

Age	14	15	16	17	18	19 and over
1939-40	125,418	107,374	76,187	51,333	29,695	18,841
1940-41	124,630	101,593	70,435	46,710	26,053	15,486
1941-42	122,643	98,458	66,906	43,609	23,033	12,148

Both boys and girls are included in this table since there is little difference in the operation of their enrolment.

Complete records of the enrolment for the school year 1942-43 have not yet been compiled. The same tendency to decrease, however, is revealed by the following table which presents the enrolment figures for 53 high schools (about 5% of the total) representing all types of schools and all provinces except Quebec:

Age	15	16	17	18	19 and over
1939-40	4,992	4,594	3,383	1,860	1,088
1940-41	5,078	4,545	3,049	1,546	820
1941-42	4,650	4,095	2,675	1,306	722
1942-43	4,678	3,813	2,296	958	361

Comparable figures for Quebec are not obtainable for 1942-43. However, a decrease in enrolment similar to that during the first three years of the war in the other provinces is revealed by the following table which presents the Quebec figures, with the ages grouped for the years 1940-42:

Age	14-15	16-17	18 and over
1939-40	81,242	28,410	7,535
1940-41	77,731	25,977	7,141
1941-42	73,231	23,760	7,063

The enrolment in private as opposed to public, elementary and secondary schools, instead of decreasing, has increased considerably during the war years. Nearly all private schools are filled to capacity, and many of them have long waiting lists. More pupils than ever are being sent to private schools because of high wartime incomes; crowded public schools in over-populated areas; absence from the home on the part of parents who are in the armed services or in war industry; the lack of domestic help in the home. Also in the early years of the war the enrolment of private schools increased because many opened their doors to English war guest students.

The fact of an increased enrolment has resulted in a situation peculiar to private schools. These schools not only educate their students but they house and feed them as well. Private schools have had considerable difficulty in the last two respects because of the general lack of domestic help.

Student enrolment in Canadian colleges and universities is only slightly below the normal peacetime level. In some colleges it is even greater than normal. In all, there is a decrease of less than 10%.

The following table presents a review of the enrolment of full-time undergraduate students of the regular session by provinces for the academic years 1939-1942 inclusive:

	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Western Provinces	Canada
1939	3,236	10,943	12,316	8,873	35,388
1940	3,209	10,992	12,349	9,378	35,928
1941	3,089	10,859	11,777	9,114	34,839
1942	2,988	11,199	11,659	8,825	34,671