

Telegraphic News.

London, Jan. 25.
The Belgian Consul at Dover informed the authorities that the steamer which ran down the "Northfleet" was the "Pelayo," bound from Antwerp for Havana. Several journals announced that the trial of Marshal Bazaine before the court martial will begin by the latter part of April.

The Court of Paris has requested an interview with Count Chambord, but has yet received no answer.

Prince Louis Napoleon returns to Woolwich Monday.

Buckingham Palace will be placed at the disposal of the Shah of Persia for a residence during his visit to England.

The St. Petersburg "Official Gazette" says no encroachment upon the territory of Afghanistan is intended by Russia, and expresses surprise at the attitude of the English press.

The Empress Eugenie has concluded to leave Chislehurst, and will soon take her departure from there. She will not, however, leave England, but will reside in some other part of the country.

A despatch from Geneva says Dr. Pusey is better.

The new Swedish King, Oscar second, will be crowned on May 21st.

It is reported that a steamship has been discovered, sunk at the scene of the collision off Donaghadee lighthouse. The opinion is that the vessel which ran into the ship "Northfleet" went down with all hands before the emigrant ship sunk.

New York, Jan. 25.
Weather clear and cool in the Middle and New England States.

The British schooner "Falk," of St. John N. B., is reported at anchor in Folly Cove, Gloucester, full of water.

Gold 114; 114 3/4.

New York, Jan. 26.
The Quarantine Act passed last session by the Canadian Parliament is now in force.

It is reported that England has laid down a certain line as boundary of Afghanistan not to be crossed in any operations against Khiva.

Russia declines to accept it, and reports come from India of the capture, not by Russian troops, but through Russian influence, of an Afghan city and fort.

Mitchell, Assistant Secretary of British Legation at St. Petersburg, has just left London with important despatches to Lord Loftus, the British Ambassador to Russia.

London, Jan. 27.
Later reports with reference to the Anglo-Russian troubles in Central Asia is to the effect that Russia has made a proposal establishing a neutral zone, and guaranteeing the independence and neutrality of Afghanistan.

Dowager Empress Amelia, of Brazil, died at Lisbon on Friday, aged 61.

New York, Jan. 27.
Fires are reported this morning at New York, loss \$50,000; Philadelphia, loss \$60,000; Hillsborough, N. H., loss \$30,000; and less destructive fires in other places.

N. A. Shute, a Bank Cashier at Exeter, N. H., has absconded having defrauded the Granite National Bank and Savings Bank at that place of \$90,000.

Gold 113 3/4.

Harvest Prospects for 1873.

It may seem premature to discuss the prospects of the European harvest when sowing time is hardly over. Nevertheless the subject has been anxiously discussed for several weeks past on the other side of the Atlantic, and certain conclusions have been reached in regard to it which the most favorable conditions during the remainder of the season will not materially affect. A competent authority puts the matter in this way:

In 1873, the conditions of the harvest all over Europe will be unfavorable. The sowing season has been interrupted by rain in England, and the rain fall has been double that of an average year. The British harvest of 1872 was deficient, but it coincided with an exceptionally abundant French harvest, which, indeed, went out of its superfluous considerable quantities of grain into the English market.

The British harvest of 1873, will probably be still more deficient, and certainly will not be supplemented so largely as usual from continental supplies. During the last two years cheap corn has stimulated trade by increasing the spending power of the people. In 1873, dear corn will begin to contract the volume of trade again by decreasing that surplus.

The agricultural prospects in Scotland, according to the latest accounts, may serve to illustrate the state of things throughout Northern Europe, and to justify the data on which the above conclusions are founded. Farm work is generally far in arrears. The proportion of the autumn and winter wheat area yet seeded is comparatively small, and that which is sown is almost infinitesimal. The soil has been continually soaked with rain to an extent that only admitted of sowing in the lighter, more sandy soils, which are less adapted for producing wheat than the large tract of heavy, loamy, coarse lands which are most thoroughly saturated. What with the meagre turnip crop, the miserable potato yield, the deficiencies already pointed out in the grain crop, the gradually increasing rent, price of manure and labor bills, and the lamentable wheat prospects, 1873 must inevitably be a very trying year for the farmer. [Scottish Am. Journal.]

Sergeant Bates, some western paper remarks, has a family at Waukegan, Wis., whom he did not support before the war and whom he has neglected ever since. If this is the

case let the family haul down his American flag and shoot him on the spot.

A MOUNTAIN WASHED AWAY BY A FLOOD.

The following narrative appears in an East India journal, the "Akbari Soudagar." During a recent flood at Bular a high mountain in the jungle (marked in maps) was washed away. The place where the mountain stood became level with the surrounding ground. Such an amount of earth was loosened by this circumstance that the rich fields were one and all choked up with the sticky clay. About four hundred persons inhabiting the jungle were drowned, and their bodies were discovered the next day floating near the coast. The total loss is estimated at about three lacs of rupees. Eighty five houses have been washed away, and about three hundred thousand mounds of salt destroyed.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JAN. 29. 1873.

Accounts from this Office for advertising, &c., are being sent out, and we trust will be promptly paid. Our thanks are tendered to those who have already liquidated their bills, but there are several who are some time in arrears.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY is now a fixed fact, if the statements of the Ottawa papers are correct. We rejoice that it is so, notwithstanding the opposition of those who assert that it will be a huge job, and controlled by a "ring" of capitalists. The Board of Directors has been chosen, and the contract signed and delivered. It is also stated that preparations are in progress for commencing the work at an early day.

This long line will open up some of the finest land in the Dominion for settlement and grazing, running as it will across the continent through a region abounding in mineral wealth—gold, silver, iron, lead and coal. An immense tract of land will be drained of its products and brought into a state of cultivation, and the resources of a vast fertile belt will be developed, making it a home for people from the crowded cities and districts of the Mother Country and other parts of Europe. It will also be a competitor with the United States Pacific for the trade of the East, viz. China, Japan, &c. The General Government have acted with great caution, and have taken time before granting the power to build the road, having been assured of the Company's being in a position to complete the contract.

COMMISSIONERS OF PILOTS.—Messrs C. E. O. Hatheway, C. B. Eaton and S. Johnson, have been appointed Commissioners of Pilots, for the coast and harbors of the County of Charlotte. The last Canada Gazette publishes the Regulations made by them, with the approval of the Governor General in Council. The Pilots can now collect inward and outward pilotage on vessels arriving at and departing from all the ports of Entry in this County. The Commissioners perform their duties without fee or reward.

SMALL POX.—On Monday last another case of Small Pox was reported to the Board of Health. The Chairman, Mr. Hatheway, and another member of the Board, and Dr. Gove went off immediately to the house of the patient, a daughter of Mr. James F. Greenlaw, who resides about ten miles from town on the road to St. Stephen. The young woman is very bad, but is now under the care of the Doctor. It is believed the disease was contracted from washing clothes belonging to a young man recently returned from Boston. The house has been isolated, and the "Yellow flag" raised on the premises. The young man had been vaccinated, and was not attacked by the disease. We are happy to state that young O'Neal, at the Pest House, is recovering as fast as can be expected.

DISGRACEFUL.—We feel it a duty to notice the disgraceful conduct of some persons who congregate around the Post Office delivery window, where the Mails are being assorted. The noise and rudeness of several rowdies, who mix with orderly persons waiting for the mail delivery, is such, as to materially interfere with the sorting of the mails, and prevents respectable persons, some of them females, from receiving their mail matter until the morning. A complaint has reached us from a reliable source, of a piece of ruffianism committed on Saturday night last, with the name of the aggressor. A messenger who had waited some time went to the window for letters and papers, and, while the Postmaster was handing him, he was pulled away by a rough, and a letter of importance and value was lost, but afterwards picked up by a young man, and returned to the Post Office. Such conduct would not be tolerated in any other community, and the sooner such disorderly persons are prosecuted, and sent to "close quarters" for a few weeks, the better for the Town. We have forborne any allusion to these nuisances for some time, but feel called upon to expose such lawless acts, as we know them to be committed. The remedy is easy, any one subjected to such annoyance can make complaint to a Justice of the Peace, and the guilty parties will then have the benefit of being fined, or confined.

The Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance are to meet in this Town in April next. There was no meeting for the last Quarter, the Frederick "Sons" having passed a resolution that it was inexpedient if not impossible to meet as a Grand Division. The fact is, the G. W. P., G. T. and G. S., failed to arrive there in time, the train having been detained.

The papers of all shades of politics say that,

"the Legislature is to meet for the despatch of business on the 27th February." Quite late enough, if correct.

LECTURE.—Mr. Meagher will deliver the Sixth lecture of the course, to-morrow (Thursday) evening. Subject—"The Aztec civilization." Mr. Meagher's lecture on the "Young Power of the North," last Thursday evening was well received, and contained statistics of value to all who take an interest in the progress of our country.

We understand that the Committee have secured the services of Mr. McWilliams, to give one of his readings on Thursday evening, 6th Feb. We notice by Frederick and St. John papers that Mr. McWilliams is a popular, pleasing and capital reader, and we hope he will give a humorous selection.

ST. STEPHEN JOURNAL.—This popular news paper's circulation has increased so rapidly, that its proprietors have imported a new and superior Power Press, which will print 1080 impressions per hour. We rejoice in the prosperity of our contemporaries, and none more so, than our new contemporary.

WHO IS HE?—"The St. Stephen Journal" in a humorous style adverts to the fact of an Editor not 200 miles from St. Stephen who was so "absent minded" (?) one evening lately, that after he received his mail matter which was lying on his table before him, that he could not see it and sent to the Post Office three times for it. This is a quiet way of saying that he was "backed."

The Governor General with great good sense and independence, in a recent speech at the McGill Normal School, pointed out a glaring defect in the manners of the young on this side of the Atlantic, and made some practical suggestions for their amendment. In speaking to the pupils, soon to be teachers, he pointed out to them their duties, a part of which would be "to endeavor to refine discipline and elevate the general behaviour of their scholars, rendering them polite, well-bred, deferential, respectful to their parents, to their elders and their superiors." We have "only space for a brief extract from Lord Dufferin's address, which is worthy of an attentive perusal. He said:

"I confess if there is any criticism which I have to pass upon the youth of this new country, I do not say of Canada especially, but of the continent of America,—it is that I have been struck by the absence of that deference and respect for those who are older than themselves to which we still cling in Europe. Now, to use a casual illustration: I have observed in travelling on board the steamships on the St. Lawrence, children running about from one end of the vessel to the other, whom more than once I have been tempted to take up and give a good whipping. I have seen three or four young gentlemen in conversation trample on ladies' dresses, shoulder their way about, without a thought of the inconvenience they were occasioning, and what was more remarkable, these little thoughtless indiscretions did not seem to attract the attention of their parents; when I ventured to make an observation on this to the people with whom I have been travelling, I was always told that these little present individuals came from the other side of the line. Well, I only hope that this may be so; at all events, without inquiring too strictly how that may be I trust that the to cers of the schools of of Canada will do their very best to inculcate into their pupils the duties of politeness, of refined behaviour, of respect for the old, and of reverence for their parents, that they will remember that a great deal may be done by kindly and whole some advice in this particular, and that if they only take a little trouble they will contribute greatly to render Canada not only one of the best situated, most prosperous, most successful and richest, but one of the most polite, best-bred, and well-mannered countries of the American continent."

This is a correct picture and no less correct than true. It is one which has called forth remark from well-bred people of all countries who have witnessed it.

THE "SCHOOL CASKET."—The first number of a little paper with the above title, published at St. John by McKillop & Johnston has been received. Its editor is Mrs. S. J. Parkin, some years ago taught school here, and is now preceptress of the Advanced female school in St. John. The articles are contributed by the young girls attending the schools in the city. Price 50 cents per ann.

The "Daily News" has a new Wharfedale Press of English make, in operation, in addition to an "Adams" "Globe" and "Degener Liberty" worked by steam, and hand presses besides.

The "Evening Globe" also has a new printing machine named "the Reliance," from England. An applicable name for their Press, for they depend upon their "SELF-RELIANCE" for success.

The weather this morning was quite sharp, with strong northerly wind drifting the light snow; the travelling however is good, except on the lines of railway where the drifts prevent the trains making good time. The train arrived at eight o'clock last evening.

The prisoner Gibbons, who escaped from the Penitentiary last week, was captured at St. Stephen on Sunday last. He was passed by the St. Andrews Stage, but owing to the mail being late, the driver did not capture but gave information which led to his arrest.

Thirty thousand dollars have been raised toward rebuilding the Brooklyn tabernacle recently burned.

INTERNATIONAL COMPANY.—The following officers of the International Steamship Company have been elected for the ensuing year:—Directors, T. C. Hervey, President, J. B. Coyle, S. E. Spring, Rufus E. Wood, Portland; A. McLe, Seely, St. John; Secretary and Treasurer, H. Libby. Wm. Whitlock, Esq., the popular Agent of the Company at this Port, has also been re-appointed.

Military military is just now particularly engaging public attention. Tailors have had about as much to do as tacticians with the British army, and sometimes the scissors have seemed to take precedence of the science of war. All this is to be changed by the unanimous consent of practical men. The dress of troops is to be regulated by consideration of fitness for the field, and not by the fancied necessities of parades. It will no longer require elaborate study for an officer to know how to dress, which of eight or ten costumes he should wear on particular occasions. And it is understood that in future commissions will go to men who mean the business of war, not the mere dignities and pleasures, and that if military efficiency and social status are incompatible, the latter and not the former will be sacrificed. The amateur element, the vain youngsters who are made soldiers by their tailors, and to whom war is play in time of peace, rather than work on the battle field, will no longer be allowed to corrupt and weaken companions, who, left to themselves, would be good working officers.

SUMMARY.

George Grant, the great dry goods merchant of London, has bought 100 square miles of land in Iowa for a colony of English settlers.

H. n. John Ryan, a member of the Legislative Council, died at Apoliqui His death makes the third vacancy in the Council.

ACCIDENT.—A car containing a number of the Board of Trade Delegates was thrown off the track near Prescott and captured fortunately no one was injured.

It is but a few days since one of the leading London papers published a glowing eulogy of Lytton Bulwer and his literary labours setting him high above his contemporaries and anticipating much from his unimpaired powers his exuberant faculty and his untiring energy. These anticipations are not to be realized for the Press telegraph states that he died Saturday.

The Senate at Rome has approved the bill forbidding theological instruction in the public schools.

Several Indianapolis boarders have brought suit for damages against their landlord for permitting a case of small pox to remain in his house.

Sunday Liquor Law.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir:—I perceive that the good people of St. John, and other places in this Province, and Halifax, N. S., are finding their licensed liquor dealers, who sell on Sunday, is there not abundant and sufficient reason for carrying out a similar procedure in St. Andrews. Is it not patent that liquor is sold openly at several bars in the Town, on the Sabbath Day? What are our Sons of Temperance doing? Are they honestly fulfilling their solemn pledges, by permitting this open violation of the law of God, and of man. Let them manfully use the strong arm of the law; they will meet with the support of the community and the thanks of many wives, mothers and daughters,—prove true to their maxims, and seek the common weal, the good of their fellow citizens.

How long is this poor Province to expend \$800,000 annually for liquor—equal to \$1 for each inhabitant. A great cry is made about the small tax for schools, but nothing is said with reference to the huge tax expended in that which destroys both soul and body.

A woman in Troy, N. Y., thirty six years old, has just had a needle extracted from her leg. It became imbedded there when she was only a year old, and was taken out last week. It was bright and free from rust, and with commendable economy, on recovering control of it she threaded it and began to sew with it.

A poet from St. Paul, Minn., W. Inestry says reports were received yesterday of the increased number of deaths in the vicinity of Lake Huron. Thirteen dead bodies were found between Port Huron and Bay View Falls. Six children on the way to school were frozen to death. A terrible incident is that of a man who went for a doctor to attend his wife, and was frozen to death on the way home. Next day when the doctor reached the house he found that the woman had given birth to a child and that both were frozen to death.

Mr. Gladstone in a recent speech in Liverpool, said that more wealth had been accumulated in England since the commencement of the present century, than in all the preceding ages from time of Julius Caesar, and again, at least as much wealth was created within the last twenty years as in the last century.

A Roman Catholic priest of Fort Wayne Indiana, has just received as a present from the late Louis Napoleon, a magnificent gold and silver chalice, to be used in the cathedral in that city. It is encased in four different colors and bears an appropriate inscription in Latin. An autograph letter accompanied the gift. The priest was a personal friend of the ex Emperor in his early days.

It is reported that an effort will be made to increase the salaries of Congressmen to \$8,000 or \$10,000 a year. Are certain members of the present Congress now going on will put an end to lobby fees in the future, and are desirous that the government shall make up the difference in their receipts?

The authorities of Boston are at last putting forth the most vigorous efforts for the suppression of small pox in that city. A new Board of Health has been appointed, with able powers, and evinces a determination to extirpate the scourge from the city as speedily

as possible at whatever cost. New hospitals are being comfortably fitted up, medical men furnished with pure virus from the Board of Health, vaccination afforded to all persons at the expense of the city, and measures adopted for thorough cleansing and fumigation of infected houses. It is expected that the malarial miasma which has so long afflicted the city will in a short time disappear.

A correspondent of the Halifax Citizen writes from Cape Sable that on the 30th ult., while three men and a woman were crossing Barrington Bay to west Baccara, their boat came in contact with a cake of ice. One of the oars was unfortunately broken, and the party were thus at the mercy of the current, the ice and the severe weather. After remaining all day in their exposed and dangerous position, they were dragged ashore. One of the men was severely frost bitten.

In England executions occur quietly and in presence of a very few witnesses, but the instant the drop falls a black flag is raised over the prison, conveying to the crowds outside the information that justice has done its work.

A large quantity of sugar cane cuttings run the East Indies has arrived in Louisiana to take the place of the degenerative native root.

OUR ARTILLERY.—A late English paper says:—"The Canadian Government being left to its own resources, has ordered of Sir Wm. Armstrong a number of 9 pounder field guns of 8 cwt., precisely similar to those which have recently been manufactured in the Royal Gun Factory, Woolwich, and supplied to the Royal Artillery. The Canadian guns are being constructed at the Rawick Factory, and are to be finished speedily."

DIED.

At Watt Junction, on the 23rd inst., Thomas Watt, Esq., aged 66 years, leaving a family to mourn their bereavement. Mr. Watt was a resident of this County for upwards of forty years, and at one period was extensively engaged in business.

At St. John, on the 21st inst., of consumption, JOSEPH M., eldest son of H. S. Book, Esq., in the 32nd year of his age.

NOTICE.

A Special Meeting of the Stockholders of the St. Andrews Steamboat Wharf Company, will be held in the Room of the Engine House, on Saturday the 8th day of February, at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of exhibiting the accounts of the Company, and any other business connected therewith. By order of the Directors, W. WHITLOCK, Sec'y & Treasurer.

St. Andrews, Jan. 25, 1873.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

OF LONDON AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

FIRE & LIFE.

PRESIDENT:

His Grace the Duke of Roxburghe, K. T.

VICERESIDENTS:

His Grace the Duke of Sutherland K. G.

His Grace the Duke Abercrombie, K. G.

Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart, G. C. B. & K. S.

CAPITAL - £2,000,000 STERLING (WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)

The Subscriber having been appointed General Agent for New Brunswick for the above Company, is now prepared to effect insurances on reasonable terms.

HENRY JACK, General Agent

W. B. MORRIS, Agent for St. Andrews and vicinity.

Government House, Ottawa.

Tuesday, 24th day of December, 1872.

PRESIDENT.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

WHEREAS by the Act passed in the 35th year of Her Majesty's reign, entitled:—"An Act to amend an Act of the present Session and to enable the Governor in Council to impose a duty on Tea and Coffee imported from the United States in the case therein mentioned," it is provided that if at any time, any greater duty of Customs should be payable in the United States of America on Tea or Coffee imported from Canada than on Tea or Coffee imported from any other country, then the Governor in Council may impose on Tea or Coffee imported into Canada from the said United States a duty of Customs equal to the duty payable in the United States on Tea or Coffee imported into Canada from any country other than the said United States, but passing in bond through the United States, shall be free from duty.

And whereas the contingency contemplated by the above referred Act has occurred, and Tea and Coffee imported into the United States from Canada, are subject to a duty of ten per cent. ad valorem, while Tea and Coffee imported from countries East of the Cape of Good Hope are free from duty.

His Excellency in Council on the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Finance, and under the authority aforesaid, has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that a duty of ten per cent. be imposed, and the same is hereby authorized to be levied and collected on Tea and Coffee imported into Canada from the United States of America.

W. A. HIMS WORTH, Clerk, Privy Council.

DISOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE Partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of WADDELL & STOOP, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business will in future be conducted by JAMES STOOP; all debts due the said firm will be received by him.

FRANCIS WADDELL, JAMES STOOP.

St. Andrews, Jan. 14, 1873.

\$100

CAVIN B. in 1792.

Drumstick, in Africa since his death will

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