meral Middleton at Guardupuy's

115

be

267

50

33

lo8

275

45

51

30

265

232

307

ange leaves Edmonton with 65th v trail.

el arrives at Regina under gnard, ston at Carlton. Receives letter ker and replies. Grenadiers leavsert for Battleford. Remainder out except Winnipeg Hattery, staylbert.

meral Middleton arrives at Battle-

ound-Maker and chiefs surrender uers.

range tracks Big Bear. Shells him, ide, three wounded. Returns to

eneral Middleton with two gatlings, (valry, leaves Battleford by steamer

meral Middleton starts after Big

unted Police ordered from Prince 1 Lake to intercept Big Bear

ange making for the Beaver River; Chippewayan Mission Crossing

 Otter ordered to Turtle and Jackptercept Big Bear.

enadiers at Pitt covering trails there, ion sent to Frog Lake.

eneral Middleton at Loon Lake. Carrows on a raft. Abandons the Bear—country impassible. -Big Bear surrenders.

IBUTION OF TROOPS

Fort Qu'Appelle, General Middleton work studying out the plan of his hat on the arrival of the forces from ime should be lost. According to by General Middleton the troops in st were divided into three flying hase for transport of supplies was the Canadian Pacific Railway line. In, commanded by General Middlefirst their headquarters at Fort The second column, under Lieutted from Swift Current. The third Major-General Strange, took their The base for transport of suped at Swift Current, under Major-d at Swift Current at Current a

General Laurie. Other corps were placed out along the Canada Pacific Railway line, ready to start at a moment's notice for north or south, as circumstances demanded. The following shows the name and strength of each column, and the strength and position of other corps along the railway:—

FIRST COLUMN.

"A" Battery. (Quebec)	ш
90th Battalion, (Winnipeg)	323
Infantry School Corps, (part)	46
Houlton's Scouts	80
10th Battalion Koyal Grenadiers	267
Capt. Fuench's Scouts	50
Winnipeg Field Battery, (part)	33
Dennis' Surveyors' Scouts	60
Midland Battalion	108
SECOND COLUMN.	
"B" Battery, (Kingston)	114
Queen's Own	275

Winnipeg Field Battery, (part) 30 35th Battalion, (part) 265

Infantry School, (part) 45

Todd's Sharpshooters...... 51

65th Hattalion				232
Winnipeg Provisional Battalion, (32nd).				307
Strange's Rangers		• • • •	• • • • ·	50
Mounted Police	• • • •		. .	67
The rest of the force was station	ed a	s fo	llows	· :

CLARKE'S CROSSING:

Midland	168
Точенwood:	
35th Battalion, (2nd Company)	80
Quebec Cavalry School	40
Winnipeg Troop Gavalry	39
Пемнолот:	
Governor-General's Body Guards	81
FORT QU'APPELLE:	

91st Battalion	390
Moose Jaw:	
66th Battalion Halifax, (part)	175
MEDICINE HAT:	
66th Battalion Halifax, (part)	175
GLEICHEN-CALGARY-FORT MCLEOD:	

Local companies were also organized and authorized for actual service at Regina, Battleford, Prince Albert, Calgary, Brandon, Emerson, Yorktown, and Birtle.

General Middleton left Fort Qu'Appelle with his men on April 6, with a march of 211 miles before him, to Clarke's Crossing. Col. Otter's column left Swift Current April 11, with a march of 203 miles, and arrived at Battleford on the 25th, having made the distance at the rate of about 30 miles a day. The men travelled in waggons. General Strange, with his column, left Calgary on April 20, and reached Edmonton on the 5th May, having made his march of 194 miles in 15 days.

ENGAGEMENTS.

DUCK LAKE, March 26.—The first encounter with half-breeds took place at Duck Lake, which is about 15 miles from Fort Carlton, and about 25 miles from Prince Albert. 100 Mounted Police, under Major Crozier, and the officers and men of the Prince Albert local company took part. Eleven loyalists were killed. The police retreated to Carlton, which they burnt, and then went on to Prince Albert.

FISH CREEK, April 25.—This was the first engagement between the first flying column, commanded by General Middleton, and the rebels. Our scouts were fired at by Indians and half-breeds and waited for the column, which arrived. The firing lasted for several hours. Volunteers killed, 10; wounded, 48.

CUT KNIFE HILLS, May 3.—Col. Otter, with 300 men, marched out of Battleford for 35 miles and fought Pound-Maker with 600 braves for several hours, inflicting heavy loss. Otter retreated in good order, having 4 killed and 12 wounded. The force during thirty hours marched seventy miles and fought several hours with the Indians.

BATOCHE'S, May 9 to 11.—This engagement was the second one between the first flying column under General Middleton and the half-breeds and Indians led by Gabriel Dumont, and was the most serious one since the beginning of the campaign, as Batoche's was considered, and was in fact the stronghold of the rebels. On the 9th we had 1 killed and 7 wounded; on the 11th we had 9 killed and 30 wounded. The following telegram from General Middleton relates briefly the facts.

"We had an engagement with the enemy on Monday. I received a message from Riel saying; "If you massacre

our women and children, we will m I answered, "put your women in a and we will not fire at it." I then guard, and when I saw a chance, orde Our men responded nobly and were officers.

Ocol. Straubenzie drove the enem at the point of the bayonet, and afte across the plain and seized the house masters.

"Our men bivouacked on Monda battle. In the heat of the action R stating that if the General did not review, the prisoners would be killed late, the advance being already or were rescued and are safe in camp time to kill them. Our loss is wounded. The enemy sustained gre

May 30.—Strange's reconwith Big bear. Strange bad 3 Big Bear with 500 braves strot commanding position twelve Fort Pitt, ond four miles back the north side. In the reconnteers were wounded.

JUNE 3.—Steele's Scouts ha Bear at Onion Lake. Three s

THE COMMISS

"An army crawls on its be adage employed to show the in tween military movements an plies. Canada suddenly spru miles away from the chief ce found herself without even th either an hospital branch or a c or a transport service. Food to be provided. The attendant foragers, surgeons, and others troops had also to be suppl Government depot of food sup even a round of hard tack or store. The season was the w the year, for winter had not dis set in. The snow was too teams The grass was not le use of horses and cattle. T along the wide stretches of Minister of Militia came to co phrase, he must for a while ha culty was insurmountable, tha possible to undertake to ga supplies, waggons, horses, tea off to the front to keep the fig What the work is may be see on May 28 last, there left Cal convoy three miles long, cons