

but Sovereign State; with the storming of Rome, and the gallant, but of course hopeless—because of the disparity of strength—stand made by the Papal army, and the subsequent events our readers are of course acquainted; but would they have the details of this ingenuous conquest of a small State by its more powerful and unscrupulous neighbor, we recommend them to procure the little work whose title we have given above, which they will find very instructive and very entertaining.

DION AND THE SIBYLS—A Classic Christian Novel, by Miles Gerald Keon, Col. Sec., Bermuda; Author of *Harding the Money Spinner*, etc. New York Publication Society; Messrs. Salliers, Montreal. Bound in Cloth, \$1.50; paper, 50 cents; Free by Mail on receipt of the money.

This interesting story has been published in a serial form by the *Catholic World*, but is now collected into one volume and presented to the public at the prices above indicated. In these days when the great mass of the works of fiction with which readers regale themselves are unhealthy, and morally deleterious, even when not mortally poisonous, it is a pleasure to find an exception to the rule; to be able to lay our hands on one book which Catholic parents may with safety put into the hands of their children; the moral tone of which is excellent; and which at the same time is deeply interesting, and instructive, as it brings us into contact with that ever memorable epoch when the sun of Christianity first began to dawn upon the people of heathen Rome.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE—May, 1871—Messrs. Dawson Bros., Montreal.

This is a number that has made its mark by its first article—*"The Battle of Dorking"*. The *Reminiscences of a Volunteer*. The substance of it is the defeat of the volunteers and regular troops of Great Britain by a German invading army, as described by an old man who had taken part in the fatal battle of Dorking; the moral is that without delay it behooves Great Britain to put herself in an efficient state of defence. The other articles, all good in their way, are:—*Impressions of Greece*; *An O'Dowd Reverie*; *What Has Come of It?* *Fair to See*—part v.; *Prolixity*; *The Leather Bottle*; *Platonic Paradoxes*; *Under the Red Cross*; a Narrative of Hospital Life With the Prussians in France—part 1.; *The Scotch Education Bill*.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY—April—Messrs. Dawson Bros., Montreal.

We publish a list of the contents of the current number, which is very interesting:—1. Life of the First Earl of Shaftesbury; 2. Evidence from Hand-Writing—Junius; 3. The Third French Republic, and the Second German Empire; 4. New Sources of English History; 5. Civil List Pensions; 6. The Church and Non-Conformity; 7. The Usages of War; 8. The Chronology of the Gospels; 9. The Satires of Horace—Professor Conington and Mr. Theodore Martin; 10. The Hundred Years of Christianity in Japan; 11. The Government Army Bill.

WESTMINSTER REVIEW—April, 1871.—Messrs. Dawson Bros., Montreal.

This—the organ of the more advanced wing of the Protestant army, is as usual full of interesting and ably written articles on the following subjects:—*Aristophanes*; 2. The American Republic, its Strength and Weakness; 3. Thomas Hood; 4. Battles in the Church; 5. Public School Teaching; 6. France, The Jesuits and the Tientsin Massacre; 7. St. Beuve; 8. Army Organization; 9. Contemporary Literature.

(From the *London Daily Journal*, May 6, 1871.)

Died, on the 15th of April, at the residence of his family in Woodland, near Letterkenny, Mr. John Cranand, in the 26th year of his age, and the fourth of his collegiate course in St. Patrick's, Maynooth. The death of this amiable and promising aspirant to the priesthood has been a very severe affliction to his widowed mother and the other members of his family, and has been sincerely regretted by his professors and fellow-students, with whom he was a general favorite.

TO THE MEMORY OF JOHN GREAHARD, OF WOODLAND, LETTERKENNY, COUNTY DONEGAL, IRELAND.

Died, April 15th, 1871.
A few years ago the youth came among us
Like some stranger plant in Eden first reared,
While with us he lingered a light shone upon us
When from us he went that light disappeared.

Like the hopes that we cherished his fond hopes
Were blighted
He has sunk, wept by all, to a premature grave,
And the home that his talents with gladness had
Lighted
Waits vainly the fruits of the promise he gave.

Yes, we smoothed down the sod, 'twas to be his
Lone pillow
Above the fair Swilly he rests in the shade,
While the wind sweeping over the white-crested
Billow
Made us think it was music his spirit had made.

He sleeps in the Abbey of famed Killydonnell
Where for him his fathers were laid down to rest,
The turf which yet fresh we there laid upon him
Shall soon spring to verdure and bloom on his breast.

As the bells of the Abbey nenth Swilly's waves
Lying

Make o'er the waters by times their wild strain
Then cease! So his spirit back heavenwards
Flying
Just came here to gladden and left us again.
—Com.

A MONTREAL MANUFACTURER.—The St. John *Advertiser*, of a recent date, has the following concerning a well-known Montreal manufacturer:—

We deem it a duty we owe to our readers, both in town and country, to call their attention to Lawlor's Sewing Machine Branch Office, 82 King street. So many people are victimized by travelling agents, who offer worthless machines at the prices of good ones, and so many are humbugged by being induced to purchase good machines from agents who don't know how to put them in running order, that the people are looking to the press for information and advice. Our attention has been drawn to it by the numerous complaints that have reached our office. In some places we learn that Sewing-Machines have been brought into disrepute by such means. One or two or a half dozen people buy machines from swindlers or people who know all about dry goods, perhaps, but nothing about machinery, and fail to make them work properly. The consequence is that whole neighborhoods become prejudiced against them, and in consequence deprive themselves of this wondrous labor-saver for years.

If country people would bear in mind that the place to buy machines is at a permanent branch, and not at a variety store, they would find their purchases much more satisfactory. Such an establishment we have in Mr. Lawlor's store on King street. Mr. L. has been engaged in the business for years and knows all about it. He has seventeen different kinds, styles and sizes of machines on hand. Machines for all kinds of work, and in all degrees of finish. Machines for fine goods, coarse goods or leather. Machines for use, add machines for ornament and use combined. Among all these various machines, the one combining the most good qualities for the least money, is "Lawlor's Family." It is a combination of Singer's Manufacturing and Family Machines, with improvements. Its advantages over other machines of the same price are many, including a check lever which is not possessed by any other cheap machine. This renders the needle self-adjusting and no change has to be made when cloth of different degrees of thickness is to be used. It also has a foot-bar spring for regulating the weight. All other small family machines do not admit of any change of pressure. It also possesses the crank movement which has rendered Singer's manufacturing machines so popular. The wheel is elevated so that it can be used for driving the machine when on its stand. This is a great improvement on others. The shuttle with which it is furnished is made of solid steel, being neither and smaller than the other kinds, holding as large a bobbin, and having no soldering to give out when heated. This Queen of the Family Sewing Machines is only \$25 to run by hand, \$30 with black walnut stand and treadle motion, or \$35 in quarter cabinet case, with lock. One of the "sights" in this establishment is a miniature steam engine of one-half horse power, which is used for "running up" the new machines, putting them in perfect running order. An experienced machinist, provided with lathes and all other requisite machinery, is constantly employed in repairing machines of any make or kind. Parts of all popular machines in the market are constantly kept on hand, and broken down machines are reconstructed at short notice. Machines are sent all the way from Nova Scotia for repairs. In two years and a half Mr. Lawlor has sold THIRTEEN HUNDRED SEWING MACHINES, in St. John, and his sales are increasing with gratifying rapidity. This fact is not alone gratifying to him, but it is so to us and to every one who sets a proper value on these household allies, and desires to see the labors of every housewife lightened by the possession of one. Mr. Lawlor is a philanthropist, and deserves not alone the patronage, but the gratitude of the people.

On account of the misfortunes which have befallen the French nation and the Temporal Power of the Catholic Church, the St. Jean Baptiste Society of Montreal will omit, this year, its usual joyous celebration, and will only engage in an appropriate religious service.

The corner stone of a new Catholic Church was laid at Barrie on the 4th inst. by Archbishop Lynch. The structure will be 101 by 50 feet, with a tower and spire to the height of 170 feet, and will cost about \$13,000.

BAPTISM OF A BELL.—A very imposing ceremony took place last Sunday, in the chapel of the Sacred Heart, Cote des Neiges, being the blessing of a bell for the use of the chapel. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Canon Fabre, assisted by the Revs. Messrs. Poissant and Laberge, acting as Deacon and Sub-Deacon. The Godfathers and Godmothers were the Right Rev. Vinet, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Belle, Mr. and Mrs. B. Devlin, and Mr. and Mrs. Labadie. The band of the St. Laurent College, under the able leadership of Prof. Jaccours and Ouellette, was present and discoursed sweet music. A luncheon was at the close of the ceremony, partaken of, and an exceedingly happy time was spent. The Fathers of the Holy Cross have been fortunate in obtaining a very delightful situation, the most beautiful on the north-west side of Mount Royal, for this institution. There are, we are informed, forty pupils in it between the ages of five and eleven years; and both as to teachers and other appliances of education, the college is every thing that could be desired. The bell just consecrated weighs one hundred and eighteen pounds.—*Gazette*, 7th inst.

ST. ANN'S TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.—Officers for 1871.—Rev. J. Brown, President; Mr. Thomas Price, 1st Vice-President; Mr. John J. Cox, 2nd Vice-President; Mr. Thos. Harding, Secretary; Mr. Michael Crowe, Treasurer; Mr. Patrick Kennedy, Grand Marshal. Executive Committee: Mr. Michael Burke, Chairman; Messrs. John Harding, John Lynch, Michael Toner, Jas. Clarke, Edward Wheeler, John Crowe, Pierre Belloise, Patrick McCarthy, Michael McGaurin, Michael Danaher, Thos. Holland. Vigilance Committee—Eight Districts: Messrs. Michael Conway, George Cummings, John McCarthy, Denis Gahan, Pierre Marshall, Edward McCarthy, and Michael Sullivan. The Society meets the second Sunday of every month in St. Ann's Church, where the temperance pledge is administered.

MEMBERS ELECTED TO THE LOCAL ASSEMBLY.
M. I. O.
Quebec Centre—Hon. Mr. Langevin 1
Quebec West—Mr. Henri 1
Quebec East—Mr. Rhénau 1
Sherbrooke—Hon. Mr. Robertson 1
Montmorency—Hon. Mr. Cauchon 1
Portneuf—Dr. Larue 1
Two Mountains—Hon. Mr. Oulmet 1
Dorchester—Mr. Laroche 1
It is said that Mr. Poxer will be opposed after all in Beauce by Mr. Joseph Laurin the ex-member for Lobbiniere.

DARING ATTEMPT AT ROBBERY AND SHOOTING.—We regret to learn that a very daring attempt at robbery, resulting in the wounding by a pistol shot of one of our leading merchants occurred yesterday. Mr. A. Gault, whose family are absent from the city, and who on that account is not occupying his house, yesterday morning entered it for the purpose of opening some of the windows to let in fresh air. After morning service, about one o'clock, he again went in, and hearing some noise up stairs went up, when he found two men in the back gallery, with a

desk, the contents of which they were examining. Coming up to them, he collared them both, one being a comparative lad, the other an older man. In the struggle that ensued the lad drew a pistol and fired it, the ball entered Mr. Gault's mouth and lodged in the cheek, fortunately without fracturing the jaw. At the same moment the elder of the two burglars effected his release and escape, but Mr. Gault dragged the other down stairs, when faintness from loss of blood compelled him to relinquish his hold, and the lad also made good his escape. The pistol, however, he left behind, and his cap. The pistol is a single barrelled one, and is recognized as having been stolen a few days ago. There must have been a very light charge of powder in it, to which fact Mr. Gault owes his escape from a very dangerous wound. As it is, the ball did not penetrate very deeply, and was easily extracted by Dr. Godfrey, who was called in. The police are on the track of the burglars, who it is hoped will be arrested and severely punished.—*Gazette*, Monday, 12th inst.

IMPROVEMENTS.—The Corporation intend this year to improve every section of the city by erecting, from the designs of John James Browne, Esq., architect, seven buildings, which will add to the many attractions Montreal has now for strangers, and at the same time as much needed, as our population has of late years increased so rapidly, viz.—A Fish Market (facing on Commissioner, Foundling, and St. Peter streets). It is to be constructed of cast iron and Halifax stone, with curved roof very light and chaste in appearance and very effective, and in the Italian style. Four Fire Stations, one in St. Gabriel street, one in Ontario street, one in Craig street, and one in Wellington street. Two Police Stations, one on the lot corner of German and Ontario streets, and one on corner of Gain and Craig streets. All these buildings are in the Gothic style massive and very solid in outline, each with the an octagonal tower, belfry, &c., with the Corporation arms over the main entrance constructed with Montreal stone, cut-stone dressings, and the remainder rock-faced, and over each station are two residences for the men, and in rear of each building are the stables, &c. The architect returned to town on Saturday last, after inspecting the Police and Fire Stations in Boston, which are considered the best on this continent, with a view of making any improvement in his designs, which had been unanimously adopted by the Council.—*Witness*.

The accounts of the state of the crops in Ontario are on the whole favorable. The fall wheat is everywhere pronounced to be in a very advanced condition, and to give prospect of affording a very abundant yield. Indeed our exchanges, so far as they refer to the appearance of the crops at all, are enthusiastic on this point. Fall wheat, however, though still a very important item in the aggregate agricultural productions of Ontario, is not so exclusively depended on as in former years. In many districts it has been very largely given up, and spring grain and dairy farming substituted in its place. So that while, in estimating the harvest prospects of the year, upon their general prosperity so much depends, it is not wise to assume too much from the condition of the fall wheat. Spring wheat and other grains have suffered somewhat from the long drouth of the past few weeks, and the grass is much stunted and parched. The casual showers of the present week have done something to revive spring prospects; and how much they were needed may be inferred from the fact that in some parts the barley had already begun to turn yellow. Should the country be favored with further rains within the next ten days, there is little doubt that all crops will show an over average yield. The fruit crop in the West promises to be an abundant one.—*Gazette*.

A CHICKEN NUISANCE.—The public health is a matter of first importance, and anything inimical thereto ought to be made known and removed. We would therefore direct attention to a sort of factory, the effluvia from which is poisoning the entire neighborhood. The place to which we refer is near the top of Panet street, and consists of wooden erections, for the purpose of rendering tallow from entrails of animals, bones of the same, and matter of all kinds that may be used for this purpose. The stench from these operations pollutes the entire neighborhood within a considerable radius, and the residents complain bitterly about allowing such a pest house as this in a locality where so many families reside. We are informed that last year there were four or five of one family removed by death from a house adjoining this pestiferous place. Also landlords owning houses near complain that the value of their property suffers deterioration, tenants dreading, even though rents are low, to live in its vicinity. Surely steps will be taken by the Health Department, to cause the immediate removal of this public nuisance to somewhere outside of the city limits, for the sake of the health of the neighborhood in question.—*Daily Witness*.

FIRE.—At about half-past eleven o'clock last night, a fire broke out in Mr. Gadbois' carpenter's shop, Ontario street, between St. Urban and St. Charles Bonhomme. The flames spread with terrific rapidity, almost instantly enveloping the carpenter's shop, and adjoining wood-yard. The wind was high, and swept the flames across the sidewalk of Ontario street setting it on fire, and also the grass near the yard. When once the firemen got to work, however, the flames were quickly got under; but as it was blowing almost a gale, the reserves had been called out. The workshop, along with unfinished work and tools, was completely destroyed, and nothing left in the wood-yard except a small pile of charred lumber. An adjoining house also suffered, and had the wind blown in a contrary direction, both this and a neighbouring dwelling would have been consumed. The damage is stated to be about \$4,000.—*Mont. Witness*, 10th inst.

SIXTEEN.—Yesterday forenoon, Mr. Judge of Sessions Court sentenced Edward De Vesey, alias Rev. Dr. Sackville, and Joseph Douglas, alias Capt. De Chamillon, convicted of stealing five watches and chains from Messrs. Wood, in April last, each, to three years in Kingston Penitentiary. In the case of George Hupe, who pleaded guilty to stealing Pommeville, a brakeman on the Grand Trunk, sentence was deferred until next term, to see if prisoner was insane or not.—*Gazette*, 7th inst.

The Peterborough *Revealer* is pleased with the favorable appearance of the crops between that place and Cobourg. The fall wheat looks remarkably well, and the spring crops and hay, although somewhat backward, are yet looking well, and must rapidly improve beneath the genial showers of the last few days. The numerous orchards passed on the road give promise of a bountiful crop of fruit—the trees being literally covered with blossoms.

Since the late showers, the St. Thomas *Despatch* says that in that section they have had intensely hot weather; the grass has sprung up a foot high in some places, and they expect a good crop of hay. The winter wheat is thriving well; the spring crops are somewhat backward, but they have time enough to grow. Upon the whole, the season appears to be very favourable for the growing crops.

Official returns show that there have arrived at the Union station and the immigrant depot, Toronto, 6,270 immigrants: of these 3,906 were Germans passed on to the Western States, and there remained in Canada, 1,484 English, 440 Irish and 440 Scotch very few of those who settled in Canada remained more than 24 hours at the depot, as either through their own exertions or the good offices of Mr. Donaldson, they had situations which they at once proceeded to fill.

THREE DRUNKEN MEN CARRIED OVER NIAGARA FALLS. Thursday p.m., May 26th, three young men who

were the day previous peddling prize candy on the American side of the Niagara Falls, but whose names are unknown, crossed over to the Canadian side, where they imbibed sufficient liquor to become intoxicated. After wandering around for some time they recrossed the bridge and went to a place about three miles above the Falls, where boats are kept for hire. Here they tried to engage a boat, but owing to their intoxicated state the owners of the boats would not let them have any. They finally took a boat which they found near that place, and started out. Two of the men were very drunk, and lay down in the bottom of the boat, while the third one, who was not quite so intoxicated as the others, undertook the management of the oars to ferry them across to the Canadian side. After getting out some little distance, the boat was caught in the current of the river, and the man managing the frail craft soon became aware of the desperate nature of the enterprise in which he was engaged. As the boat rapidly drew nearer and nearer to the fatal waste of surging and foaming waters, the oarsman stood up in the boat and for a moment wildly surveyed the scene, when he let go the oars and jumped into the water, and made desperate efforts to swim ashore. He swam for a little time, vainly endeavouring to make headway against the fatal trap which embraced him. But it was useless. He was speedily drawn into the rapids and carried over the cataract. His companions in the boat, unconscious of the fate which awaited them, were also launched into eternity with equal swiftness. The boat tossed in the rapids like a bit of cork, and with a sudden plunge was engulfed in the great sheet of water which rolls on unceasingly for ever. Next morning one of Mr. Saul Davis' men picked up a man's leg, evidently a portion of one of the victims. It had been cut off at the thigh, and as clean as if the operation had been performed with a surgeon's knife. The fatal ride was witnessed by a great many people who gathered on the shore. But it was beyond human endeavor to afford the unfortunate men in the boat any assistance. They died victims at the shrine of intemperance, for if they had not been under the influence of the "curse" they would hardly have engaged in an enterprise where *carelessness and sobriety* are of paramount importance.

The Blenheim correspondent of the *Woodstock Borderer* says:—The farmers have now finished all but turnip sowing. Wheat, I fear, is to be an uncertain and unequal crop, certainly not above an average as things look here. Hay is also much the same. The fruit blossom has now snowed off, and I think we may depend on a good crop of cherries and plums, also pears. Apples are more unequal in promise, a good many trees not yielding at all this year. Sorry to say the saw-fly caterpillar had again appeared last week on the gooseberry and currant bushes, and in such myriads of recurring swarms as to defy all efforts with such preventives as hellebore, soap-suds, tobacco-water, or even hand-picking.

A raid which the farmers may dread as worse than Pootan, has set in upon Western Ontario. That terrible pest, the Colorado potato bug, after several years of migration from the Rocky Mountains westward has at length reached Canada. Last year they appeared in some quarters on the western frontier, but not in such numbers as to commit ravages of any considerable extent; but this season they appear to have crossed the border in such force as to create uneasiness among farmers. In the neighborhood of Sarnia and all along the front, they have established themselves, and we now learn that they have this week pushed eastward into the interior as far as Peterborough, in the neighbourhood of London. Different descriptions have been given of this new enemy of the potato, but all agree in classing it not as a bug, but as a beetle of the order of *Coleoptera*. When matured it is of a cream colour, striped with black, and somewhat resembles a gigantic bed bug. All kinds of remedies have been used to extirpate these devastators, but without avail.—*Globe*.

Many suffer rather than take nauseous medicines; and this is not to be wondered at, as the remedy is often worse than the disease. Sufferers from coughs, colds, influenza, sore throat, or tendency to consumption, will find in *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry* a remedy as agreeable to the palate as effectual in removing disease.

BREAKFAST.—EPPE'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Eppe has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labelled—JAMES EPPE & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London.

"CLEANSING THE BLOOD," upon which charlatans have harped so much is not a mere catch-word and delusion. The microscope shows that some diseases exist like parasitic growths upon the globules of the blood, and it is further known that some subtle substances destroy or expel them. These substances have been combined to make Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which does effectually expel the disorders that breed and range in the blood to rot out as it were the machinery of life.—*Mercur (Pa.) Whig*.

CIRCULAR.

MONTREAL, May, 1867
THE Subscriber, in withdrawing from the late firm of Messrs. A. & D. Shannon, Grocers, of this city, for the purpose of commencing the Provision and Produce business would respectfully inform his late patrons and the public that he has opened the Store, No. 443 Commissioners Street, opposite St. Ann's Market, where he will keep on hand and for sale a general stock of provisions suitable to the market comprising in part of Flour, Oatmeal, Cornmeal, BUTTER, CHEESE, POOK, HAMS, LARD, HERRINGS, DRIED FISH, DRIED APPLES, SHIP BREAD, and every article connected with the provision trade, &c., &c. He trusts that from his long experience in buying the above goods when in the grocery trade, as well as from his extensive connections in the country, he will thus be enabled to offer inducements to the public unsurpassed by any house of the kind in Canada.

Consignments respectfully solicited. Prompt returns will be made. Cash advances made equal to two-thirds of the market price. References kindly permitted to Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co., and Messrs. Tiffin Brothers.

D. SHANNON,
COMMISSIONER MERCHANT,
And Wholesale Dealer in Produce and Provisions;
451 Commissioners Street,
Opposite St. Ann's Market.
June 14th, 1870.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Hereford, M. J. W., \$1; Hamilton, P. Doyle, \$2; Lacelle, H. Barker, \$2; Rawdon, W. Whittaker, \$5; St. Maurice, J. Bradley, Sr., \$1; Pendleton, M. Ryan, \$2; Drummondville, Miss A. Poynt, \$2; Dundee, D. J. McKee, \$2; Coteau St. Louis, J. O'Brien, \$2; Brookville, J. McGregor, \$6.
Per J. J. Lawlor, St. John, N.B.—Rev. Dr. Sweeney, \$8; G. Carville, \$6; T. Furlong, \$6; W. Cotter, \$6; D. Sullivan, \$4.

Per G. Murphy, Ottawa—Bell's Corners, E. Monaghan, \$2.
Per F. S. Bourgeois, St. Anicet—P. Curran, \$1.
Per G. Donovan, Hamilton—J. Quinn, \$2; E. Slaven, \$1.50.

Died.

In the city, on the 10th instant, Kate Frances, aged six years and five months, only daughter of Mr. M. O'Reilly.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

MONTREAL June 12.
Flour #1 of 196 lb. Pollards.....\$3.75 @ \$4.00
Middlings..... 4.50 @ 4.00
Fine..... 4.77 @ 4.90
Superior, No. 2..... 5.15 @ 5.20
Superfine..... 5.50 @ 5.55
Fancy..... 5.90 @ 6.00

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

June 12, 1871.
RETAIL WHOLESALE
Flour #1 100 lbs. 3 00 @ 0 00 4 50 @ 0 00
Oatmeal, " " 3 20 @ 0 00 3 10 @ 0 00
Indian Meal, (Ohio)..... 1 80 @ 0 00 1 50 @ 0 00

GRAIN.
Wheat #1 56 lbs. 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Barley " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Pense " " 1 10 @ 1 20 0 00 @ 0 00
Oats " " 0 60 @ 0 65 0 00 @ 0 00
Buckwheat " " 0 95 @ 1 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Indian Corn, (Ohio)..... 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Rye, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Flax Seed " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Timothy, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00

MEATS.
Beef, per lb. 8 00 @ 15 0 00 @ 0 00
Pork, " " 12 00 @ 13 0 00 @ 0 00
Mutton, " " 9 00 @ 10 0 00 @ 0 00
Lamb, per lb. 9 00 @ 10 0 00 @ 0 00
Veal, per lb. 10 00 @ 12 0 00 @ 0 00
Beef, per 100 lbs. 8 00 @ 0 00 8 00 @ 0 00
Pork, fresh " " 0 00 @ 0 00 8 00 @ 0 00

MISCELLANEOUS.
Potatoes, per bag (new)..... 0 70 @ 0 75 0 60 @ 0 65
Turnips " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Hares, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Woodcock, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Snipe, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Plover, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00

DAILY PRODUCE.
Butter, fresh, per lb. 0 25 @ 0 30 0 00 @ 0 00
" salt, " " 0 15 @ 0 17 0 00 @ 0 00
Cheese, " " 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Onions, per minot 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Molasses, per lb. 0 10 @ 0 11 0 00 @ 0 00
Honey, per gal 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Lard, per lb. 0 15 @ 0 18 0 00 @ 0 00
Eggs (fresh), per doz 0 13 @ 0 15 0 00 @ 0 00
Eggs per doz, by brl. 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Hamb, per lb. 0 20 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00
Haddock, " " 0 00 @ 0 07 0 00 @ 0 00
Apples, per barrel 0 00 @ 0 00 4 00 @ 5 00
Hay 0 00 @ 0 00 8 00 @ 11 00
Straw 0 00 @ 0 00 4 00 @ 7 00

PRICES CURRENT OF LEATHER.

MONTREAL, June 12, 1871
Horse Blanket Sole, No. 1 (b.a.) per lb. 25 to 26
do do No. 2 23 to 24
Slaughterer No. 1 27 1/2 to 28 1/2
do No. 2 26 to 27
Waxed Upper, light and medium 43 to 45
do do heavy 40 to 43
Grained do 40 to 43
Splits large 29 to 36
do small 26 to 30
Kips, City Slaughter (whole) 50 to 55
do ordinary 00 to 00
Calf-Skin (27 to 36 lbs. per dozen) 65 to 85
do (18 to 26 lbs. per dozen) 60 to 70
Sheep-Skin linings 27 to 31
Harness 31 to 34
Butted Cow, per foot 14 to 17
Pebbled Cow, do 15 to 16
Embossed Cow do 17 1/2 to 18 1/2
Patent Cow do 19 to 19 1/2
Rough 27 to 29
English Oak Sole 40 to 44
Kips 56 to 66

HIGH COMMERCIAL EDUCATION, MASSON COLLEGE, TERREBONNE.

Dismissal of the Students on the 20th inst. Commencement Exercises at 10 o'clock a.m.

Having to make, during vacation, several improvements in the interior of their House, the Directors of Masson College have resolved to dismiss their students on the 20th inst.

Agreeably to the wishes expressed by His Lordship the Bishop of Montreal, there will be no joyous demonstration in the Exercises of the commencement.

JOHN DONOVAN, Agent for the sale of Dr. J. BALL & CO'S NEW PATENT IMPROVED IVORY EYE-CUPS for restoring the sight, for the Centinics of Lobbiniere and Megantic.
Leeds, P.Q., May 12th, 1871.

WANTED

FOR the new "Roman Catholic School," Point St. Charles, a FIRST CLASS CATHOLIC TEACHER, to take the Direction of the School as Head Master. Applicants must be experienced in teaching, of good character, and be well recommended. None but competent men equal to \$1,000.

Apply, with testimonials and references, BOX 445 P. O., Montreal.

BOOTS AND SHOES

CAN be obtained at prices very convenient to the means of all classes, at the New Store of the subscriber, No. 71 NOTRE DAME STREET.
M. B. MORAN.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1869.

In the matter of JOSEPH FERREOL DUBREUIL, heretofore Trader and Proprietor of a Journal and Printer of the Town of Sorol, and actually of the City of Montreal,

Insolvent.

THE Insolvent has made an assignment of his Estate to me, and the Creditors are notified to meet at the Court House, in the Insolvency Room, in the City and District of Montreal, on Tuesday the Twentieth day of June instant, at Three o'clock P.M., to receive statements of his affairs and to appoint an Assignee.

Montreal, June 1st, 1871.
T. SAUVAGEAU,
Interim Assignee.