

GLOSSARY

Arshin, 2.33 feet.

Barin, master.

Barischina, labour rendered by a bondman for his master without wages.

Bobyeli, landless peasants.

Boyarsivo, nobility.

Chetvert, 5.77 bushels.

Chinovnik, civil functionary, bureaucrat.

Desyatina, 2.70 acres.

Dvorovis lyud, household serfs.

Dvoryanstvo, gentry.

Gubernia, state, department.

Ispravnik, local chief of police.

Jelnetsa, rye-growing regions.

Kabala, document binding to service.

Karasa, serge.

Kasachikh, labouring woman.

Kasakov, labouring man.

Kholop, bondman, serf.

Krestionis, peasantry.

Krugoviya peruha, mutual guarantee.

Meshanis, small householding class.

Mir, world, village or group of villages constituting a local administrative unit.

Muzik, peasant.

Obrat, payment in kind or in money in lieu of *barischina*.

Obischina, community.

Obyazannyya, obligative possessional factories.

Osmak, unit of taxation in Baltic provinces.

Peryelojnos, ten-year cultivation system.

Polonianichnikh, bond money.

Polovnikh, metayer tenants.

Pomyesineys, estates.

Pomyetschik, proprietor of an estate.

Posad, suburb.

Posemelneya obischina, agrarian community.

Posrednik, chief of the *mir*.

Prshas, bureau.

100 d, 36.11 lbs. avoirdupois.

Ruba, widow.

Ratusha, town-hall.

Ruble, 308.5806 grains gross 900 fine, or 277.7221 grains pure silver. Par value 38 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. English.

Sojen, 7 feet English.

Selo, village.

Selskiya obshchestva, village community.

Shkod, village meeting.

Sobor, assembly.

Sobranie, assembly of the nobility.

Sokha, modern Russian plough.

Sotsky, chiefs of village groups of 100 men.

Starosta, village headman.

Storshnik, chief of the *volost*.

Streltsi, bowmen.

Strellshaya, adjectival form of *streltsi*.

Tyaglo, unit of taxation.