

## Winter sun glasses

When a new line was introduced by Polaroid recently, it was clear that this year's glasses were meant to glamorize and camouflage as well as cut the glare of the

Most people choose glasses that flatter them and only then check to see if the lens is adequate.

The newest look is slim line. The frames are large but lighter and more slender than in recent years. The enormous, oversize frames favored by Jaqueline Onassis are still the big news but the frames are not only slender but many have a wrap-around effect.

Only the enormous frames make fashion, but this year the less bulky look will be good news for women with small faces. small faces.

Sun glasses provide a touch of mystery. They may be hiding one black eye, or two blood shot eyes. But there is always the possibility they are hiding an enormous pair of gorgeous come-hither eyes. To buy or not to buy Canadian Olympic coins. Don Thomas of Shardawn Mews in Mississauga, a member of the Olympic Coin Design Committee are under the committee are under the coin Design Committee are under the c

Olympic Coin Design Committee, says yes.

Although he may be more involved with the coins than the average person, he suggests they are a good buy for a number of reasons.

"The Olympic Coin Program was established to

Program was established to Program was established to raise money for the Games' he says. "It is the major fund-raising project and coins are being marketed all over the world in some 70 countries. "They are now — and will be — internationally renown-ed because of this." Struck by the Royal Cana-dian Mint in Ottawa, Olympte coins are legal tender." They are the first \$5 and \$10 silver coins ever to be minted in coins ever to be minted in Canada. Each has a silver con-

Canada. Each has a silver con-tent of 92.5 per cent.

Thomas says that with the release of the seventh and last series before the Games begin in the summer, the complete collection will be the largest matched set issued since the inception of the Olympics in Greece 3,000 years ago.

Coins bought now should sell above their issue price in years to come. "Canadian" The coins come in 1890.

Thomas, "which already combine monetary value with should significantly appreciate in value over a period of time."

No one at this point.

period of time."

No one at this point however can forsee which of the 28 coins will be worth the most. "Buy the entire set and you'll be sure" advises Thomas.

Not everyone buys coins for an investment. They can

an investment. They can simply be a souvenir, a gift or a collector's item.

a collector's item.
According to organizers,
three per cent of the face
value of every \$5 and \$10 coin
sold, is paid to the Olympic
Committee of each participating country.
By purchasing just one or
more than one, buyers
become cosponsors of
Canada's Olympic team, says
Thomas. The remainder of
the money assists in financing
the Games, say organizers.
Canada is the seventh
country to mint Olympic coins
since Baron Pierre de

Olympic-related theme designed by artists either chosen by the Olympic Design Committee or the winners of contests organized by the committee.

Seven members, designated in 1974 by Ottawa, comprise the special group. Thomas and six others "from various walks of life" have selected the designs for all seven series.

Artists for the first four series were commissioned by the committee explains

Thomas.

Designs for the first four coins, or first series, were assigned to the graphics and design directorate of COJO the organizing committee for the Games.

George Huel, Pierre-Yves
Pelletier and Gilles Robert,
all graduates of the graphics
are institute in Montreal
came up with the
geographical theme. The four

coins depict Canada in the World, Canada and North America, the City of Montreal and the City of Kingston.

Anthony Mann, associate professor of design at the Nova Scotia College of Art and Design, chose Olympic motifs as theme for series II. The coins show the head of Zeus, Athlete with a Torch, Olympic Rings and Wreath and the Temple of Zeus.

Ken Danby, a Canadian "realist" artist designed Series III. He followed the Sporting theme with early

Sporting theme with early Canadian sports — depicting lacrosse, canoeing, rowing acrosse, canoeing, rowing and cycling.
Series IV, titled Olympic Track and Field Sports, was created by an Ojibway from the Couchiching Reserve in Ontario.

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Leo Yerxa combines the Leo Yerxa combines the theme of track and field sports with a unique Indian design. Currently available through banks, the series is proving to be very popular, says Thomas.

Series V is available now from dealers. Lynda Jane Cooper, a third year arts sty.

Cooper, a third year arts stu-dent at Western University in

test for the design. She shows water sports.

The Olympic Coin Program staged an international contest for Series VI. Shigeo Fukuda of Tokyō sent an entry illustrating team and body contact sports. According to Thomas, the freelance designer received \$7,000 for the work.

Series VII was designed by

\$7,000 for the work.
Series VII was designed by
Elliott Morrison, president of
the Toronto company Stewart
and Morrison Ltd., Designers
and Consultants. He was commissioned by the Olympic
Design Committee. This last
set follows a souvenir theme.
The coins can be bought in a
variety of ways — in-

The coins can be bought in a variety of ways — in dividually, encased in plastic or in a single coin case, or the complete set of four in a custom case or prestige case. Prices range from \$8 for a single \$5 coin to as high as the proof set.

They are available from banks, trust companies, caisses populaires, authorized cases of the companies.

caisses populaires, authorized coin distributors and by direct mail from the mint. Series V should be available from banks very soon.

401

> Traffic Light

MATHESON

## Reward and punishment

By CONNIE RAE
"Just as you were influenced by your parents, the kind
of adult your child grows into
depends on you," insists
Nancy Purkiss of the Peel
Franch of the Canadian Men-Branch of the Canadian Mental Health Association

tal Health Association.

Mrs. Purkiss shows a film
that discusses the 'Reward
and 'Punishment' method of
bringing up children.

Although its philosophy
differs from the Parent Effectiveness. Training method table to be late.

differs from the Parent Effec-tiveness Training method, both goals are the same.

The reward punishment method works on the premise that if you ignore bad behavior, and give attention only when the child is good, the child will be good to get attention, rather than the con-verse.

verse.
Training has to start early.
When a baby cries, don't pick
him up unless he is sick, wet
or hungry. If you do, he'll cry
to get attention and the
demanding screams will get
louder and longer,-the movie
illustrates.
However, if you play with

illustrates.

However, if you play with him while he's lying quietly in his crib, he'll come to associate good behavior with attention. Ignore the impulse to leave well enough alone.
Older children should be rewarded for good behavior. A pile of gleaming dishes or a

A pile of gleaming dishes or a clean foom, is worth an appreciative smile and a pat on the head, the film

Rewards should have some meaning, however. A piece of superior school work with a star loses its value if placed beside a piece of work that is full of errors and has a star

Stifle the tendency to nag. If children receive attent children receive attention only when they misbehave, (you're so sloppy, so careless, so bad), they will probably use unacceptable behavior as a means of getting attention from other adults, and the

process may carry on throughout life. Ignore temper tantrums, and shut the child in his room

and shut the child in his room where he should remain until the storm is over. Let the child take the responsibilities for his own actions.

Don't nag. Let him be late, and hopefully find out from the teacher that it is unacceptable to he late.

One mother in the audience disagreed with the concept of disagreed with the concept of rewarding children with material things. Children are mercenary enough without adding to the 'what's in it for me' attitude

me' attitude.

The answer, according to Mrs. Purkiss, is to reward with appreciative coments.
Punish calmly, with punishments reasonable suited to the misdeed.

suited to the misdeed.
Children love to see you lose control, says Mrs.
Purkiss, because they know they've got you over a barrel.
Her solution for controlling a naughty child in'a supermarket, is to march up to the man in the white coat and ask him to rapak to the child

him to speak to the child.

The attitude of most parents is that it is too embarrassing to spank the child in the store and not convenient to leave. Spank him right then and there is the advise.

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