THE EVENING JOURNAL

TWO NOTABLE DATES

August 4th, 1914 and June 28rd., 1919 will be notable dates in the World's history if the Germans put their signatures down to the Peace Treaty today.

On the first mentioned Great Britian declared war on Germany in answer to the activities of the enemy in making its declaration.

On the latter the formalities are carrried out that spell the total defeat and humiliation of Germany and the assignment of her goods and chattels over to the League of Nations which is formed to prevent wars in the future.

During the four years of conflict ending last autumn with the armistice many millions of men were engaged on the various battle fronts. The loss of human lives, directly due to the struggle, was enormous and in the contribution to national sacrifices Canada gave between fifty and sixty thousand of her best brawn and sinew. Their graves in Europe will ever be honored as evidences of their fight for human freedom and justice. Canada raised altogether during the war nearly 500,000 men.

It is worthy of note that the 19th. Lincoln Regiment was one of the first militia units to march out inCanada. It paraded at once for defence of Welland Canal.

It is possible that in view of the extension of time allowed it may be June 24, 25 or 26th. instead of the 23rd.

HOUSES ONLY HOMES WHEN THEY ARE SAFE

A home should be a safety centre—a sanctuary for every member of the family that occupies it, says the Municipal Journal. Dangerous conditions, such as defective electric or gas fittings, insanitary plumbing, unprotected stairways, or stairways without railings, and which invite accidents, are lamentably common in our houses. In a survey of nearly 30,000 accidents in the city of Chicago covering a period of eleven years, it was found that over 51 per cent. were household accidents. These caused the death, or permanently crippled thousands of persons, and yet the citizens of North America claim to be a "home-loving people." A similar analysis of Canadian statistics would probably prove that Canada was no more successful in converting houses into homes. Faulty building construction, defective wiring and plumbing are painfully common, and, in too many instances, are winked at by so-called building inspectors. Householders themselves use rocking-chairs for step-ladders, place kettles of boiling water so that small children can tumble into them, have unfastened rugs on highly polished, slippery floors, or fasten windows down to conserve heat at the expense of ventilation. These and similar practices cause the death, or result in crippling hundreds of Canadian every year. If houses and other dwellings were transformed into proper homes, these losses, which are truly national as well as individual, would be reduced to a minimum. But that little word "if" marks a gulf that it may require generations to bridge.

NOTABLE OPINIONS

To bring about industrial peace we must begin at once to build a new industrial structure, not in the interest of capital but in the interest of the community. This will involve tremendous changes, and the need of today is for a new industrial policy which will carry the nation safely through the drastic alterations which the workers are demanding. National interest demands increased national output. This does not depend upon long hours and unsatisfactory conditions of employment. It does certainly depend largely upon securing increased confidence between all who are concerned in the success of industry. It is essential, therefore, that the causes of the general unrest should be examined and solutions adequate to the needs of the case speedily applied if we are to remain a powerful unit in world development.—Rt. Hon. Arthur Henderson.

The industrial question is, perhaps, the greatest of all the problems with which we are faced. There is no cut and dried or rough and ready method of solving it. Its solution will be worked out gradually, and as the result of the co-operation of all classes having as their object in view, not self-interest, but the creation of a better country for all to live in. For more than four years we have been manifesting their co-operation in the great task of freeing Europe from military autocracy. Let us go on and manifest it in the not less important task of freeing Great Britain of poverty, unemployment, and industrial unrest.—Rt. Hon. D. Lloyd George, M. P.

Glass of Hot Water Before Breakfast a Splendid Habit

Open sluices of the system each morning and wash away the poisonous, stagnant matter.

Those of us who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when we arise splitting headache, stuffy from a cold foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, lame back, can instead both look and feel as fresh as a daisy always by washing the poisons and toxins from the body with phosphated hot water each morning.

We should drink before breakfast a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to flush from the stomach, liver, kidneys and ten yards of bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins, thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary tract before puting more food into the stomach.

The action of limestone phosphate and hot water on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast and it is said to be but a little while until the roses begin to appear in the cheeks. A quarter pound of limestone phosphate will cost very little at the drug store, but is sufficient to make anyone who is bothered with biliousness, constipation, stomach trouble or rheumatism a real enthusiast on the subject of internal sanitation. Try it and you are assured that you will look better and feel better in every way shortly.

HIGH COST OF LIVING COMMITTEE

The House of Commons has appointed a special Committee to inquire into the cost of foodstuffs, clothing, fuel and other necessaries of life. Such a committee ought to have been appointed long ago, but even late as it is there is no reason why it should not do good work in bringing to light some of the reasons and excuses for the high prices of every necessity of life. Much valuable evidence has already been given, most of which shows the excessive profits made by the middl-man. In clothing alone the evidence proved that in many instances the middleman's margin was greater than the whole amount that went to the farmer, manufacturer and laborer. And no doubt the same reason will be given for the cost of many of our commodities. But assuming that the principal reason for the high prices is the excessive margin between the producer and the consumer, what is the remedy? So far as our observations go we would say that the only remedy is control of prices, starting with the retailer as being the one in touch with the public, and working back to the grower or producer. But such control must be real control which so far as we can see can only be made possible by the closest co-operation between the Federal and Municipal authorities. There is at the present moment an Order in Council delegating certain powers to the Municipal councils in the matter but these powers are limited and indefinite and therefore unsatisfactory. The consequence is nothing has been done and nothing is likely to be done under the present arrangements. We would suegest that the Committee take up this phase of the question as a possible solution of the problem.

Cecil Eplett an dthe Misses Louise and Alma Wyatt were drowned when the motor car in which they were riding went off the dock at Halleybury, into 25 feet of water.

NEW STOCKOF

Zenoleum Disinfectant
Paris Green
Bed Bug Poison
Insect Powder
Children's Clean Head Lotion and
Lysol.

ABBS & McNAMARA
Quality Druggists
10 Queen Street - - Phone 102
Agents for Vinol, Nuxated Iron, Bitro Phosphate, Tyrrell's Cascades.

Best of all Fly Killers 10c per Packet at all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores

WHAT EXCHANGES SAY

AVIATORS AT PEACEMAKERS

Moncton Transcript:

The arrival of Alcock and Brown brought about a love feast at Dublin. The Dublin crowd stormed the train on which the flyers arrived and carried them in great triumphal procession through the streets. At Mullinger Road the soldiers left the garrison with a band and joined the townspeople in the procession. Newfoundland had better send a few more flyers to Dublin. They are evidently far better than the politicians as peacemakers.

GERMANY AND PEACE

(London Morning Post)

In 1871 when the French delegates desired to continue the debate Bismarck abruptly ordered them to sign the treaty, declaring that in the event of their refusal the German troops would instantly renew hostilities with "whatever they could find to fight". The question of a reference to the National Assembly was not raised, nor was there any suggestion of a plebiscite, for the French delegates then, exactly like the German delegates today, were the accredited representatives of a duly elected popular Government, and Germany then, like the Allies today, recognized the fact. The French delegates in 1871 had no idea of denying their own authority by reference to Assembly or to people.

LET PUBLIC WORKS TAKE UP THE SLACK

Each day that labor is unemployed there is an economic loss to the community. Every man not employed is either a public charge or an idle producing unit, and since it is certain that return to peace basis will take some time, public works should absorb labor as fast as possible, even under conditions which might seem uneconomical on account of high wage scales and high price of materials. Even if the public pays a greater price for public improvements, it prevents the economic loss due to idle man-power. If, to prevent unemployment, the army is demobilized slowly, the public pays for the maintenance of the soldiers. It would be better to demobilize as promptly as the military situation permits, increasing the amount of public work to such an extent to prevent unemployment. Such a course would mean permanent and substantial returns for the money spent, whereas the maintenance of men in camp after the military necessity ceases is a dead loss.—Engineering News-Record, N. Y.

FINANCIAL

Dome Extention and Teck-Hughes featured a quiet day on the Standard Mining Exchange.

Trading on the Toronto Stock Exchangefinished the week with a strong tone, Canners and Steel of Canada leading.

Fire in Quebec caused half a million dollars' loss in the wholesale and loft building section of Lower Town

Sidney Stenlake, Walkerville, butcher, was instantly killed, and John Morkin, a returned soldier, probably fatally hurt, in a motoring accident near Windsor Saturday night.

KING MAKES FLIERS KNIGHTS OF EMPIRE

Daily Mail's £10,000 Prize Presented to Alcock and Brown.

LONDON, June 21.—Capt. John Alcock and Lieut. Arthur W. Brown, the airmen who made the first non-stop flight from North America to Ireland, where entertained at a luncheon at the Hotel Savoy yesterday by The Daily Mail, at which the Atlantic prize of 10,000 pounds offered by the newspaper was presented to the aviators. Those attending the dinner included Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of War, other members of the British Cabinet, the Earl of Reading, United States Ambassador Davis, representatives of the British and American arm yand navy and the Lord Mayors of London and Manchester.

Harry G. Hawker and Lieut.-Commander Grieve, who failed in their attempt at a non-stop flight across the Atlantic, also were present.

It was announced later that King George had conferred the Order of Knight of the British Empire on both Captain Alcock and Lieut. Brown.

AMONG THIRTY THOUSAND ISLANDS OF GEORGIAN BAY

The 30,000 Islands of the Georgian Bay is one of the most attractive of Canada's summer resort territories with its shaded nooks, wave lashed shores and rocky forest depths. It comprises some of the finest fishing grounds, where bass, pickerel and maskinonge are plentiful and lake trout are caught weighing from ten to fifteen pounds. Among the attractions other than fishing this district offers fine canoe routes for long and short trips among the islands and amid fascinathg scenery. Excellent bathing beaches are found at all the principal points. As a health resort the region is famous, the air being pure and invigorating. The district is reached by the Grand Trunk Railway System, the trains connecting with steamer which calls at all the important resorts. For full information apply to Grand Trunk Ticket Agent or C. E. Horning, D. F A., Toronto.

Oh! Such Pain! dizzy—dragged-down? With dull headache, backache — racking with pain here or there — poor woman, she's one of many. On those days each month, when in other circumstances she would go to bed, she must still be at the desk or counter, or struggle through the day as best she may with her housework or her family cares. Usually she who feels those dragging-down or dizzy symptoms, and other pains caused by womanly disease, can be cured by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures the cause of these pains. Faded, jaded, tired, overworked, weak, nervous, delicate women are helped to strength and health by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It makes weak women strong and sick women well. In liquid or tablets.

CHATHAM, ONT.—"Being a nurse I have had occasion to use 'Favorite Prescription' quite a lot. I recommend it to my patients and it has been a wonderful help to many of them. I never knew of a case where it failed. I have a patient who is using it now and is doing fine. I have taken it myself and got the very best results. I consider it the best medicine there is for women who are ailing."—Mrs. Edith Moore, 80 Dexter Street.

BELGIANS ARE ORGANIZED FOR CANADIAN TRADE

Official Information Bureau Tells of Efforts Already Made for Business.

If peculiar circumstances have somewhat delayed resumption of business in Belgium that country's merchants and manufacturers have not remained idle, states a report issued by the Belgian Bureau of Information, Montreal. Some of them have just formed a new commercial enterprise, the Belgian Import and Export Company, Limited (Belgimex), an association to aid national industries, with a capital of 8,000,000 francs, all paid up by various personalities of industrial and commercial renown. As its name implies, this company will have a sale and purchase service in foreign countries; thirteen branch offices have already been planned and their seats in various places determined. The many fields of its activities have been distributed under divisions, themselves subdivided as follows: First division Section No. 1, railway material; section No. 2, electrical material; section No. 3 metallic construction and varia. Second division; Section No. 1, iron and steel; section No. 2, galvanized materials, copper, brass lead, tin; section No. 3, nails and screws, rolling mill's products. Third division: Section No. 1, mirror, window and special glasses; section No 2, all weighable materials for building purposes. Fourth division: Section No. 1, chemical and industrial products; section No. 2, food; section No. 3, fabrics; section No. 4 varia.

The organization of the company was begun during the war, its founders providing that when business would be resumed the greatest activity will prevail, and thinking that on account of the deplorable state in which Germans would leave industry in Belgium, it would be necessary to make a strenuous effort so as to insure a quick recovery.

To avoid middlemen, always expensive, sometimes of a dubious character, the company proposes to make business in what is called the direct system—that is, delivering goods to its agents and correspondents.

The Belgimex company thinks that if the world's attention has been centred around Belgium, thus preparing for her a good advertising campaign, it will be above all necessary that Belgian goods quality and prices be maintained if Belgian world trade be what it was before the war. From the beginning the prime matter of imports will hold attention, provided that they are above all required for the resumption of manufacture.

It is hoped that the establishment of simliar companies will contribute to the restoration of Belgium's foreign trade; and as to what more particularly concerns Canada, if a steamer line, already advertised, could connect Montreal regularly with Antwerp, it is not doubted that Belgo-Canadian trade figures will make such progress that they will soon be back to the high figures reached in the period of its greatest prosperity.

LITTLE SON PASSES AWAY

Much sympathy is being extended to Mr. and Mrs. Howard Stunt, 18 McGhie Street, in the death of their little son, Robert Howard, who passed away on Sunday night after a brief illness at the age of 7 months. The funeral will be held on Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock to Victoria Lawn Cemetery.

The Genuine-Original

Kellogg's

TOASTED

CORN FLAKES

Are sold in the red, white and green package only. Refuse substituted imitations of the "Just as Good" variety and

REMEMBER

that Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes are only made in Canada by

THE BATTLE CREEK TOASTED CORN FLAKE COMPANY LIMITED

Head Office and Plant: LONDON, ONT.

10

To say That This Brand of Tea is of Incomparable Quality and Value, is to make a plain statement of Fact—that's all.

"SALADA"

Black—for Black Tea Drinkers.
Natural Green—for those used to Japans.

Capital and Reserve, - - - $8,600,000
Total Assets, Nov. 30th, 1918, over $153,000,000

Prosperity Often Hides

the fact that it is necessary to prepare for the lean years that may come. You never can tell. Safety lies in saving. Open a savings account and let your money earn money for you. Husband and wife often open a joint savings account. Ask for particulars. 312

UNION BANK OF CANADA

St. Catharines Branch & Safety Deposit Boxes, - R. H. Killaly, Mgr.
Fenwick Branch & Safety Deposit Boxes, - H. H. Westbrooke, Mgr.
Smithville Branch, - - - H. G. Parrott, Mgr.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

Announce that a branch of their bank has been opened at Niagara-on-the-Lake, Ontario. This bank has now 433 branches in Canada and foreign countries, and is in a position to offer the public unexcelled service.

St. Catharines Branch—R. G. W. Conolly, Manager
Thorold Branch—S. H. Falkner, Manager
Niagara-on-the-Lake Branch—F. W. Wilson, Manager

BENEFICIAL ECONOMY

All Canadians should remember that the economies necessitated by the war helped pave the way to Victory.

Practise economy and pave the way to future prosperity. A Savings Account is both a moral and a material asset.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

15A.

ST. CATHARINES BRANCH - - - R. G. W. CONOLLY, Manager
THOROLD BRANCH - - - S. H. FALKNER, Manager
NIAGARA-ON-THE-LAKE BRANCH - - F. W. WILSON, Manager

Security Loan & Savings Company
26 JAMES STREET, ST. CATHARINES

DIVIDEND NO. 98.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of THREE PER CENT being at the rate of SIX PER CENT PER ANNUM, upon the paid up capital stock of this Company, has been declared for the half-year ending on the 30th June, inst., and that the same will be payable at the office of the Company, 26 James street, St. Catharines, on WEDNESDAY, July 2nd, 1919, to shareholders of record on the books of the Company at the close of business on the 16th day of June, inst.

The stock transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 30th days of June, inst., both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. F. DWYER, Sec'y-Treas.

St. Catharines, Ont., June 4th, 1919.

THE STERLING BANK OF CANADA

Save Because--

Your savings account is a summary of your ambitions, your perseverance, your progress and your thrift.

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