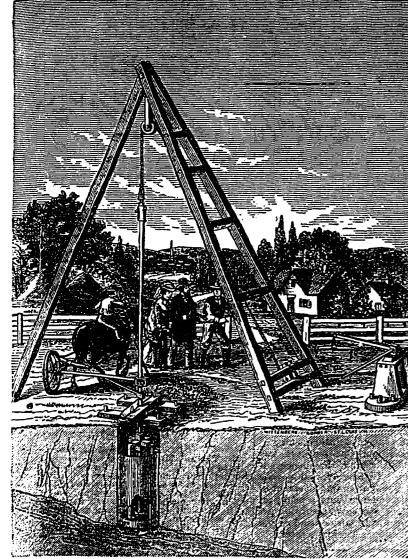
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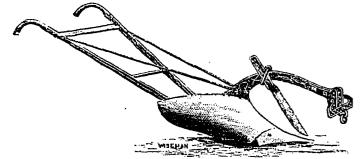
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MANUFACTURER OF PIME SOAPS AND CANDLES, ders from Town and Country solicited, and uptly attended to. Nos. 299 & 301 William Street, MONTREAL.

Legal.

P WINCE OF QUESEC District of Montreal. Superior Court. Dame Mathilde Menard, of the St. Jean Emptiete Village, bias let of Montreal, wife of Molse Onlinete. On the same place, duly authorized a ster en justice, Plaintiff, vs. "he said Moise Oulmet, of the same place Defendant.

An action en separation de biens has been instituted in this en se.

An action on soper services.

stituted in this car se.

ETHER & PELLETIER. Mantreal February 10, 1879 3.5

Advocates.

DOHERTY & DOHERTY,

ADVOCATES, &c. No. 50 St. James Street, Montreal. T. J. Doherty, B. C. L., C. J. Doherty, A. B., B. C. L. Bells, &c.



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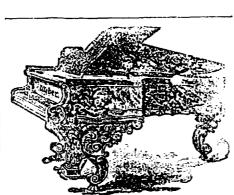
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Messrs, A. & S. NORDHEIMER respectfully inform the Public of Montreal, and vicinity, that they have opened their NEW WARE-ROOMS in Nordhelmer's Hall, for the sale of the justly celebrated Planos of CHICKERING & SONS, STRINWAY & SONS, DUNHAM & SONS, HAINES BROTHER, and other firstclass makers. The assortment is the targest and be t selected ever seen in the city, and comprises Squares, Uprights and Grands.

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PRINCIPAL CONVENTS in the United States; the loading Musicians of Her Majesty's Opera, of the Italian Opera, and all celebrated Plantsis declare them unequalled by any other planos for

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Mr. T. CARLI has the honor to inform the Clergy, Religious Communities and the public generally, that he will continue the business in his name, and that in his Store will always be found the best assortment of Religious Statuary, Paintings and Decorations, Architectural Ornaments, Rosettes, Cornices' and all executed at the shortest notice.

Statues made with Cement on which the temperature has no effect.

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#### City & District Savings Bank. SPECIAL NOTICE,

Until further notice this Bank will receive on special d. posit, upon very favorable terms the notes and deposit receipts of the Consolidated Bank. E J. BARBEAU.

Carboline.

# THE BALD HEAD'S FRIEND



now improved and Perfected—Is Ab-solutely the thiry Article that will bestore lists on said Heads. And Cares all Discusses the skin and scalp

What the World Has Been Wanting for Centuries

What the World Has Been Wanting for Centuries

The greatest discovery of our day, so far as a large portion of humanity is concerned, is CAB. B. Line, an article prepared from petroleum, and which effects a complete and radical cure in cases of buldness, or where the hair, owing to diseases of the scalp, has become thin and tends to fall out. It is also a speedy restorative, and while its use secures a luxuriant growth of hair, it also brings back the natural color and gives the most complete satisfaction in the using The falling out of the hair, the accumulations of dandruff, and the premature change of color, are all evidences of a diseased condition of the scalp and the glands which nourish the hair. To arrest these causes the article used must possess medical as well as chemical virtues, and the change must begin under the scalp to be of permanent and lasting benefit. Such an article is CABOLINE, and, like many other wonderful discoveries, it is found to consist of elements almost in their natural state. Petroleum oil is the article which is made to work such extraordinary results, but it is after it has been chemically treated and compleiely deodorized that it is in proper condition for the toilet. It was in far-off Rusria that the effect of petroleum upon the hair was first observed, a government officer having noticed that a partially bald-headed servant of his when trimming the lamps, had a habit of wiping his oil-besoneared hands in his scanity locks, and the result was in a few months a much finer head of black, glossy hair than he eyer had be that a partially bald-headed servant of his when trimming the lamps, had a habit of wiping his oil-besoneared hands in his scaniy locks, and the result was in a few months a much finer head of black, glossy hair than he ever had before. The oil was tried on horses and cattle that had lost their hair from the cattle plague, and the results were as rapid as they were marvel ons. The manes and even the tails of horses, which had fallen cut, were completely restored in a few weeks. These experiments were heralded to the world; but the knowledge was practically useless to the prematurely bald and gray, as no one in civilized society could tolerate the use of refined petroleum as a dressing for the hair. But the skill of one of our chemists has overcome the difficulty, and by a process known only to himself, he has, after very elaborate and costly experiments, succeeded in deodorizing petroleum, which renders it susceptible of being handled as damily as ine famous eau decologue. The experiments made with the deodorized liquid on the human hair were attended with the most astonishing results. A few applications where the hair was thin and falling gave remarkabe tone and vigor to the scalp and hair. Every particle of dandruff disappears on the first or second dressing, and the liquid, so searching in its nature, seems to penetrate to the roots at once, and set up a radical change from the start. It is well known that the most beautiful colors are made from petroleum, and by some mysterious operation of nature the use of this article graunally imparts a beautiful light brown color to the hair, which, by continued use, deepens to a black. The color remains permanent for an indefinite length of times are deepens to a black. The color remains permanent for an indefinite length of times discovery of the age, and well calculated to make the prematurely bald and gray rejoice.

We advise our readers to give it a trial, feeling satisfied that one application will convince them of its wonderful effects.—Pittsbury Commercial of O

THE GREAT AND ONLY

#### Hair Restorative. KEAD THE TESTIMONIALS

DAVISVII LE, CAL, NOV. 8, 1878.

CHAS. LANGLEY & Co., San Francisco:
DEAR SIR—I take great pleasure in informing you of the most gratifying results of the use of CAIROLINE in my own case. For three years the top of my head has been completely baid and smooth, and I had quite given up any hope of restoring the hair. Four weeks ago I noticed the atvertisement of CARBOLINE, and on the recommendation of a friend. I concluded to try a bottle without any great hopes of good results; however, I have now used it less than a month, and, to my most agreeable astonishment, my head is completely covered with a fine, short, healthy growth of hair, which has every appearance of continued grawth; and I confidently believe it will restore it as completely as ever it pearance of continued grawth; and I confidently believe it will restore it as completely as ever i

healthy growth of hair, which has every appearance of continued grawth; and I confidently believe it will restore it as completely as ever it was in my youth.

I take great pleasure in offering you this testimonial, and you have my permission to publish the same. Yours truly, CHAS, E. WHITE,

Daviville, Cal.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of November, 1835.

JAMES D. KING.

Notary Public.

JGSEPH E. POND. Jr., Attorney at Law. North Attleboro', Mass., says: For more than twenty years a portion of my head has been as smooth and free from hair as a billiard baill, but some eight weeks ago! was induced to try your CABBOLINE, and the effects have been simply wonderful. Where no hair has been seen for years, there now appears a thick growth. It is growing now nearly as rapidly as hair does after it is cut. You may use the above testimonial if you choose, and may refer to me for its truth MR. W. S. G. J.D. No. 70 River avenue, Allegheny City, Pa., writes to us that he had his head badly scalded by hot water and that CARBOLINE not only cured his head but caused his hair to grow luxuriantly.

ALFRED PHILLIPS, Druggist. Gloversyille, NY, says: My wife has tried CARBOLINE, and she has now a coating of hair over the top of her head an inch long where her head has been entirely BALD for years

[KNRGOLA, Ill., March 18, 1879.

SIRS,—By the persuasion of a friend I began to use CARBOLINE on my head hast September, which had been bald for twenty years, and now I have a nice grow hof hair on my head that surprises everybody that has observed the fact.

A. G. WILLIAMS, M. D.

THOMAS LAWRENCE, M. D., Mill Creek, Ill., says: I can cheerfailly recommend CAR-ROLINE as a remedy for Baldness I was entirely bald, and procured one bottle of CARBOLINE in the care are my for Baldness I was entirely bald, and procured one bottle of CARBOLINE where there was no appearance before I began using CARBOLINE.

C. A R HOLLINE.

#### CARBOLINE Is now presented to the public without fear of contraduction as the best Restorative and Resutifier of the bair the world has ever produced,

PRICE ONE DOLLAR per Bottle Sold by all Draggists. KINNEDY & CO., PITTSBURG, PA.,

sole Agents for the United States, the For sale by all Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, and wholesale by NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto, Ont

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BROWN & WEBB, Halifax, N. S., Can.

THOS. B. BAKER & SON, St. John

N. B., Can.

1-mwf

H. HASWELL & CO., General Agents for Canada. A Summer Thought.

One summer hour 'mid sun hine, song of birds and breath of flowers, My funcy wandered gladly through nature's rich domain domain.

And sought among God's wondrous works in this bright world of ours

To find the very fairest o'er hill, and vale, and plain.

Unfettered thought sought trackless paths where
the swift channels bounds,
In Alpine snow-capped mountains 1 lingered
with delight.—
I saw how cam the ocean, till a thunder crash
resounds
And the wild wrath of the storm cloud proclaims
its rower and might.

its power and might. I rested 'neath the ahadow of the mighty forest

tree—
And through the woven branches sought gimpses of the sky:
I heard sweet sounds above me, nestling leaves and humming bee.
And caught the wild bird's trilling note as it soared on high. watched the sunshine lingering as if with

rev'rence lender, To crown with parting beauty the fast declining And shed its rays of crimson and glorious golden splendour Once more with dazzling radiance, before it passedaway.

The purple shadows deepened, and the grey mists The purple snanows accepence, and the grey mists rose and curl'd

Wilds, and waves and woodland wonders, fading—laded from my sight.

O'er the sky evergloomy banner slowly, noiselessly unfurt'd

Closely wrapp ng earth and ocean in the sable cloak of night.

Night! but oh! one swift glance upwards then I gave to the culm heaven. Where spirit hands were bringing out each shining silver star.

And Northern Lights were gleaning as if the

skies were riven
To show a ray celestial from the golden gates
afar.

Through depths of deepening azure, like countless bright eyes glancies;
Shone stars—some, near, some distant, dim and tender like a dream.
And winding in among them with light faint, yet entrancing.
The fifted, wearing Miky Way, a shimmering silver stream.

With deep admiring wonder, 1 bent in adoration
Heart and soul and voice uniting, while tears
filled my dazzled eyes
And methought i've fount the fairest work in
all God's fair creation,

Only heaven can give more rapture than the summer starlit skies! BELLELLE.

#### MONSTER MEETING IN LIMERICK.

We take the following report of the Home Rule meeting at Limerick, which has excited so much adverse comment, from the Ulster Examiner of Sept. 6th:-

Limina at Sunday. A monster demonstration, organised by the local farmers' club, in connexton with the visit of Mr. Parnell, M.P., took place in Limerick to-day. The meeting was held in the Fair Green, there being about fifteen thousand people present.

The Rev. Marcus O'Cleary, P.P., Kilmallock, presided, and there were on the platform-Messis, Parnell, M.P., Richard O'Shaughnessy, action as an influence on the Government in M.P., W. H. O'Sullivan, M.P., and M. Gabbett, asserting the rights of Ireland," thanked them M.P., together with several Catholic clergy- for the way in which his name had been re-The proceedings were throughout of a men.

rather disorderly character. Mr. O'Sullivas, M.P., speaking to the first renting system being carried out again in the the lands, and if he found that the tenants place in the House of Commons state the facts of the case, and denounce by name both the agent and the landlord who committed the wrong. He would protect the people from tyrannical landlords and heartless agents.

(Cheers) Mr. Parnelli, Irish representatives to bring under the notice of Padiament the depressed state of the count that could be brought to bear upon them. He try with a view to inducing the Government to procure such relief for the people as would save them from the impending ruin. They were, said, he in this country in the face of a very grave crisis, a crisis which they were only commencing to see, and no man could tell them how that crisis will end; yet he firmly believed that, bad as were the prospects of this country, out of that had they would obtain good for Ireland and the people who live in Ireland. (Applause.) He thought that it was the duty of the State to arrange

a system of the land tenure in a country so as to have the greatest amount of food obtained from the soil of that country. (Cheers) In Ireland they obtained the least quantity of food; they supported the smallest possible number of people, and did the very opposite to that—obtaining the greatest food for the greatest number. (Hear, hear.) They in Ireland only looked for peaceful and constitutional means for the settlement of their great question, and they had those constitutional means at their hands to settle it. (Hear, hear) Now a reduction of rent had been demanded. Yet supposing the landlords were not going to give that reduction, what were they (the tenants) going to do? He did not wish to run down the landlords of Ireland; there were many of them, he hoped the majority of them were as good as they could be expected under the circumstances. He wished to point out that it was just where the greatest need existed the greatest difficulty would be found in obtaining the reduction. It was the duty of the Irish tenant-farmers to combine among themselves, and ask for a reduction of their rent —(hear, hear)—and if they got no reduction, where a reduction was necessary, then he said that it was the duty of the tenant to pay no rent until he got it. (Loud applause. And if they combined in that way, and if they stood together when being refused a reneonable and just reduction, and keep a firm grip of their homesteads, he could tell them that no power on earth could prevail against the hundreds of thousands of tenantfarmers of this country. (Cheers.) If they maintained that attitude victory must be theirs. (Cheers.) If when a farm was tenantless owing to any cause they refused to take it, and if the present most foolish competition among farmers came to an end, as undoubtedly it now must, men who were forgetful of reason or of common sense must come to reconsider their position. He believed the land of a country ought to be owned by the people of the country... Voices... "So say we all "- and he thought that they should centre their exertions upon obtaining that

end. They would find after one or two sea-

sons like this that the landlord class, would

only be too willing to come in and say, " For

God's sake give us the value of our lands, and

English misgovernment in Ireland. When they had the people of this country prosperous, self-reliant, and confident of the future, they would have an Irish nation which would be able to hold its own among the rations of the world. (Cheers.) They would have a country which would be able to speak with the enemy in the gate, they would have a people who understand their rights, and knowing those rights, were resolved to maintain them, and they would have all this without infilicting any injustice upon any individual. By all means give the landlord a fair valuation. He did not wish to assume the attitude of a prophet, but if he did he would venture to predict that the offer that was now made to the landlords and the English Government would never be made again. (Cries of " Never.") He called on the landlords and the State to make a good bargain while they could,

for the market was falling. (Cheers)

Mr. Hishox proposed—"That the farmers of this country pledge themselves not to take any farm from which a tenant has been evicted for refusing to pay a rent which, in the opinion of honest and impartial valuators, is a rack-rent, and which would would make it impossible for the person paying it to maintain his family wit decency and comfort."

Mr. Molosky, of Rilline, seconded the resolution.

Mr. Gabrett, M.P., also supported the resolution, which was passed with acclamation. Another resolution urging all farmers to join in preparing petitions for reductions of rent having been passed, The proceedings closed.

Limerick, Monday.

Messrs, Parnell, O'Sullivan, O'Shaughnessy and Gabbett, members of Parliament, were entertained by the Butt Committee to-day in Limerick, they steamed down the river Shannon on one of the pleasure steamers. They were accompanied by about twenty priests and fifty gentlemen, including some of the staunch supporters of the late Mr. Butt. When the steamer got near Loop Head a luncheon took place on board, when several toasts took were honored, including "The Queen," "The Lords and Commons of Ireland," "Prosperity to Ireland," "The memory of Isaac Butt," "The Irish Hierarchy and clergy," Home Rule, and the city Representatives" At the mention of the Queen therewere several hisses. A few stood up

to honour the toast. The Very Rev. Dr. MEEHAN, in speaking to a toast, said Mr. Parnell had no better friends than the priests and people of Limerick City and County, and they would give him a great

support. Mr. O'SULLIVAN, M.P., warned the Government not to treat Ireland with too high a hand, as there was an Ireland in every town in England and a great nation of Trish in America who would not allow Ireland to be crushed. All they asked was that Ireland should not be governed by Englishmen or

any other men except Irishmen. Mr. O'Shavonnessy, M.P., ridiculed the statement made that a reduction of the Irish representatives was contemplated.

Mr. PARNELL, in responding to the toast, Success and renewed force to the policy of action as an influence on the Government in ceived. He was sure that the movement which had been originated by Isaac Butt in Limerick would be brought to a triumphant resolution, which called for a reduction of and speedy conclusion before many years can tent, said whenever he heard of the rack- chapse. He said the Irish members were surrounded in Parliament by influences County Limerick he would send a valuator on which were hostile to every hope, feeling, and aspiration possessed by were paying a fair rent before the increase lishmen. (Cheers.) He thought, how-took place in proportion to the rent paid on the neighboring properties, he would from his and they ought to be independent of English public opinion as long as that opinion clashed with the opinion of the people of Ireland. (Applause.) He was confident that if the Irish people were determined on an active Irish policy, and sent an increased number of members to support that policy in the House cheers, supported a resolution, exhorting the of Commons, it would be utterly impossible for any government to withstand the pressure said that although the Government expressedly stated that they did not intend to touch the question of Irish university education during the last session, they soon saw reason to change that intention, and he believed that if the Irish members had succeeded in modifying the Army Discipline Bill by the course of action they adopted with regard to it, they might also by the same measures have rendered the University Bill more acceptable and useful than it was in its present form. They, however, intended to criticize it during the next session, although he knew that the difficulties in the way of its amendment would be ten times as great as they originally would have been. They had to work in those days by peaceful and constitutional means, and the sacrifices they were called upon to make were not onetenth of what the sacrifices of their forefarhers had been in many a bloody battlefield

> The reception accorded to Mr. Parnell was most enthusiastic.

(Cheers.)

Letters of apology for non-attendance were rend from the Bishop of Limerick, Mr. Shaw, M. P., Mr. Henry, M. P., and Major O'Gorman, M. P.

#### Russia Arming for a Life and Death Struggle-Its Army of

3.000,000. [From Le Messanger de Velune.] Russia is at this moment in the midst

of great military preparations. Her arsenals are day and night at work. Private letters, that come from perfectly trustworthy sources, tell us that she has already a store of guns and ammunition sufficing for 3,000,000 of men. Moreover, in a single year she has cast no less than twenty-five hundred cannons on a model newly introduced from England. Against whom are these preparations leveled? Are they at Austrian, Hungary or at Germany? One is tempted for an instant to believe that the Russians mean to bring at once to a head the issue which is certain to rise between them and the Hapsburg dynasty, with reference to the limits of their respective eres of activity in the Eist. But, if our news be true, the sentiment which really governs them is one of jealousy toward Germany, whose influence in Europe they view with distrust. Prince Gortschakoff cannot forgive himself for having with his own hands pushed the Iron Chancellor to, power and having put within his grasp the incredible successes of to-day. Prince Bismarck, on the other hand, believes that his work would be incomplete unless he conquered the Baltic Provinces. Thus the two great statesmen, allies in the past, rivals in the present, are linked by this common hope—that by creating a powerful division in a foreign country one may contend with the Socialism of Germany, the other with the Niblism of Russia. That is the duel which is now in the air, as surely as was that of France and Germany after Sadowa: and spattern day and

let us go in peace, and then they would have the tarmers of this country occupying the position that they ought to hold. They would have them independent in feeling, self-reliant, and national country occupying the pendent in feeling, self-reliant, and national pendent in feeling, self-reliant, and national country that they bear them. (Cheers). They would have broken down the barriers which existed between classes in -Pauline Lucca has been stung by a fly. The newspapers lost no time in announcing this country, and by doing so they would The newspi have removed the very strongest supports of her death.