The Toronto World.

SIXTH YEAR — TUESDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 22 1885. — PRICE ONE CENT

THE ROUMELIAN REVOLT.

THE PRINCE OF BULGARIA DEFIES THE TURKS.

Reliance of the Sultan upon the Signatory Powers of the Berlin Treaty—An Apparent Clearing for War.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Prince Alexander of Roumelia has issued a proclamation announcing that he has assumed sovereignty of the two provinces of North and South Bulgaria. Gabriel Pasha, the deposed governor, is under guard. Communication between Turkey and Bulgaria has been cut off, the porte having forbidden the issue of railway tickets beyond Adrianople. The Russian papers are generally rejoiced at the turn of affairs, holding that the move is a checkmate to England's intrigues for an alliance with Germany.

The agents of all the great powers signatory to the treaty of Berlin have sent despatches to their respective governments approving of the movement of Friday last. It is rumored at various consulates in this city that the ambassadors at Constantinople have succeeded in dissuading the porte from sending Turkish troops to regain possession of the country.

Israel Washburn of the Roberts college, an American institution on the Bosphorus, who has just returned from a two months' tour of Bulgaria and Roumelia says: I heard more talk of a union among the people of Roumelia than I did in Bulgaria." "The question of a union was constantly forced upon Roumelians by increasing material interests and the burden of supporting two governments which considerably oppressed the people, besides the industries were injured in Roumelia and sometimes totally destroyed by custom houses artifically dividing the frontier between Roumelia and Bulgarian ports, preventing free trade between the two states. If the present state of things continues it will inevitably make trouble in Europe. Russia is losing her influence in the Balkan states, and although the Bulgarians are grateful to Russia for gaining them independence they have still bitterly resented several attempts made by Russian agents to control the administration I think the Bulgarians have a perfect genius for administration. While allowed their independence the Bulgarians would willingly ally themselves with Russia, but would ally with Austria against Russia rather than lose their independence. The Bulgarians are steadily at work building roads and railways and making other public improvements."

The Bulgarians have occupied the Balkan passes.

A Bad Lookout for the Sultan.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Standard, commenting on the rising in Eastern Roumelia, says: "We cannot believe that the powers interested were ignorant of what was coming. If they were the gravest trouble may arise. England has only the faintest interest, while Austria and Germany are bound to co-operate in keeping the Berlin treaty intact, and it remains to be seen how it will affect Russia. If the treaty powers are acting in concert the Sultan is helpless."

The Powers and the Berlin Treaty.

VIENNA, Sept. 21.—An inspired article in the Fremderblatt states that they continue to cherish a desire to respect and maintain the treaty of Berlin. The action of Prince Alexander of Bulgaria in placing himself and his army at the head of the rising constitutes a grave violation of international laws. It is a challenge to Turkey. Europe cannot for the benefit of a single Balkan state endorse this infraction of treaty rights, entailing disruption of the balance of power and of the national political forces of the Balkan peninsula as fixed by the Berlin treaty. It is premature to say definitely what common action will be taken by the powers but it is certain that the movement will be kept in the narrowest possible bounds, the powers retaining supreme control of events in the Balkans.

Gabriel Pasha, the deposed governor of Roumelia, is a prisoner at Sofia.

The Berlin Zeitung is confident that the powers are able to deal with the crisis. The various European ambassadors on furlough are hurrying to their posts.

Anarchy in Albania.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 21.—Anarchy prevails in Albania. The Turkish troops and a body of Albanians have had an engagement near Prisrend. Five battalions of Turkish troops have been despatched to the scene of trouble.

Waiting For England to Speak.

PARIS Sept. 21.—The French diplomats hope that the outbreak in Roumelia will reunite England and France. In view of the rising being an apparent scheme for the partition of Turkey, the French newspapers urge that France should act cautiously in dealing with the matter and await a declaration of Lord Salisbury's policy.

"THE EARTHLY PARADISE."

The Author of That Famous Poem Arrested at a Socialist Meeting.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—An enormous socialist meeting was held yesterday at Limehouse. The crowd prevented numerous attempts of the police to arrest the speakers, but the officers finally succeeded in arresting Mr. McMahon, secretary of the socialist league, Steward of a German club, and six spectators. The police encountered the greatest difficulty in preventing the mob from rescuing their prisoners as they were being marched to the police station. The crowd followed the police, hooting at them and at times making rushes to liberate their companions, but the police kept their ground well and beat them back with their clubs. The prisoners were to-day brought before the magistrate and fined and imprisoned for short periods for obstructing the police in the performance of their duty. During the hearing the police arrested Wm. Morris, the famous "Earthly Paradise" and other famous poems, for assaulting them. Mr. Morris declared that the police had hustled and assaulted several lady witnesses. Bennett Burleigh, journalist, corroborated the statement of Mr Morris and said the police kicked his leg. Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

CABLE NOTES.

Rev. Dr. Wm. Smith has been appointed Catholic Archbishop of Edinburgh.

An epidemic of fever and ague has appeared at Gibraltar similar to that which followed the cholera epidemic in 1865.

It is expected that Germany will accept a coaling station in the Carolines, and on that understanding the dispute with Spain will be settled.

Alarming reports were received at Paris yesterday to the effect that China is massing a large force of troops on the Tonquin frontier.

Brigands in Macedonia have captured the Archbishop of Verias, his niece and another lady. They demand 3000 pounds for the ransom of the prisoners.

The Belgian government is preparing a bill to authorize the sending of paupers to the Congo country as colonists, provision being made to secure them a livelihood.

A VICIOUS PHILANTHROPIST.

The Strange Career of a Man Who Led a Double Life.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 21.—There died in a brothel in this city on the 4th inst., Edward S. Sanborn, an old man, who has been known to the police for many years as the proprietor of various houses of prostitution. There was buried in Kingston, N. H., three days later Major Edward Sanborn, a conspicuous and public spirited citizen, who was widely known in his native state as a liberal patron of the cause of education and religion. Sanborn was born at Kingston, N.H. He came of good stock. His part of his father's estate was $37,000. He seems to have formed, about thirty years ago, a deliberate purpose to lead a double life. In his native town he was known as a good man, a philanthropist, a contributor to educational and religious enterprises. In Boston he was known for thirty years as a libertine, an unscrupulous money getter, a grasping, avaricious, miserly man. In the thirty years he accumulated about a quarter of a million of dollars by a method from which even degraded men shrunk. He joined partnerships with keepers of disorderly houses and accumulated money rapidly. He became parsimonious, often denying him self comforts which men in ordinary walks of life enjoy. About five years prior to his death he determined to eclipse all further efforts and to leave a monument to his disgraceful business. His plan was foiled by disease and death. About seventeen years ago he met Miss Julia A. Hilton, a remarkably handsome girl whose home had been in Maine. They formed a friendship which endured for nearly seventeen years. She accumulated about $80,000, the greater portion of which she bequeathed to Sanborn. Her relatives have contested the will on the ground of undue influence and the case will soon come up in Boston. Sanborn's fondness for Miss Hilton was so great that he erected a few years ago in his native town a marble monument on one side of which he had inscribed her name, and on the other his own, leaving the date of death blank. His purpose, however, to have her bones lie beside his own were thwarted by her relatives, for she died last April, while Sanborn was too ill to see that his wishes were respected, and her relatives carried Miss Hilton's body to her native village. To perpetuate their names Sanborn decided to erect an educational institution in his native town and endow it handsomely. In 1883 he built at Kingston the most ornate public building in the state. It is constructed of brick and granite, and in an arch over the main entrance is inscribed "Sanborn Seminary." Miss Hilton contributed money for the library, and in that room is a beautiful marble bust of herself and one of Mr. Sanborn. Beneath his bust, which represents a seemingly venerable philanthropist, is inscribed the following legend: "This seminary was founded and endowed, and this building erected by Edward Stevens Sanborn, in token of his regard for his native town, and his appreciation of the importance of education. The library was presented by Julia Ann Hilton." Sanborn's relatives have decided to contest his will, which leaves all his property to the institution. Sanborn seminary will not be occupied till the contest has been decided.

Bankers' and Office Men's Knitted Coats selling off at Thompson & Son's for about half price—part of Forbes Convey's bankrupt stock.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

The twelfth annual convention of the brotherhood of locomotive firemen of North America opened at Philadelphia, Pa., yesterday.

The New York Journal of Commerce says: "Estimates for the cotton crop are now coming in. The range is from 6½ to 7½ million bales."

The 61st., session of the sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd fellows was opened yesterday morning at Oddfellows Hall, Baltimore.

Texas fever has broken out among the cattle at Duquoina, Ill. The fever was contracted from excrements dumped out of the cars which had contained cattle suffering from fever.

A fever of excitement exists over the confirmation of reports of the discovery of a vast silver deposit in the Sabinas mountains, 100 miles southwest of Chihuahua, Mexico. Large numbers of miners from New Mexico and Arizona are hurrying to the fields.

In New Orleans it has been raining almost incessantly since Friday. Many streets and sidewalks are overflowed. Telegrams from Yazoo, Ouachits, Red, and Mississippi river valleys report excessive rains and much damage to the cotton crop. The rice crop throughout Louisiana is more or less damaged.

Hog Cholera in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 21.—The state veterinary says there are thirty counties in this state infected by hog cholera. Thus far the disease is more prevalent than at any time within the history of the state, and the losses will reach $100,000 or more. Large numbers of hogs are being shipped to market that are infected, and as a consequence it is appearing in counties not before infected. It is also a fact that nearly every stock yard in the eastern two thirds of Kansas is infected, and all shipped through these yards are exposed to infection.

Gents' driving gloves. A big line wonderfully low in price at the Bon Marche.

The Hilton Trophy.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—The Hilton trophy, worth $3000, was to day shot for at Creedmoor by three teams of twelve men each, namely: U. S. Regular army team, and the New York and Pennsylvania state teams. The shooting was at 200, 500 and 600 yards, seven shots at each distance standing at first range, and optional attitudes at the others. The Regulars won with 997 out of a possible 1200 points, the New York state team getting 968 and the Pennsylvania state team 957 points.

Count Wolf Receives a Year.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 21.—George Wolf, alias Gustav Winter, otherwise Count Wolf, who was brought to this city from Montreal to answer a charge of forgery, was arraigned to-day. He pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Beheaded by Her Nephew's Wife.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 21.—Mrs. Patrick O'Neill accused her husband's aunt of creating trouble between her husband and herself, and while alone with the old woman yesterday dragged her from her bed and cut her head off.

Autumn Underwear selling off at Thompson & Son's at wonderfully low prices.

Barnum offers $400 reward for a little bit of Jumbo's ear that was stolen.

THE DISEASE DECREASING

SMALLPOX REPORTED TO BE LETTING UP IN MONTREAL.

A Village of Pock-Marked Inhabitants—Belief in the Virtue of Vaccination Increasing—Two Hundred Deaths in St. Jean Baptiste.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—There are now 98 smallpox patients in the civic hospital, of whom 87 are doing well.

Great complaints are made of the state of affairs in St. Henri, although there are no reliable statistics as to number of cases there, but a large percentage of the people in the street are freshly pock-marked and nothing is done, so a correspondent writes, to check the disease in the municipality.

Smallpox in the southwest part of the city is said to be on the increase. Owing to deaths of some members of the families in the east end who were not vaccinated and the recovery of those who were vaccinated, many who were hitherto opposed to vaccination are now submitting to it.

It is estimated that since the outbreak there have been over two hundred deaths in St. Jean Baptiste village.

The brick building in the grounds of the Mount Royal cemetery trust has been secured for a convalescent home.

The building known as the Fletcher house in the east end, capable of accommodating fifty or sixty patients has been secured as an hospital.

A deputation of Anglican clergymen waited on the civic board of health to-day and asked that a certain portion of the civic hospitals be assigned to Protestant patients, and that the sisters of St. Margaret and other protestant nurses be allowed to wait on them.

At a meeting of the citizen's committee this afternoon Cure Leclaire of St. Joseph's parish, stated that smallpox was increasing in the parish to an alarming extent. The French people, he said, were careless about it, and there was danger of its spreading further. He advocated most liberal measures on the part of the civic authorities for hospital accommodation, isolation and relief of the distressed. He had the permission of the bishop to give a house at Longue Pointe capable of accommodating 1000 patients and a committee was appointed to meet the municipal council of Longue Pointe in regard to the matter.

Ladies' Scotch wool underwear very cheap at the Bon Marche.

THE PLAGUE AT PALERMO.

Hundreds of People Dying of Cholera Daily—The City Becoming Deserted.

ROME, Sept. 21.—Reports from Palermo to day show a distressing state of affairs Thirty thousand persons fled from the city. All the shops are closed. The streets are almost deserted. There is great scarcity of food and the water epidemic is increasing with frightful rapidity. The sanitary officials are attacked by the people every time they attempt to disinfect houses where the disease prevails and meet with great difficulty in carrying on their work.

King Humbert has sent a despatch to Palermo expressing great sympathy for the suffering people. He also sent $10 000 to be distributed among them. He places his villa Favorita at the disposal of the sufferers and exhorts the people to show their courage and calmness during the trying ordeal through which they are passing.

Morality in Politics.

From the London Spectator.

Sir Charles Dilke's constituency have determined to accept as absolutely true his assurance that the charge brought against him is untrue, and to stand by him at the general election. This is, we think, honorable to the electors of Chelsea; and it was, we think, honorable to Sir Charles Dilke that he offered to retire rather than endanger the seat by contesting it with so grave an accusation hanging over his head. We cannot, however, in the least agree with some of our contemporaries, that even if the charge were true, and had not been denied, politics should have nothing to do with conduct. If great constituencies once show that they hold such a creed we may be quite sure the result would be a great impetus to profligacy All that is really known of a man will count, and ought to count. In commanding the confidence or rousing the distrust of a sound popular feeling.

Tobacco Workers Free from Cholera.

From the Medical World.

"In Valencia, Spain, which is now being decimated by cholera, there is a national tobacco factory employing 4000 women, not one of whom has been affected by the disease." We believe that fact was also noticed in Amsterdam, Holland, during the cholera epidemic. Those employed in the handling of tobacco, as cigarmakers, enjoyed a singular immunity from the cholera.

The Bon Marche selling off. Farley retiring from business.

The Blanket Makers' Association.

A meeting of the Blanket Manufacturers' association was held in Toronto the other day. Each member handed in a statement showing the number of pairs of blankets made this year, and also the number of pairs on hand. As compared with the quantity made last year, and the proportion allotted to each mill for this year's production, it was found that the total quantity made was not equal to more than one quarter of last year's output, and less than half the quantity each manufacturer was entitled to make; this result has been obtained by running part of their machinery on other lines. The stock on hand to-day is very considerably less than at the end of 1884. Owing to the scarcity and consequent increase in the price of blanket wools, there was a feeling that blankets should be advanced 2½c. per lb., but the matter was left in abeyance for the present. Some odd lots of inferior goods by small makers have been offered at less than 45c., and may have somewhat disturbed the market, but no standard goods will be sold this year under 45c. by the association.

Secretary Morriss Resigns.

Several days ago George B. Morriss sent in his resignation as secretary and receiver of the waterworks department. The mayor kept the document in his possession until yesterday, when it was considered with closed doors by the committee. Mr. Morriss' grievance is that the recent changes in the department has put him under the control of the superintendent, formerly he was amenable to the city treasurer. It would seem from this that Mr. Hamilton and the secretary do not pull well together. However that may be, it is understood that Mr. Morriss yesterday expressed a desire to withdraw his resignation, but the committee it is believed recommended that it be accepted, although the probability is that if Mr. Morriss couches his withdrawal in language acceptable to the superintendent the affair will blow over.

SOFT BRICKS IN A SEWER.

Report of the Experts on Garrison Creek Work—Tenders for Pavements.

When the members of the works committee took their places yesterday afternoon John Turner, ex-alderman, addressed them on the trunk sewer scheme. He said the citizens were awake to the necessity of the sewer as the only method of relief from the intolerable nuisance that existed along the water front. He suggested that the engineer be instructed to prepare estimates and plans for the work, the method of disposing of the sewage, etc., with a view of bringing the matter before the council and citizens in a practical light. A resolution embodying these suggestions was passed.

The experts—John Herbert, David Williams, Daniel Livingstone, S. James—appointed to examine into the construction of the Garrison creek sewer submitted a report. On August 15 a section of the sewer 509 feet north of Queen street was opened; in the two top rims they found 111 soft bricks, and the cement mortar was very poor. At another point 230 feet south of section one, they found the brick very fair, with only 12 soft bricks; the cement was about the same quality. Section three, 74 feet north of Adelaide street, was found first-class in all particulars; section four, 150 feet south of Adelaide street, was correspondingly good. On section five, 82 feet south of King street, they found six soft bricks; the cement was good. On August 29 they made a thorough examination of the sewer's interior. Entering the sewer at the south end they found a settlement at the retaining wall on the west side of the discharge, and also a considerable length of sewer and discharge very much filled up by deposit caused by the height of the bed of the creek. North of Queen street they found a deposit of gravel and sand extending a distance of 223 feet. At several points the invert of the sewer was very unevenly laid and the joints in the brick work very thick; many of the joints were washed out and the bricks could be picked out with a knife. At Bellwoods park they found a settlement or crack in the crown of the arch extending a distance of 167 feet, caused, no doubt, by the spreading of the haunches of the arch; they did not think it would spread further. The experts made recommendations to remedy these defects and offered some suggestions with reference to the construction of sewers. They favored the use of gray lime and sharp sand as mortar, and were adverse to the use of white bricks, as the pinky or bastard white bricks were the very worst class of bricks to put in a sewer. In very severe weather work of this description should be suspended. Their report was ordered to be printed and sent to the council. The report was supplemented by a bill for $480 for fees. The secretary was instructed to ask the experts for details. The engineer recommended the construction of a block pavement on Prince Arthur avenue at a cost of $1350; and on Borden street, at a cost of $7000, and of sewers as follows: On Victor avenue, Lefroy street, lane lying between Bathurst and Carlyle streets, Dufferin street, lane between Gladstone and Northcote avenues. The recommendation for extending Stewart street was withdrawn. The petition against a sewer on a lane in rear of Bathurst street, from Niagara to Duoro street was not entertained.

Mr. Sproatt reported on the expenditure to-day: Roadways—appropriation, $30,000; expended, $27,313. General purposes—appropriation, $28,400; expended, $24,858. Sidewalks—appropriation, $48,800; expended, $46 103. Balance on hand for all purposes, $8938

A number of minor matters in reference to sidewalks, sewers and claims were disposed of. The name of Hope street was changed to Manning avenue.

Tenders for roadways were awarded as follows: Sussex avenue, Burns & McCormack, 54c per sq. yd., 13 cents kerbing, $1.65 crossing plates; Medcalf street, Burns & McCormack, 49c. per sq. yard, 15 cents kerbing, $1.90 crossing plates; Wellington street (stone), Yonge to Bay, R. Wilson, $2.48, 79c. and $2.20 respectively; Henderson avenue, A. W. Godson, 50 cents, 16 cents and $2 respectively; Niagara street, Ardagh & Leonard, 55 cents, 14 cents and $1.50 respectively; Stafford street, Ardagh & Leonard, 55 cents, 14 cents and $1.90 respectively.

Property Committee Affairs.

The property committee met yesterday afternoon. Peter McIntyre asked for the lease of several island lots in the neighborhood of Burns' ice house; he proposed to expend $800 in the erection of a coffee house and beautifying the place. The matter was left over. The sidewalks on the island were ordered to be paid for. John Gray was recommended to the police commissioners for the position of special constable on the centre part of the island during the winter months, his wages to come out of police funds. The balance of Stewart & Son's account, $210, for plans, estimates and other architects' work in connection with city buildings was discussed and a sub-committee was asked to report thereon.

HARD ON THE HERALD.

A Motion Before the Montreal City Council to Boycott the Paper.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—At a meeting of the city council this afternoon Ald. Jeannotte referred to the attacks the Herald had made on the French Canadians, and finished by moving, seconded by Ald. Ray:

That the Herald be banished from the city hall, and that the city clerk be instructed to notify the proprietors that they will not receive any more of the corporation advertising.

After some discussion on the matter the motion was made the first order for the next meeting.

A Direct Appeal to Race.

From Yesterday's Evening News.

MONTREAL, Sep. 21.—The case of alleged libel against the proprietor of the News began at 2 o'clock this afternoon before Justice Baby. Extreme bitterness is shown by the prosecution, and unless the English portion of the jury have a strong sense of British fair play and act accordingly, the chances of a fair trial are slim.

After the jury had been sworn in the court adjourned.

Dangerous Weapons For Boys.

WESTON, Sept. 21.—A sad accident happened here yesterday morning. Two sons of Mr. Joseph Horsfall of Montreal, were visiting at Mr. J. Sykes and were handling a revolver when it went off and shot the younger brother through the leg. Very little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

She Lost Her Pocketbook.

KINGSTON, Sept. 21.—A Mrs. Hayes felt the loss of her pocketbook containing $5.80 keenly. She took about four ounces of laudanum, from the effects of which she died Saturday night.

The North Shore Definitely Transferred.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—Negotiations by which the North Shore railway passes over to the Canadian Pacific were concluded to-night.

WILLIAM J. KYLE IN COURT

AFTER A PRELIMINARY HEARING HE IS RELEASED ON BAIL.

A Strong Wave of Public Sympathy in Favor of the Accused—How the Ontario Bank Officials Compounded a Felony.

When the case of W. J. Kyle was called in the police court yesterday very little progress was made. What there was of it had the effect of stirring up a very strong current of public sympathy for Mr. Kyle and at the conclusion of the proceedings he was released on bail, which had been reduced from two sureties of $5000 each to two sureties of $1500. The sureties came forward in the persons of Mayor Manning and Mr. Lem Felcher of the Woodbine hotel.

In opening the case, Mr. J. F. Smith, solicitor for the Merchants' bank, asked for a remand so that he might bring a material witness from Shewan, county of Simcoe. The witness was one Bernard Doyle. To this Mr. Bigelow, Mr. Kyle's lawyer, made answer that it was only a ruse to keep Mr. Kyle in jail so that they could obtain a "snap" judgment against his estate. Mr. Smith denied this and said that regular civil suits would be entered against the estate.

Mr. Cooke, manager of the Merchants bank, was then put in the box. He testified that he knew the firm of Wm. J. Kyle & Co., which consisted of prisoner and Mr. John McKay, of Fenelon, Ont. Mr. Kyle had an ordinary mercantile account with the bank. The note produced, which was for $202 44, purporting to be signed by Susan Quinn, and endorsed by Wm. Kyle & Co., was received by himself with a note given as collateral and a hypothecation receipt signed by Mr Kyle. To the best of his belief the signatures on all the documents were in Mr. Kyle's handwriting.

To Mr. Bigelow witness stated that Geo. R. Donovan, a clerk in the warehouse, sometimes did business at the bank. The witness would not be positive as to whom he got the note from. Mr. Kyle on rare occasions discounted notes at the bank, but he was frequently there on other business. While Mr. Kyle was in Winnipeg witness received a telegram from that place advising him that there were rumors afloat that the Ontario bank held forged paper of Kyle & Co. When he suspected that his bank had forged notes he had an interview with Munro, who stated that all would turn out right. Mr. Kyle cancelled Munro's power of attorney on Tuesday last. Since then he had seen Munro several times. He admitted that Mr. Kyle gave every facility to the bank to ascert in the true condition of the business. He did not try to get a settlement from Kyle on Friday last for paper held by the bank. He never took any paper to cover Munro's forgeries.

Mr. Cooke being unable to swear who deposited the forged note in his bank was allowed to go and see. He returned and said it was Donovan. Mr. Cooke then admitted that the Ontario bank knew of a $1500 forgery. The manager cornered Munro, who had forged the paper, and who was using the money for his own purposes, and he took the money out of the firm of William Kyle & Co. to pay it.

This statement caused Magistrate Denison to open his eyes. He said: "That is compounding a felony. I fancy that there is too much of this sort of work going on among bank managers. Some of them will one day go too far and overstep the mark. The result will be that they will find themselves inside the walls of a penitentiary." This stern rebuke of his worship caused a sensation in court.

The only other witness examined was J. J. Quinn, son of Mrs. Susan Quinn, whose name was forged to the promissory note in question. Mr. Quinn said the only note of his mother's held by Kyle & Co. was one for $100, which fell due on Oct. 2 next. Witness was positive the note exhibited in court was a forgery.

The magistrate said it would be necessary to have Mrs. Quinn present also. The old lady, who is rather feeble, arrived just as the court was adjourning. She testified that she did not sign the note. She then signed her name on a slip of paper, and when compared with the signature on the note it was plainly seen that they had not been made by the same hand.

During the examination Mr. Cooke said the amount of forged paper held by the Merchants' bank was between $20,000 and $30,000.

The hearing was adjourned until this morning.

COMPOUNDING FELONIES.

How the Ontario Bank Covered Itself—Mr. James Walsh Stuck for $3000.

In connection with these forgeries a story has leaked out which does not place Mr. W. H. Smith, local manager of the Ontario bank, and his officials in a very enviable position. A little over two weeks ago Colin Munro went to Mr. Smith and laid bare the facts of the forged paper on which he had received advances from the Ontario bank. Munro said he threw himself upon Mr. Smith's mercy. [It is also asserted that at the same time Mr. Cooke of the Merchants was appraised of the forgeries]. Manager Smith talked the matter over with Munro, and told him to bring in all the good paper he could to replace the crooked stuff. Munro first went to Mr James Walsh, who is connected with the provision firm of D. Gunn & Co., at 78 Front street east and asked him for a five days' accommodation note for $3000. Munro explained that he was overdrawn in that amount in the Ontario bank, and as the inspector was in town he wanted to straighten his account. Mr. Walsh had been on very friendly terms with Munro for some ten years, the latter having been a clerk with D. Gunn & Co. for three years. Mr. Walsh at once granted Munro's request, and the note was handed over to the Ontario bank people. Mr. Walsh is now stuck for the $3000, unless he can resist the payment of the note on the ground that it was obtained by fraud or in an illegal manner. After the Ontario bank people got all they could out of Munro they told him that he had better skip out. It is also asserted that Munro drew out a check of the firm of Wm. Kyle & Co. in favor of the Ontario bank to help to cover the crooked paper held by the bank. It is not known that Munro handed over any good paper to replace the forged paper to the Merchants bank after Mr. Cooke heard about the forgeries. But it is quite evident Mr. Cooke gave Munro every opportunity to get away. Mr. Cooke could have effected his arrest without the least bit of trouble after he learned of the forged paper.

A Brave Woman.

After the big rush of business at the Grand opera house during the fair, business fell off last night, when James M. Hardie and Miss Sara Von Leer made their bow in the play bearing the above title. A Brave Woman is an emotional melo-drama with a fairly interesting plot, and the parts are sustained by a company of fair merit, Mr. Hardy and Miss Von Leer assuming the leading roles. The engagement will continue for two nights more and there will be a matinee to-morrow afternoon.

A COMPLAINT ABOUT COAL.

Not Satisfied With That Delivered at the Waterworks—Committee Meeting.

The waterworks committee met yesterday forenoon. Charles Martin, speaking for Inglis & Hunter, said that since the new engine had commenced running he had been but poorly satisfied with the quality of coal supplied by Elias Rogers & Co. In every eight hours' turn an average of eight barrels of clinkers were taken from the furnaces. The specifications bound the city to give them the best quality of coal. Mr. Rogers defended himself. He claimed that no complaints against the coal had been heard until the test commenced. The quality of the coal was uniformly good, and he wished a chance to test it against other first quality Pittston or Scranton coal, so as to relieve his firm from the imputation of supplying inferior coal. Superintendent Hamilton said he had complained about the quality of the coal long before the new engine was started. After further discussion, in which Mayor Manning expressed satisfaction with Inglis & Hunter's engine, the committee agreed to first test the engine with contract coal. If the result was unsatisfactory they will allow an opportunity with coal from another dealer.

A sub-committee was appointed to investigate into the break in the 36-inch valve between the old and new engine houses August 14. Two employes said it was caused by Engineer Vanable's negligence. Ald. Sheppard moved to fine the engineer $50, but action was deferred until the committee reported.

The superintendent recommended the construction of mains on Ossington avenue, Givens street and Gladstone avenue; the respective costs will be $2350 $2350 and $50; the revenue $108, $40 and $8. None of these passed. Mains on Sussex and Classic avenues costing $650 and $400 and yielding $48 and $30 will be constructed. Inspector Cloudesley reported that Contractor John Perkins had failed to comply with the new steel boiler specifications in the following particulars: Rivet holes were punched instead of drilled, the manhole mouthpieces were formed of wrought iron rings, instead of cast iron frames; the supports were only eleven instead of fourteen inches long. Action was deferred pending a more detailed report.

Waterworks Notes.

The second test of the new waterworks pumping engine was begun at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and will continue 48 hours.

The revenue from services for the year will be $283,000, or $20,000 in advance of last year's figures.

Up to date 1500 new water services have been put in this year.

John Mallon wants the St. Helen's main extended to Bloor street, the Dundas street main extended to the same limit, and that on Brockton road south to the tracks.

The sub-committee awarded Chas. Robertson & Co. the contract for alterations to the engine house for $1020.

The superintendent puts the expense of laying a new 24 inch main over the 8600 feet from the reservoir to Wellesley street at $49,880.

If you want Irish linen table cloths or lace curtains extraordinary cheap, go to the Bon Marche.

A Scheming Scott Act Detective.

To the Editor Toronto World.

WALKERTON, Sept. 21.—One George H. Candler introduced himself to the office of the Bruce Herald on Friday last as a reporter in your employ. He produced a printed card having on it "The Toronto World," with his own name at the lower corner. He stated he was sent up here to interview both parties on the working of the Scott act in this county and report thereon for your paper. It now appears he is a Scott act informer employed by the clerical supporters of the act, whose sole business is the entrapping of hotelkeepers and others under the guise of being your reporter. WM. WESLEY, Bruce Herald.

[Candler was not sent up by The World. He advertised himself sometime ago as a private detective, and in August wrote to The World saying he was going up to Bruce on some business or other and as he would have an opportunity of investigating the workings of the Scott act he wished to have the opportunity of writing a series of letters thereon for this paper. The offer was not entertained, and in thus representing himself as a reporter or attache of The World he is guilty of both falsehood and deception. The authorities ought to look after him.—ED. WORLD.]

The Indian Home at Sault Ste Marie.

Rev. E. F. Wilson lectured in St. James school house last night on the Shingwauk home. He established this home near Sault Ste Marie thirteen years ago for the purpose of educating and christianizing the Indians of that district. Mr. Wilson has lately caused to be erected a home for girls near by. To meet the expense of repairing the old building, of erecting the girls' home and of establishing a branch in the Northwest $10 000 is required. To raise this sum Mr. Wilson is lecturing throughout the province. At the end of the lecture last night a collection was taken up and a tidy amount realized.

Another Forgery Unearthed.

Until recently Robert Houghan was manager of the Toronto business of the Canadian Rubber company of Montreal. The company parted with his services on account of irregular dealings with them. It is now understood that a criminal information has been or is about to be sworn out against Houghan charging him with forging the company's name to checks amounting to $8000 or $9000. Houghan, in accordance with the regulation pattern in such cases, has skipped out.

An Old Man's Legs Cut Off.

Chas. Angus, 60 years of age, had both his legs amputated just below the knees yesterday afternoon by a Grand Trunk express going west. He was walking on the track near the round house, and as the train approached he fell over the rail. He was taken to the hospital, where his injuries were treated. He lives at Carleton.

Farrar on Browning.

Archdeacon Farrar of Westminster will deliver a lecture on Robert Browning at Shaftesbury hall to-night. The fame of the learned divine is a sufficient guarantee that the lecturer will be greeted with as large an audience as Shaftesbury hall has seen for some time.

The Li-Quor Tea Company's Prizes.

The Li-Quor Tea company, in answer to a correspondent, claim that they have in every way complied with the terms of their advertisement.

A Fall that Resulted Fatally.

William Garton, the man who fell off the Wellington avenue bridge Sunday morning, died at his residence, 8 Hickory street, last night.

Steamship Arrivals.

At New York: California from Hamburg.
At Southampton: Fulda from New York.
At Queenstown: City of Berlin from New York.
At Glasgow: State of Georgia from New York.
At Father Point: Montreal from Liverpool, Pruss an from Glasgow.

THEY MET AT THE FAIR.

DORCHESTER STATION FURNISHES ANOTHER ELOPEMENT SCANDAL.

Mrs. Reider of Paris Runs Away With Thomas Webster—Husbands No. 1 and No. 2 Meet Face to Face.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Dorchester station, on the G. T. R., is becoming notorious for marital infelicity. First, Dr. Moore deserted his wife and ran off with a servant girl. Now, according to the Free Press, another sensation has been caused by an elopement. On Saturday last a stranger arrived from Paris in search of his runaway wife. He stated that he is a carpenter by trade. He manifested extreme grief over the faithlessness of the woman who swore at the altar to love, honor and obey him. She had lived with him seventeen years and had borne him four children, but had now gone off with a handsomer man. The couple resided together harmoniously until in an evil moment the wife decided to attend the Great Western Division picnic, which was held at Hamilton last July where she met Thomas Webster, a resident of Dorchester station, who produced a decided impression upon the too susceptible Mrs. Reider; in fact she became "mashed" on the young gentleman. It was finally arranged that a meeting should take place between the couple, and London was selected as the place therefor. The provincial fair was deemed a suitable opportunity, and the couple visited that city. Since that time the woman has been sojourning at the residence of the young man's father, while preparations were being made for entering into housekeeping with her second hubby. Her astonishment and discomfiture at the appearance of the wronged husband, who had found her out in her sin, may well be imagined. Husband No. 2 was sent for and the matter was fairly talked over. The woman finally agreed to return home with husband No. 1, but is understood to have stated emphatically on the platform of the depot that she would not live again with her liege lord. Husband No. 2 appears determined not to give up the woman, and accompanied the twain in their journey.

SATURDAY NIGHT IN A PAWNSHOP.

What The World Saw in Half an Hour in a Three-Ball Emporium.

A World reporter happened to drop into a Queen street pawnshop on Saturday night about 7.30 o'clock. The reporter was astonished at the wonderful development of the three-ball business in this city. The place had just been opened, the Jewish Sunday having ended with the disappearance of the sun over the housetops of flowery Parkdale. There was a regular stampede towards the three receiving tellers. It was Saturday night and those who visited the place had come to redeem the articles which their impecuniosity or improvidence had forced them to hypothecate. An artizan threw down his ticket with a couple of dollars and was handed a brace and bit, a scroll saw and a chisel. They were tied in a bunch with string. A youth handed one of the dark-eyed sons of Israel a slip of paper with some silver and received in turn a rusty-looking violin. A well-dressed young man redeemed a spring overcoat on which he had been loaned forty cents. Then an old woman squeezed to the front and settling the amount of her ticket, was given an "auld plaid shawl." A young girl exchanged her ticket and silver for a pair of high-heeled buttoned shoes, and an elder companion redeemed a ring, the material of which it was made being uncertain to the reporter. Owing to the fact, however, that she only paid in 25 cents it is not likely that it was above eighteen carats. A big burly negro grinned at one of the Israelites behind the counter and asked for "dat dar spade," at the same time tossing on the counter fifteen cents and a dirty slip of paper. He got his spade and grinned himself out of the crowd. Then a fair but frail looking damsel edged her way up to the counter and with a great deal of gusto and a display of a roll of one-dollar bills asked for "me gold watch." The usual slip of paper and $2.20 in cash found its way into the Israelite's hands and from a drawer in a huge iron safe an innocent-looking gold timepiece was unearthed. The damsel attached the chain to a loop near her neck, shoved the watch into a pocket apparently made for the purpose, looked sarcastically at the persons behind the counter, and with a string of slang phrases elbowed her way to the street. The reporter stood his ground for half an hour and the above scenes were repeated over and over again. Finally the stench of the place drove him into the street.

The Bon Marche is crowded every day. See the bargains.

PERSONAL.

Archdeacon Farrar is coming nearer.

Rev. Henry V. Askell of Haskings, Eng., is at the Rossin house.

E. A. McDowell, New York, was registered at the Rossin house yesterday.

Rev. F. O'Neil and Mr. and Mrs. O'Callaghan of Cork, Ireland, are at the Rossin house.

Princess Beatrice, who is very pious, had several scripture texts embroidered in the linen of her bridal trousseau.

Douglas Brymner of Ottawa is in town on business connected with the Colonial and India exhibition to be held in London next year. Mr. Brymner is staying at the Queen's.

Mme. Marie Selika, the colored prima donna of Boston, who has been enabled to pursue her musical studies abroad by a grand testimonial tendered her in Boston three years ago, has sailed from Liverpool for home.

Mr. F. Jewell (formerly of Jewel & Clow) has returned home after an extended tour of England and the continent. During his absence Mr. Jewell visited many of the famous restaurants of Europe and the knowledge he obtained he expects to put to practical account.

Many Happy Returns of the Day

To Hon. Adam Wilson, chief justice of the Queen's bench divisional court of Ontario, born at Edinburgh, Scotland, September 22, 1814.

To Edward King Dodds, platform speaker and editor of Canadian Sportsman, born at Salisbury, Wiltshire, Sept. 22, 1846.

The Genesta and Puritan.

An overburdened reader remarks gleefully that the words Puritan and Genesta have baffled the attempts of the rhymsters An Italian friend of ours, however, thus rushes in to dis urb the fancied felicity.

The British sloop Genesta
The Puritan to dive ta
Of the American cup, the besta
The world has ever seen;
Woke up from her siesta
And found herself non esta
And unable to molesta
The trophy so well won.

—*San Francisco Post.*

**Rain To-Day and Col