# The Canada Presbyterian 

## IMPROVED CLASS ROLL

## IMPROVED SCHOOL REGISTER

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Cantasis of the houscholders in over 1,000 owns in England, with regard to the English Sunday Closing Bill, now beiore Parliament, show a frome demand for such legislation, the proportion dine seven to one in favour of it. Separate votes f the working classes show nearls eleven to one. lectitions in favour of the liill have been presented to the present Parliament to the number of 11.790 . with 1.703733 signatures.

Tulne is good ground for believing that the adhesion of Pope I.co XIII. to the French Republic is the result of the influence of Cardinal Rampolla, the Papal Secretary of State, who is the most influential of the advisers of IIis Holiness, and that it indicates a desire on their part that Italy should become a Republic, since they believe that this would solve the Roman question, and give the lope the liberty of which he says he is deprived.

Br an absolutely unanimous vote the large selection cominittce of the Marylebone Presbyterian Church decided to recommend the congregation to call the Rev. Dr. Stalker, of Glasgow, as successor to the late Dr. Donald Fraser. Dr. Stalker has asked for time and full information, before making up his mind, should the call go forward. In the meantime, Rev. Dr. Pentecost, who has just returned from India, will supply Marylebone pulpit for five Sundays.

Ar Dunkeld Presbytery recently an overture was moved by Rev. T. R. Rutheriord asking the Assembly to enact the ohservance of Chrismas and Easter as a step towards Christian uniun. After Rev. James Mackenkic had expressed the view that it was impolitic to take such action at present, alienating as it would the greater portion of the dissenters with whom they desire to be united, the motion was withdrawn, its mover however declaring that he would reintroduce it at next mecting in another form.

A1 the cluse of isSi the membership of the Enelish l'resbyterian Church stond at 56,099 ; at the close of $i$ Sy 1 it had risen to $66, j 74$. The membership in 1577 (the year after the Union) was 50.739 ; so that durms the past fourteen years the increase has been rather more than thirty-one and one-half per cent. The total revenue in ISOt was $\$ 1,175,250$, as compared with $\$ 1,043.0 j 0$ in I'sis ; also a satisfactory increase. The greatest increase, however, during the decade, is in the amount raised for missundy purnures, which last ycar amounted to $\$ 12 \mathrm{~s}$,-


Tilf: Irish P'resbuterian General Assembly's College has closed its siession. At the valedictory exercises the venerable president, Dr. Killen (now bordermar on his ninetieth jear, occupied the chair. Dr. Watts' address dealt with late developments of the scionn of inneiern critics. The Theological Fac. uity conferred the degree of D.D. On Rev. J. Max. well Rodgers, Derry, O. I, eitch, Letterkenny, W. Mloore, Spain, and S. Robinson, Australia. The subject of the closing addreis at Derry, which was writen by the late Dr. $\Lambda$. C. Murphy, and read by Professor MeMaster, was ." The relations which otherin the and Bib ical teaching sustain to une another in the ordering of our lives."

Glascoll I'ree Church 'resbytery has unanimously agreed to ask the Assembly to retain Rev. Dr. Douglas as Pancipal of Glasgow College, and nominated for the I Iebrew chair Rev. Dr. Stalker, Rev. G. A. Smith, Rev. D. Maclachlan and Rev. $\Lambda$. Harper, of Melbourne. Dr. Stalker, however, desired his name to bedropped, as his studies had not been such as to fit him fur the dppuintment. Rev. John Robertson, of Gorbals, tibled a motion that Mr. Smith be not nominated, and yave as his reason that pentleman's views on the inspiration of the Bible Four voted for it, and he and two elders dissented.

Tut: New York Indepcutut says: The postponement by the authorities of the Vorld's Fiair of the decision of the Sunday opening question till next October gives opportunity lor further protest. The country is becoming aroused, and is making it apparent that Sunday opening would be regarded as an insult to the Christian conscience. Many of those who want open gates on Sunday want them because of opposition to all religion. They would hail a favourable decision as a blow at Christianity: On the other hand, many oppose open gates who are not religious, but who want a day of rest preserved to the workingman.

Mk. MElimN, a Portugucse lay missionary at Madcira, was arrested and tried for expounding the Scriptures and singing a hymn at a Protestant funeral in the Portuguese cemetery on All Souls' Day when it was crowded with Roman Catholics. A clever lawyer, engaged by Mr. William Smart, succceded in obtaining his accpuittal on the ground that the service was not an act of public worship inas. much as Mr. Mellin was not an ordained pastor. Twelve years' banishment from the islands would have been the punishment. A fresh start with the Firee Church Mission has been made under Rev. A. Drummond Paterson.

TuE Belfast correspondent of the Bratish Wickly writes : The vacant congregation of Elmwood, Bel fast, of which the late Dr. A. C. Murphy was minister, has practically decided upon the Rev. Samuel McComb, B.D., late of Reading, Berks, and now of Armagh, as his successor. The committee of selection, numbering seven, are unatimously in his favour, and will. it is understood, as unanimously recommend him to a congregational meetmg to be held shortly. Elmwood is the collegiate Church of the city. Its academic element is very strong; the Presbyterian Professurs, both in the Queen's and Divinity Colleges, being members of it. It is a splendid position for a young minister of Mr. Mc. Comb's power and academic tastes and habits.

Dr. Hennelions, of Paisley, Moderator of the United Presbyterian Synod, addressed the students of the Theological IIall, Edinburgh, at the close of the winter's session. The fight of faith, he said, was harder in many respects than it used to be. It was in vain to fight against the spirit of enquiry, and frown upon and condemn it with stern measures of repression. It could only do har:n. The way of presenting Divinc truth changed, and it must be remembered that it was not error of belief that proved manto be no Christian. Men might be Christians though they were not perfect in their lives, and so men might be Christians though their faith be neither full nor in all points correct. If the Church of Christ was to prosper, there must be a wise toleration.

TuE Rev. D. Mekinnon, of Chalmers Church, Glasgow, died suddenly a short time since, after occupying the pulpit both forenoon and afternoon, and presiding at a mecting of Session. On reaching his residence at Craigicbank, Crosshill, he had to be assisted to a chair, where he suddenly expired. Mr. McKinnon, who was a native of the island of Mull, had been in failing health for some time, and recently applied for a collcaguc ande successor. IIc was over forty years a minister of the Free Church, having been ordained in Lockerbie in 1851 and transferred to Chalmers Free Church in IS59. His wife
died suddenly about two years ago on the jubiled day of their marriage. Mr. Mckinnon is survived by a son, the Rev. John McKinnon, of South liree Church. Dumfries.

Tilt amnual meetings of the foung l'coples Guild were hell in lumfries recently. Rev. Dr Stalker preached the sermon in St. Georges Church. Professor Salmond presided at the business inect. ing. From the reports submitted by Kev. Dr. Mitchell, of Linlithgow, it appears that during the past year the number of the guilds and affiliated associa tions increased from 275 to 320 , and that louth has already attained a circulation of 15,000 . Mr. D. IV. Rannie was elected honorary president and I'rofes sor Salmond president for the ensuing year. Sheriff Watson, of Newton-Stewart, presided at an evening meeting, at which addresses were given by kev. C. G. McCric, Rev. W. Patrick, and others. Professor Drummond, speaking at the Guild conference at Dumfries, called for the abolition of one of the two or three stated Sabbath services in the (hurch that the young might get justice done to them. The people were sick of sermonizing, and the ministers were tired and sick of making sermons. Making a sermon was the work of Chist, but it was questionable if in 1892 the making of two a seck was the best thing a minister could do for Christ.

Mtimleal. Missions are one of the most fruitful branches of missionary work. In this branch the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Socicty was the pioneer half a century ago, and still takes the lead. Within the last ten years over fifty young men have gone forth as fully-qualified medical missionaries from its Livingstote Memorial Training Institution, and sixty-nine of the Society's former students are now at work in all parts of the world, healing the sick and preaching the Gospel. All the missionary societies draw upon the Society, since it is wholly unsectarian. It has missions of its own in Palestine, at Nazareth and Damascus. The present incume is little enough, barely exceeding $\$ 30,000$. The last of the iounders, Rev. G. D. Cullen, died only last October. Mrs. Isabella Bishop, the famous traveller, in an introduction to the Memorial, says a survey of many mission fields and of vast unevangelired regions, specially in Asia, where Christianity comes in contact with Islam and the higher philosophical non-Christian systems, has led her to thinh that the multiplicati $n$ of male and female medical missionaries is the most impurtant work in connection with missions which is befure the Church.

TuE Christion Lcader remarks: If the Church is fully to utilize women in her work, she must use them spécially in the work for which they are fitted. A lady, speaking in Jisgar during the week, said that, except in the work of Sunday schnol teaching. little was asked uf them, except when it came to be a question of raising money. If there were money needed in connection with a Church, then immediately the cry was, "Ask the ladies. They know how to raise money." It was strange that the men who knew best how to raise money for themselves turned to the women as soon as there was any to be made for God. The evil was that many women thought when they had worked tor a bazaar that they had donc all the work that was demanded of them as Church members. Most congregations include, not only upon the cominunion rolls, but more conspicuously in the pews, a much larger provortion of women than men. But too often women had to go outside the life of a congregation in order to find scope for spiritual work. Une of the characteristics of the present time was that the democracy was willing to histen to the voices of women on social questions. They would be likewise willing to listen on religious topics. Women, therefore, ought to be encouraged in trying to upbuild the spiritual as weal as the material fabric. But men must not forget that the chief work of women must, after all, lie in their homes, and it was there that they could best build up the Church by setting higherideals of duty before their children.

