

Glossary of Dutch Terms.

- Aarde*—earth, ground.
Afgang—slope.
Beek—brook.
Berg—a mountain.
Blaauw—blue.
Boer—a farmer.
Boom—tree.
Broek—marsh, pool.
Boschveld—an open, bush-covered plain.
Burg—a town.
Burgher—a citizen.
Commandeer—to levy troops.
Commando—a military force of any number.
Daal—a valley.
Donga—ravine.
Dorp—a village.
Drift—a ford.
Dusselboom—pole or tongue of an ox wagon.
Fontein—a spring.
Gebied—district.
Hout—wood, timber.
Inspan—to harness up for starting.
Karoo—a geographical term for certain district. In Hottentot, a "dry place."
Klei—clay.
Kloof—a valley or ravine.
Kop or Kopje—a hill.
Kraal—a native village, common among Kaffirs and other tribes.
Laager—a camp or an enclosure for defense; often made of a circle of wagons.
Lanarost—local governor.
Loop—course, channel.
Modder—mud.
Mooi—pretty.
Nachtmaal—Lord's Supper.
Nek—neck, applied to a depression between two mountains.
Nieuwe—new.
Outspan—to unharness.
Pan—bed of a dried-up salt marsh.
Poort—a passage between mountains.
Raad—an assembly—the legislature.
Roomek—term of contempt applied to British by Boers.
Ruggens—a barren, hilly country.
Schantse—a heap of stones used to protect a marksman against opposing rifle fire.
Sluit—a ditch.
Spruit—a small river.
Stad—a town.
Trek—a journey.
Veldt—an open plain.
Vley—a prairie-like meadow.
Volksraad—the national council, or parliament.
Uitlander, or Outlander—a foreigner, usually applied to unnaturalized citizens of the Boer Republics.
Uitspan—to unharness, to stop.
Zuid—south.