LODGES.

WELLINGTON Lodge, No. 46, A. F. & A. M., G. R. C., meets on the first Monday of every month in the Masonic Hall, Fifth St., at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren heartily welcomed.

ALEX. GREGORY, Sec'y.
GEORGE MASSEY, W. M.

DENTAL.

DR. LUDLOW'S DENTAL ROOMS are located at the head of the short stairway, second door west of Bank of Commerce, and opp. the Garner Hotel. All work neatly, cheaply and satisfactorily performed.

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ORGAN, PIANO AND THEORY. Term opens Monday, Sept. 12th, 1904.
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EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Visits Chatham Monthly.
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EDWIN BELL—Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Office: Merchants' Bank Building.

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SMITH. HERBERT D. — County Crown Attorney, Barrister, Solicitor, etc. Harrison Hall, Chatham.

J. B. O'FLYNN—Barrister, Solicitor, etc., Conveyancer, Notary Public. Office, King Street, opposite Merchants' Bank, Chatham, Ont.

WALKER & REEVE — Barristers, Solicitors, etc., Chatham, Ont. Offices over Chatham Loan & Savings Co. Money to lend on mortgages. John A. Walker, K. C., John Reeve.

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Import direct the finest Ceylon, Assam and China Tea, Black Gunpowder and Young Hyson, Best English Breakfas Tea, 35c and 40c.

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Fall Cough

is the hardest to get rid of.

Radley's Pulmonary Cough Syrup has been curing them for years. For sale at 25 Cents

RADLEY'S
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Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

ENORMOUS TRIBUTE PAID TO WINNERS

It is rather early yet to speculate as to what terms victor will impose on vanquished in the recent Russo-Japanese war; but, from the enormous indemnities which have been paid to end strife between nations in the past, it would seem to cost little less to stop war than to wage it. Throughout the history of the world no country has treated a vanquished foe so generously as Great Britain; and there are several instances on record in which we have refrained from enforcing payment of indemnities voluntarily undertaken by fallen adversaries, says Tit-Bits. Indeed, in most cases England has been content with a cession of territory as the price of peace, but when any of her subjects have suffered insult or injury at the hands of the foe she has insisted on an indemnity in cash.

Thus, at the conclusion of our war with China in 1840, the Celestial empire was compelled to pay us a sum of £5,000,000. A good portion of this indemnity was paid over to British merchants by way of compensation for the destruction of their property by the Chinese. Considering that the war cost us considerably over £20,000,000, it cannot be described as a very profitable bargain. To close our second war with China that country had to pay Great Britain an indemnity of £2,000,000; but, as for each sovereign we received 3 1-2 had been expended in hostilities, it is easy to see which nation got the better of that bargain.

As an expanding nation the United States has, like our own, been satisfied with a grant of territory in each of the one or two wars she has waged, and from which she has emerged victorious. In fact, at the conclusion of the war with Mexico, which arose out of the annexation of Texas, the Yankees paid to the Mexicans £3,000,000 as consideration for the territory annexed.

It will be remembered, too, that the same policy was pursued by them when Spain gave up the struggle for the retention of her colonial possessions and sued for peace. In a spirit of generosity the American republic agreed to pay over to the Spanish Government £2,000,000 to compensate the Spaniards for their territorial losses.

At one time Schleswig-Holstein belonged to Denmark, and Bismarck having cast covetous eyes on the harbor of Kiel, situated in Holstein, he caused Justland to be invaded by the Prussians. On his forces being routed he cunningly inveigled Austria into supporting him, and the allied troops proved too strong for their adversaries, right once more being crushed by might. The victors, however, quarrelled between themselves as to the disposition of the spoils, and this gave rise to the war between Austria and Germany in 1866. The latter power proved victorious, and insisted on the Austrians paying as war indemnity a sum that, with the amounts levied on the five small states that helped them, reached nearly £6,500,000.

But that did not anything like approach the severity with which Bismarck treated the French at the conclusion of the Franco-Prussian war of 1870-71. In the £200,000,000 which he exacted as indemnity, he compelled France to pay the dearest price that any nation ever paid for peace, and a price that astonished the world. It was thought that the infliction of this enormous fine would cripple France forever, but largely owing to the patriotism of the thrifty French peasants, the money was actually paid before the result of the conclusion of peace.

When Russia administered a crushing defeat to Turkey, after suffering severe reverses herself, in the struggle of 1877, she consented to accept the sum of £32,000,000 as the price of peace, after demanding a much larger amount. This was little more than the actual cost of the campaign, and the victors would not entertain any lower terms, as the damage inflicted by the war on their subjects and commerce was such as to fully equal those figures, large though they were. So far, Turkey has paid little more than half of the indemnity, and there is not much likelihood of Russia ever receiving the full amount.

Like her former enemy, Turkey was a few years back compelled to substantially reduce a claim of indemnity. The sultan claimed £10,000,000 from Greece as the condition of peace; but, by the intervention of the European powers, he was compelled to accept just one-fifth of that amount. As Greece was practically in a state of bankruptcy it would have been impossible for that country to have complied with the original Turkish demands.

In order to secure peace after the war with Japan eight years ago China had to pay a considerable sum by way of indemnity, though not nearly so much as the Japanese would have exacted if they had been allowed a free hand. Not liking the idea of the Celestials being despoiled by anybody but themselves, the Russians interfered, and Japan had to be content with the cession of Formosa and the Pescadores and the payment of a cash indemnity of £37,000,000. This money Japan used in preparing for the struggle by which she hopes to soon exact an indemnity from Russia.

Bad breath comes from a bad stomach—clear your stomach and sweeten your breath by using

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

At all Druggists. Price, 25c and 60c

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

MAKES MEN SOUND AND STRONG

Detroit Specialist Making Men's Diseases a Specialty for Years, Will Accept Your Case, Giving It Individual Treatment. You may Use It in the Privacy of Your Own Home.

You May Pay When You are Cured.

A Detroit Specialist who has 14 diplomas and certificates from medical colleges and state boards of medical examiners, and who has a vast experience in doctoring diseases of men, is positive he can cure a great many so called incurable cases.

DR. S. GOLDBERG.

The possessor of 14 diplomas and certificates, who wants no money that he does not earn.

In order to convince patients that he has the ability to do as he says, Dr. Goldberg will accept your case for treatment, and you need not pay one penny until a complete cure has been made; he wants to hear from patients who have been unable to get cured, as he guarantees a positive cure for all chronic, nervous, blood and skin diseases, which he accepts for treatment. He not only cures the condition itself, but likewise all the complications, such as rheumatism, bladder or kidney troubles, heart disease, physical and nervous debility, lack of vitality, etc.

The doctor realizes that it is one thing to make claims and another thing to back them up; so he has made it a rule not to ask for money unless he cures you, and when you are cured, he feels sure that you will willingly pay him a small fee. It seems, therefore, that it is to the best interests of everyone who suffers to write the doctor confidentially and lay your case before him, which will receive careful attention, and a correct diagnosis of your case will be made free of charge; if you have lost faith write him, as you have everything to gain and nothing to lose; you must remember not one penny need be paid until you are cured. All medicines for patients are prepared in his own laboratory to meet the requirements of each individual case. He will send a booklet on the subject, which contains the 14 diplomas and certificates, entirely free. Address him simply Dr. S. Goldberg, 208 Woodward Ave., Room 617 Detroit, Michigan. Medicines for Canadian patients sent from Windsor Ont., consequently there is no duty to be paid.

THE FALL OF METEORITES.

A total of 634 meteroites was known up to 1903, of which there were 182 irons and only 74 stones in the western hemisphere, and 299 stones and only 79 irons in the eastern hemisphere. The records show only the fall of 350 of these meteorites, dating back to the fifteenth century. Professor Berwerth, of Vienna, despite this small number of known specimens, calculates that 900 meteorites must fall to the earth each year, not counting shooting stars that disappear in the atmosphere, and that 55 of these at least should come under observation. Professor Berwerth finds that meteorites have been chiefly recorded in civilized countries, but that in many instances they are more numerous in thinly settled districts, and that they have an especial affinity for mountainous areas.

HE SENT ANOTHER.

The Philadelphia Ledger tells of a well-known lawyer who a few years ago, remitted, in settlement of an account to the publisher of a paper in the West, a two-dollar bill, which was returned with the brief statement—

"This note is counterfeit; please send another.

Two months passed before hearing from the lawyer again, when he apologized for the delay, saying—

"I have been unable until now to find another counterfeit two-dollar bill, but hope the one now inclosed will suit, professing at the same time, my inability to discover what the objection was to the other, which I thought as good a counterfeit as I ever saw."

MOST SPOKEN LANGUAGES

What is the Language most spoken? There are 382,000,000 Chinese speaking the same language, making Chinese the most spoken language. There are so many dialects which are entirely different that they seem scarcely to belong to the same tongue. The inhabitants of Mongolia and Thibet can hardly understand the dialect of the people of Pekin. Putting Chinese aside, the most popular languages are as follows, in millions—English, 120; German, 70; Russian, 68; Spnaish, 44; Portuguese, 32.

The late Thomas Brackett Reed used to relate the following incident, which happened one summer while he was spending a few days in a small fishing village on the New England coast:

A young countryman who had been advised to take sea baths registered at the village hotel one evening, and shortly afterward sauntered down to the beach. Espying a grizzled old fisherman mending his nets beneath a sign which informed one that B—— had boats and tackle to let and bait for sale, he accosted the veteran and asked him if the water was not for sale also. On receiving an affirmative reply the countryman returned to the hotel, obtained a couple of buckets, and, having paid the price asked, filled them and returned to his room to carry out the doctor's instructions.

On the following morning he happened down at the beach when the tide was out, and after contemplating the broad receding beaches for some minutes, approached his acquaintance of the evening before and remarked in a tone of admiration:

"Gosh! but you must have done some business last night!"

A man who cannot mind his own business is not to be trusted with that of the King.

THE OSTRICH AS A TROTTER

The ostrich has of late come into some favor as a trotter, and very fast time has been made by the big bird in short distance racing; but those who are in a position to know say that the horse has nothing to fear from the ostrich so far as his speed laurels are concerned.

This does not mean that these largest of birds cannot get over the ground as fast as most horses if they feel like it; but when they are going to feel like it isn't the highest degree problematical. In other words, they cannot be depended upon. Considerable success has been had in breaking them in harness but after running like a blue streak they are likely as not in the middle of a race to get that tired feeling and suddenly squat down to take a look over the landscape. And when such moods come upon them all the king's horses and all the king's men cannot induce them to get up again until they get good and ready.

So-called races in which the ostrich figures, however, always furnish plenty of legitimate amusement for the crowd, even if they are not all that they are supposed to be. To see one of these giant birds "hot-footing" it along while attached to a wagon with bicycle wheels cannot well fail to edify. When he really gets down to business he stretches out his wings and takes great leaping strides that measure six feet and more. Then, if he suddenly takes it into his head to rest a bit, it of course, adds to the amusement. Everybody wonders what is coming next, and it if is his pleasure to get up again and go on he is assured of enthusiastic cheers from the onlookers.

The longest distance that an ostrich in harness will run without stopping is said to be half a mile. Oliver W., Jr., the original racing ostrich, covered this distance in 1.02. He is owned by M. J. Taylor, a feather dealer of New York, and still is driven to a wagon on Mr. Tayler's farm in Jacksonville, Fla., but his racing days are over. Oliver W., was taken about the country by one of Mr. Taylor's employes and exhibited on various tracks in competition with horses and bicycles. Naturally the sympathies of the crowd always were with the bird, and—well, the bird always won, or pretty nearly always.

The work of breaking an ostrich to harness requires infinite patience. He wears a collar at the base of his neck, and from this straps are passed underneath his body and attached to the wagon. No bit is placed in his mouth, the reins being simply tied over his bill. In driving him the reins are crossed, for the reason that he will invariably take the opposite direction from that in which his head is pulled. If you pull his head over to the left, for instance, he will instinctively jerk it back and swerve it to the right. Just why he does this nobody knows. Whatever the reason this habit is a great advantage to the trainer, for with the lines crossed he can be driven just the same as a horse.

HAZARDOUS FEAT OF TWO WOMEN.

A hazardous feat was performed by Mrs. John Ahl, wife of a prisoner who lives at the mouth of the Homi-Homi river, and a young woman from Boston.

The two were sightseeing up the Homi-Homi, and had arrived at the great water fall at the foot of the upper canon. Seeing that a tree had fallen across the canon above the waterfall, making a rude bridge, and desiring to cross to the other side, the two climbed around the falls to the top of the canon and walked across the log.

The Boston girl took the lead and the log swayed dangerously as they crossed. The distance from the log to where the foaming waters beneath pitched over the precipice is between 300 and 350 feet. Both the women passed safely over, and did not realize, until later, that they were the first persons, so far as known, who had made the perilous trip, where a slip would mean instant death.

Since Mrs. Ahl and her companion made the trip the ranchers have been bantering one another to follow suit, but none has yet made the attempt.—Tacoma News.

KEEP CUT THOSE COLD FALL CHILLS

By Putting the Stomach in Shape to Supply the Stomach With Heat—Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will do it.

After the summer heat you should tone up your stomach and put it in shape for its winter's work of supplying the body with heat. If your stomach is working right you will never feel those chills that make the fall the coldest season of the year. Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will make your stomach right. Thousands who have used them will tell you so. Miss Lizzie Watling, 177 King William St., Hamilton, Ont., says:

"I suffered for several years with Dyspepsia. Nothing I ate would digest without great pain. I could not get anything to relive me till I tried Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets. I have only used one box and now I am cured."

A LINE OF ACTION.

"You see," said the young lawyer, "my client is accused of bigamy, and he's guilty; so I hardly know how to defend him."

"Why, that's easy," said the old lawyer. "Defend him on the ground of insanity and get a few henpecked husbands on the jury."

Minard's Liniment — Lumberman's Friend.

Sunlight Soap freshens and preserves Linoleums and Oilcloths.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

If you wash linoleums and oilcloths with ordinary soap you will find the colors will fade. You can preserve their colors and make them last a long time if you wash them with Sunlight Soap. When dirty, wash with warm water and Sunlight Soap, rinse with clean water and wipe completely dry with a soft cloth. Use Sunlight Soap throughout the house. It makes homes bright and hearts light. It contains no impurities or free alkalis to injure the most delicate fabric.

ASK FOR THE OCTAGON BAR.

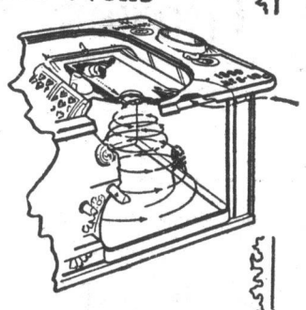
Sunlight Soap washes the clothes white and won't injure the hands.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO. 7a

Properly Aerated Ovens

It is just as essential to eat fresh air as to breathe it.

By an ingenious device applied only to



Souvenir Ranges

fresh air is made to pass through small flues, over the top of the oven, just back of the hot fire box. Thus heated, it enters the oven and by a direct current of air the impurities and cooking odors are carried up the chimney.

This arrangement makes Souvenir ovens purer, sweeter, more active and easier to heat and manage than any others.

The Gurney, Tilden Company, Limited

Manufacturers

Hamilton Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver

Our personal guarantee as well as that of the makers goes with every stove. Call and see the Souvenir Ranges.

Geo. Stephens & Co

For Sale by "Drew and McCallum, Chatham."

CARPET CLEANING.

We take up, thoroughly disinfect, clean and relay carpets, rain or shine, satisfaction guaranteed, also make your old Ingrains, Tapestry and Brussels into beau iful Rugs.

The Chatham Carpet Cleaning and Rug Manufacturing Works
KING STREET, WEST P.O.

We have Just Received a Large Consignment of

Oilcloth AND Linoleum...

As we import these goods direct we can sell them at a very low price.

OILCLOTH, 3, 4½ and 6 ft. wide at 25c per sq. yard.

LINOLEUM, 4 yards wide fc 40c, 50c. and 60c per sq. yard.

We have each in Flowered, Block and Chinese Matting Designs.

INLAID LINOLEUM in Block Design, 6 ft. wide or 85c. per sq. yard

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TO CALIFORNIA

Via Union Pacific. Millions have been spent in the improvement of this line, and all human ingenuity has been adopted to protect its patrons against accident. The line is renowned for its fast trains and the general superiority of its service and equipment. Fastest time, shortest line, smoothest track. Tourist sleepers a specialty. Inquire of H. F. Carter, T. P. A., 14 Janes Building, Toronto, Canada, or to F. B. Choate, G. A., 126 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

A RECORD IN TREES.

The largest tree in the world is to be seen at Mascall, near the foot of Mount Tina, and is called "The Chestnut of a Hundred Horses." Its name rose from the report that Queen Jane, of Aragon, with her principal nobility took refuge from a violent storm under its branches. The trunk is 204 feet in circumference.

NEW YORK EXCURSION OCTOBER 20TH.

On October 20th the New York Central will run an Autumn Excursion to New York at the low rate of $10.25 from Suspension Bridge, Niagara Falls and Buffalo fo rthe round trip: tickets good going in regular (except limited) trains on date of sale, good returning on or before Saturday, October 29th, tickets are also good on Hudson River steamers between Albany and New York in either or both directions without extra charge. This is the best time of the year to visit New York.

Write or call on Louis Drago, Canadian Passenger Agent, 69 1-2 Yonge street, Toronto.

Well, I made the sale, all right, said the new salesman.

But you lied to her, protested the proprietor. You told her they were genuine Irish lases——

No, I didn't. She simply said she did not want any bogus imitations, and I assured her ours were genuine.