

any material change in the mode of Agriculture of the habitant peasantry. The endeavours of these societies to amend the breed of cattle and ploughing, may have been of some avail ; but with respect to these societies, I beg leave to say that in my humble opinion, what is chiefly wanted is, to encourage a greater production of wheat to the arpent or acre. If a premium were given to the farmer who should produce the greatest number of bushels to the acre ; a premium sufficiently large to make it an object to him to increase the ploughing and harrowing of the soil, and to add the rotation of fertilizing green crops and the forming of manure compost heaps, he would probably do so, and having done so at first with a view to the large premium (which perhaps should not be less than £8 or £10) he would, on finding the profits of this greater yield of his land, continue this mode of Agriculture on its own account.

I shall now state the nature of the plan I had proposed in my late work for the introduction of the modern system of Agriculture in the Eastern part of the Province.

The great discovery of the productive effects of alternate grain and green crops, which is now generally practised in all countries at all advanced in Agricultural knowledge, has never that I am aware of been adopted by the French Canadian Agriculturists. Those who