

WM. FOREMAN & CO.

IMPORTERS of SCOTCH and IRISH LINENS

Imperfect Cloths in High Grade LINEN

IMPORTANT SALE OF OUR
SECOND SHIPMENT OF SLIGHTLY
IMPERFECT CLOTHS

BE ON HAND to-morrow or Monday,
but better to-morrow, as the assortment
will be larger. The imperfections are the
blunders of the weavers, hence very slight,
so slight indeed that it is difficult for us to
find them.

Beautiful Double Damask Cloths in sizes 8-4,
10-4, 8-12, 10-14, 10-16, at from 20 to 30 per cent.
off the regular price.

Special Selling in Perfect Cloths and Napkins
Perfect Cloths, 8-10, in union, special at \$1.00 each.
Perfect Cloths, 8-10, 8-12, in all linen, special at each
\$1.50, 2.25, 2.50 and 2.75.

Special Sale of Napkins in sizes 24x24, 19x19 and
20x20 that are regularly worth \$2.50, 2.00 and 1.75,
clearing at \$2.00, 1.75 and 1.50.

WILLIAM FOREMAN & Co.

THE MARKET REPORTS.

Live Stock Trade Dull—The Grain Markets Unchanged.

Thursday Evening, Feb. 26.
Toronto St. Lawrence Market.

The receipts on the street at St. Lawrence
Market to-day were fairly heavy,
and business was accordingly a little
better. The total grain receipts amount-
ed to 2,200 bushels.

Wheat—Prices of white wheat are easier
for lower grades. About 800 bushels
sold at 86 to 75¢ per bushel, 100 bushels
of red sold steady at 72¢, 100 bushels
of goose sold firm at 80¢, and 100 bushels
of spring sold 1¢ easier at 69¢.

Barley—Was about steady; 800 bushels
sold at 45¢ to 51¢ per bushel.

Oats—The market is firmer; 300 bushels
sold at 37¢ to 37½¢ per bushel.

Dressed Hogs—There was a medium run
of offerings, and prices continue unchang-
ed at \$8 to \$8.25 per cwt for light weight
butcher hogs, and \$7.75 for heavy.

Butcher Cattle—Receipts 60 loads. Quota-
tions for No. 1 timothy are slightly firmer
at \$11 to \$14.25 per ton. Mixed or
clover is steady at \$8 to \$9.

Straw—There was no offering. Quota-
tions are steady at \$3 to \$9 per ton.

Toronto Live Stock.

Trade at the Toronto Cattle Market to-
day was rather dull all round. The
run of offerings was light, and the de-
mand was not brisk in any line of stock,
and at the close of the day's business
a few loads of cattle remained unsold.
Prices have a slightly easier feeling, es-
pecially in export cattle, and dealers
say the prices of cattle in the country
must come down still further. The total
run to-day was 49 cars, including 694 cat-
tle, 64 sheep and lambs, 961 hogs, and 20
calves.

Export Cattle—The market was very
dull, and not many cattle were sold. There
is but little shipping space now, and the
prices of Canadian cattle in England
have declined. Consequently the demand
was quiet. Prices all round show a de-
cline of about 10¢ per cwt. About \$4
to \$4.40 was paid for choice cattle, one
lot of extra good bringing \$4.45.

Butcher Cattle—Trade was fairly
good, the demand for stock being about
the same as at the previous market.
Prices continue about steady. The offer-
ings were of fairly good quality, and
most of it was sold before the market's
close. Prices are about on a level with
those of the export trade. From \$4 to
about \$4.40 per cwt. was paid for medium
to good stock.

Milk Cows—The market was dull. The
offerings were rather poor, and the de-
mand warranting low quotations. Prices
continue about steady, with quotations at
\$30 to \$35 each. There is a demand for
good cows.

Stocks and Feeders—Trade was dull
and prices were easier. There was very
little good stuff on the market, and the
demand for other kinds is not brisk.

Sheep and Lambs—Trade was fairly ac-
tive, but not much stuff was on the mar-
ket. Lamb prices are quoted 10¢ per cwt
firmer. The prospects are for a steady
market.

Calves—The market is steady. The run
of offerings was rather light, and prices
continue unchanged. Good veals continue
in demand.

Hogs—The market for select is firmer
at 36 per cwt, and lights and fats are
easier at \$5.75. There was a fair run of
stock and trade was moderately good.

Montreal Cattle Market.

Montreal, Feb. 26.—There were about
two hundred head of butchers'
cattle, 100 calves and a dozen sheep and
lambs offered for sale at the East End
Abattoir to-day. The market presented a
deserted aspect this forenoon, there being
no prime cattle on the market, and the
butchers having already bought about all
the best they require this week, did not
care to increase their supply of beef, but
good veal and mutton were in active de-
mand. The high rate paid to-day was
about 54¢ per lb, but they were only mid-
dling; common to pretty good stock sold
at from 24¢ to 45¢ per lb, and 40 head of
the poorer sorts were bought by canners
at 24¢ to 30¢ per lb. There were a
large number of "bob" veals on the mar-
ket, and these sold at from \$2 to \$3.50
each. Mr. Rich paid \$25 for three prime
steers, or near 6¢ per lb; he also bought
three good sheep for \$18, or near 4¢ per lb;
lambs sold at from 44¢ to 50¢ per lb. Good
lots of fat hogs sold at from 54¢ to 65¢
per lb, weighed off the cars.

East Buffalo Cattle Market.

East Buffalo, Feb. 26.—Cattle—Receipts,
100 head; steady. Veals—Receipts, 125
head; steady; tops, \$2.25 to \$3.50; common
to good, \$1.50 to \$3. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000
head; fairly active and steady; heavy,
\$11.50 to \$12.50; mixed, \$7.50 to \$10; Yorkers,
\$8.50 to \$10; pigs, \$6.50 to \$7; roughs, \$5.50.

POOR ARTILLERY.

IMPORTANT SPEECH BY EARL OF DUNDONALD.

Guns of Short Range—Admirable
Material for the Service in Can-
ada—Dominion Artillery Associa-
tion Meeting.

Ottawa, Feb. 27.—At the annual
meeting of the Dominion Artillery As-
sociation yesterday an important
speech was made by the Earl of Dun-
donald. He declared that the artil-
lery of Canada were poorly equipped
and the instructional corps were
lamentably short of officers. There
was admirable material in Canada and
the force should be provided with good
weapons.

In addition to the Earl of Dundon-
ald, the following were present at the
meeting:—The Earl of Minto, Major
Myles, Toronto; Lieut.-Col. King, St.
Catharines; Lieut.-Col. MacDonald,
Lieut.-Col. Davidson, Major Mere-
weather, Lieut. Ogg, Guelph; Col. C. W.
Drury, Capt. L. Duplessis, Capt. Les-
tidawell and Lieut. Carscallen, Ham-
ilton; Major Rathburn, Deseronto.

Major Costigan, Montreal, moved a
resolution welcoming Lord Dundonald
on his first attendance at a meet-
ing of the association. Major Stephens,
Montreal, seconded the motion. In re-
ply the Earl of Dundonald said the as-
sociation existed for the purpose of
ventilating the needs of the artillery.

"I am one of those," he said, "who be-
lieve that the more open you are
with the people who have to supply
your needs the better it is for the ser-
vice and for the country. It is not fair
to the people to keep silent and then
when disaster occurs to say to them,
'It is all your fault. You did not sup-
ply what we wanted.' It is better to
be open with the people and tell your
needs in time, and an association such
as this, open and free, is the best means
by which you can inform the people of
the artillery needs of the country. We
have in Canada admirable material. We
have self-sacrificing officers and men,
but, gentlemen, they have to struggle
against grave discouragements. (Hear,
hear.) I may say in passing I have
been all my life interested in mechan-
ical work, and I have never met a
people who are so adapted for the in-
telligent use of the highest mechanical
instruments of war as our Canadian
people. They are naturally mechanical
in mind. Only give them good weap-
ons, so that they can use them.

"It is difficult for me in my position
to tell you, gentlemen, what I have
recommended. In the report that I
have sent in to the Minister I have
recommended what I think is desirable
for the country; not one gun too much,
and I trust not one gun too little. I
think nobody can imagine at the pre-
sent moment that we have the necessary
equipment. (Hear, hear.) When I see
garrison artillery firing out of weapons
that ought to be condemned to the
scrap heap I feel that it is only my
duty to recommend that they should be
given weapons that at all events
will fire a shell as far as the enemy
is likely to be able to fire his. How
is artillery that can only fire a shell
4,000 yards to successfully engage
artillery that can drop shrapnel at 10,000
yards? It cannot be done, and there-
fore I look upon you, gentlemen,
as the means by which the people of
Canada may be instructed in your
various districts by telling the facts—
telling them that a man with an arm
reaching for a distance of 4,000 yards
cannot face a man whose arm has a
range of 8,000 or 10,000 yards. It is
impossible. You can explain these
facts to the people, and then we may
look for a proper equipment."

Lord Dundonald went on to say that
the instructional corps were lamentably
short of officers, and the two batteries
of artillery at Kingston had but one
subaltern. This was because the people
did not understand the needs of the
force. He inspected the cadets at the
Royal Military College, Kingston, day
before yesterday—as fine a body of
Britons as one could wish to see—
and he found that out of a total of 30
only three were going into the Cana-
dian permanent force. The reason for
this was that there was no future for
them in the permanent force, so badly
were they paid. This state of things
would continue until the people under-
stood that they must remunerate prop-
erly or they would not get men to do
the work.

Of the graduates of the
Royal Military College 144 were serv-
ing in the Imperial service. That was
the bright side of it. On the other
hand, only 15 were serving in the active
militia, and but 14 in the permanent
corps. Lord Dundonald announced
that there were twelve 4.7 guns on or-
der, also two 6-inch guns and two 6-
inch howitzers.

With regard to the question of es-
tablishments he had recommended to
the Minister that they should all be of
war strength. It was not necessary to
call on the war strength. That would
not be advisable. To call on 35 per
cent. of the privates and officers, and
non-commissioned officers would be
doing very well. The question of more
range accommodation would be dealt
with. "I should very much like," ob-
served the General, "to see a large cen-
tral camp, where arms could work to-
gether and all receive mutual instruc-
tion one from the other. I trust it
may come to that; perhaps if Deser-
onto is not found suitable it may be
favorably thought of by the responsible
authorities and something may come
of it." (Applause.)

In concluding, his Lordship referred
to the dissatisfaction which had been
caused by the marks awarded to the
Winnipeg Battery in the efficiency
competition. The incident occurred
before his arrival in the country. An
inspecting officer was not sent up
from Ontario to Winnipeg, on the
ground of expense, but the duty was
performed by a local officer, who was
most generous in awarding points on
all grounds. The moral connected
with the matter was that it was not
wise to allow the matter of expense to
interfere with the question of effi-
ciency.

INTERESTING, IF TRUE.

You Can Try it for Yourself and Prove it.

One grain of the active principle
in Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will
digest 3,000 grains of meat, eggs or
other wholesome food, and this claim
has been proven by actual experiment
which anyone can perform for him-
self in the following manner: Cut
hard boiled eggs into very small
pieces, as it would be if masticated,
place the egg and two or three of the
tablets in a bottle or jar containing
warm water heated to 98 degrees
(the temperature of the body) and
keep it at this temperature for three
and one-half hours, at the end of
which time the egg will be as com-
pletely digested as it would have been
in the healthy stomach of a hungry
boy.

The point of this experiment is that
what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will
do to the egg in the bottle it will do
to the egg or meat in the stomach
and nothing else will rest and in-
vigorate the stomach so safely and
effectually. Even a little child can
take Stuart's Tablets with safety and
benefit if its digestion is weak and
the thousands of cures accomplished
by their regular daily use easily
explain when it is understood that
they are composed of vegetable es-
sences, aseptic pepsin, diastase and
Golden Seal, which mingles with the
food and digests it thoroughly, giving
the overworked stomach a chance to
recuperate.

Dieting never cures dyspepsia,
neither do pills and cathartic medi-
cines, which simply irritate and in-
flame the intestines.

When enough food is eaten and
promptly digested, there will be no
constipation, nor in fact will there
be disease of any kind because good
digestion means good health in every
organ.

The merit and success of Stuart's
Dyspepsia Tablets are world wide and
they are sold at the moderate price
of 50 cents for full sized package in
every drug store in the United States
and Canada, as well as in Europe.

PEOPLE'S TAVERNS.

Company Projected to Establish Them in Toronto.

Toronto, Feb. 27.—It has been
decided to launch a company with
\$100,000 capital for the establish-
ment of people's taverns in To-
ronto on somewhat similar lines to
those in England. This is a new tem-
perance movement, begun, it is said,
by the late Bishop Sullivan, but growing
more immediately out of the referen-
dum, and the meeting held on Wednes-
day was the successor of a number of
others held to get the project into
shape. Mr. Stapleton Caldecott pre-
sided, and others present were Rev.
Canon Welch, Rev. F. G. Plummer,
Rev. Robert Sims, Rev. W. G. Wallace,
Messrs. John W. Cowan, J. W. Dyas,

Dr. R. J. Gatliff Dead.

New York, Feb. 27.—Dr. R. J. Gat-
liff, the inventor of the Gatliff gun,
died suddenly in this city at the
home of his son-in-law, Hugh O.
Hunt, at 100 West 11th street. He was
eighty-five years old. Mr. Gatliff, be-
sides the gun which bears his name, invented a num-
ber of agricultural implements and a
gun metal. Although he graduated
from the Ohio Medical College, he
never practised medicine.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Sir John Terence Nicolls O'Brien, former
Governor of Newfoundland, is dead.

British railway companies will adopt a
uniform electric equipment for their lines.

Two hundred army reservists sailed
from Liverpool to take positions at Cape
Breton.

Rev. J. W. MacMillan, late of Lind-
say, was inducted into the pastorate of
St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Win-
nipeg.

A counter-petition has been filed by Mr.
John Brown, M.P.P., North Perth, against
Mr. John C. Monteith, his Conservative
opponent.

The Canadian General Electric Company
will spend half a million dollars in Pe-
terboro' this year for new buildings and
equipment.

The King has conferred the Grand
Cross of St. Michael and St. George on
Sir Michael Herbert, the British Amba-
sador at Washington.

The address in reply to the King's
speech at the opening of Parliament was
adopted by the British House of Com-
mons without amendment.

The Ontario Government's agent in the
Temiskaming district reports that there
were 175 locations in the district
during the month of January.

Rev. J. W. Graham of Montreal an-
nounces that he has within \$20,000 of the
\$30,000 necessary to save St. James' Me-
thodist Church from the creditors.

A despatch to a Vienna newspaper
from Constantinople announces that M.
Rulung, Russian Consul at Mitrovitz,
Albania, has been murdered by natives.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company
has awarded the contract for double-
tracking the line from Rat Portage to
Fort William to Foley Bros. & Com-
pany.

The Government steamer Minto man-
aged to free herself from the ice in North-
umberland Strait, and left a supply of
coal on the ice for the other ice-bound
steamer, the Stanley.

Hon. George E. Foster is unable to
leave his house, having contracted a
rather severe cold. His immediate
meetings arranged to be held in North
Ontario have, therefore, been cancelled.

The Provincial Department of Fish-
eries has decided to recommend that
the legislation restricting the sale of
bass, speckled trout and maskinonge
be renewed for another three years.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tab-
lets. This signature

on every box. 25c.

Preparations for Spring

Are almost completed, and before many days the
largest and most complete stocks of spring clothing for
men and boys we have ever shown, will be ready for
your inspection. All the new styles will be represented.
Every little new touch that goes to make this springs'
smartest styles will be here.

In the meantime we are taking a parting shot at
those things that belong to winter, and such oddments
as we want to say good-bye to before turning to the togs
for spring. For instance:—

Men's \$15.00	Overcoats for \$10.00.
" 13.00	" 8.00.
" 5.00	" 3.95.
Boys' 3.75	Reefers for 2.00.
" 3.00	Reefers for 1.50.

Did you get one of those new GRAY TIES? They are
correct.

THORNTON & DOUGLAS Limited

FOR
Sap Buckets,
Sap Spiles,
Sap Pans and
Sugar-Making Tools
go to

Quinn & Patterson.

They have everything re-
quired for the purpose. Their
prices are the lowest in Chat-
ham, and the goods are the
best that can be bought.

QUINN & PATTERSON

UNITED STATES NAVY.

Four New Battleships and Two More Cruisers.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Senator Hale,
from the Committee on Naval Affairs,
has reported the naval appropria-
tion. The most important amendment
recommended by the committee re-
lates to the increase of the navy. The
entire House provision is stricken out,
and in its stead provision is made for
four first-class battleships of the gen-
eral type of the Oregon, and two first-
class armored cruisers of the type of
the Brooklyn. The battleships are to
cost not exceeding \$3,200,000 each, and
the cruisers \$2,750,000. The battleships
are to be of 12,000 tons displacement,
and the cruisers of 9,500 tons. There
is a provision that not more than two
of these vessels shall be built by one
establishment, and for the building of
any or all of them in the Government
yards in case of a combination to de-
prive the Government of the benefit of
fair competition. The bill carries \$31,-
277,281.

Woman Fatally Burned.

Toronto, Feb. 27.—By the ex-
plosion of a lamp at her home,
63 Elliott street, last night, Mrs.

John Hunt was so terribly burned that
but slight hopes were held out for her
recovery. Mrs. Hunt sat down in the
dining-room about 9 o'clock to read a
paper. The light was not satisfactory
and she attempted to pull the hanging
lamp in the room down to a point
where the light would be thrown di-
rectly on the paper. The fixtures did
not work properly, and while Mrs.
Hunt was examining it the lamp ex-
ploded. The oil spilled over her head
and clothing, and in an instant she was
enveloped in flames. The woman's
piercing cries were heard by her hus-
band, who was upstairs, and he rushed
down to her assistance. With the
help of a table cloth Mr. Hunt suc-
ceeded in smothering the flames, but
not before his wife had been terribly
burned to the waist. Drs. Sneath,
Rowan and Clements were summoned
quickly, and the physicians did what
they could to relieve the unfortunate
woman's sufferings. About 10 o'clock
Mrs. Hunt was taken to the General
Hospital in the police ambulance. Early
this morning the hospital doctor stated
that the patient was suffering from
shock, and could not live many hours.

When a woman may lack nerve
force she has the power to conceal the
fact.

Black Hair Ayer's Hair Vigor has been
restoring color to gray hair for
fifty years, and it never fails
to do this work, either. And you can rely upon it
for stopping your hair from falling.

\$1 ONLY ONE DOLLAR \$1

Special Sale of beautiful fine China Cake Plates and
Berry Bowls, All useful serviceable pieces in fine
decorations and assorted patterns. Regular prices
\$2.00, 1.75, 1.50, 1.25. SEE WINDOW

Gray's Bazaar and China Hall