

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., MONDAY, JULY 12, 1909

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TROOPS ARE RUSHED TO INVERNESS MINE

Strikers Attack Miners and a Request for Military Aid is Sent to the Halifax Garrison Commander and Promptly Acceded to.

Inverness, C. B., July 11.—(Special)—This town has asked for military assistance in preserving the peace, and the request has been complied with. A special train with 107 officers and men, which left Halifax at 6 o'clock this morning, arrived here late this afternoon.

The troops are sent on a requisition signed by Mayor D. H. McLeod and two justices of the peace, Malcolm Campbell and D. A. Smith.

A telegram was sent last night to Colonel Humphrey, D. O. C., at Halifax, asking for 100 soldiers to preserve order and to prevent the possibility of disturbances that were feared on Monday. The request was that troops be sent by Sunday night, and they were forwarded on a special train. There are 320 miners in Inverness employed by the Inverness colliery, and that number Mayor McLeod says 324 were at work yesterday. The mine is owned by MacKenzie & Mann.

Stones were thrown at the miners as they came out of the pit yesterday afternoon from persons in a mob of 200 or 300 strikers and strike sympathizers. On Saturday work stopped in the mines at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and at that hour the men began coming out. They were met by a crowd which soon assumed the dimensions and character of a mob.

Leaders in this disorder were Belgians, of whom there are about 150 employed in the Inverness mines. The crowd jeered at the workmen who were wearing their ways homeward. Not content with this, sticks and stones began to fly.

Women in the mob were the fiercest. It was a Belgian woman who threw the only stone that, so far as is known, took effect. The stone struck Douglas McPherson, inflicting an ugly wound.

It was shortly after this that the company's officials retired on the morning of Monday. They did this not only on account of what had happened but in order to prevent further trouble which was threatened, and which they expected to occur on Monday. The officials asserted that the Belgians had been making ominous threats as to what they would do on Monday if the P. W. A. men and those loyal to the company dared to go to work. They showed their danger not only by the stone throwing but also by the fact that they were armed with revolvers and other weapons. They were armed with revolvers and other weapons. They were armed with revolvers and other weapons.

Colonel Humphrey, accordingly, at once

communicated with the Intercolonial Railway authorities to get ready a special train and he sent out marching orders for the soldiers.

The 100 men were detailed from the Royal Canadian Regiment and the detachment sent away included a number of men who had just returned from the military camp at Petawawa. The train was ready at 4 o'clock this morning and consisted of two colonel sleepers, one first class coach and one baggage car. The troops were sent on board with 100 rounds of ammunition and rations for twenty-four hours and the train was on its way at 6 o'clock. The contingent is under command of Colonel Paul Weatherbee, and the officers with it are Captain Lister, R. C. R., Lieutenants Roscoe and Griffiths, R. C. R., Major J. Rose of the permanent army medical corps and Lieut. Oliver of the army service corps.

TWO BRIDGES SET ON FIRE

Canadian Northern Bridges Fired by Some Unknown Persons—Suspect Arrested.

Montreal, July 11.—It is suspected that the Canadian Northern has been suffering from the attentions of an incendiary tramp who has burnt two bridges, one at Burrill, near Shawinigan Falls, and the other at St. Paulin, on the Riviere du Loup branch.

The first fire was discovered before it had gone far, and a repair gang sent out. While they were at work, however, a big bridge at St. Paulin, 90 feet high and with many spans was reported on fire, and before it could be extinguished eleven spans were partly destroyed.

A special train was sent from Montreal with a gang of men, who have worked night and day repairing the damage. Owing to the extent of the damage the special train had to secure the line to repair the break. The work was done very rapidly, and it is reported that the line will be open tomorrow morning.

Detectors were sent out to chase the supposed incendiary. They got on the track of a tramp who had been seen hanging around the St. Paulin bridge, and around him up today at St. Ursule. He was taken back to St. Paulin, to see if the bridge tender could identify him. But it is not yet known whether he is the right man. The detectors are still working on the hunt, and the Canadian Northern has offered \$500 for the apprehension of the incendiary.

IN SEASON. Reggy—I suppose that your father was going to hatch out of that door knob quite when he learned that I was an old salt and owned a real yacht. Peggy—Yes, and he added that if you don't go hanging around he's going to pepper you.

YOUR BACKACHE WILL YIELD

To Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Rockland, Maine.—"I was troubled for a long time with pains in my back and side, and was miserable in every way. I doctored myself, but never got well. I read a testimonial about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and thought I would try it. After taking three bottles I was cured, and never felt so well as now. I am now a healthy woman, and I can do my work as usual. I am now a healthy woman, and I can do my work as usual. I am now a healthy woman, and I can do my work as usual."

In all my life, I recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all my friends. Mrs. Wm. L. Young, 6 Columbia Avenue, Rockland, Me. Backache is a symptom of female weakness or derangement. If you get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Nothing will do this so safely and surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Cure the cause of these distressing aches and pains and you will become well and strong.

The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has restored health to thousands of women.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge.

Fashion Notes

In Paris one of the latest hats is of semicircle wreathed in roses and of old blue in many subtle tints.

The ostrich feather is not favored as much this summer as the cigarette, while the floral wreath is the highest in favor. The rose color is much in favor, next to blue. The rose comes in a brownish-pink color, more suitably in cashmere.

HER OWN AFFAIR

Old Rooster—What do you think you are going to hatch out of that door knob with the intention of persuading them to return without accepting employment with the company.

Asked by the correspondent of The Telegraph if outside labor would be employed,

STRIKERS PLACES ARE BEING FILLED BY THE COAL COMPANY

Miners Arrive for Work from Newfoundland and Other Places—One Hundred British Miners on the Scene—Output of the Mines Increased—P. W. A. Protests Against Withdrawal of Troops.

Glouce Bay, N. S., July 11.—The first encounter between the strikers and citizens took place last night at No. 3 colliery. According to the statement made by the company officials, a workman, who was entering the gate after dark, was challenged by the sentry. He did not halt when requested and the soldier raised his rifle, the point of the bayonet entering the workman's breast. The man's comrades ran away and left him lying on the ground. His wound was attended to by the soldier. He was not seriously hurt.

The incident goes to show the care which should be exercised by the workmen who do not seem to realize that orders with the soldier mean what they are intended to mean.

Anybody who can do a man's work for a man's pay or less than a man's pay are wanted now by the coal company. On them depends the issue of the great fight. To get human beings into the collieries is the one aim of the Dominion Coal Company. To keep men out of the collieries is the object of the U. M. W. of America.

Today was a truce day. Hostilities were suspended. Some people went to church. Some were kept away by a feeling that they had outraged propriety and were in danger of criticism from the pulpit. More than one fearless preacher was outspoken in his denunciation of the condition of the men and of the women who had by their unmanly and unwomanly conduct brought discredit on a community jealous in the past, as now, of its reputation.

At the camp on the Black Diamond Trotting Park, service was conducted this afternoon by Rev. Mr. Peaver. The soldiers at the point, about 250 in number, were formed up in three sides of a square, and the service, an abbreviated Anglican church service, was hearty. General Duggan and his staff were among those present at the open air meeting.

Tomorrow will witness an influx and an exodus of workmen. The coal company is bound to fill the places of the deserters from its ranks to the ranks of the United Mine Workers and will do so by bringing men from Newfoundland and other places. It is reported that a large number are now due at New Sydney from Newfoundland and last night the U. M. W. sent a committee to meet them on their arrival, with the intention of persuading them to return without accepting employment with the company.

General Manager Duggan said: "It is our intention, if possible, to work every colliery, and every man who seeks work will get it. It will be a case of first come first served. The best positions will be given to the early comers."

"There is a report, Mr. Duggan, that you intend importing men from the old country, the United States and the continent. Will you confirm this?"

"I am not saying what I will do in regard to importing men, but I will tell you this: We will work our mines, and no laboring man will be refused employment."

The exodus will be more noticeable than the influx for the men will be taken away in larger groups than will come in. On Saturday, Leonard W. Anker, employment agent for Corbett & Floesch Company, who have the contract for building 150 miles of the Transcontinental railroad, arrived from Moncton. His company is now engaged in building the fifty miles of road between Moncton and Chipman.

The mission nail at No. 2, which this afternoon echoed with songs of praise to the Prince of Peace, will tomorrow reach to the trend of martial men. It will be the military headquarters for the Royal Canadian Regiment. This is but one of the many metamorphoses which are daily taking place.

From latest information the soldiers are to stay for a month at least, if the information to your correspondent by a military man today is correct. The mayor of Glouce Bay has bowed to the inevitable, and has telegraphed and written to Ottawa offering his fullest co-operation with the troops.

The coal output yesterday was a little better than Friday, according to the coal company. In conversation with a non-union weigher, your correspondent was told that the figures of the company are to be relied upon, and the impression is going around that the coal company is holding its own in regard to output. The company claims that it will increase its output from day to day and the U. M. W. men will have to hustle to keep the company from making good its declaration.

Coal shipments having carrying on as usual, only with less rapidity. Since yesterday, four steamers carrying 14,000 tons have been loaded. Schooners have taken about 1,000 tons, and altogether, by rail and otherwise 13,000 tons of coal have left Cape Breton since the strike began.

That the Dominion Coal Company has not been taken wholly off its guard as regards securing men to take the place of the U. M. W. workmen is shown by the fact that today about 100 men reach-

ed town and are prepared to go down in the pits tomorrow afternoon. Another report, that has been confirmed by the company, is that a number of experienced miners reached the collieries today from England. These men landed at Quebec Friday and claim that they were not advised to come here as strike breakers, but the majority of them apparently did not look at conditions that way, and are now here ready for work. A prominent coal mine official said that preparations were being made for the accommodation of 1,000 men who are expected to reach the mines early in the week.

Today was an "off" day on account of the lack of knowledge on the subject of the strike. Stephen B. C. McNeil, president of the P. W. A., seen by your correspondent tonight said that conditions were progressing favorably. Large numbers of men were going back to work and by tomorrow morning he hopes to see all the collieries running with the exception of Nos. 5 and 7.

At midnight John Moffatt, grand secretary of the P. W. A., sent the following telegram to the acting minister of militia, Ottawa:

"To the Honorable the Acting Minister of Militia and Defence, Ottawa:

"The U. M. W. who are on strike here are forwarding a petition to you asking that the militia be withdrawn. On behalf of the P. W. A., representing about one-half of the workmen of the collieries, we ask your protection for our families, our homes and our services. In our opinion the withdrawal of the militia would seriously imperil these and would result in bloodshed and loss of property. The various lodges of our association have discussed this matter and have passed the attached resolution, which shows their appreciation of the militia."

The resolution follows: "Resolved, that the members of the Progressive, Ironside and Aberdeen lodges who were forcibly prevented from going to work, go to work tomorrow and continue at work under the protection of the militia, the civil authorities having been unable to suppress the disturbances caused by the strikers; further:

"Resolved, that these lodges view the appointment of members of the U. M. W. as special constables to protect the lives of the P. W. A. as a huge farce, as the U. M. W. are fighting the P. W. A. as ardently as they are fighting the Dominion Coal company."

"Copies of the resolution to be sent to Mayor Douglas, of Glouce Bay, and the public press. This resolution is signed by the secretaries of thirteen lodges."

Oak Hall's Annual Mid-Summer Sale of Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishings

Begins Thursday, July 5th—Values Even Greater Than Last Year

In a business so large as this, immense stocks must be carried in every line throughout the active season in order to be sure of having full assortments of kinds, styles and sizes when they are most wanted. This necessity makes it inevitable that overstocks will appear as the end of the season approaches. The old-time system would say "carry them over." But in a great establishment like this, where modern methods of merchandising prevail, there is but one thing to do; close out the overstocks and clear the decks for another season! That is the reason for our great mid-summer sale. We shall clear our stocks in July instead of August. You shall have our overstocks of summer goods now when you need them. Every man, young man and boy can be fitted and every taste pleased.

MEN'S SUITS	
\$6.50 Fancy Tweed and Worsted Suits reduced to	\$4.30
\$7.50 Fancy Tweed and Worsted Suits reduced to	\$5.15
\$10.00 Fancy Tweed and Worsted Suits reduced to	7.85
\$12.00 Fancy Tweed and Worsted Suits reduced to	8.25
\$13.50 Fancy Tweed and Worsted Suits reduced to	9.25
\$15.00 Fancy Tweed and Worsted Suits reduced to	10.65
\$12.00 Blue and Black Worsted Suits reduced to	9.45
\$15.00 Blue and Black Worsted Suits reduced to	10.85

SOME MEN'S SUITS REDUCED TO HALF PRICE	
In going through our stock of Fancy and Worsted Suits we find a great many lines sold down to one's and two's, which we have grouped together and will clear them out at half price.	
\$10.00 Suits to be sold at \$5.00.	\$12.00 Suits to be sold at \$6.00.
\$15.00 Suits to be sold at \$7.50.	\$18.00 Suits to be sold at \$9.00.

MEN'S RAIN COATS AND TOP COATS	
\$8.00 Raincoats reduced to	\$5.95
\$10.00 Raincoats reduced to	7.65
\$12.00 Raincoats reduced to	9.45
\$15.00 Raincoats reduced to	11.85
\$18.00 Raincoats reduced to	13.95
\$20.00 Overcoats reduced to	15.05
\$25.00 Overcoats reduced to	18.75
\$30.00 Overcoats reduced to	22.50

MEN'S MACKINTOSHES AND WATERPROOF COATS	
\$10.00 Rubberized Coats, Fawn Color, reduced to	\$6.95
\$12.00 Rubberized Coats, Fawn Color, reduced to	8.95
\$15.00 Rubberized Coats, Fawn Color, reduced to	10.95
\$18.00 Rubberized Coats, Fawn Color, reduced to	12.95
\$20.00 Rubberized Coats, Fawn Color, reduced to	14.95

MEN'S TROUSERS	
\$1.50 Fancy Tweed Trousers now	\$1.15
1.75 Fancy Tweed Trousers now	1.35
2.50 Fancy Tweed Trousers now	1.95
3.00 Fancy Tweed Trousers now	2.45
3.75 Fancy Tweed Trousers now	2.95
4.00 Fancy Tweed Trousers now	3.10

Dress and Frock Suits at special prices.	
Men's Two Piece Suits at big reductions.	
Men's Outing Trousers—prices away down.	
Men's Vests—washable cloth—at little prices.	
Men's Overalls and Jumpers at great reductions.	

Men's Furnishings

UNUSUAL BARGAINS

UNDERWEAR AND SHIRTS	
Soft Negligee Shirts, regular price 75c, 85c, 1.00, sale price	50c
Hard and Soft Bosom Shirts, regular price \$1.25, \$1.50, sale price	75c
Hard and Soft Bosom Shirts, regular price \$1.75, \$2.50, sale price	\$1.13
Duck Gingham and Saten Shirts, regular price 50c, 55c, sale price	37c
Duck and Fancy Saten Shirts, regular price 75c, 85c, sale price	50c
White Unlaundersed Shirts, regular price 60c, sale price	42c
Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, regular price 30c, per garment, sale price	19c
Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, regular price 50c, per garment, sale price	32c
White French Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, regular price 50c, per garment, sale price	37c
Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular price 75c, 85c, per garment, sale price	50c
Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers, regular price \$1.00, \$1.25, per garment, sale price	70c

NIGHT SHIRTS	
Cotton and Fancy Flannelette Night Shirts, regular price \$1.00, sale price	50c
Cotton and Flannelette Night Shirts, regular price \$1.25, sale price	70c

SWEATERS	
All Wool Sweaters, regular price \$1.00, sale price	70c
All Wool Sweaters, regular price \$1.25, sale price	85c
All Wool Sweaters, regular price \$1.50, sale price	1.05

HOSIERY	
Black and Tan Cashmere Hosiery, regular price 35c, sale price	19c
Black and Tan Cashmere Hosiery, regular price 40c, 50c, now 3 pair for	84c
Fancy Lisle and Cotton Hose, regular price 20c, 25c, now 3 pair for	42c
Fancy Lisle, Silk and Cashmere Hose, regular price 50c, 75c, now 3 pair for	80c

COLLARS AND CUFFS	
4-ply Linen Collars, regular price \$2.00 per dozen, sale price 60c per half dozen.	
4-ply Linen Cuffs, regular price 25c, 30c, per pair, sale price 3 pairs for	40c

NECKWEAR	
Washable Ties, regular price 15c, now 3 for	25c
Washable Ties, regular price 20c, now 3 for	30c
Washable Ties, regular price 35c, now 3 for	50c
Silk Four-in-hand Ties, regular price 30c, sale price	20c
Silk Four-in-hand Ties, regular price 50c, sale price	30c

STRAW AND FELT HATS	
\$1.00 Straw Hats for	85c
\$2.00 Straw Hats for	1.38
\$3.00 Straw Hats for	1.95
\$2.00 Felt Hats for	1.48
\$3.00 Felt Hats for	2.24
"Stetson," regular \$5.00 Hats, sale price	\$3.49

Keeping in mind that we are manufacturers you can see that the savings are really very much bigger than appears on the surface. Why, there isn't a retailer anywhere who wouldn't be glad to buy our clothing at the prices we're selling it direct to you for during the sale.

Store closed all day Wednesday so we can be better prepared to serve you promptly when you come on the opening day.

Sale Starts THURSDAY, July 15th, and Ends SATURDAY, July 24th

Be here early if you can and come as often as possible.

OAK HALL, - SCOVIL BROS., LIMITED, St. John, N.B.