

panied by the different Professors of the Institution, and the members of the congregation of Holy Cross at St. Laurent, directed their steps towards the College of our Lady of the Sacred Heart, a beautiful residence purchased recently by the Community at a place called Cote des-Nieges, near Montreal. It was a pleasing sight indeed to behold young men of all climes and nationalities displaying the different banners of their respective countries, joining hand and heart in the celebration of a joyful festivity. The College Band, together with the "Minims" of the College, headed the procession in two fine omnibuses from the city. On arriving at Cote des-Nieges, all immediately betook themselves to the examination of the beautiful locality, spacious buildings, beautiful parterre, orchard, flower-garden, play grounds, a stream of fresh water, in a word, all those commodities and sources of amusement which tend to render College life both healthy and agreeable. At half past 2 o'clock, according to agreement, Very Rev. Mr. Truteau, Vicar General, and Administrator of the Diocese of Montreal, arrived to bless the new College, and place it under the protection of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart. He was assisted during the ceremony by Rev. Father Villandre, S.S.C., Superior of the College, and Rev. Mr. Bourgeault, Parish Priest of Pointe Claire. After the chant of the "Sub tuum presidium," and the "Laudate," the statue of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart was installed over the portico of the principal building, denoting that henceforward, She who is "strong like an army in battle array," will protect the new College and its thrice happy inmates. Then the well known sound of the Prefects Bell is heard, calling the lively attention of the juveniles to a copious lunch systematically arranged by the active steward of the College. After doing justice to the "viands," with firm step and joyful heart all bend their course back to the loving *Alma Mater* of St. Laurent. The College band greatly contributed to enliven such a grand promenade, by lively and well timed airs, both national and religious, and reflected great credit on its able leader, Mr. A. Lecours, N. P., of St. Lawrence. An academical display terminated the Soiree, commencing about 7 o'clock P. M., which served in a striking manner to "cap the climax" of the preceding ceremonies. It was difficult to expect, at the commencement of the session, such noble efforts on the part of the young academicians. Orations, songs, serious and comical, thrilling discourses, plays, etc., in both the French and English languages—in a word, a choice selection of the beautiful, useful and sublime. After the closing address, the Rev. Superior arose and thanked them in a few well-turned remarks for their kindness and amiability towards him; and likewise expressed his agreeable surprise at finding such brilliant talent and marked progress in his dear young friends—as he affectionately styled them—assuring them at the same time that, as far as his feeble efforts would go, they could rely upon his individual devotion.—Com.

ADDRESS AND PRESENTATION.

To the Very Rev. Dean Northgraves, Parish Priest of Barrie, on the occasion of his departure to the General Council of the Vatican, 1869.

VERY REV. AND DEAR PASTOR,

Having learned that it is your intention to journey to the Eternal city in company with our beloved Bishop, and be present at the opening of the approaching General Council, We, the members of the Parish of Barrie, beg to congratulate you on the happiness which every priest must experience in meeting on earth the Head of God's Church.

Permit us on such an auspicious occasion, to present you with the accompanying purse, as a slight token of our esteem and good wishes.—We look back with pleasure on the years you have laboured without sparing yourself, for our spiritual and temporal interests. Your invariable kindness and urbanity have secured to you the respect and esteem not only of your own congregation, but also of all denominations in this parish, so that during your absence the memory of you will be universally cherished.

Hoping that when kneeling at the tombs of the Apostles, you will not be unmindful of your devoted children on the shores of Lake Simcoe, and asking of the Giver of all good gifts to give you a pleasant voyage and a happy return to Barrie, where your many friends will receive you with a hearty welcome. We remain, on behalf of the congregation,

Your devoted Parishioners,
Allan Gunn. Bernard Sheridan.
Michael Quinlan. D. McKernan.
John McDonald. William Moore.

REPLY.

MY DEARLY BELOVED FRIENDS,—

I can scarcely express in words my gratitude for the magnificent proof of your good will which you have afforded me. Precious indeed, as your gift is by itself, I appreciate it the more on account of my own unworthiness; but consider it as a proof of your devotedness to our Holy Mother, the Church. In my journey as my object and ambition is to offer our homage to our Holy Father, the Pope, I shall endeavour to obtain His Apostolic Benediction for my generous flock, as well as for myself; and moreover, when offering up to God on the tombs of the Apostles, the Holy Sacrifice of the Mass, I will not forget to frequently offer it, as your request, for my beloved flock on the shores of Lake Simcoe.

Yours devotedly in Christ,
GEORGE R. NORTHGRAVES,
Dean of Barrie.

Barrie, 23rd October, 1869.

The Quebec papers contains an account of a blackguard outrage perpetrated on the Laval Normal School. The guilty parties are not yet known, but the affair has aroused much feeling

in Quebec. In the *Mercury* of that city, we find the following communication upon the subject over the signature, *A Protestant*:—

To the Editor of the *Mercury*:

Sir,—Could you state if the authorities intend to hold an inquiry into the recent outrage at the Normal School? I hear that the guilty parties chose the time when the Principal, the Rev. Mr. Chas. Donnet, was absent from town. The outrage was perpetrated at the hour when the reverend gentleman was at the bedside of a dear mother, who breathed her last in the arms of a son whom she loved so much. I regret to say that this treacherous and violent was the result of those hellish writings which have appeared lately in one of your contemporaries, and I hope that an enquiry, for the honor of the city and of the Protestants, will be made at once either by the Government or by the learned Judge of the Sessions. Before concluding these remarks, I will put a question Mr. Editor—If the Catholics were to break the windows of an English institution of this city, would the Protestants endure the insult with the same spirit as the Catholics do? Let us, then, live together in peace, Protestants and Catholics. Certainly we Protestants have no reason to complain of the Catholic papers indulging to deeds of this kind, and of the clergy who have been always liberal to us, on many occasions.

Quebec, Nov. 4, 1869.

A PROTESTANT.

At the request of the writer, who for many years, so he tells us, was in the service of the Hudson Bay Company, we publish the annexed communication from the Red River. He takes a gloomy view of the agricultural prospects of that remote settlement, perhaps a too gloomy view some will say; but it is well that before quitting their homes, intending emigrants should hear both sides as to the capabilities of the land which they propose to occupy. "Look well before you leap," is an old and good proverb:—

Red River Settlement.

(To the Editor of the *True Witness*.)

Dear Sir,—Will you permit me, through the medium of your valuable journal, to offer a few words upon the present state of this country, Red River, which has been for some time past a subject of much interest to the Canadian Government, and by all appearance has created much agitation and anxiety among the public in general, who, from the want of correct information, have been, in my humble opinion, misled into the greatest errors in regard to the true state of the country.

My object at this moment is not to interfere with politics, which I apprehend will cause much difficulties to our Government; but at the same time, when a man sees before his own eyes the misery and trouble which are before us, it is time, and high time that he should do his best to acquaint the Canadian public of the awful storm which threatens us for the next year.

You are aware, Mr. Editor, I presume of the narrow escape we had this last winter from a terrible famine, which would have no doubt swept from the face of the earth many of the inhabitants in this part of the country, had not succor from the civilized world relieved us from our most pitiful and helpless situation. Now, Mr. Editor permit me to inform you that our danger is not at an end. The crops are very good this year, but latterly the grasshoppers have visited us, and although they will not do much harm this year, we may stand by for the next.

They are now swarming all over the country which is actually covered with them, depositing their eggs for next year; in this situation we need not expect any crops for next season, and many of our people will be once more reduced to the greatest distress. Permit me, therefore, Mr. Editor, out of pure charity, to request that you will, through the medium of your valuable journal, inform the public of the present state of things here, that all those deluded people who have been made to believe that this country was a paradise may be on their guard before they leave their comfortable homes to plunge themselves and their families head over ears in misery and helplessness. Trusting to your kind indulgence for this intrusion, especially when I inform you that my object for having taken this liberty is dictated from no other motive than from a sense of pure charity towards my fellow men.

G. D.

The *Quebec Daily Mercury* gives the following sketch of Mr. Gladstone's political career:—

He went to Italy, and on the faith of a character he had resolved to forfeit—that of a friend of order and a champion of legitimacy—he procured what in England would be called by the vulgar the ruin of the Neapolitan prisons. He violated the confidence reposed in him as a friend of Sir James Graham, and one sharing in that distinguished politician's views of Italian politics, and repaid the attentions he received from the legitimist courts in the character of an English ally by publishing libels on the King of Naples, the intrepid and determined Ferdinand II. In the prison of Naples was one Poerio. This man had been trusted by his king and had betrayed him; he had held high office, he had sworn service and fealty; he had, in return, betrayed his trust, joined the domestic enemies of his king, taken a leading part in revolution, and fought against the faithful Swiss from behind a barricade. Had a subject of England so acted, the judge before whom he might have been convicted would have had no alternative but to pronounce the sentence of the law, namely, death by embowment, preceded by dragging to the place of execution, half hanging, and mutilation in the most revolting manner, followed by the decapitation and dismemberment of the corpse. Such, by the then laws of the two countries, would have been the sentence of Poerio had he done against Victoria that which he did against Ferdinand II. The milder laws of Naples regarded his offence much more lightly. Neapolitan justice was content with a sentence of twenty years at the galleys. It was commuted to imprisonment. English law regarded the crime of Poerio, when committed against an English sovereign, as worse than murder or any other felony. Neapolitan law took a milder view of the offence, and Poerio was merely incarcerated with felons. Mr. Gladstone, however, took Poerio under his patronage, and wrote a book about him and other Italian and Sicilian jailbirds, which Lord Palmerston had the gross indecency to send officially or semi-officially through the English embassies, while refusing the request of the Neapolitan court, to give equal publicity to the very able reply of Mr. McFarlane, who wrote a well considered and powerful pamphlet against the fallacies, both of fact and argument, in which Mr. Gladstone's work abounded. And now, at length, comes justice, with her "heels of lead and hand of iron,"

and lays hold of Mr. Gladstone and says, "According to all you wrote about Poerio and the murderers and bandits of south Italy, you are bound to let the Fenians go." And if England was to be governed by silly pamphlets they would make out their case. As it is, England is anticipated in the course of mercy, but the calumniated Neapolitan court may avail itself of those arguments of Mr. McFarlane, which in the case of the King of the Two Sicilies England so far forgot the rights of justice as to refuse to circulate or acknowledge.—*Quebec Daily Mercury*.

NEW BOOKS FROM MESSRS. DAWSON BROS., MONTREAL.—We have to acknowledge the receipt of the following books:—

A Greek Grammar for Beginners, by William H. Waddell, Professor of Ancient Languages in the University of Georgia. Harper Bros., New York:—This seems a very simply arranged grammar, and therefore better adapted for beginners than many of the more lengthy and pretentious books put into their hands.

HISTORY OF JOSEPH BONAPARTE. By John Abbott. New York: Harper & Brothers:

This is a sequel to the History of Napoleon Bonaparte by the same author. The chief part is devoted to a description of the Spanish War of Independence, and the mighty struggle to purge Spain of the alien dynasty which by fraud, and force of arms Napoleon attempted to impose upon that country. Spanish patriotism finds no favor in the eyes of Mr. Abbott.

LACROSSE.—By W. G. Beers.—An interesting history of the origin and laws of this popular and truly national Canadian game, with its rules, and instructions for young players. It is neatly illustrated, and will we doubt not soon be a general favorite.

PEG WIFFINGTON, CHRISTIE JOHNSON, and other Stories, by Charles Reade. Harper Bros., New York:

A reprint in a cheap form of some of Mr. Reade's novels.

EDINBURGH REVIEW.—October, 1869.—The current number has an announcement to the effect that the October number of the *London Quarterly Review* will contain hitherto unpublished letters from Lady Byron to the Hon. Mrs. Leigh which completely dispose of the horrid slanders of Mrs. Beecher Stowe. The *Edinburgh* has interesting articles on the following subjects: 1. Oecumenical Council; 2. Freshfield's Travels to the Caucasus; 3. The Duc d'Aumale's Lives of the Comtes; 4. Thorton on Labor; 5. Count Bismarck; 6. Robinson's Parks and Gardens of Paris; 7. Fergusson on Tree and Serpent Worship; 8. Diaries of Henry Crabb Robinson; 9. Indian Judges, British and Native; 10. The Victorial of Don Pedro Nino; 11. M'L on the Subjection of Women.

THE CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS.—The first number of this periodical has come to hand, and we beg leave to offer to its originators, our sincere congratulations, on their very respectable first appearance. The typography is excellent, and the illustrations, though one or two of them seem a little blurred are very good. We hope that the *Illustrated News* may be a success.

DEATH OF MRS. JOHN MURPHY.—We are pained to announce to our readers the death of Mrs. Margaret E. Murphy, wife of Mr. John Murphy, the well-known Catholic Publisher of Baltimore. For several weeks prior to the sad event, her critical state of health warned her family that her recovery was beyond the power of human skill. She departed this life on Wednesday, October 27th. Among her numerous friends but one opinion prevails of her character and merit. To her fine qualities of mind and heart, education and religion had added a grace of manner, a gentleness of disposition, and a genuine piety, which won and endeared all who approached her. No wonder the funeral of such a person filled our Cathedral. Her requiem mass was celebrated at 10 o'clock on Friday morning by the Rev. Mr. Foley. At the close of the services at this church, the officiating clergyman delivered a short and appropriate discourse. We beg to be allowed to add the expression of our sincere condolence to the universal sympathy which is felt in this community for Mr. Murphy and his family in their bereavement.—*Baltimore Catholic Mirror*.

NEARLY DROWNED IN MUD.—Last evening a man who had been imbibing too much found St. Antoine street too narrow, and walked up Cemetery street, not by any means in a straight line. He had not gone far when attempting to cross the street he fell down, and rolling over in the mud, at that spot nearly three feet deep, disappeared from sight. He struck bottom, however, and getting on his hands and knees gradually rose above the surface of the river of mud. Fortunately there were no currents or eddies, or he might have swept away and lost. His condition was pitiable, but was supremely ludicrous. He scraped the mud from his face and tried to get off his clothes, after getting to a landing place, on the sidewalk. He failed, however, and after blessing the City Surveyor, walked away, a sadder and a dirtier man.—*Evening Telegraph* 5th inst.

APPEAL.—In the case of Connolly vs. Woolrich be counsels for the defendant, Messrs. Cross and Lunn, have succeeded in obtaining the necessary security to have the case appealed to the Privy Council.

POURCE COURT, November 8.—Eusebe Lemai was charged with stealing \$80 from the Asile St. Joseph at the corner of St. Bonaventure and Cemetery streets. He was a painter, and managed to steal the money while employed there. The paper in which the money was done up was identified by the ladies of the Asylum. He was arrested nearly a year ago on a similar charge, Lemai was committed for trial at the next session of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

A fire occurred in Arthur about ten o'clock on Saturday night last whereby the splendid barn of Mr. Patrick O'Reilly, of Peel, adjoining Arthur village, with its contents, was utterly destroyed. The *Flora Express* says the act was that of an incendiary. A poor fellow, a lunatic, named James Fitzgerald, who we believe was once in the Provincial Lunatic Asylum having had some trifling dispute with Mr. O'Reilly, deliberately applied a match to the straw in the barn and started off towards Fergus when it was fairly ablaze. Parties followed and captured him, when he readily acknowledged having set fire to the barn, and seemed quite proud of the fine blaze he had raised. On Monday he was committed to Guelph goal for

safe keeping. Mr. O'Reilly was insured for \$1,200 in the London Mutual; but his loss, we are sorry to say, must greatly exceed that amount, as the barn contained the crop from 80 acres of land. The total loss is estimated at over \$2,000.

The teller of one of the Halifax banks recently paid out a number of packages of gold, under the impression that they contained silver. Result—a loss of \$400 to somebody.

Died.

In this city, on Friday, the 29th ult., Mary Rood, wife of Patrick Malone, aged 68 years.—R.I.P.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS

Montreal, Nov. 9, 1869.
Flour—Pollards, \$3.20 to \$3.30; Middlings \$3.50 to \$3.60; Fine \$3.90 to \$4.00; Super. No. 2 \$4.30 to \$4.40; Superfine \$4.65 to \$4.75; Fancy \$4.75 to \$4.85; Extra \$5.00 to \$5.10; Superior Extra \$5.00 to \$5.00; Bag Flour, \$2.30 to \$2.50 per 100 lbs.
Oatmeal per bush of 200 lbs.—\$4.60 to 4.70.
Wheat per bush of 60 lbs.—U. C. Spring, \$1.03 to \$1.14.
Ashes per 100 lbs.—First Pots \$5.40 to \$5.45 Seconds, \$4.80 to \$5.00; Thirds, \$4.30 to 0.00.—First Pearls, 5.62 to 5.65.
Pork per bush of 200 lbs.—Mess, 23.00 to 23.50.—Prime Mess \$23.50; Prime, \$22.00 to 00.00.
Butter, per lb.—More inquiry, with latest sales of common to medium at 19c to 20c.—good per choice Western bringing 20c. to 21c.
Cheese, per lb. 12 to 13c.
Lard, per lb.—16c.
Barley per 48 lbs.—Prices nominal,—worth about \$0.70 to \$0.75.
Pease, per 56 lbs.—\$0.78.

MONTREAL RETAIL MARKET PRICES.

Nov. 9, 1869.
Flour, country, per quinta 13 3/4 to 14 1/2
Oatmeal, do 16 0 to 16 6
Indian Meal, do 10 0 to 10 6
Rye-Flour, do 00 0 to 00 0

DAIRY PRODUCE.

Butter, fresh, per lb 1 1/2 to 1 3/4
Do, salt do (inferior) 0 11 to 1 0

POULTRY AND GAME.

Turkeys (old), per couple 10 0 to 12 0
Do (young), do 4 0 to 8 0
Geese, do 4 0 to 6 0
Ducks, do 2 5 to 3 0
Do (wild), do 2 0 to 3 0
Fowls, do 2 5 to 3 0
Chickens, do 2 0 to 3 0
Pigeons (tame), do 1 0 to 1 3
Partridges, do 3 0 to 4 0
Hares, do 1 3 to 1 6
Rabbits (live) do 0 0 to 0 9
Woodcock, do 2 5 to 3 6
Snipe, do 1 0 to 1 3
Plover, do 1 0 to 1 3

MEATS.

Beef, per lb 0 4 to 0 8
Pork, do 0 7 to 0 9
Mutton, do 0 5 to 0 6
Lamb, do 0 5 to 0 6
Veal, per lb 0 5 to 0 8
Beef, per 100 lbs \$3.50 to 7.50
Pork, fresh do \$11.00 to 11.25

GRAIN.

Wheat, per minot 00 0 to 00 4
Barley, do (new) 3 3 to 3 6
Peas, do 5 0 to 5 6
Oats, do 3 3 to 3 6
Buckwheat, do 3 3 to 4 0

TEACHERS WANTED.

WANTED for the Roman Catholic Separate School at Lindsay, a Head Master. One holding a First Class Normal School certificate preferred. Applications with Testimonials, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until first of January next.

JOHN KNOWLSON,
Secretary.

Nov. 12th, 1869.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TWO TEACHERS WANTED in the Parish of St. Sophia, County Terrebonne, one capable of teaching French and English, and one the English language only. Female Teachers preferred.

Address,—PATRICK CAREY, Sec. -Treas.,
St. Sophia, Terrebonne Co. P. Q.

INFORMATION WANTED.

OF John Graham, or any of his sons, Peter, Michael or Patrick, who emigrated from County Wicklow, Ireland, in 1851, and when last heard of as being at Montreal. Any information will be thankfully received at this office, by the daughter of the said John Graham—Dolly Graham, now Mrs. John Ferguson, Galveston, Texas, U. S.

SITUATION WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN who has taught in Nova Scotia since December 1861, and who holds a First-Class Provincial License for that Province will be open to an engagement after the 31st inst., the expiration of his term. Can come well recommended by his Parish Priest and the Inspector of Schools &c., to all of whom he can refer. Any good school acceptable, yet would infinitely prefer a Catholic Separate one. To obviate disappointment no communication can possibly be attended to before 6th November. Address, "Teacher," office of this paper.

WANTED.

A Clergyman living in a Country Place wants a housekeeper. Apply at the Office of this paper.

AGENTS! READ THIS!

WE WILL PAY AGENTS A SALARY of \$30 per week and expenses, or allow a large commission, to sell our new and wonderful inventions. Address M. WAGNER & Co. Marshall, Mich. 2m5

WANTED.

A FEMALE TEACHER for the Catholic Separate School, Arthur Village. One able to play the Harmonium would be preferred. Apply, enclosing testimonials, to
R. R. NAUROE, L.D.D.

WOOLS! WOOLS! WOOLS!

BERLIN WOOL, SHETLAND WOOL, FINGERING WOOL, FLEECY WOOL. In every variety of Shades and Colors, at F. B. WRIGHT'S, 38 Notre Dame St.

SLIPPER PATTERNS! TEA COSIES! SOFA CUSHIONS!

A choice assortment in Beaded, Wool and Raised Work, of the newest styles. F. B. WRIGHT, 388 Notre Dame St. 2m12

COLLEGE OF OUR LADY OF THE SACRED HEART.

COTE-DES-NIEGES NEAR MONTREAL.

This Institution conducted by the Fathers of the Congregation of the Holy Cross, is a branch of St. Laurent College, now too small for the accommodation of its numerous applicants. It is located on the well-known Site of the Bellevue Hotel, on the north side of Mount Royal and about one mile from Montreal. The locality is both picturesque and beautiful overlooking a delightful country and is without doubt unsurpassed for salubrity of climate by any portion of Canada, besides its proximity to the city will enable parents to visit their children without much inconvenience.

Parents and guardians will find in this Institution an excellent opportunity of procuring for their children a primary Education nurtured and protected by the benign influence of Religion and in which nothing will be omitted to preserve their innocence and implant in their young hearts the seeds of Christian virtues.

Pupils will be received between the ages of five and ten, the Discipline and mode of teaching will be adapted to their tender age, unremitting attention will be given to the Physical, Intellectual and moral culture of the youthful pupils so early withdrawn from the anxious care and loving smiles of affectionate parents.

The Course of Studies will comprise a good elementary education in both the French and English languages, viz.: Reading, Spelling, Writing the elements of Arithmetic, Geography and History besides a course of Religion, suitable to the age and capacity of the Pupils.

TERMS:

- The Scholastic year is of (10) months
- Parents are perfectly free to leave their children in the College during the vacation.
- Board and Tuition (\$10.00) per month payable Quarterly in advance (Bankable money)
- Washing, Bed and Bedding together with table furniture will be furnished by the House at the rate of \$2.00 per month.
- The House furnishes a Bedstead and Straw Mattress and also takes charge of the boots or shoes
- Doctor's fees and Medicines are of course extra.
- Every month that is commenced must be paid entire without any deduction
- Parents who wish to have clothes provided for their children will deposit with the Superior of the House, a sum proportionate to the clothing required
- Parents shall receive every Quarter with the Bill expenses, an account of the Health, Conduct, Assiduity and improvement of their children

OR VILLANDRE

Superior.

Nov. 5th 1869.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, } In the SUPERIOR COURT
District of Montreal. } for the District of MONTREAL.
The twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.

No. 5491

ISAIE A. QUINTAL, of the Parish of Boucherville, in the District of Montreal, Esquire, Notary,

Plaintiff,

vs.
MOISE FISETTE formerly Yeoman, and DAME MATILDE DUBUC, both heretofore of the Parish of St. Hubert, in the district of Montreal, and now absent from this Province, and the said Moise Fisetto to authorize his wife,

Defendants.

IT IS ORDERED, on the Petition of Messrs. MOREAU, OUMET & Lacoste of Counsel for the Plaintiff in as much as it appears by the return of Isaie Veronneau one of the Bailiffs of the Superior Court for Lower Canada, acting in the District of Montreal, on the writ of Summons in this cause issued, written, that the Defendants have left their domicile in the Province of Quebec, in Ontario, and cannot be found in the District of Montreal that the said Defendants by an advertisement to be twice inserted in the French language, in the newspaper of the City of Montreal, called *Le Minerve*, and twice in the English language, in the newspaper of the said City called *The Witness*, be notified to appear before this Court, and there to answer the demand of the Plaintiff within two months after the last insertion of said advertisement, and upon the neglect of the said Defendants to appear and to answer to said demand within the period aforesaid, the said Plaintiff will be permitted to proceed to trial, and judgment as in a cause by default.

HUBERT, PAPINEAU & HONEY

C.O.C

2m12.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, } SUPERIOR COURT

District of Montreal. } for the said District.

DAME FRANCES E. CARLISLE,

Plaintiff.

vs.

SAMUEL McCONKEY, Defendant.
Notice is hereby given that the above named Plaintiff has instituted an action on reparation *de biens* against her husband the above named Defendant.

CARTER & HATTON

Attorneys for Plaintiff

Montreal, 26th October, 1869. 1m11

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, } In the SUPERIOR COURT

District of Montreal. } for the said District.

In the matter of MOISE TERRIAULT, Undertaker of the City and District of Montreal,

Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the twenty-fourth of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon as counsel can be heard, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act and amendments thereto.

MOISE TERRIAULT.

Montreal, 1st October 1869. 1m9

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, } SUPERIOR COURT

District of Montreal. } for the said District.

In the matter of John Desjardins, Trader, of the Parish of Vaudreuil, District of Montreal,

Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on the seventeenth day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter as Counsel can be heard, the undersigned will apply to the said Court for a discharge under the said Act.

JOHN DESJARDINS,

Attorney at Law

Montreal, 6th October, 1869. 1m9

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864.

In the matter of Marchand & Belanger of Maskinonge, Traders,

Insolvents.

The creditors of the Insolvents and the said Insolvents, are hereby notified and requested to meet at the office of Messrs. T. & O. O. de Lorimier, Advocates, No. 6 Little St. James Street in the City of Montreal, on Tuesday the twenty-third day of November instant, at two o'clock, P. M., for the public examination of the said insolvents and the ordering of their affairs in general.

LOUIS GAUTHIER,

Assignee.

Montreal, 2nd November, 1869. 2m12.