JAN. 23, 1816



VOLUME 8.

NICHOLAS WILSON & CO.

186 Dundas Street, Tailors and Gents' Furnishers,

FINE AND MEDIUM WOOLLENS

A SPECIALTY.

INSPECTION INVITED.

THE LITANY OF LORETTO.

ventures of a Medical Student." This rendering into English metre of the "Litany of Loretto" was published in a Catholic magazine, many years ago, and deserves to be reproduced and given a prominent place in Catholic literature. Like that other beautiful production of Williams',—"The Sister of Charity,"— which has no rival in Euglish poetry save Gerald Griffin's writing on the same theme —this poem shows how thoroughly in accord with the religious feelings of our people were the "Men of '48," whom the Euglish press and the parasites of the Euglish Government in Ireland falsely represented as being atheists and infidels, as well as revolutionists. Revolutionists, against the tyranny that was murdering their kindred by the million,—they were; undoubtedly, as it was their duty to be, as Christians, as men, and as Irishmen, But, that they were, in any sense, irre-ligious, their whole record disprove; and nothing, perhaps, more forcibly than this writing of one of their truest representa-tives, which, now again, sees the light when its author has been mouldering for a quarter of a century, in his exile grave in Louisiana:—

God the Father, brightly dwelling Where the heavens Thy praise are telling,— Angels' sighs the chorus swelling,— *Miserere nobis* !

God the Son, in ransom given,— 'Gainst Whose throne the lightning-riven Powers of might have vanity striven,— *Miserere nobis*?

God Most Hign and Holy Spirit.— May our souls, through Jesus' merit, All Thy gifts divine inherit;— Miserere nobus?

Holy Mary, Virgin Mother Of our Lord,-through Thee our Brother,-Grieved and blest above all other.-Ora pro nobis?

Queen of Virgins, fairest, purest; Hope of sinners, best and surest; All our wounds who sweetly curest.— Ora pro nobis !

Spite of all that conscience mirrors— Sin and sorrow, doubts and errors, Grace abused, remorse's te.rors,— Ora pro nobis !

Though a tenfold thraldom bind us. Though hell's burning darkness blind us, Even then Thy love can fide us;-Ora pro nobis!

in Louisiana :-

DATION.

OLIC DIRECTORY, ALMAte Church in the United useful information flot

d in clotb. \$1.50 CE. & CO.

York. FOR SALE

ING WORKS WILL BE address, free by post, on Register letters, and ad-FFEY, Catholic Record

ONE OF THE MOST EXQUISITE POEMS, REND-ERED INTO ENGLISH VERSE, BY RICHARD DALTON WILLIAMS. 8 HISTORY OF THE ES. Cloth \$1.25; paper 75c DALTON WILLIAMS. The following metrical version of the "Litany of Loretto" was written by Rich-ard Dalton Williams, the fiery, poetic "Shamrock," who, during the repeal agi-tation, now stirred the readers of the old Dublin Nation to the highest pitch of feel-ing by his national lyrics, anon moved them to that other traditional Irish attri-bute of mirth by his inimitable "Misad-ventures of a Medical Student." This rendering into English metre of the "Litany of Loretto" was published in a Catholic magazine, many years ago, and ES OF O'CONNELL, by to; paper 75c.

RY OF IRELAND. Cloth E'S LECTURES. Paper TE'S REFUTATION IEAGHER. 3) cents. EAGHER. 3) cents. E TONE 30 cents. NEL DAVITT. 30 cents. ALL JOURNAL. 30 cents. CHIEFTAINS OF 1641.

By A. M. Sullivan. Cloth By RNE. 25 cents.



hedy for the above disease'; by its use e worst kind and of long standing have strong in my faith is its efficacy, that TLES FREE, together with a VAL-nihis disease, to any sufferer. Give Ex-DB. T. A. SLOCUE, 18: Pearl St., N.Y.





Mother, guiding, shielding, warning-Rainbow, Mercy's throne adorning-Joy of Sorrow, Star of Morning. Ora pronobis!



P41 31 80 46 7 4

LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 30, 1886.

St. Francis of Assisi said that if he saw an angel from Heaven and a priest, he would first how to the priest and then to the angel; for though the angel is the friend of God, yet the priest holds the very place of God Himself. One day St. Martin, Bishop of Tours, was prevailed upon by the Emperor Maximus to accept an invitation to din-ner. The Emperor also invited the most conspicuous personages of his court, among others, his uncle and brother, both counts, and the perfect of the pra-torium.

The priest who accompanied St. Martin was seated in a most honorable place between two counts and on the same couch, and St. Martin on a low seat near the Emperor. In the midst of the en-tertainment an officer presented the cup as usual to the Emperor, who ordered it to be given to the Bishop, expecting to receive it back from his hand, but, after the Bishop had drunk, he gave the cup to the priest as the next in rank at table. This conduct was exceedingly applauded by the Emperor and the whole

The Empress who attended night and day to the Bishop's discourses always sat at his feet on the ground. (Butler's "Lives of the Saints," Nov. 11th.) St. Paul wrote to the Galatians: "You

St. Paul wrote to the Galatians: "You received me as an angel of God, even as Jesus Christ. I bear you witness that, if it could be done, you would have plucked out your own eyes and would have given them to me," (iv., 14, 15) The Catbolic priest is the agent of the Lord of Heaven and earth. Who can experime higher dimnity?

conceive a higher dignity ? The Catholic priest is the minister of

"God wills," says St. Atprovids, "that all men be saved, but not in the same way. As He has established different degrees of glory in Heaven, so He has also on earth established different states of life as so many paths that lead to Heaven. On account of its great ends, the priest-head is of all vocations, the most hoble,

offering public prayer in the name of the assembled people. According to Jose-phus, the patriarch Isaac sent his oldest son Esau to hunt, in order that, by this act of filial love, he might merit the paternal benediction, which was to trans-mit to him the priesthood. Isaac gives as a reason for acting thus his age, which makes it impressible for him the the total makes it impossible for him to perform any longer the Divine service which he owes to God. (Josephus, Jews, Antiq, Book I., ci., 18.) It is evidently because he had sold his birthright, which embraced the priestly authority, that Esau is called by St. Paul a profue person. (Heb. xii., 16), unworthy of the priesthood. St. Isidore of Seville (Comment on Gen. xxv.), following (Comment on Gen. XXV.), following Eucherius (Comment on Gen. L. ii. c., 45), thinks that the fragrant vestment which Jacob put on, in order to secure by surprise the blessing destined for by surprise the blessing destined for Esau, was the priestly vestment of the family. The learned Tostatus. (Com-ment on Lavi. xxi, Onest., 19) observes that, according to ancients, Ruben, the that, according to ancients, Ruben, the eldest son of Jacob, lost the priesthood on account of the crime he committed against his father; and that Judas, the fourth son of Jacob, inherited it by the against his infer, inherited it by the fourth son of Jacob, inherited it by the will of the holy Patriarch. Moses, on descending from Sinai, caused an altar to be prepared at the foot of the mountain, and sacrifice to be offered to the Lord by the Chaldean paraphrase of the text. (Exod. xxiv., 4, 5) When this great prophet had con-ferred the priesthood on all the children of Aaron, according to God's command, Sethro, priest of the Madianites, re-proached him with not having reserved this dignity for the first born, at least, according to ancient tradition. (Jos-phus: Ant. bk. iv.) The Jewish a doctors assert that before the building of the Tabernacle the use of altars

exercise the priesthood, although Levi was the third son of Jacob. In this tribe God Himself designated the family which should be honored with the dignity of should be honored with the agins of High Priest; and even the very person who was to be first invested with it. The succession of the priesthood was attached succession of the priesthood was attached to the natural succession of the families, who were to remain forever depositories of the sacred authority. The age and qualities requisite for the priests, the defects from which they must be exempt, the rites of consecration, the form of sacrifice—all were determined by God Himself with the utmost pre-cision, in order that all might be of divine suthority.

divine authority. This priesthood lasted till the coming This priesthood lasted till the coming of our Saviour. When Caphias rent his priestly garments before Jesus, he signi fied, according to the ancient doctors, that the Mosaic priesthood had been ab-rogated and that a new one was estab-lighted

lished. III. The institution of the priesthood 111. The institution of the priestdoor by our Saviour stands forth clearly in every page of the Gospel. The solemn vacation of the Apostles is one of the most striking facts of the evangelic his. tory. St. Mark tells us that Jesus, hav-ing asceaded a mountain, "called unto Him whom He would Himsel?" (Mark in, 13), and that He appointed twelve to remain with Him and preach the Gospel. St. Luke adds that He called them His "Apostles," (Luke vi., 13) As He walked by the sea side he saw Simon, and Andrew his brather costing their work. tory. St. Mark tells us that Jesus, hav. The Catholic priest is the minister of God. Who can conceive a higher station? The Catholic priest is the representative of God. Who can conceive a higher com-mission? The Catholic priest is the vicegerent of God. Who can find a greater benefactor? God. Who can find a greater benefactor? of makind? "God wills," says St. Alphonsus, "that all men be saved, but not in the same way. As He has established different degrees of glory in Heaven, so He has also on earth established different states of

nal love, founded on natural rights, the bond that exists between master and servant and the express will of the Divine Legislator, "Mandatum novum do vobis," & c., the poor, the infirm, and the sick found a support in their fellow-creatures, enjoying the fruits of alms given in the name of Him who said, "I was sick and you visited me, & c.," ex-periencing the benefit of religion and taste the sweetness of Caristian charity. Immediately after mass His Lordship

NO. 381.

in the footsteps of their fathers. The numerous shanty men and the employ-ees on the Canadian Pacific Rulway also contributed generously towards its erec. tion, and it is on the other hand a hving testimony of the zeal, devotedness and testimony of the zeal, devotences and economy of the reverend sisters of charity. The Vicariate of Pontiac is, thus endowed with a house of Christian charity. The devoted congregation of the Gray Nuns count one more perma-nent foundation—the Reverend Oblate Fathers see the object of their desires accomplished, and finally, the population of Mattawa and surrounding localities may enjoy forever (Please God) the benefit of this institution. Then let those who suffer come to Mattawa Gen-eral Hospital ! They will find a akillul

eral Hospital ! They will find a skillul doctor in Rev. Dr. St. Jean, Superior, and kind sympathetic charity in the good sisters charged with the care of the sick. The Sisters of Charity are able physicians both for soul and body. Our readers will doubtlessly forgive us for not having named the numerous benefactors of this institution. They will not be forgotten in the fervent prayers of the good sisters and their poor sick,

of the good sisters and their poor tick,

THE HABIT OF SWEARING.

To the Editor of the Catholic Record :

DEAR SIR,-It is to be regretted that DEAR SIR,—It is to be regretted that too many of our young men and even mere lads are addicted to the wicked habit of swearing. Not only in the low groggeries and bar-rooms, where these young fellows congregate evenings, but on the streets, on the school play grounde, and even in private residences can be heard some of the most diabolical onthe, at nearly every sentence, without the at nearly every sentence, without the least provocation. Parents are culpable to a great extent for neglecting to correct, INAUGURATION OF THE MATTAWA GENERAL HOSPITAL AND BLESSING OF A NEW BELL On the 10th inst, His Lordship Bishop Lorrain, Vicar Apostolic of Pontiac, came to Mattawa to preside at the inaugura-tion of the new general hospital, and to bless the bell destined to replace the one destroyed by the fire on the 12th of Still a large percentage of the conver-Still a large percentage of the play-sation heard on the public school playgrounds and by the gammons to and from the schools is anything but easy ng, which goes to prove that the mora of our youth are at a pretty low etc. 'Thou shalt not take the name of thy Lord thy God in vain" seems to have made as little impression on some people as the whistling of the winds. St. John Carysostom suppressed the wicked custom of swearing, first at To Antioch, then at Constantinople. Antioch, then at Constantinopie. 10 abolish the sardlegious custom of swear-ing at the latter place, as he had done at Antioch, he strained every sinew, and in several sermons he exerted his zeal with uncommon energy, mingled with the most tender charity. He complains that some who had herein to correct the most tender charity. He complains that some who had begun to correct their criminal habit after having fallen through surprise, or by a sudden fit of passion, had lost courage. These he animates to a firmer resolution and vigor which would crown them It were not justifying him, with victory. It were not justifying him, he says, at the last day, to allege, that he reprimanded those that swore. The judge will answer, "Why didst not thou check, command, and by laws restain those that disobeyed?" Heil repriman-ded his const hut was condemned for ded his sons; but was condemned for not having used sufficient severity (1 Kings, xi., 24.) "I every day cry aloud," (1 Kings, ki, -1) for an not heard. Fear-ing to be myself condemned at the last day for too great lenity and remissives, I raise my voice and denounce all, that if any swear, I forbid them the church. Only this month is allowed for persons to correct their habit." Again he says : "To inspire them with a holy dread and awe for the adorable name of God, be awe for the adorable name of God, he puts them in mind that in the old law, only the high priest was allowed ever to pronounce it, and that the devils trem-bled at its sound." "Show me your com-pany and I'll tell what manner of man you are," is an old proverb. Show me a swearing young mun, and I can easily perceive that he has associated with a very low casts of registry. Comparison very low caste of society. OBSERVER. Jan. 18, 1886.

 THE PRIESTS OF THE CHURCH.
 spiritual and indestructible, to fill the gratest of kingdoms with inhibitants, all means and by all true Catabolies i
 angele and sints of God, by emperors and gratest of kingdoms with inhibitants, all means and public of the priset is a rener grateman.
 angele and sints of God, by emperors and gratest for the priset is a rener grateman.
 of Sacrifice, siv, 4). St. Paul has recurses and the field of air, spicious is institution to explain how Out St. Francis de Sales away the grateman de la contract is in the priset is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it ne comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener grateman de la contract is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it ne comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it ne comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it ne comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it ne comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it nee comforts desirable : a contract is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it nee comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener grateman.
 possesses and it nee comforts desirable : a contract is in the priset is a rener solution of the priset is a rener grateman. The Church is a rener grateman is the priset is a rener solution with the priset is a rener gratemant is in the priset is a rener solution with the priset is a rener priset is here priset is a rener solution is the priset is a rener solution is the priset is a rener solution is the priset is the priset is the priset is the priset is a rener solution is the priset is is the priset is the priset is is the priset is the p Show me, if you can a ringle country, blessed by faith and civilization that has not been watered by the prayers and by the preaching, by the tears and by the blood of those who are styled the light of the world—the priests of the Church. Gifted with the powers of Christ, the priests of the Catholic Caurch are greater than the patriarchs—greater, more exalted, than the prophets. A widow of Sarepta fed the prophet Elias for some time. In reward for her char-ity the prophet obtained for her the miracle that her pot of meal wasted not, and her cruse of oil diminished not, and thus sustained her family in a miracul-ous manner. The Catholic priest does more; he feeds not merely one family, but all the nations of the world; he gives not mere material bread, but the living Bread from Heaven, the Body and Blood of Jesus Christ; he strengthens the souls of men with the oil of grace, which he trator of this palace; he is the pillar of the Church upon which rests the whole world. God the Father created the world without the priest, but it is only through him that he saves it. God the God the Son has redeemed the work without the priest, but it is only by him that He applies His Blood to the souls of men, applies His Blood to the sours of men, and secures the fruits of His copious re-demption. You can hardly name a single blessing of the Holy Ghost of which the priest is not the chosen in-strument. Indeed, as St. Bernard deof men with the oil of grace, which he administers to them in the holy sacrastrument, ments. Elias raised the son of the Sulamite to

strument. Indeed, as St. Bernard de-clares that all graces come to us through Mary, so we can say in truth that all happiness, all graces, all Heavenly gifts, come to us through the priest. Around the Catholic priesthood human society moves, like the earth around its svie: upon it society depends for its sup-Elias raised the son of the Sulamite to life, but the priest does more; he raises to life the souls of hundreds and thou-sands. In the sacraments of Baptism and Penance, he raises to the life of grace the souls of those that are dead in mortal sin. Elias caused fire to rain from Heaven upon the heads of the wicked. The priest causes not mere material fire to tall from Heaven, he does far more; he causes the fire of

society moves, like the earth around its axis; upon it society depends for its sup-port, its life, its energy, as the planetary system depends on the sun. No one understands this trath better than the devil and his associates in this world. When they wish to destroy re-ligion they begin by attacking the priests; for, where there is no priest, there is no sacrifice; and where there is no sacrifice, there is no religion, no absolution from sin, no preaching of the Word of God. What should we do in the Church? the people would say; there is no Mass; Oar does far more; be causes the fire of Divine love to fall upon the cold hearts of sinners, and move them to contrition; he inflames them to a new and perfect life. The priest of the Catholic Church is The priest of the Catholic Church is greater than the prophets. The pro-phets beheld the Redeemar only from afar, in the dim future. The Catholic priest beholds him present before his eyes; he touches the long,wished for Redeemer with his hands; he offers Him up to his Heavenly Father; he carries people would say; there is no Mass; Oar Lord is no longer there; there is no one Lora is no longer there; there is no one there with power to forgive sins; there is no one there to preach the Word of God; we may as well stay at home. Oh, how sad would be the state of soci-

eyes; he touches the long.wished for Redeemer with his hands; he offers Him up to his Heavenly Father; he carries Him through the streets; he even feeds on the Sacred Flesh and Blood of the Holy One; he receives Him into his heart, and unites himself most inti-mately to Him in Holy Communion. The prophets foretold that, when the fullness of time should come, God would write his laws, not on stone, but on men's hearts; He would govern men, not by the law of serviel fear, but by the sweet bonds of holy love; that God Him-self would dwell in them, and direct them by His grace. Now, this fullness of time for which the prophets sighed came with Jesus Christ. He gave His grace, His own Divine life, to man, and He gave it superabundantly; and as the ministers of that grace, He chose, not the prophets, not His angels, but the priests of the Catholic Church. Oh, in-etable dignity. The Catholic priest has the Patriarchal

 a. The sugels, but the prices of the Catholic Church, On, in effailed eignity.
The Catholic Church, On, in effaile dignity of Abraham, is called the the tears of the widow and the orphamine is, in reality, the father of the Faithful, the prices the effort of the faithful, the faithful, the faithful, the southes the beleding of the southes the tears of the widow and the orphamine the faithful, Promised Land; the priest leads the children of God through the desert of this life, to the true land of promise— their home in Heaven. "I in them," save Jesus Christ, "and Thou, Father, in Me. The glory which Thou hast given Me, I have given them." (John zvii, 22, 23). Indeed, the priests are divine men. Our Lord Himself, quot ing the words of the Royal Prophet, says of them: "Ye are gods." To forgive sins, to cause the Holy Gbost to dwell in the soul, to change bread and wine into the Body and Blood of Christ, are mir-acles that can. properly speaking, he him, even in heaven or on earth. In establishing the priesthood God seems to have exhausted all the treasures of His the Body and Blood of Christ, are mir-acles that can, properly speaking, be performed only by God Himself. Yet, by the power of God, the priest performs these miracles every day. He may, therefore, truly be said to be a god; for, as St. Gregory Nazianzan says, "to have god on earth, with the commission to god on earth, with the commission to God, the priest is fellowmen." Next to God, the priest is everything. The priest can be understood only in Heaven. If men could understand him upon earth, they would die of love. What admiration and respect, what love and veneration would we feel for him What admiration and respect, what love and veneration would we feel for him whom the Lord would associate with Him-self in the government of the universe, whom He would empower to rule with Him the course of the stars, the vicissi-tudes of the seasons, and even to create new worlds. A vocation so marvellous would place this privileged mortal in a rank far higher than the kings of earth. Satan submits; when we see the priest possessing power over God Himself, pos-sessing power to bear Him, to place Him, to give Him to whom he wills-we can not help exclaiming in amazement : "O wondrous miracle! O unheard of power! A greater power than this God could not give ; it is His own Almighty power! A greater dignity than this God could not rank far higher than the kings of earth. But the priest is the object of a distinction greater dignity than this out could how bestow upon a mortal being ! Since God, then, has placed the priests of the Catholic Church upon the thrones of His own power and sanctity, since He has given them the title of "saviours of the But the priest is the object of a distinction far more glorious; he is not called, it is true, to direct the course of the sun, to excite or to calm the winds—all this is within the sphere of nature. He is called to a higher office; he is called to sustain the cause of God, to make God's name has given them the title of "saviours of the world," since He calls them His co-opera-tors in the Divine work of Redemption, the cause of God, to make God's name respected, to defend His interests, to pro-mote His glory, to vindicate His honor. The priset is called to give life eternal to the children of men, and to prepare them for an everlasting Kingdom. He is called to give Heaven to the elect, to snatch vic-ing for m hell, to sanctify soula, to co-operate in the redemption of a world, spect shown to the Catholic priset by the



USEHOLD, Boz 49, Hart ION AS TEACHER.

C YOUNG LADY, HOLDING class A ceruinate, and quali-organist, would like to hear ning as tesher.-Address, M.

HEE WANTED.

A MALE OR FEMALE ref Separate School Section in. Must hold a Second-class Salary \$300 or over. Testi-uired. Address, PATRICK nfield P. O. 378-3 #

CHER WANTED.

OL SECTION NO. 1 MONT-Roman Catholic male or ng a Third-class County Cer-salary for a male teacher, or male. Apply to JAMES TONE, synooth P.O., Hastings County, S78-3W

CHER WANTED.

R, HOLDING A SECOND OR ass certificate, wanted for the arate School. State salary. PHILIP MURPHY, Secretary, 277-8w

FOR SALE.

rchy of British America. FICENT LITHOGRAPH IN FORMATING AND AND A STREAM AND A STR

FUL-COMFORTING. 'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST. SINCEAR PAST. Anoviedge of the natural laws which govern digestion and nutrition, and by a careful ap-fine properties of well-selected Gozea. Mr. I our breakfast table with a delicately flavor i may ave us many heavy doctors bills. I may ave us the selection of the selection of the secape many a fatal heavy by keeping of d with pure blood and a properly nourshad us the selection.

th boiling water or milk. Bold only in half-seers, labelied thus : PPB & CO., Homoeopathie ints, London, England.

Trampler of the serpent's malice, Holy honor's crystal chalice, Tower of Ivory, Golden Palace, Ora pro nobis :

Garden where the Spouse reposes, Heaven's Gate, that never closes, Mystic Rose, the Queen of roses. Ora pro nobis !

Round Thy feet, with breezv lightness Float and gleam in plumed whiteness, Winglets of transparent brightness :-Ora pro mobis !

Oh, my soul ! the jutilation Of our Lady's coronation ! Queen of all God's bright creation. Ora pro nobis !

Beraph, cherub, thrones, and powers, Luminous with living flowers, Finshed along the cry stal towers;-Ora pro nobis !

Virgins, prophets, elders hoary, Martyrs, still from battle gors; Followed, atmosphered in glory :-Ora pro nobis !

Round, the radiant infant faces,-Offspring of angelic races,-Smile between the stellar spaces;-Ora pro nobis !

Rolls the shripe of light asunder, Voices of harmonious thunder Hail thee God's supremest wonder;— Ora pro nobis i

Before the Throne, amid the Seven, The sanctuary's gates of levin Flash back, and Godhead dezzles heave Ora pro nobis !

There the breezs of life is blowing, Light-like waves in music flowing, New born stars salute these glowing:-Ora pro nobis!

Harps celestial, thunder-toned, Hymn thee, reigning, moon-enthroned, Btarry-prowned, and sun-enzoned;-Ora pro nobis!

Tower of David, silver-shielded. Caristall power to thee hath yielded. O'er earth, heaven, and hell to wie'd i' Ora pro nobis!

The Sinner's Refage, Star of Ocean, Vase of singular devotion, Still the passions' wild commotion:— Ora pro nobis.

Seat of Wisdom, rule their maduess; Chase their gloom sweet Cause of Gladness Comfortress of mortal samess. Ora pro nobis !

Queen of martyred souls and nations, Change our woes to consolations, Granting humble hope and patience;-Ora pro nobis !

Shower thy Son's exhaustless merits O'er our sorrow-chastened spirits; Biessed who the Cross inherits;-Ora pro nobis ?

Right the wrong, but spare the wronger; Love than hate shall yet be stronger; Dove of Peace, delay no longer,— Ora pro nobis !

Lamb of God, whose Blood effaces All our sin ' polluting traces, Clasped in Mary's pure embraces, Don's wibis ! pacem !

Immediately after mass His Lordship blessed and consecrated the bell. The imposing ceremonies of the morning ter-minated by the rich and gracious offer-ings of the sponsors and all the pious assistants. Among the number of spon-sors invited there were present : Mr. N. Timmins and his daughter, Madame D'Pare, Mr. and Mrs. Laughlin, Mr. T. Keenie and Miss Minnie Keenie, Mr. and Keenie and Miss Alinnie Keenie, air, and Mrs. C. Rankin, Mr. and Mrs. G. McMeckin, Mr. and Mrs. E. Jodoin, Mr. and Mrs. E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. C. Mc-Cool and Mr. B. Gilligan. A few others legitimately absent responded to the in-vitation by sending their respective legitimately absent responded to the in-vitation by sending their respective offerings: Mr. R. Gorman, Mr. P. Pigeon, Mr. J. B. Views, J. R. Lock, Mr. H. Fink, Mr. N. Fink, Mr. G. Smith, Mr. J. Levis, Mr. F. Cochrene and N. Gerreau, \$137.00 Mr. F. Cochrene and N. Gerreau. \$137.00 was the handsome amount of the united offerings. Dinner was served by the good sisters themselves. At the right of His Lordship was the Rev. Father Poitras, O. M. I., the zealous promoter of the new foundation. On his left Rev. Father Nevelee, the indefatigable missionary of Hudson Bay. Rev. Father Legault, O. M. I., a young priest in charge of the mission of Lake Tallon, was also present.

At 3.30 p. m. took place the blessing of the hospital, the erection of the stations of the cross in the interior chapel, and solemn B-ne-diction of the Blessed Sacrament. The

Nicholas Phelan, E-q, Camlachis-I wish your truly vluable paper un-limited circulation.

Jas. McNaughton, E.q., Gourock.--1 like your paper very much. It should be in every Catholic family. It is both

Same and the second second