

# The Union Advocate

VOL., 45.—NO 18.

NEWCASTLE, N. B., MARCH 6, 1912

PRICE THREE CENTS

## NEW TERRITORY FOR PROVINCES

### Ontario Manitoba and Quebec to be Greatly Enlarged.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—In introducing the bill to extend the boundaries of Manitoba and Ontario, Premier Borden stated that the boundaries of Manitoba would be extended eastward to the eighty-ninth meridian in Keewatin. This would take in both Nelson and Churchill. However, to give Ontario access to a seaport, it had been decided to grant it the title to a strip of land, five miles in width through what would be Manitoba after the bill passed. This strip would extend to Port Nelson, where Ontario would be given ten miles of water front for the building of docks, elevators, and railway terminals, if Ontario desired the right of way, but only two hundred feet

wide would be extended on through Manitoba to Fort Churchill. There is no reference in the bill to separate schools. Manitoba is given an increase in provincial allowance to \$516,000 a year with four years arrearage which will make an immediate grant to the province of \$2,064,000. In the territory added to Manitoba the Dominion retains the crown lands. In the territory added to Ontario the province is given the crown lands with no additional financial grant.

Hon. Mr. White said that with the added territory Manitoba would have an area of 251,000 square miles, practically the same as her sister provinces.

## FINAL FIGURES OF CANADA'S POPULATION

### 45 1-2 Per Cent. Now Live In Towns and Cities, and Town Population Growing four times as Fast as that of the Rural Districts.

Ottawa, Feb. 29.—Revised figures of the population of Canada are contained in a special report in the census tabled in the house today. By provinces the figures are:

Province	1911	1901	Increase
Alberta	374,063	74,022	301,041
British Columbia	392,490	178,657	213,833
Manitoba	455,614	255,211	200,403
New Brunswick	351,889	331,120	20,769
Nova Scotia	492,338	459,574	32,764
Ontario	2,523,208	2,182,947	340,261
P. E.	93,728	103,259	9,531
Quebec	2,002,712	1,648,898	353,814
Saskatchewan	402,433	91,279	311,153

The rural population is 3,924,083 and urban population 3,290,441. The increase in rural was 555,065 or 13.48 per cent, and in urban the population increase was 1,278,147 or 63.83 per cent.

The enumeration was under 284 commissioners and there were 9701 enumerators. The average number of names recorded per enumerator in 1901 with 215 questions was 1,110; in 1901 with 561 questions, 604, and in 1911 with 549 questions, 742.

## ENGLISH SUFFRAGETTES AGAIN ON WARPATH

### Hundreds of valuable Plate-Glass Windows Shattered in London Shops.

London, March 1.—The coal miners had been a government recognition of their grievances by three days. The suffragettes late to-day entered on a policy of menace to trade. And they carried it out suddenly and with an order that resulted in heavy financial losses, brought consternation to the merchants of the most prosperous shopping district of the city and paralyzed business at the busiest hour of the day. The police were taken completely unawares by the onslaught of the women and, before they were able to muster, the streets were covered with shattered plate glass that once had been the show-windows of stores.

It was a window breaking expedition solely, and a thoroughly organized one. Hundreds of windows in many of the most famous shops of the world and in several of the government offices and clubs were wrecked by the suffragettes. The damage done will aggregate many thousands of pounds. The losses, however, will not all fall upon the shopkeepers as many of the show windows, especially the costly ones, were covered by insurance against breakage.

of the evening on bail, coupled with promises that they would refrain from further activities in window-wrecking. Some of the shopkeepers who saw the storm coming were able to close their shutters and barricade their shop doors against the infuriated suffragettes. The trouble centred about Trafalgar Square, where the big steamship companies have their passenger offices, and the windows of several of which were shattered and ranged along the Strand eastward and westward, and up Regent street, Piccadilly and Oxford street, where are situated the fashionable jewelry and drygoods houses.

MRS. PANKHURST THE LEADER

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the veteran of many a suffragette battle, struck the first blow. In an automobile, accompanied by Mrs. Marshall and Mrs. Tukes, she drove up to the premier's residence in Downing street at 6 o'clock this evening. The three women quickly jumped out of the machine and drew out stones concealed in their muff. Simultaneously three missiles sped through the air, followed instantly by still another one and our windows crashed in before the police, who are constantly on guard, could reach the women. The trio were arrested, but even while being led to the station house they managed to heave missiles through the windows of the colonial office.

### MORE THAN 100 ARRESTS

One hundred and fifteen women were dragged to the police stations by police or excited and indignant merchants. Many others, however, escaped. All those arrested were released during the course



**Every Woman**  
MARVEL Whirling Spray  
The new facial spray  
It cleanses, it softens, it gives full permanent and directions favorable to ladies.  
WINDMILL MANUFACTURING CO.,  
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## MANITOBA HOTHEADS TALK OF SEPARATION

Winnipeg, March 1.—A sensation was caused in the Legislature last night by Dr. Molloy, Liberal member from La Verendrye, who advocated the separation of Western Canada from Eastern Canada, because the Eastern Provinces defaced reciprocity in defiance of Western sentiment and were dictating the whole policy of the administration. It was his belief that a few years would see a decided sentiment in the West for separation. "No greater blow," the member for La Verendrye, went on to say, "had ever been dealt within Canada than the rejection of reciprocity. Moreover," he continued, "with rising emphasis, I am prepared to support any man who will introduce a resolution moving the separation of Eastern Canada from Western Canada. If the people of Eastern Canada are going to dictate the policy of Western Canada, then the time for separation has come. The people of Eastern Canada," Dr. Molloy continued, "have deliberately set themselves to injure Western Canada, and in the course of ten years there will be such agitation in Western Canada against their binding acts that nothing but separation will suffice." His remarks were loudly applauded, among Liberal members and many in the galleries.

## R. A. Borden Succeeds Judge Wells.

Ottawa, March 2.—At a meeting of the Privy Council yesterday R. A. Borden, Barrister of Moncton, was appointed County Court Judge for Westmorland and Kent vice His Honor W. W. Wells, who has resigned. It is understood that there were four applicants for the position, R. W. Hewson, Moncton; W. A. Russell, Shediac; Mr. Bennett, Sackville; and R. A. Borden.

## I. C. R. HAS HAD RECORD WINTER

in Passenger and Freight Business

Montreal, Feb. 26.—We are above the high-water mark in everything, said Mr. E. Tiffin, of the Intercolonial Board of Control, which has been holding sessions here. "The winter has been a record one for both passenger and freight business."

## A Mother's Duty to Her Daughter

### Her Health Must be Carefully Guarded as She Comes to Womanhood.

Every mother who calls to mind her own girlhood knows how urgently her daughter is likely to need help and strength during the years between early school days and womanhood. Then it is that growing girls droop, become fragile, bloodless and nervous. Nature is calling for more nourishment than the blood can supply, and signs of distress are plainly evident in dull eyes, pallid cheeks, weak and aching backs, a languid step, fits of depression, nervousness and a dislike for proper food. These signs mean anaemia—that is bloodlessness.

The watchful mother takes prompt steps to give her girl the new, rich blood her weak system is thirsting for by giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, because so many thousands of feeble, anaemic, unhappy girls have been transformed into robust women through the rich, red blood these pills actually make. No other medicine has ever succeeded like them, and thousands of mothers have proved their worth. The case of Miss Marguerite Boisclair, St. Jerome, Que., proves the truth of these statements. Miss Boisclair is sixteen years of age, and says that since the age of thirteen or fourteen she had been afflicted with extreme weakness, and seemed to be going into a decline. The least effort left her weak and breathless, so that she was unable to do any household work. She had no appetite, suffered from terrible headaches, dizziness and sometimes fainting spells. She was under medical treatment, but made absolutely no improvement, in fact seemed to be steadily growing weaker. When her case seemed most hopeless a lady friend advised the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking a few boxes she began to gain new strength, and after the continued use of the pills for about two months she was again as well and strong as ever she had been, and has since enjoyed the best of health.

Sold by all dealers in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## A Familiar Friend Of 100 Years Ago

### Marvelous changes have been wrought in the way of living in the last 100 years. We prepare our food in a different way, we eat differently, dress differently as taught differently in the school.

In the matter of treating our ailments the changes are no less noticeable than in other things. Old ways and old methods are gone. Amid all this change, however, we are almost started when we think of one household preparation which has come down to us out of the remote past unchanged, and which is today more highly respected than ever before. We refer to that old reliable household remedy, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, which has been used continually by the people of this country for 101 years.

With the age of this 101 year-old friend goes respectability. The respect is due solely to its virtues. It could not have lived over 100 years if it had not been one of the most efficient remedies the world has ever known for the aches and pains, the ills and ailments to which the human family is subject. During its lifetime thousands of other liniments have come and gone and been forgotten. The 101-year-old liniment lives and grows in the affections of the people. Where it has once been used in a family it is a rare thing that anything else has ever been found to take its place. Thus, in innumerable households it has come down, like a valued heirloom from father to son for generations.

## T. Eaton Co's Employees Striking

### Toronto's Journeymen Also Quit Work.

Toronto, March 1.—The 1500 clock makers of the T. Eaton Co., who have been on strike the last two weeks were joined this morning by 400 sympathizers from the same factory. Low wages is the cause of dispute. The journeymen tailors of the city also decided at noon today to go on strike on Monday next. They number about 1,000.

## Chinese Soldiers Mutiny

### The Grand Cities of the North in the Hands of Uncontrollable Mobs.

Peking, March 1.—A mutiny of Yuan Shi Kai's soldiers started in Peking at 8 o'clock last night. Many of the natives have been killed or wounded, but foreigners are safe. Many fires were started stretching from the forbidden city to the building of the Chinese foreign board, where Yuan Shi Kai resides, the flames reaching within half a mile of the legations. The mutineers ran through the streets, burning and plundering on all sides. Thousands of shops were looted, principally those of dealers in gold and silver and art curios and pawn brokers. Several of the shopkeepers were shot or bayoneted.

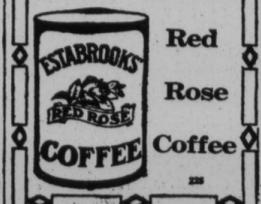
Tien Tsin, March 3.—Rioting of a serious nature occurred here last night. Between 9 and 10 o'clock in the evening the soldiers mutinied. They set fire to a number of buildings and then began looting from house to house. They were joined by the rabble. The shops and banks on all the important streets were looted and some of them were wrecked. In order to intimidate the populace the soldiers kept up a continual gun fire. The rattle of musketry could be heard throughout the night. Only a few of the police remained loyal and they were greatly outnumbered and powerless to suppress the disorders. No fewer than 14 fires were raging simultaneously in various parts of the city.

Peking, Mar. 2.—Martial law, which has been proclaimed in the capital is operating successfully. At one o'clock this morning quiet prevailed in the vicinity of the legations, but continual commotion was heard in the direction of Fong Tai, with which communication has been temporarily cut off.



## The Bitter Chaff Removed

The men who blend, prepare and pack Red Rose Coffee know well what will please good judges of coffee. They crush—not grind—the fresh-roasted bean into small, even grains which brew readily and settle quickly to pour bright and clear. The chaff is removed, and with it the bitter essence you have disliked in other coffees. You will surely like



## Italian Government To Run Insurance

Rome, Mar. 2.—By a vote of 268 to 79 the Chamber of Deputies today approved the bill providing for a state monopoly of life insurance. As a result national and foreign insurance companies will be gradually taken over by government insurance institutes.

## DELEGATES RETURN FROM OTTAWA

A deputation from the Newcastle Board of Trade, including Hon. Donald Morrison, E. A. McCurdy, K. A. Murdoch and F. D. Swin, who had been in Ottawa for several days past seeking the aid of the government with severer local projects, returned yesterday. The chief thing desired is the extension of the Indian town branch line to Doaktown. Letter railway facilities and the construction of a line to Tracadie were also urged upon the government.

First, they urged the extension of the Blackville service to Doaktown and the addition of another train to the Whooper. They also asked that the Tracadie mail service go to Newcastle arranging for the transference of Chatham mail and passengers at Ferryville. They urged the government to grant a subsidy of the usual amount, \$6,500 per mile, for a line from Newcastle to Tracadie, stating that a company is very seriously considering this matter and only await the government's guarantee of a subsidy before laying their plans.

The delegates also asked that the customs house and post office extensions at Chatham be begun at once, as the work is very necessary. Dredging and one or two other matters completed their list of wants for this district. Delegates from the Chatham Board of Trade were in Ottawa at the same time.

Widdow's Liniment Relieves Rheumatism

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