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Farm Management

Storage of Seed Corn

Tille chief problems in storing seed corn are to provide a means whereby the moisture content can be reduced to such a point that the serm is not injured by freezing, and then to maintain this condition maintain this condition. until planting time. The minor problems are to afford protection against the ravages of vermin, to reduce the work of storage, and to have the ears so placed that they are accessible when the germination test is

The two prime nacessities for successful seed storage are ventilation
and heat. Ventilation provides a
means for removing the excess moisterm. Heat prevents freeing and
hastens the drying process. In many
pears proper ventilation is all that is
required. However, some artificial
means for heating should be provided
in case it is needed. Kindried core
possesses strong germination usually.
The seed cars should be dried in a
room having a temperature not
above 110 degrees. Corn containing
less than 14 per cent of moisture is The two prime necessities for suc less than 14 per cent of moisture is not easily injured by cold weather, but seed containing more moisture should not be exposed to freezing tem

perature.
The Wisconsin Experiment Station has reported some very definite facts in 'his connection. In tests by that station corn kept in a warm, dry room or attic, gave a germination test of 98

to 106 per cent; corn well dried beto 100 per cent; corn well gred be-fore freezing germinated as well; when the seed was left in the shock or in the open crib during the winter months, the germination and vitality were so low that the product was unfit for seed.

A large amount of the trouble ex-perienced with seed corn in 1917-18



could have been prevented by heating the storage rooms, if no more than just enough to prevent freezing. The post enough to prevent treesing. The protection against vermin can generally be secured by using a form of construction which offers no harbors for mice and rats; or, if this is not suffi-

wire netting can be used to he seed room. The presence of line the seed room. The presence of cats also helps to reduce this trouble. Seed corn should never be stored in

The individual-ear method of storage is the only safe one to use, at least until the moisture content has been reduced to 18 per cent or lower. This method of storage facilitates centilation, which hasters the drying This method process, tends to prevent molding, and sens the trouble caused by mice

and rats. There are several systems of stor-There are several systems of the successfully by corn growers in all successfully by corn growers in all sarts of America. No matter which parts of America. No matter which method is followed, seed corn should be stored at least one foot of the floor. Lath racks may be made by stoor. Lath racks may be made by nailing laths on either side of two 2x4's. When stood on end the laths will provide shelves on which the cobs will rest. Another method is to drive nails into the wall of the storage one and drive the but and of a contract of the storage of th drive nails into the wall of the storage room and drive the butt end of a cob over each nail head. A system that is very simple and very generally practiced is illustrated by the drawing herewith which appeared in the Farm Journal. The method explains itself, lighder twins is, used, about one fourth Binder twine is used, about one fourth Binder twine is used, about one fourth pound of twine being required pre-busile of cobs. The main point is to keep all cobs separate from each other and permit of free circulation of the air around them.

October Retrospect

HRESHING thoughout Canada is in full swing and the final estimates of the crop will soon be railable. The yield per acre will available. The yield per acre will vary greatly in the different provinces according as the weather conditions have been favorable or otherwise. In contrast, if the returns from a series of farms in any locality were com-



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