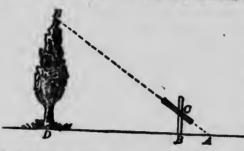
1. To find the height of the tree DE: A movable hollow tube or straight-edged beam is attached to the upright BC. How is the



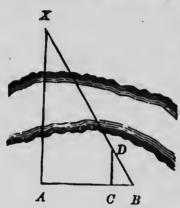
point A found? BC = 6 ft.; AB = 8 ft.; BD = 36 ft. What two similar triangles? What proportion can you make to find DE?

2. A post 8 feet high casts a shadow 3 ft. long. A church spire at the same time casts

a shadow 35 ft. long. How high is the church spire?

3. How long will the shadow of a tree 40 ft. high be when the shadow of a tree 18 ft. high is 12 ft. 5 in. long?

4. How high is a house which casts a shadow 18 ft. long when the shadow of a post 4½ ft. high is 2 ft. 9 in. long?



5. To find the distance from A to the inaccessible point X: Draw AB perpendicular to AX. Join BX. Draw CD parallel to AX. What kind of angles at A and C? What two similar triangles? What sides are measured? What is the proportion? Show how you can find the distance from B to X.

6. Given the lines: AB = 52 ft., BC = 12 ft., CD = 20 ft., to find AX.

7. Given the lines: AB = 26 ft., BC = 6 ft., BD = 10 ft., to find BX.

8. By drawing other figures from the points A and B, can you find the length of AX?

9. If the point from which distance to X is desired is on the bank of the river, what lines should be drawn?

10. From any point in a lot on one side of the road, find the distance to a point in a lot on the other side of the road without crossing the road. Draw diagram illustrating all lines needed for measurement.