ported to His Majefty's Ministers the Steps he had taken in erecting the Court of Common Pleas. That he failed again the next Year, without receiving any Instructions respecting that Court; it therefore continued to act for the Year 1790 in nearly the fame Manner it had acted in the Year 1789. That there was One Alteration made, which was, that as the Court, in the First Year of its Proceeding, had in all Cafes fummoned Juries, in the Second, finding it would be more convenient for the Gentlemen of the Trade to be allowed to make their Election of having their Caufes tried with or without a Jury, the Judges confented thereto; and Things went on in a very eafy Manner, and much to the Satisfaction of every Body in the Island. Previous to the Admiral's failing again in 1791, an Act of Parliament paffed, for establishing a Court of Civil Jurifdiction in the Island, which was to be held at St. John's This very properly alarmed the Merchants, as the Difficulty only. of coming from the Out Ports to that Place, was in the First Place very great; and before they could poffibly obtain a Writ for attaching the Fish and Oil of a Boatkeeper, who might be confiderably in their Debt for Supplies for carrying on the Fishery, the latter might, and he knows, in very many Instances did, take the Advantage, and dispose of their Property contrary to the usual Practice of the Fishery, and thereby defrauded their Supplyers (the Merchants) to the Amount of many Thousand Pounds. If there ever was a real Caufe of Complaint on their (the Merchants) Parts, it was in that of confining the Court to St. John's alone; and he hesitates not to fay, if it had been continued, that it would have been impossible for them to have carried on their Trade in any other Part of the Island; and this leads him to fay, he is very forry they were so hafty in making their Representations to the Board of Trade, in all of which they declared they wanted no Court; therefore, the giving them only One, was coming as nearly to their Wishes as it was possible to do, without actually complying with them; and to themselves alone, therefore, they are indebted for the Inconvenience and Loffes they experienced from a Want of the ufual Courts at the Out Ports.

Upon the Whole, the Witnefs thinks, an Eftablifhment nearly fimilar to the old one, under the Governor and his Surrogates, and which that made by Admiral Milbanke really was, is the beft that could be adopted; his principal Aim was, to legalize what had been fo long done from Neceffity; he neither withed, nor did he make any confiderable Alteration.

And being defired to explain more particularly the Sort of

Court