

Cuticura Soap advertisement for skin ailments, including pimples, blotchy skin, and itching.

IRISH NEWS.

Mr. J. H. O'NEILL, deputy vice chairman of the Poor Law Guardians of Dunmurry, died on April 11.

SISTER MARY OF MERCY died at the Convent of Mercy, Nias, on April 15. She was in the sixty-first year of her age and thirty-seventh of her religious profession.

DEATH OF FATHER JOHN HENNESSY, P. D., OF LEAP.—Father John Hennessy, P. D., of Leap, died suddenly on April 10. He was fifty years old and was born at Mounton, in the parish of Timoleague, of an old respected family.

Among the subscriptions added to the National Fund is one of £153 16s. 2d. from Michael Davitt. This sum is the balance of the fund raised by the Nationalists of Waterford, Ire., to pay the election expenses of Mr. Davitt.

Miss MARY ROSE DENNE eldest daughter of Mr. Patrick Denne, of Enderbury, King's County, Ire., and sister of Sister De Pazzi, of the Presentation Convent, Clondalkin, has been professed in the Convent of the Augustines, Paris.

ON THE 17TH ULT., Michael McCarthy, St. James's parish, with his assistant, evicted James Wolfe and Thomas Roycroft, of St. Luke, about a mile from Ballydenach, at the suit of the Edinburgh Life Assurance Company, for non payment of seven years' rent, amounting to £300. The former was allowed in as caretaker at 1d. per week.

A GENEROUS LANDLORD.—Mr. John Reilly, the merchant of St. James, who lately became owner of the Ramsey estate near Letterkenny, found the tenants in arrears, some of them in fact in the redemption status after formal eviction. Mr. Reilly did not hesitate at abatements and partial reductions, but generously wiped off all arrears, re-located those who were evicted, and re-arranged for existing rents.

A GENERAL ALE.—Mrs. Martin, of London, who owns property in Cloghan, Ire., hearing that her tenants experienced difficulty in providing seed this year, instructed Major Murphy, her agent, to supply each tenant with thirty stones of best seed oats. This act of generosity is in striking contrast to the treatment which other landlords in the district extend to their tenants. Last winter Mrs. Martin distributed blankets among the tenants.

HANDSOME PROFESSIONS.—These numbers made their solemn professions at Mr. St. Michael's Convent of Mercy, Claremorris, on April 11: Miss Josephine Lynch (in religion Sister Josephine), eldest daughter of Mr. George Cream Lynch, of Dugara, Tuam; Miss Julia Mannon (in religion Sister Mary Michael), and Miss Bridget Mannon (in religion Sister Berthman), daughters of Mr. Patrick Mannon, of Dumburra, Ardaraun. The next day Miss Annie Moylean (in religion Sister Mary Peter), eldest daughter of the late Mr. John Moylean, of Mill House, Tuam; and Miss Kate Kenay (in religion Sister Mary Anthonis), second daughter of Mr. D. Kenay, of Milnough, Ballymasloe, received the white veil.

THE BOOK OF KELLS.—What is known as "The Book of Kells," preserved in the library at Dublin, is about to be reprinted in facsimile. It is a manuscript of the eighth century containing the four Gospels in Latin, concluding prologues. The pages of this highly valuable MS. are almost entirely covered with ornaments. The initial letters of every sentence in the Gospels are treated as a subject, and with amazing variety. In the facsimile no attempt will be made to reproduce the color, because previous trials have invariably proved failures; but by the use of the isochromatic method the proper balance of light and shade can be to some extent preserved.

SEVEN FAMILIES EVICTED AT A SIGHT.—The sub-sheriff, assisted by a gang of Emergency-men and backed up by a little army of constabulary, turned out of their miserable houses on the Ophert estate in Cassel, seven families, numbering nearly forty persons, on April 12. The families evicted were gaining nothing by occupation except shelter. They are of the very poorest class, and have been in receipt of grants to maintain life for the past two years. The district is now a waste. The number of evicted families on the Ophert estate at the present moment is 236, more, probably, than on any other estate in Ireland. There are forty-five evicted families on two other small estates, making the total number in Gweedore and Clonmullye 281.

THE IRISH LANGUAGE.—The quarterly meeting of the Council for the Preservation of the Irish Language was held in Cork on April 15, Surgeon-General King, M.R.I.A., presiding. A number of letters were received, among them one from Mr. P. J. Burke, of Carrystan National School Clonmullye, who wrote: "At the examination held in my school last November I got thirteen passes out of seventeen pupils presented in Irish. I have now a very large class learning Irish." Prof. Mira Podnorsky, of Prague, wrote: "For some years I have been engaged in the study of the history of Ireland, and I intend, after some years of investigation, to write a history of your beautiful island

in our Cheskian (Bohemian) language, with special regard to the history of your Celtic race, because the history of your people and our own nation show a truly striking parallelism. I beg you to send me, if you please, a list of works relating to the history, development, present state and future of the Irish people and Irish language. I beg you most respectfully to accept me as a member of your valiant Society for the Preservation of the Irish Language."

A TRIUMPH OVER BIGOTRY.—We congratulate Mr. Joseph Mooney on his triumph over bigotry and intolerance rampant amid the majority on the Board of the South Dublin Union, says the Freeman's Journal and National Press. By the sheer force of the public opinion he has shamed into the restoration of Father Richard Quinn to the Dispensary Committee of Tallaght, from which he had been removed. Sheer bigotry can no longer afford to parade itself naked and unshamed. Father Quinn has been restored to the committee, of which he is confessedly the most efficient member, and there will be rejoicing amongst the poor in consequence. Mr. J. Byrne, as might be expected, raised technical points against the motion. But Captain Boyle, who supported the removal, had the grace to second the motion for the restoration of the priest.

ULSTER ORANGEMEN AND THE HOME RULE QUESTION.—Over 300 delegates, representative of the nine counties in Ulster, assembled in Belfast on April 15, to make arrangements for holding a convention relative to the Home Rule question. The meeting was originally fixed to be held in the Chamber of Commerce, but owing to the unexpectedly large attendance, adjournment was made to the Cathedral Hall, Alderman Dixon, Mayor of Belfast, presided. Among those present were: Colonel Sanderson, M. P., T. W. Russell, M. P., Viscount Bangor, Sir William Ewart, Viscount Templeton, the Rev. Dr. Kane and the Rev. Dr. Lynde, ex-Moderator Irish General Assembly. Resolutions advocating a fixed resolve to ignore by every means any Parliament established in Ireland having been proposed, Colonel Sanderson, M. P., said the gravity of the situation was indicated by the class of men taking part in this movement. That meeting was not an Orange meeting, and he would not mince matters. They intended to oppose, by every means that God had given them, the establishment of a Parliament in Ireland; they intended to deny its authority, and they intended to undermine and destroy it. That statement he would repeat in the House. No skill of man could devise any system of Home Rule that would be accepted and obeyed by the loyalists of Ulster. Mr. T. W. Russell declared that the meeting was the most important held in Ulster for the past 100 years. They were descendants of the Irish Volunteers, and he appealed to the Unionists of Ireland to stand firm in defence of the interests they all had at heart. The Rev. Professor Robinson, ex-Moderator Irish Presbyterian Church, said to power on earth could compel them to accept a system of government hostile to the feelings of the loyalists of Ulster. Were they to spill the last drop of their blood, no British Government could make Fenians of them. They were loyal subjects, and they intended to remain loyal, even at the expense of their lives. Resolutions were adopted, delegates, nearly 300 in number, rising to their feet, and in most emphatic terms declaring their intention to resist to the utmost not only the establishment of an Irish Parliament, but any laws which such Parliament might enact. Arrangements were then made for holding a representative convention next June.

A WEDDED LANDLORD HONORED BY TENANTS.—A novel incident occurred in Tintern Abbey, Wexford, recently, when a number of tenants presented an address and a purse of sovereigns to Captain E. D. B. Coleough, J.P., who with his family are threatened with eviction from the Abbey. At the beginning of the land agitation Captain Coleough gave his tenants a reduction in rent of 25 per cent, by which merciful action he deprived himself of any benefit from the estate. The remainder of the rent went entirely to the mortgagees, chargees and others, so that the generous-hearted Captain's sacrifice for the tenants meant the handing over to them of all that otherwise he would receive for his own support. Captain Coleough said, in response to the presentation: "My heart is too full of gratitude to the Catholic priests and people of Wexford for the efforts they have made on behalf of my family and myself, to allow me to speak as I ought in thanking you and them for the kind act. And why should it not be so? Looking beyond and above the monetary value of this present which you have just handed me, have I not reason to be proud to-night? Was there ever in the history of this country such an example of the noble and high-spirited character of the people of Ireland, and of the people of Wexford in particular? Have I not differing in religion from you and your leaders, coming as I do from amongst a class which has always been regarded as the bane and the curse of the people of Ireland—here am I when in trouble, supported through thick and thin by the very people who in the natural course of events should wish me and every member of my class to be driven out of the country." A dinner was then served in Tintern Abbey, during which Capt. Coleough proposed the health of "the Priesthood of Ireland." He said that as far back as 1768 his great-grandfather had saved the lives of two Catholic priests, and had sheltered them in the Castle of Rathobbin, where they lived. It was in charge of the peace of the district, and was supposed to be on the hunt for the friars when he was sheltering them. They remained there until the disturbance was over, and a small farm of fourteen acres was set apart for their benefit by the family; they remained there for many years until the time came when the laws against Catholics were repealed, and ever since the farm was locally known as the "Priest's Meadow." As an Irish Protestant his proudest boast on behalf of himself and family, both on the side of the Biddulphs and the Colonghs, was that when in Ireland a price was set on the head of a Catholic priest just with the same formality as on the head of a wolf or other vermin, there was not a member of their

ever took part, direct or indirect, in the disgraceful hunt. No, he had always esteemed it an honor, which he prized dearly, to have the friendship of the Catholic priest all his lifetime, and he hoped the bond which now existed between the Colonghs and the clergy of Tintern, Ransgrange, The Hook, Sutton's Parish and all round the country would never break, but would strengthen and cement them more closely as years went by.

LOSS OF THE S.S. "LION."

A Declaration of the Captains of the "Ranger," and Others.

[We received a marked copy of the Newfoundland Colonist of the 26th April, in which the following paragraph appears:— "We publish in another column the sworn statement of Captain Brazz and others of the steamer Ranger, and call the attention of the publisher of the True Witness, Montreal, to it, to which he will no doubt give place in his column, as it was there the letter signed "Alpha" first appeared. With pleasure we publish the aforementioned declaration. Our columns are ever open to all correspondents who desire to seek THE TRUE WITNESS as a medium of communication with the public. In the present case the subject seems to have raised quite a dust with our neighbors down by the sea. We know absolutely nothing of the merits or demerits of the case; however we trust that the publication of the following will satisfy all parties concerned.—ED. TRUE WITNESS.]

Declaration of Capt. R. Brazz and Others respecting the loss of the S.S. "Lion," in 1892. NEWFOUNDLAND—ST. JOHN'S: TO WIT.

We, Robert Brazz, of Greenspond, master of the sailing steamer Ranger, James Jewer, of St. John's, master mariner, and James Burgess, William Grant, Samuel Wilkes, Jacob Young and Abram Brazz, all of Greenspond, fishermen, members of the crew of the said steamer, do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:— 1. We have not, and have not had, in a letter, signed "Alpha," which appeared in the Colonist newspaper on Monday, the 19th day of April last.

2. The statements or inferences contained in the said letter, to the effect that the steamer Lion was run down by the steamer Ranger, or that the said steamer was in collision with any other vessel, are wholly untrue and have not the slightest foundation in fact.

3. The facts respecting the voyage of the Ranger and Lion, and the loss of the latter, at the time when the steamer Lion was lost, are as follows:— The steamer Ranger left St. John's at 12 o'clock, on the 12th day of April, 1892, for the month of the month. Robert Brazz was in charge of the steamer Ranger, having come up from Greenspond on the 10th day of April, 1892, to Poole's Island to lay up there until the time of leaving for the seal fishery. James Jewer was sailing master of the Ranger, and James Burgess, William Grant, Samuel Wilkes, Jacob Young and Abram Brazz belonged to the crew of the said steamer.

4. The orders from Messrs. J. & W. Stewart, the owners of the steamer, were not to leave port until 12 o'clock midnight, and we got underway immediately after 12 o'clock. The Lion had left port about an hour before we left.

5. We had on board fifteen crew and a full complement of passengers, namely, John C. Donnelly, of Greenspond, of Greenspond, and John Black of Poole's Island.

6. When we got outside the narrows and straightened Lion on our course, we could see the smoke from the Lion, and we were in the habit of stopping to see her smoke at intervals, and we were about half-way across Conception Bay.

7. We did not see the Lion or lights of the Lion at any time, and the last time we saw her smoke was between 5 and 6 o'clock in the morning, when we were about half-way across Conception Bay. Her smoke then showed the Lion to be a considerable distance ahead of us, apparently in about the same course that we were steering.

8. The night was very dark and clear and water smooth, and there was a light breeze from north-west by west. There was nothing to prevent our seeing the Lion, and we had not been shut in with the Lion, and we could not see her lights as we were following her in about the same course as she was steering.

9. We entered Beaulieu Tackle shortly after 5 o'clock, and it was broad daylight when we got in line with the north-east end of Beaulieu Island and the Point of the Bay.

10. While crossing Trinity Bay we noticed that we could not see any smoke from the Lion, and thought that after passing in front of Point of the Bay, the fog had taken a northerly wind for Trinity.

11. We were bound to Poole's Island, and were there on the 13th day of April, 1892, and we were in the habit of coming on to Trinity Bay, but it is always laid up at Poole's Island until the time arrives to leave for the seal fishery.

12. None of the headgear of the Ranger was carried away or damaged in any way on the said voyage. As a matter of fact the masts, rigging, and other gear of the Ranger were in the Ranger when she first came to Newfoundland and is still in her.

13. The Ranger did not strike the Lion, as stated in the said letter. As we have stated, the last time we saw the smoke of the Lion was when we were about half-way across Conception Bay, and she was then a considerable distance ahead of us. The Lion was a faster steamer than the Ranger, and when we got through Beaulieu Tackle the Lion was in front of us, and we were following her in about the same course that she was steering.

14. And we make this solemn declaration conscientiously, believing the same to be true, and the virtue of the provisions of the "Statutory Declaration Act, 1891."

ROBERT BRAZZ, JAMES JEWER, JAMES BURGESS, WILLIAM GRANT, SAMUEL WILKES, JACOB YOUNG, ABRAM BRAZZ.

Declared before me at St. John's, the 26th day of April, A. D. 1892, by the said parties, having first been read and explained.

J. G. COSWAY, J. P. for Newfoundland.

The Cardinals and Italian Law.

The interesting case is now before the Roman courts, which has attracted a considerable public attention, inasmuch as involved a settlement of the status of cardinals with regard to Italian law. A certain Monsignor Amilbiano, having been deprived of a coveted preferment through the representations of Cardinal Orsini, and having failed to get the satisfaction he desired from the Pope or the ecclesiastical authorities, brought an action for defamation in the civil courts against the Cardinal. Three other cardinals, Rampolla, the Vatican State Secretary, Bianchi and Monaco La Valetta, were summoned as witnesses, and the question arose whether or not they were liable to legal service. The Law of the Guarantees declares the Vatican and its precincts, as the residence of the Pope, to be "except and privileged." That is to say, the Italian law has no jurisdiction and no power to intrude there. Therefore, the Cardinal Secretary of State, who lives in the Vatican, not only cannot be compelled to give testimony, but cannot even be cited for that purpose. But the "immunity" does not extend to all the other Apostolic palaces, such as the Cancelleria and Penitentiaria, where the Cardinals Bianchi and Monaco La Valetta live. The point was argued in court, and the Minister of Grace and Justice testified that according to a royal decree of 1868, cardinals were declared to rank after princes of the blood, and before the members of the Supreme Order of the Annunziata, who

are exempt from the necessity of giving evidence in courts of justice. Cardinals, it was urged, must therefore enjoy the same privileges, and were entitled to make their depositions in their own houses. This was the view taken by the Court, but the question remained whether the cardinals would pay any attention to the decision. After some delay the cardinals consented to give their written depositions, accompanied by a protest to the effect that they yielded only to superior force.—New York Evening Post

Brought up by hand—The coal hod.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS advertisement with an illustration of a hand holding a pill.

CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as LIZZINESS, NAUSEA, DROWSINESS, DISTRESS after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others fail.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not grip or purge, but by their gentle action, please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

FATHER KOENIG'S NERVE TONIC

A Missionary Recommends It.

Dr. J. P. M. B. of Montreal, Dec. 12, 1891. I have used your Father Koenig's Nerve Tonic in curing a case of Epilepsy in the case of a Mrs. Gorman, and it stopped the fits from the time she commenced taking it. I wish you an extensive sale for this beneficent remedy.

ST. VINCENT'S HOSPITAL, Toronto, Ohio, June 9, 1891. We used Father Koenig's Nerve Tonic for epileptic fits in the case of a Mrs. Gorman, and it stopped the fits from the time she commenced taking it. I wish you an extensive sale for this beneficent remedy.

SISTER BILLY, Secretary. A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address. This medicine is free of charge. This pamphlet has been prepared by the Sisters of the Holy Family, and is a most valuable treatise on this subject.

KEPHEG MED. CO., Chicago, Ill.

Prepared and Sold by the Proprietors, in Montreal by E. LEONARD, 113 St. Lawrence Street.

MUCH BETTER, Thank You!

THIS IS THE UNIVERSAL TEST. MOST OF those who have suffered from CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, OR ANY FORM OF BRONCHITIS, after they have tried

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES—Of Lime and Soda. IT IS ALMOST AS PALATABLE AS MILK. IT IS A WONDERFUL FLAVOR PRODUCER. It is used and endorsed by Physicians. Avoid all imitations and substitutions. Sold by all Druggists at 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Montreal.

CARPETS!!

This Spring opening pronounced by connoisseurs to be the finest ever shown in this Market. Carpets for the most cultivated tastes in art. Carpets for the thrifty and humble household. Carpets that will look and wear well at moderate prices. Carpets for every description of building. Carpets for Institutions and Public Buildings. Carpets for Churches and Public Buildings. Carpets for Hotels and Restaurants. Carpets for Mansions and Art Galleries. Anglo-Indian Border Carpets.

Thomas Ligget,

1884 NOTRE DAME ST. GLENORA BUILDING.

FOR SALE

Dry Blocks..... \$1.50 Dry Kinding..... 2.00 Cut Maple..... 2.50

800 Loads Sawdust.

J. C. MACDIARMID & CO., 830 St. James Street. Telephone, 810.

VICTORIA, B.C., CATHEDRAL.

The placing of fine Memorial Windows in the Sacred Edifice.

The memorial windows are being placed in the new Roman Catholic cathedral. That to Bishop Demers is finished; it occupies one of the spaces at the back of the chancel. The companion window, to the memory of Bishop Segheis, will occupy a position opposite. The coloring in the Demers memorial window is quiet and beautifully harmonized. The central portion represents the conversion of the Ethiopian and the benediction bestowed upon him by Saint Philip. The upper and lower panels are filled with exquisite floral designs in which the diffusion of color is most pleasing to the eye. When the sun plays upon the window the effect is beautiful, filling the chancel with rich varied tints and communicating part of the splendor to the vast interior of the sacred building; purpurizing the deeper shadows and fringing with rosy illumination the tall pillars; melting the soft dim light of the sanctuary to a golden haze and casting over everything a delicate reflected light. When all the lofty windows of the chapel are filled with these fine windows the effect will be gorgeous. The McQuade memorial windows and that of the Fets will be put in place probably this week. The work is being done by the firm of R. Lettice & Son, Fort Street. Mr. Creed, their foreman, an expert in the handling of glass, is superintending the putting in of the windows. The memorial windows were manufactured in Ontario, and Mr. Creed says they are a credit to the country, as well as to the manufacturers. It is understood that the remaining large windows of the cathedral will not remain long filled with ordinary glass, and that the cathedral will soon be able to boast of a magnificent set of stained glass windows. The other work on the cathedral is progressing favorably. The great brazen electric light chandelier in the transept is nearly finished. The painting is completed, and with the exception of the settings, altar fittings and the organ nothing remains to be done. No definite date has been fixed for the formal opening of the cathedral, but the middle of next month is mentioned as the proper time.

LADIES.—We secured three first prizes and diplomas at Montreal, Ottawa and Sherbrooke, 1891, for the extra quality of our manufacture of Silver-Ware and replating old goods equal to new. We supply private families and Hotels direct from our factory. Free delivery to any part of Canada. Samples replated at dozen rate to show work.

THE CANADA PLATING CO., 763 Craig St.

Niagara University, (Niagara Co., N.Y.) Mr. Editor, The feast of the Transfiguration of Saint Vincent de Paul's robes was celebrated at Niagara University (College and Seminary of Our Lady of Angels), with much solemnity on the first of the present month.

By an indulgence of Pius VII., the second Sunday after Easter, the day on which the translation first occurred in 1830 was set aside for the celebration of this feast and ever since that time the two families of Saint Vincent the Apostle of Charity, have in their churches, convents, colleges, and seminaries observed the happy occasion with all possible devotion. So on Mass was celebrated at 8 o'clock with Father Madoney as celebrant, Rev. Mr. O'Reilly as deacon and Rev. Mr. Walsh as sub-deacon. After the Gospel the Rev. celebrant delivered a very instructive sermon on the veneration of the robes of the saints. He narrated the circumstances leading to the hiding of Saint Vincent's body at the time of the French Revolution, its subsequent identification by the proper ecclesiastical authorities and its entombment amid the shades of Catholic Paris in its present shrine in the choir of the Vincentine fathers in Paris. After Vespers the Veneration of St. Vincent's robes was made by the assembled students, Brothers and seculars each one as he kissed the sacred reliquary repeating no doubt the prayer of holy Church for the occasion, "Credo salutem illum quam ejus sacri cinere adluc spiritum."

The Medical Department of Niagara University held its annual Commencement at the Star theatre, Buffalo, on the 24th inst. The graduates numbered only eight, but that is rather a credit to the doctors controlling the medical college as with, and not numbers, is sought for and exacted. The students of the department of Niagara were among the few who refused to sign a petition exempting them from the law of appearing before the dreaded board of State examiners. They are willing to face the music.

The graduation exercises began at 8 o'clock P.M. before a large and representative audience. Right Rev. Bishop Ryan, C.M., the chancellor of the University, with Father Kavanaugh, C.M., the Vice-chancellor and Father Grace, Secretary of the University, represented the College of Arts. The graduates who were "hooded" according to the old-time formula adopted and followed by the University were Frederick A. Hayes, Alois Joki, Jas. Edw. Gilbert, Jas. Jos. McAvoy, Jas. Jos. Kane, Glas, S. Dickenson, Jos. H. Dunigan, Jas. M. Sweeney, the Rev. Wm. B. Wright of Buffalo delivered the address to the graduates. The Niagara Alumni gave a banquet in honor of the graduates at the Genesee Hotel.—Con.

Dr. T. A. Steinhilber's OXYGENIZED EMULSION OF PURE COD LIVER OIL. It not only cures a Cough, but is For sale by all druggists. 35 cents per bottle.

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Carsley's Column.

MAY MOVING!

Many people seem to dislike moving time, but we like it very much! In fact the more the moving there be, the more the pleasure, don't you see. Then come a moving and all this month we guarantee a daily round of pleasure. But let thy moving be a daily lesson for commercial education participating in a few good things obtainable free.

S. CARSLY'S MAY SALE

May has always been one of our most satisfactory business months in the year. This May so far has been very good and on the principle that all good things deserve encouraging, we have decided to offer special inducements during the whole of the balance of this month.

ARTICLES OBTAINABLE FREE

Tea and Coffee Free every Saturday this month. Useful English or French Dictionary given free with each Five Dollars purchase or over on all Saturdays this month. Webster's Large Unabridged Dictionary given free any day this month with all purchases of Thirty Dollars or over, or with Fifty Dollars or over during the balance of this month. Useful English or French Dictionary given free with all Ten Dollar purchases or over on all Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays of this month, and with Five Dollar purchases on Saturdays.

MANTLES

A special line of Ladies' Cloth Peleries, at \$1.90 each. All Styles in Peleries. All Shades in Peleries. Ladies' Lace Wraps at all prices, from \$7.50 to \$51.00 each. Ladies' Travelling Cloaks, \$2.00.

JACKETS

Special line of Ladies' Cloth Jackets, extra value, \$3.50. Special line of Ladies' Cloth Jackets, extra value, \$5.00. All Prices in Spring Jackets, up to \$50.00.

DRESS GOODS

Scotch Cheviot and English Costume Tweeds in all weights and in the newest designs. MUSLIN DE LAINES

FIGURED MATERIALS

In every new design for Spring and Summer and in all the most choice seasons' shades. Every Novelty in DRESS FABRICS added to stock as soon as produced. For the Best Value in DRESS FABRICS come to

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Every kind of Black Dress Fabric now in stock, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. Black Redon Gowns. Black Madras Cloths. Black Cheviot Serges. Black Bombard Serges. Black Diagonal Serges. Black Meleta Serges. Black Lustres, plain and figured. Black Cashmeres, plain and figured. Black French Merinos. Black Foul Serges. Black Bengallines. Best Makes and Qualities in Crapes.

NEW SILKS

Colored Figured Bengallines in all New Designs. Printed China Silks, Light Colored Grounds. Printed China Silks, Medium Colored Grounds. Printed China Silks, Dark Colored Grounds.

SPECIAL LINE

Of Faille Francaise in all the leading shades, \$1.00 yard. Special value in Black Gros Grains. A very choice and well assorted stock of Black Dress Silks to select from. Surah Silks in all Shades.

THE RIGBY SUITS

It is already pretty well proven that the Rigby Waterproof Garments suit the Canadian Climate, and give satisfaction in every particular. Consequently

RIGBY CLOTHING

is becoming more and more popular as it becomes known throughout the Dominion.

S. CARSLY.

765, 1767, 1769, 1771, 1773, 1775, 1777, 1779

Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

S Carsley's Column.