they contained jewelry, saying they wanted money. The authorities here think that not more than \$1,000 was taken.

ELECTION TRIALS.

Decisions of the Court of Appeals at
Toronto,
Toronto, Sept. 30.—The Court of Appeals has made the following decisions restarding election patitions: peals has made the following decisions regarding election petitions:
East Elgin Dominion election—Order made fixing Monday, 19th October, as the time and the court house at St. Thomas as the place for trial of the petition and cross-

East Bruce Dominion election petition— hate of trial changed from 20th to the 19th

SANGUINARY SETTLEMENT.

Chinese Debtors Eil a Banker and Thirty-Eight of His Friends.

Thirty-Eight of His Friends.

New York, Sept. 30.—A Shanghai letter states that recently in a northern Province a finative Jew, a banker, who had made a large fortune by lending money, pressed his debtors with too much severity. Because of this a mob of debtors killed the banker and 38 of the latter's friends.

"The Chemist and Druggist," London Eng., the leading journal of its kind in the world, says: "St. Jacob Oil has not only the largest sale of any medicine in the world, but it is the most popular."

THE COLOR LINE

The Five Months' Session of Parliament Closed.

Formal Prorogation by the Governor-General—Postmaster-General
Haggart's Case.

FINAL SESSION.

Ottawa, Sept. 30.—The House sat today. Speaker White announced that he had issued his writ for a new election in Quebec West, rendered vacant by expulsion of Hon. Thos. McGreevy. M.P.

Mr. Abbott's address from the Senate to her Majesty on the trade question was parried after considerable discussion.

The Northwest Territories Bill was dropped because unanimous consent was necessary. Hon. Mr. La Riviere objected to the reduction in the representation from Saskatchewan.

Ottawa, Sept. 30.—This of the Month o

Mr. Abbott's address from the before Parliament during its past five months' sitting.

Mr. Hongson's Bunder.

In an article headed "L'Aflaire Haggart's it is argued in Le Canada of last evening that if the Minister of Justice believed that the charges against Mr. Haggart were without foundation is was unjust in him to be investigated, and by refusing to be leved the charges to be true, he did the public a great wrong in not allowing them to be investigated, and by refusing to allow an investigation he handicapped the Conservative party for the approaching byeelections. Le Canada comes to the conclusion that Mr. Haggart will cease to be a Minister soon after the close of the session.

Notes.

The printing of Parliament last year cost \$71,961.

It is believed in Ottawa that Mr. Daiton McCarthy will be made chief justice of the Supreme Court.

Sir Charles Tupper has not yet received instructions to proceed to Washington, although the date for the alleged negotiations with Messrs. Blaine and Harrison was fixed for Ct. 12.

CURIOUS COURTSHIP.

A Baltimore Spinster Weds a Sea Captal Abert and After a Short Acquaintance.

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Baltimore, Spinster Weds a Sea Captain Acquaintance and After and Spinster well such that the claptain was a freight steamer, and the b

UNDER THE SEMAPHORE.

New stations, extra tracks and other improvements to be made by the Lake Shore petween Cleveland and Chicago will cost

that the Territories did not furnish the estimated 2,500 persons for each of the 26 members of the Northwest Assembly, so one member is taken away from the Saskatchewan district, thus reducing the representation in the next Assembly from 26 to 25 members.

The report recommending the appointment of A. A. Boucher as first assistant clerk in place of the late James Adamson.

The new co-operative tarife the conductive the conductive that the con

The new co-operative tariff for the con revance of through grain over the conveyance of through grain over the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Grand Trunk Railway comes into effect on Oct. 12 next. There will be a uniform freight rate of fifteen cents per 100 pounds charged on all flour and grain in car-load lots coming from Fort William and Port Arthur over the line of the Carelian Rails. Rail

erection of a new passenger station in Chi-cago, which will be built as soon as pos-sible. It also refers to the final termina-tion of the litigation by which the Illinois Central regained possession of the property formerly used by the Baltimore and Ohioo road. During the past year the Illinois Central has added to its equipment 74 new engines, 810 passenger, 1,300 freight cars, and 60 ballast cars.

The Guatemala Riots. New York, Sept. 30.—A special from the city of Mexico confirms the reported riot in Guatemala Sept. 15. The loss of

life seems to have been almost entirely on the part of the mob. The Government was easily victorious. Exaggerated reports ou purisings in other parts of Guatemala seem Germany's Grain Crop.

Berlin, Sept. 30.—Returns received here from the various agricultural societies throughout the empire show that the total summer and winter wheat crops of Germany amount to 18,407,740 double quintals, against 17,523,007 double quintals last year. The pea crop amounts to 3,371,-749 double quintals, against 3,601,609 in

The Trial of Comedian M. B. Curtis,
San Francisco, Sept. 30.—The trial of
Maurice B. Curtis ("Samuel of Posen") for
the murder of Officer Grant commenced
Monday. The three witnesses examined
gave testimony similar to that given by
them before the coroner's jury. The case
then went over till next Saturday afternoon.

of October.

The court fixed the times and places for the trial of the following Dominion election petitions as follows:

Lennox—On the 26th of October, at Rapanee.

Addington—On the 21st of October, at Prince Edward—Petition and cross-petition, on the 16th of October, at Prince Telephone Petition and cross-petition, on the 16th of October, at Picton.

Center Wellington—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of October, at Picton.

North Wellington—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of October, at Gnelph.

North Wellington—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of October, at Gnelph.

North Wellington—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of October, at Gnelph.

North Wellington—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of November, at Guelph.

Prince Edward—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of October, at Picton.

Center Wellington—Petition and cross-petition, on the 30th of October, at Picton.

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An are very soph last year were 80.915 cattle and 46,775 sheep, so that there is a decrease this year of 5,247 cattle and 17,-496 sheep. This decrease is accounted for Canadian stock via the United States.

Fewer sheep have been shipped because the markets on the other side were bad.

An Borizon of Peace.

Paris, Sept. 30.—M. Ferry, in his St.

twenty years we have not gazed upon an horizon so peaceful. There is not the slightest fear of a Ministerial crisis or of sugntest fear of a Ministerial crisis or of a popular agitation of any kind. The events at Cronstatt and Portsmouth ad-ministered a serious lesson to dissatisfied politicians and other persons, viz., that a stable Government could secure such honors,"

A Fine Fellow

He may be but if he tells you that any preparation in the world is as good at Putnam's
Painless Core Extractor distrust the advice,
Imitations only prove the value of Putnam's
Painless Corn Extractor, See signature on each
bottle of Poison & Go. Get "Putnam's."

Boulanger and Bonnemain.

The French Agitator Dies by His Own Hand

On the Grave of His Late Mistress in

The Victim of Despondency and a Mor-bid Love—Sketch of His Career.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 30.—Gen. Boulanger to-day committed suicide at the tomb of his late mistress, Madame Bonnemaine. BRUSSELS, Oct. 1.—The suicide of General Boulanger took place about noon. He stood alone by the grave of his mistress for some time, annearing to be deeply affeated. Boulanger took place about noon. He stood alone by the grave of his mistress for some time, appearing to be deeply affected. An attendant who had respectfully remained at some distance suddenly heard a sharp report, and on hastening to the spot found Boulanger laying dead on the ground with a revolver clenched in his right hand. He had placed the weapon to his right ear and fired. The deed has caused intense excitement among the followers of the dead general, both here and at Paris. It is known his position, both financial and political, had been getting blacker and blacker of late. The future held out no hope to him and his remaining friends became as cold as they one his mind. To this is to be added the morbid love or infatuation which held morbid love or infatuation which held not his mind. To this is to be added the morbid love or infatuation which means undoubtedly greatly attached, as evidenced by his renouncing what might have been an important political career in order to fly with her from France.

It was an open question to to what would have happened in France, had the general chosen to face imprisonment and a possible political upheaval. Revelations made by M. Laquerre, the well-known Boulangist member of the Chamber of Commerce, subsequent to Boulanger's flight showed he had held relations with the Count De Paris and Prince Jerome Napoleon, and that the Duchess d'Uzes, one of the mostambitious and active members of the Boulangist party, spent 3,000,000, francs in advancing the service of the coarsion of the Yorktown centennial celebration in October, 1881.

In 1863 Gen. Boulanger married a cousin on his father's side, and if he inherited from his mother any partiality for the English teview members of the Boulangist party, spent 3,000,000, francs in advancing the proposed and the proposed and the proposed and the population of the Yorktown centennial celebration in October, 1881.

and active members of the Boulangist party, spent 3,000,000, francs in advancing Boulanger's cause.

Madame de Bonnemain, at the height of Boulanger's career two or three years ago, lived in Rue de Beeire, Paris, where she was continually visited by the general. Spies kept track of their movements and discovered that they were very intimate. Mme. Boulanger was informed of the facts, but refused to apply for a divorce. It was greatly through Mme. de Bonnemain's favor that Boulanger was able to carry on his political intrigues, for she had inherited 1,500,000 francs, all of which she devoted to his cause.

herited 1,500,000 francs, all of which she devoted to his cause.

Boulanger came here from London a few months ago. Recently owing to reduced means he had been compelled to live in a small hotel. The general's friends say he has been inconsolable since the death of Mmc. de Bonnemain.

has been inconsolable since the death of Mme. de Bonnemain.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT OF THE TRAGEDY. Another account of the suicide says he had been gloomy recently, but did not betray his intention to his friends. Yesterday he did not receive any visitors and at 11 o'clock drove with his niece and secretary in an open carriage to the cemetery at Ixelles. He entered the cemetery alone, his companions remaining in the carriage outside the gates. They did not hear the shot, and were first notified of what had occurred by the cemetery keeper. The body was placed in the carriage and was driven to police headquarters. After necessary depositions had been made the body was taken to the general's late residence. The French Minister here telephoned the news to Paris.

to Paris.

Gen. Boulanger's friends say the general recently has frequently openly avowed a desire for death, and it is even added that he has several times of late made attempts to take his life. His nicec and her husband arrived some days are arrived some days ago at the general's hotel, and so impressed were they with his demeanor that one of the first things they did was to cause all the weapons found in his apartments to be taken away and hidden of the first can be caused to the first things they did was to cause all the weapons found in his apartments to be taken away and hidden. Can Book against the first things they are the first things the first thing his apartments to be taken away and hid-den. Gen. Boulanger must have noticed the precautions which were being taken to save his life, and unknown to his niece and her husband he must have managed to secure and hide from them the pistol with which he eventually shot himself.

WEARY OF LIFE.

Gen. Boulanger, it is said, made no secret of his weariness of life since the collapse of his party, and particularly so since the death of Mme. de Bonnemain. His friends now recall the fact that when the coffin lid was finally closed over the remains of his mistress he kept on repeating aloud, in heartbroken tones: "Au revoir et al. mistress he kept on repeating atoud, in heartbroken tones: "Au revoir et a bientot." Every day at about 4 in the afternoonsince Mme. de Bonnemain's death the general has gone to the cemetery at Ixelles and has deposited some handsome Ixelles and has deposited some handsome floral emblem, generally a crown, upon her grave. He would stay by the grave sometimes for an hour, either engaged in prayer or in deep thought. Over the grave itself the general had caused a pretty tombstone to be erected. A few days ago the unfortunate general deposited on the grave a handsome crown of flowers, bearing on it the words, "A bientot Marguerite."

The relatives decline to furnish the public with any definite information as to the written declaration which the general has left behind him. Yet it is known that the

eft behind him. Yet it is known that the dead man prepared several documents for publication in view of his sudden death, and that he had written and placed on his desk a number of telegrams announcing his suicide, which he intended should be sent to the persons to whom they were ad-dressed.

THE REMAINS.

The remains are clad in a black frock caat, upon the breast of which are several decorations, notably the cross of the Legion of Honor, conferred upon the general after he had been wounded in 1859 at Turbigo, in Algeria. The wounds in the general's temple caused by the fatal shot have been hidden by pieces of broad white silk ribbons so pasted on the head as to almost completely conceal the cause of death. The general's features are placid, and upon them there is not a trace, except the dimly-seen white THE REMAINS.

appointed sub-lieutenant in the First Regiment of Algerian Tirailleurs. From that time his advance in his profession was rapid. In 1857 he took part in the Kaybyle expedition. In 1859 he was wounded at Turbigo, and received the decoration of the Legion of Honor after three years' service. In 1861 he was with the expedition in Cochin China. During the Franco-Prussian war he was with the army of Paris, and was wounded at Champigny. In 1880 he was appointed brigadiergeneral, and subsequently general of division in Africa. In twenty months he returned to the War Office as Minister. His republican sympathies were shown by the

sion in Africa. In twenty months he returned to the War Office as Minister. His republican sympathies were shown by the energy with which he urged forward the expulsion of the princes from France. He was an energetic and capable organizer, and was, before his downfall, described as the rising hope of the party of "La Revanche" in France, and was idolized by the populace. At the election of 1888 the general was elected for the Nord. In July of that year he fought a duel with M. Floquet, and was severely wounded in the throat. His rising popularity alarmed the Government and he was charged by the Senate with appropriating, while Minister of War, £10,000 of public money. He fled first to Brussels, then to London and finally to Jersey in order to avoid arrest.

The general took up his residence in Jersey and hovered between there and Belgium during the past year. He talked of landing in France and calling the people about him, imagining they would flock to his standard, but he could find no friends and was soon forgotter.

BONNEMAIN'S DEATH.

A year ago his mistress, Madame Bonnemaine, died and his name was thus recalled.

had held relations with the Count De Paris and Prince Jerome Napoleon, and that the Duchess d'Uzes, one of the mostambitions and active members of the Boulangist party, spent 3,000,000, francs in advancing Boulanger's cause.

Madame de Bonnemain, at the height of Boulanger's career two or three years ago, lived in Rue de Beeire, Paris, where she was continually visited by the general. Spies kept track of their movements and discovered that they were very intimate. Mme. Boulanger was informed of the facts, but refused to apply for a divorce. It was greatly through Mme. de Bonnemain's favor that Boulanger was able to carry on his political intrigues, for she had inherited 1,500,000 francs, all of which she devoted to his cause.

Boulanger came here from London a few months ago. Recently owing to reduced used to reckon him one of the four best

MARINE MISHAPS.

A Canadian Tug Sunk and Five Men

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 1.—The Canadian tug Bertha Endress left the Soo on Monday night for Michipicoten with a crew of five men and a large amount of machinery on board. When off Point Iroquois the tug foundered, and all on board were drowned. Two of the crew were sons of Bell & Duncan, the wealthy Michipicoten mill owners. All lived in Canada.

New York, Oct. 1.—Sixty-seven shipwrecked sailors arrived in this port yesterday. They are the crews of the British steamship California, the British ship Falls of Earn and the British schooner Little Wonder. They bring news that their vessels were wrecked at sea. Mate Edward Brown, of the Little Wonder, was washed overboard and drowned.

Living Wages.

The lake sailors are making a determined effort to increase their rate of wages and to make Toronto once more a union port. The present rate of wages out of that port on the sailing vessels in the lake trade is \$1 25 per day. As soon as a vessel enters port from her trip across the lakes the men are paid off and they lose the time during which the cargo is unloaded and the vessel prepared for another trip. Owing to the shortness of the trips they lose in this way prepared for another trip. Owing to the shortness of the trips they lose in this way from one-fourth to one-third of their time, and their wages are brought down below \$1 a day. Tuesday they held a meeting in the Armory Hotel, on West Market street, and resolved to make a desmand of the street.

and resolved to make a demand of \$1 50 a day. The vessel-owners determined to resist, owing to the dulness of the season, although on resisting to the dulness of the season, although on previous years it has been customary to pay \$1 50 in September, and further increases up to \$2 as the season became more arduous.

The strike among the Ottawa mill hands is still on. Another meeting of the lumber firms was held Tuesday, but no concessions were made to the men.

Grand Master Workman Powderly, of the Knights of Labor, arrived in Montreal Tuesday. He was met at the station by a delegation of Montreal Knights and escorted to his hotel. A reception is being arranged in his honor.

in his honor.

At present there are only three firms holding out against the Chaudiere strikers, but the head members of each are holding regular meetings daily in the hope of coming to a satisfactory conclusion. The firm regular meetings daily in the hope of coming to a satisfactory conclusion. The firm
of Messrs. Buell, Orr, Hurdman & Co. have
almost completed satisfactory arrangements
with their men.
St. John River (N. B.) lumbermen are

having a hard time getting men for the woods, a great many having gone to New Hampshire, where better wages are offered.

Daring Robbery Near Wroxeter.

BRUSSELS, Ont., Oct. 1.—The stage driver who carries the mail north to Wroxeter from this place and also carries the Dominion Events. from this place and also carries the Dominion Express, reports being set upon by two robbers on the highway a few miles south of Wroxeter. They seized him from behind and ransacked the express bag and took therefrom a parcel of money, \$109. No trace of robbers.

features are placid, and upon them there is not a trace, except the dimly-seen white ribbon, of Boulanger's sad ending.

BOULANGER'S CAREER.

PARIS, Oct 1.—The suicide of Boulangar has caused an enormous sensation. Nothing else is talked of. The members of the Patriotic League are talking of a public funeral for the general, and they propose to inter the remains in France. George Ernest Jean Marie Boulanger was born at Rennes, 1837. His mother, who is still alive, is a native of Wales. In 1856 he was

ENGLISH LIBERALS' PLANS.

Position Toward the Labor Party and Home Rule.

More Workingmen Members To B Helped into Parliament.

London, Oct. 1.—The report of the Council of the Liberal Federation, to be presented at the Newcastle meeting, has the character of a manifesto. It congratulates the party upon the progress made during the year, which it says inspires confidence in the future. The district agents appointed to prepare for the general elections report that arrangements are now complete. The condition of the rural population is referred to as suggesting the basis for a policy to be urged on the party.

In regard to labor candidates, the council has unceasingly urged the Liberal associations to adopt them where success is probable. Every labor representative now in

tions to adopt them where success is prob-able. Every labor representative now in Parliament will receive the support of the party. A number of new labor representa-tives have already been approved and negotiations are progressing for the support of others. This recognition promises to result in a substantial addition to the number of labor members of the House of Commons. The council deplores some instances of so-called labor men opposing well-known and tried Liberal Commoners, and says that this policy, if persisted it, will result in party disaster, alienate loyal Liberals, and retard the return of genuine labor representa-

The report says that the return of a large number of labor men to the Legislature of New South Wales has encouraged advo-cates of the party to act independently of all political combinations. It is forgotten that circumstances in the colonies and in Great Britain are widely different. In the former many questions dividing the parties at home do not exist; there are no hereditary peers, and no privileged church. In England, so long as those other burning questions are unsettled, the labor party, as an independent party, considers that it cannot assume any real magnitude. The council renews its pledge to do what it can to reduce the obstacles to an increase of labor representatives in Parliament by cheapening election expenses and recognizing the principle of the payment of members. The true policy of the labor party is an alliance with the party whose motto is "For the greatest good of the greatest number."

is "For the greatest good of the greatest number."

Dealing with the outlook for the coming session, the report says that the Government is obviously preparing, in view of the elections, to reappeal to the fears of the half-hearted and to persuade them that a compromise may be found between home rule and coercion. "It is impossible," says the report, "to believe that the country will prefer an incomplete Liberal measure from the grudging hands of the Tory Ministers who have assumed to associate themselves with a programme which a few years since they vohemently denounced. The electors would rather wait for more thorough proposals from the party from which home rule originally emanated. When the elections come they will find the Liberals ready to act, confident of victory and strong in the conviction that the final reconciliation of England and Ireland will be added to the previous triumphs of Mr. Gladstone's genius and labors."

Withdrawal of German Financiers from the Russian Loan Agreement.

Berlin, Sept. 30.—The Mendessohns and Warschauers have formally withdrawn from the Russian loan agreement. The German opposition to the loan has greatly surprised Russia.

London, Sept. 30.—A Parisent Samuel S

LABOR MOVEMENTS.

Toronto Lake Sailors Trying to Get
Living Wages.

The lake sailors are making a determined effort to increase their rate of wages and to make Toronto stress their rate of wages and to make Toronto stress their rate of wages and to make Toronto stress their rate of wages and to make Toronto stress their rate of wages and to make Toronto stress their rate of wages and to make Toronto stress their rate of wages and to Should there now be an election for President of France by universal suffrage the popularity of the Czar is so great that he would get millions of votes and perhaps a large majority. France lends to no country, but Russia and the latter would be able to borrow again and again. The French investor regards it as a national loan and cheaper than rentes. At the same time Russia has administered a

The French investor regards it as a national loan and cheaper than rentes. At the same time Russia has administered a severe blow to the Rothschilds, who could prevent her from obtaining money.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 30.—The press censors have stopped the sale of the Moscow Gazette on account of an article accusing M. Vishnegradski, Minister of Finance, of an unpatriotic leaning toward Germany in trying to negotiate a commercial treaty.

BUILDINGS BURNED.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 29.—The Genesee Fruit Company's works at Bouckville, Madison county, were burned Monday evening. Loss, \$30,000 to \$40,000, fully insured. CAMPBELLFORD, Ont., Oct. 1.—The old sawmill owned by J. W. Denwoody and occupied by Henry Redden as a cheese box factory was burned vesterday. Loss. \$600.

occupied by Henry Redden as a cheese box factory was burned yesterday. Loss \$600. No insurance.

ELLIS JUNCTION, Wis., Oct. 1.—The saw-mill and lumber yard of Bird & Willis, at Wausaumee, ten miles north of here, were destroyed by fire on Monday night. Loss fully \$100,000.

Challenge to Great Britain. ST. Petersburg, Oct. 1.—The Novoe Vremya, a semi-official paper, declares that unless Great Britain wants war she should avoid interference with the Russian Govern-ment on the Pamir, where she will only meet with a check if her claims are not

orted by arms. Failure of the Irish Mackerel-Curing

Industry.

Dublin, Oct. 1.—Reports from fishing stations in southwest Ireland indicate a complete breakdown of the mackerel-curing industry which furnishes a supply to the American markets. This industry was only established a few years ago. It added \$50 a year to the earnings of some 30,000 fishermen. The failure of the industry is due to bad packing and bad curing.

Every mother, wife and daughter should use Strong's Baking Powder; 25 cents per pound, guaranteed strictly pure, made fresh daily and sold only at STRONG'S Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. 47-tf

St. Leon Water on draught at STRONG's drug store, 184 Dundas street. 47tf

All the new leading odors in perfumery and sachet powders may be had at STRONG's drug store, 184 Dundas street.

WHOLE NO. 9060.

ORIENTAL RUM and OUININE

HAIR TONIC. Cooling and invigorating to the scalp, preents the hair from falling out, removes and revents dandruff, imparting a delightful odor

Price 50 Cents per Bottle

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

256 Dundas Street, - London, Ont.

TERSE TELEGRAMS.

Wired From Every Quarter of

the World. A Babe Drowned in a Washtub-Fatal Street Car Accident at Merritton.

Hon. Joseph E. Robideaux, Quebec's At-torney-General, is down with the grippe. Sheriff Mowat was married on Wednesday at Toronto to a daughter of Major

dentally drowned on Wednesday morning at Quebec. Dominion Bank directors have declared a dividend of 5 per cent. for six months, pay-

able Nov. 1. Mr. E. Pacaud has retained the services of Hon. George Irvine, Quebec, for the royal commission.

A collision took place between the police and the striking lumbermen at Ottawa on Wednesday and several persons were burt. The extra clerks at Ottawa who turned out with the militia to protect the lumber mills last week have been docked a day's

pay by the Government.

At the Belleville Assizes Wednesday Geo.
Colby, of Toronto, was convicted of personation at the last Dominion elections and
sentenced to one month in joil.

Joseph Morpeau, charged with committing rape on Elizabeth Butler, aged 13 years, of the township of Charlottenburg, was found guilty at the Cornwall Assizes Wednesday and sentenced to seven years'

As the 4-year-old son of Robt. Wilson was crossing the street Wednesday morning at Merritton a passing electric car struck him, throwing him under the car. The wheels passed over his body, inflicting injuries which proved fatal shortly afterward. A l-year-old daughter of George Power, teamster, Halifax, was drowned in a tub of water Wednesday at her parents' residence. Her mother had been washing the kitchen, and went out to look for another child on the street, leaving the infant. On her return it was lying in the wash tub, beneath the water, dead.

UNITED STATES.

The failure of C. H. Venner, & Co.

The failure of C. H. Venner & Co., a prominent stock brokerage firm with offices in New York and Boston, is announced. The First National Bank, of Clearfield, Pa., closed its doors Wednesday morning. It is thought the depositors will get dollar

A Texan judge has refused to naturalize a disciple of Herr Most on the ground that Socialism is directly opposed to the consti-tution of the United States.

in the German army,

Corn has risen five shillings a quarter in Liverpool since Saturday. Dr. Dreyfus, the new chief rabbi of France, was installed yesterday.

It is rumored that the Austrian heir-The settlement on the London Stock Ex-

change to-day disclosed the fact that the shorts were badly cut. It is rumored that four firms are in difficulties.

There has been a revolutionary agitation in several Provinces of Brazil, causing the Government great uneasiness. In many places the troops have mutined. The judge inquiring into the cause of the Burgos (Spain) railroad collision issued an order compelling the Northern Railroad to deposit \$400,000 as security for damage

By the collapse of an unfinished tunnel near Genoa yesterday 21 workmen were buried under a mass of debris. Seventeen were extricated, but it is feared the others

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis. healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis,

The campaign speaker with the biggest mouth is not always the best orator.

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