

C.L.B. BAZAAR RECEIPTS \$4,000

Effort of Ladies Does Much Toward Wiping Off the Debt on the Armory—Satisfaction Expressed

The C.L.B. Bazaar which was open two days was brought to a successful termination last night, and friends of the corps will be delighted to know that it will net over \$4,000.00.

There was a large attendance yesterday and those in charge of the stalls had a busy time.

The Non-Com's arranged a dance and many of the younger folk remained and enjoyed themselves until an early hour this morning. The band which was in attendance rendered the music.

Satisfactory Returns.

The first day's receipts were \$2,080; yesterday's was over \$1,900.00 and all the amounts were not in.

This morning the Lt.-Col. had a letter from an admirer of the C. L. B. who said he did not spend as much at the Bazaar as he intended, and so enclosed a cheque for \$25.00. Two other gentlemen who could not be present sent \$10 each, while another sent \$5.

Lt.-Col. Rendell feels delighted over the financial results, and he certainly has just cause, for even the most enthusiastic advocates of the Bazaar did not think such a sum could be realized just now, but the patriotic spirit of our people was aroused; they knew the valuable aid the C. L. B. had rendered the volunteer movement and when they learned the Brigade was being handicapped because of a financial burden they came forward liberally and rendered aid.

Over \$4,000.

The Lt.-Col. is confident the net proceeds will be over \$4,000.00 and besides there is nearly \$2,000.00 worth of goods on hand.

But for the indefatigable efforts of the ladies the Bazaar could not have been such a success. They worked hard and they have the satisfaction of knowing that the result is much better than the most optimistic expected.

They desire every praise, and the Commanding Officer says the Brigade will be always grateful to them.

PRZEMYSL BESIEGED

Russians Take Up Task Abandoned When Germans Became Active

Petrograd, Nov. 12.—The Russian general staff has issued the following:

In East Prussia on Nov. 11th, an action developed in front of Stalluponen and in the region of Soldau. Our troops have occupied Johannsburg, 70 miles southwest of Gumbinnen.

Beyond the Vistula, battles of secondary importance occurred in the region of Kalisz in Russian Poland, and Wischawa, where the advance guard of the enemy sought to progress.

In the Carpathians, the Austrian rearguards maintained at Crossingo on the Upper San, were attacked by our troops.

The siege of Przemysl, which was suspended during the period in which the Austro-German armies were on the offensive, has been re-established.

Josste Boer General Joins The Germans

Enters the Army of the Kaiser as a Volunteer—Aviators Meet Death

London, Nov. 12.—Telegraphing from Amsterdam, the correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company says that General Josste, formerly a commander in the Boer army, has entered the German army as a volunteer. Two naval aviators practicing at Johannsburg suffered an accident which resulted in their death, the correspondent says.

ROBERTS GOING TO THE FRONT

London, Nov. 12.—Field Marshal Lord Roberts is going to France. The official announcement in making this public says: "The famous general is going into the war scene to see the Indian troops."

BRITAIN WARNS LITTLE PEOPLES

Washington, Nov. 12.—France and Britain have warned Ecuador and Columbia that violations of neutrality by those countries will not be tolerated.

Water Expert Recommends Expenditure of \$168,000

(Continued from page 1.)

supply lines and mains, but at its source.

The present source of supply, Windsor Lake, cannot yield an annual average supply much greater than that now being drawn, which makes this consideration assume increased importance.

Means Available.

The means that may most advantageously be used for the suppression of waste are as follows:

- (1) The use of meters.
- (2) Subsurface investigations of the distribution system and house service pipes.

Use Of Meters.

Waste of water may best be checked by putting meters on all the services and adopting a schedule of rates by which the payments for water are made dependant upon the amount passing through the meters.

If this state of affairs existed, and the measured waste were paid for at a fair price along with that actually used, the city would have less occasion to object to the waste. Furthermore, the saving that the individual consumer could make for himself by keeping his plumbing in proper repair and properly protected against cold, or by otherwise preventing waste, and especially the large winter waste, would in a short time repay him the cost of securing this result.

Pay for Themselves.

By the effective suppression of a substantial part of the waste alone, the cost of meters would be justified. The city should adopt a policy at the present time which at a moderate annual cost will within a few years result in the metering of all services.

There are certain services that should be metered at once. These are the large services, especially the industrial plants and the services along the water front, where large quantities of water are used. It has been observed that at many such places ordinary care is not used to prevent large amounts of waste.

The use of a meter is not intended, and ordinarily does not have the effect of reducing the legitimate use of water. It does have the excellent effect, however, of reducing careless waste.

3,550 Services.

St. John's at present has about 3,550 services. During the past eight years, an average of about 140 new services has been added each year. At that rate, there would be about 4,250 services, five years hence.

A ½ inch disk meter of the type commonly used for house services, can be installed complete for about \$12.50. On this basis, 4,250 meters would cost, installed about \$53,100.

The higher cost of the meters for the large services, relatively few in number would bring this amount up to about \$55,000.

In other words with an expenditure of \$10,000 a year the city would be entirely metered in a period of between five and six years.

Subsurface Exams.

Mr. Longley outlines what he calls a "system of subsurface examination for the suppression of waste by which, he says, it is possible to accomplish a great deal in the detection and localization of waste by means of a study of the waste system.

The fact that much of the pipe is underground and out of sight, makes it difficult and perhaps expensive in some cases to reach the end at which this is aimed, that is, the actual suppression of the waste.

But the study yields evidence which is highly enlightening, and when it is vigorously followed up, will surely produce results.

Necessary Supply.

Adequate protection against any fire in St. John's short of a general conflagration, may be secured with the provision of a rate of 5.0 million imperial gallons per day for that purpose.

The maximum rate of draft is, therefore, much greater than the average rate and even much greater than the maximum daily rate. For St. John's, the carrying capacity of the system should be about 15.0 million imperial gallons per day. In order to give unfailing satisfaction in quantity and pressure the system must be so designed as to be able to deliver water up to this maximum rate.

The supply mains from the basin to the city, if no service reservoir is provided in or near the city, must have a capacity which is 2.5 times the annual consumption to be provided for.

Some of the cost of this excess capacity may be saved with no disadvantage to the service, if a reservoir be used close to the point of drafts, combined with pipe lines smaller in size than would be required without it.

George's Pond Suitable.

St. John's is fortunate in having close at hand a natural reservoir that will serve this purpose well. This is

How Fleets in the Black Sea Compare

The Russian and Turkish fleets in the Black Sea which may soon come in conflict compare as follows:

Russia—Four armored cruisers of the pre-dreadnought type, but equal in power to the best of their contemporaries; three old fashioned armored cruisers, two un-armored cruisers and a torpedo flotilla of seventeen destroyers and eight submarines.

Turkey—Two armored cruisers inferior in value to the Russians; four other armored cruisers, but without heavy guns; three small modern cruisers, including the Hamidich; nineteen destroyers, twelve torpedo boats, no submarines.

The Turkish ships on the whole have a slight advantage in respect to speed, but are greatly inferior in the heavy armament.

George's Pond which has in the past been used to some extent for water supply.

It is admirably located for this purpose. Its drainage area, which is small, is devoid of human habitation, and may easily be kept so. It has an area of about 13 acres and a good depth.

Its elevation is such as to give good pressure for domestic and fire service along the water front, and for a considerable distance back into the city and hydraulic conditions that fit in well with the elevation of the main supply at the basin.

Capacity of Windsor Lake.

The source of supply of water for St. John's is Windsor Lake. In certain early reports this supply is referred to as "inexhaustible." It is important for the city of St. John's to recognize the fact that the supply from this source is by no means inexhaustible, but, on the contrary, the limit of the average yield is not greatly in excess of the draft that is now being made thereon.

Will Be Insufficient.

At some time in the future, the present sources of supply in Windsor Lake and adjacent developed areas, will be insufficient for the growing needs of the city.

There are several other lakes and drainage areas near or adjoining that of Windsor Lake. If these are at a high enough level, they may when needed, be diverted into Windsor Lake in order to increase the supply. No information is at hand as to the elevation of these other lakes.

In anticipation of future need, the city should secure this information at the present time, by survey, if necessary, and should then acquire the rights in water and lands of those drainage areas which could be economically used to supplement the present sources.

Distribution System

The unsatisfactory distribution of water throughout the city was one of the conditions first called to my attention. The variations in pressure are large and the pressures generally are not as high as they should be. This is true with even only the minimum quantity of water flowing, and with the maximum quantity the pressures in many places drop so low that the conditions are intolerable.

The capacity of the distribution system is entirely inadequate. A main artery must be laid through the length of the city to convey the water in ample quantity, and with pressure but little diminished. From this, branches must be laid to connect at frequent points with the existing mains.

The cost of these additions and improvements is estimated by Mr. Longley at \$168,000.

Fire Service on South Side

There is a large amount of valuable property of the South Side, which now has little or no fire protection from the city service. A main has been provided in my schedule, to afford adequate protection for this district. New hydrants will be required at intervals of about 400 feet.

A violent fire with a westerly wind blowing, might make the narrow road impassable for fire apparatus. A small house for the storage of a quantity of fire hose and other necessary equipment should therefore be provided at the easterly end of the fire district, in order that under such conditions the fire might be reached also from that side.

Tribute to City Staff

In his discussion of the general features of the St. John's water supply Mr. Longley says:

"I have had the opportunity of seeing conditions at close range and wish to record my opinion that the City Engineer and his staff have done marvelously well in maintaining the service as well as they have."

W. T. C. U. MEET AT THE INSTITUTE

Appoint Committees to Deal with the Various Branches of the Work—Arrange for Penitentiary Sunday

The regular meeting of the W.C.T.U. took place at the Girls' Department of the Seamen's Institute, yesterday afternoon.

In the absence of the President, Mrs. Benedict, Mrs. Inkpen, 1st Vice-President, occupied the chair.

Mrs. J. Pippy conducted the devotional exercises.

Committees were appointed to deal with the work of the Poor Asylum and Rescue Home.

Arrangements were also made for the observance of next Sunday, the third of the month, as Penitentiary Sunday.

In view of the present conditions and the formation of Patriotic and other organizations in the outposts, it was decided to drop the organisation of branches, at least for the present, outside the city. Some other business was discussed after which the meeting closed at five o'clock.

GERMANS DEFEATED

Paris, Nov. 13.—According to a Petrograd despatch to the Matin, Germans have suffered a severe defeat beyond Kalis, losing twelve heavy guns and leaving many dead on the field.

Germans Officer The Turkish Navy

London, Nov. 13.—An Englishman, long resident in Constantinople, has arrived in London.

He says that, in addition to the crews of the cruisers Goeben and Breslau, there are nearly 3,000 officers in Turkish Naval Service, and he adds, that every Turkish ship has a German officer in command.

ANCHOR MADE EARLSHALL LEAKY

And She Was Forced to Come Back to Port For Repairs

Job's bargt, Earls Hall, Capt. Coward, which sailed yesterday afternoon for Brazil with a cargo of fish, returned a couple of hours later for repairs.

When three miles outside Cape Spear, Capt. Coward learned that the vessel was leaking.

An examination showed a hole about three inches long in her bow. It was caused by the fluke of the anchor puncturing it when it fell over.

Not until the vessel got out in rough water was the damage learned of. As the winter is coming on Capt. Coward wisely decided to return to port for repairs.

She sails again to-day.

UPSET TAR POT BLAZE RESULTS

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the Central and Eastern firemen were called to William St., a tar-pot in Mr. John Coaker's workshop having boiled over.

The firemen were quickly on the scene, but their services were not required as the blaze was quickly extinguished.

No damage was done.

Few Herring

The Fisheries Department had word from Bonne Bay to-day that snow was falling. Boats average 3 tubs herring.

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stained glass which was highly praised.

He leaves a widow, three sons, Charles, John and Frederick, and two daughters, Isabel, typist at Job Bros' office and Winnie, typist at the Law Chambers and to them we tender sympathy.

The funeral takes place at 2.30 p.m. Saturday, from his late residence, Flavin St.

MARRIAGES

BARRETT—HARDY.—On Tuesday, November 10th, at the C. of E. Cathedral, by the Rev. J. Brinton, Mr. Harold M. Barrett, son of Mr. William Barrett, of Twillingate, to Miss Lillian B. Hardy, 60 Monroe St., this city.

A case of diptheria was reported from Le Marchant Road yesterday. The patient, a girl of 9 years, was removed to the Hospital.



The Smart Set everywhere are wearing Checks and Plaids

more this season than for many years.

When a Suit is made like the one we illustrate the effect is very striking, and the wearer feels that she is JUST ALL RIGHT.

We show a good assortment of *All Wool Checks and Plaids*, including *Tartans*.

\$1.20, 1.60, 1.80

Ayre & Sons LIMITED.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Letitia Yavasseur.

On yesterday morning, at the residence of her son-in-law, James J. Whelan, 217 Theatre Hill, there passed to her eternal reward Letitia, relict of the late James Yavasseur, of St. Lawrence.

Deceased, who was in her 66th year, has been ailing for many months past, but not until quite recently did she begin to realize that her end was drawing near.

Fortified by the rites of the Holy Catholic Church and comforted in her last moments by the loving care of her daughters and friends she peacefully breathed her last.

Her happy death was an example of the true Christian life led by her, and although suffering as she did the last few days of her life, she bore them patiently, and when told the end was near she said "God's Holy Will be Done."

The funeral took place this morning to the railway station. The remains are being forwarded to St. Lawrence for interment, as was her express wish to be laid in the family plot, there to await the last resurrection call.

Her remains are being accompanied by James J. Whelan, as far as Placentia, and will be met there by her son who will then take them in charge.

Mr. J. J. Barron.

The death of Mr. J. J. Barron, mechanic, which occurred this morning will be heard of with regret.

Deceased was for a number of years connected with the machine department of the Royal Stores where he proved his ability as a mechanic.

For some time previous to his illness he conducted a business of his own. Four months ago he entered the general hospital to be treated for cancer.

A wife and three children the left to mourn.

The funeral takes place Sunday afternoon from his late residence, 39 Bannerman Street.

Mr. George Gamberg.

Mr. George Gamberg, a well-known resident of St. John's, died at the General Hospital last night after a protracted illness.

Deceased was a sign writer and painter, and as such won much prominence. His work as always of a high class.

There are many evidences of his ability in the City to-day, especially at the R. C. Cathedral, where some years ago he painted some imitation

WEDDING BELLS

Mullings-Murphy.

Another well-known young couple of St. John's united their hands and hearts in the bonds of matrimony at the R. C. Cathedral last evening.

The contracting parties were Miss Lillian Isabel Mullings, daughter of Mr. Mullings of the Customs Dept., and Mr. John Murphy.

The ceremony was performed by the Rt. Rev. Mons. Roche.

The bride was very attractively gowned. She wore a beautiful dress of saxe blue directoire satin with black picture hat.

She was attended by her sister Miss Ida Mullings, who wore a dainty French blue silk dress.

The groom was supported by Mr. Peter Murphy.

A number of friends were present, and after the ceremony drove thro' the city and then to the future residence of the bride where supper was enjoyed and a pleasant time past. The health of the happy young couple was most enthusiastically toasted by their friends.

They then drove to Torbay where they remain until Sunday.

Mrs. Murphy has many friends in St. John's, and she received a large number of valuable presents.

The Mail joins with others in wishing them every happiness.

SHIPPING

Fogota left Seldom at 8.40 this morning.

Portia left St. Joseph's at 6 p.m. yesterday.

The s.s. Florizet sailed this afternoon.

The Mongolian left Liverpool at 7 p.m. yesterday.

S. S. Digby leaves London for here on the 20th inst.

S. S. Morwenna is due here Sunday.

S. S. Durango leaves Halifax tomorrow for St. John's.

The schr. M. A. James has cleared from Bay Roberts with 3,700 qts. fish for Malaga.

PERSONAL

Rev. W. A. Butler, with Mrs. Butler and family, left for their home at Hedge's Cove, Random Mission, by last evening's express.

Captain Dan Martin of Codroy, is now in town on a short business trip. Capt. Dan commanded the Eric last spring and brought in a bumper trip from the Gulf.

Mr. Henry Baker, son of Mr. T. Baker, Water Inspector, this city, and Miss Mary Elizabeth Lyver, also of Newfoundland, were married at the residence of the bride's uncle, Somerville, Mass., on the 31st ult.

Sails For France

The French trawler La Provence is taking 140 tons coal to-day. She leaves for France to-morrow.

Oporto Prices

The Fisheries Department had a message from Oporto to-day that the price of fish was 29 to 31 shillings for large and 27 to 28 for small.

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