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OPPOSITE LADY CAMPBELL'S,

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.. S. half

.. S. half

.W. half 19

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REMOVED TO BAY STREET,

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Toronto, 7th August, 1841.

GENERAL AGENT.

Cobourg, June, 19, 1844.

Toronto, Oct. 7, 1843.

Toronto, June, 1844.

January, 1844.

Cobourg, Dec. 18, 1844.

December 1, 1842.

Toronto, April, 1844.

Johnstown ... South Crosby

Victoria Hungerford

Wellington ... Garrafraxa

Talbot Townsend ...

letter, post-paid.)

Amaranth

Do.

Do.

Raleigh

Eramosa.....

District.

Colborne ...

AND AMERICA.

inferiors-where all strive to be first and none are in England. admitted to be so; where the law in direct opposition to all nature, has declared those to be equal who are as unequal in their talents as they are in their stature, and as dissimilar in their characters as they are in their pecuniary means? In such a case the tone may be called an average one, but what must be the average of the masses in intelligence, in morals, in civilization? To use another mercantile phrase it must necessarily be below par. All these are elements in the formation of character, whether national or individual. There is great manliness, great sincerity, great integrity, and great sense of propriety in England, arising from the causes I have enumerated .-One extraordinary proof of the wholesome state of the public mind there is, the condition of the Press. By the law of the land, the liberty of the press is

in England secured to the subject. He has a right to use it, he is punishable only for its abuse. You would naturally suppose, that the same liberty of the press in England and America, or in Great Britain and Russia, would produce the same effect, but this is by no means the case. In England it is safe, but no where else, not even in the Colonies. There a Court, an Established Church, a peerage, an aristoeracy, a gentry, a large army and navy, and last, though not least, an intelligent, moral, and highly respectable middle class, all united by one common interest though they have severally a distinct sphere, and are more or less connected by ties of various kinds, constitute so large, so powerful, so influential a body, that the press is restrained. It may talk boldly, but it cannot talk licentiously; it may talk freely, but not seditiously. The good feeling of the country is too strong. The law of itself is every where unequal to the task. There are some liberal papers of a most demoralizing character, but they are exceptions to show how safe it is to entrust Englishmen with this most valuable but most dangerous engine. In France these checks, though nominally the same, scarcely exist. To the great body of the people a different tone is acceptable. The bad feeling of the country is too

In the United States and in the Colonies these checks are also wanting. In England a newspaper is as soon forgotten! In his family, the warning voice often a joint-stock property. It is worth thousands of God had been heard before; his mother had been of pounds. It is edited by men of Collegiate education, and first-rate talents. It sometimes reflects, and sometimes acts upon, the opinions of higher classes. To accomplish this, its tone must be equal, and its ability, if possible, superior to that of its patrons. In insertion, is all that is necessary to start a newspaper persons as possible might be exposed to the infection. upon. The checks I have spoken of are wanting.—
This I knew to be the case with the U. S., and I am certain your experience of colonial affairs will confirm red, that in this part of the kingdom there are two would be a gross libel on both my country and yours); enormous number that are published, which limits the ished. circulation of each, it distracts rather than directs opinion, and renders unity of design as well as unity of action impossible. Where a few papers are the organs of the public, the public makes itself heard and understood. Where thousands are claiming attention at the same time, all are confounded, and in a manner disregarded. But to leave illustrations, which are endless, let us consider the effect of religion in the

formation of character. The Christian religion is essentially the same every where; but the form of Church government, and the persons by whom it is administered, modify national character in a manner altogether incredible to those who have not traced these things up to their source, and down to their consequences. Now, it will startle you no doubt, when I say, only tell me the class of persons that the clergy of a country are taken from, and I will tell you at once the stage of refinement it

In England the clergy are taken from the gentry, some few from the nobility, and some few from the humbler walks of life, but mainly from the gentry .-The clergy of the Church of England are gentlemen and scholars. What an immense advantage that is to a country! What an element it forms in the refinement of a nation! when a high sense of honour is superadded to the obligation of religion. An Englishman is himself a practical example of the benefits resulting from the union between the Church and the State, and the clergy and the gentry.

to teach those from whom they are no way distinguished that young and old wish to be thought "somebody." known to themselves, fans the flame, because their awful threatenings to the proud. I will give you two known to themselves, fans the flame, because their awful threatenings to the proud. I will give you two awful threatenings to the proud. I will give you two awful threatenings to the proud. I will give you two awful threatenings to the proud. I will give you two by way of sample. "Humble yourselves in the sight by way of sample. "Humble yourselves in the sight by way of sample. "Every one of the Lord, and he shall lift you up." "Every one of the Lord, and he -or to give their counsel where they should interpose though hand join hand, he shall not be unpunished. their authority. A throughly low-bred ignorant clersuch a state of things on the public mind.

by government, and no more than is necessary for this ly you and I ought to be "nobody" when reflecting purpose; but there are some important things besides on his grace.

THE PRESS AND RELIGION IN ENGLAND protection. In England they yield more to obtain more. Some concession is made to have an hereditary throne, that the country may not be torn to pieces, as the Uni-In the States all religions are merely tolerated, as ted States is every five years, by contending parties, a sort of necessary evil; no one Church is fostered, for the office of chief magistrate; or that the nation, protected and adopted by the state. In England they like Rome of old, may not be at the mercy of the lehave incorporated one with the state, and given the gions. Some concession is made to have the advanname of the kingdom to it, to distinguish it from all tage of an hereditary peerage, that may repress the others—the Church of England. Excuse my men- power of the crown on one side, and popular aggrestioning these truisms to you, but it is necessary to sion on the other; and further concession is made to allude to them, not for the purpose of instruction, secure the blessings of an Established Church, that for no one needs that, but to explain their effect on the people may not be left to themselves to become character. In England there are permanent orders the prey of furious fanatics like Cromwell, or murderand fixed institutions, and there is a well-defined gra- ous infidels like Robespierre; and that superstitious dation of rank from the Sovereign on the throne to the zeal and philosophical indifference may alike be excountry Squire; known to all, acknowledged by all, cluded from the temple of the Lord. What is the and approved by all. This political stability neces- result of all this concession that Whigs call expensive sarily imparts stability to the character; and the court machinery, Radicals the ignorant blunder of our poor and the peerage naturally infuse through society, by the old forefathers, and your wholesale Reformers the raunavoidable influence of the models they present, a pacity of might. What is the result? Such a moral, high sense of honour, elegance of manners, and great social, and political state, as nothing but the goodness dignity of character and conduct. An English gentle- of God could have conferred upon the people in reman therefore is kind and considerate to his inferiors, ward for their many virtues. With such a climateaffable to his equals, and respectful (not obsequious, such a constitution, and such a church, is it any wonfor servility belongs to an absolute, and not a limited der that the national character stands so high that, to monarchy, and is begotten of power not of right,) to insure respect in any part of the world, it is only nehis superiors. What is the case where there are no cessary to say, "I am an Englishman." - Sam Slick

> SUDDEN DEATH. (From the Penny Sunday Reader.)

There were two such solemn funerals in a country church-yard, on the same day, that I wish, before the impression passes by, to make a little record of these circumstances in the SUNDAY READER.

One funeral was that of a poor man, who fell down dead in a moment. I was going to say without warning: but, oh! who shall count the warnings that poor man had had, during his life, from the time when he first began to know and understand, till the darkness of his last night on earth passed away, and the light shone once more upon him, and called him to the tasks and duties of his last day of life. Oh! who shall count all these warnings-the lessons he either had, or might have had, in the Sunday School one times that the bell had called him to the house of God, where the minister waited to tell him, that "all have sinned and come short of the glory of God," and that Jesus died for sinners, and "casteth out none that come to Him?" Who shall count all the times he had heard the solemn bell toll for some departed fellow creature, or had seen the funeral go by, or heard the words, "We commit his body to the grave, earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust?" And now is he gone! He rose in health in the morning, and went on his employment; he was passing along the rail-way, not engaged in any dangerous work there, when he fell down in some kind of pit, and in a moment he was dead. It was a solemn warning indeed: many, themselves, I fear, strangers to God and to the covenant of peace, could talk of him, could say that the judgments of God were abroad in the earth. But, oh, have they learnt righteousness by the solemn judgment? They could feel alarm for him, say with horror that he was a Sabbath-breaker, and a blasphemer of God's holy name, but oh, have they fled to this Saviour whom they fear he never sought?

The other funeral was that of a poor boy whose short, sad story, is soon told. Oh that it may not be very ill with the cholera, and recovered. Now they can think what a warning this was, who have seen the patient dying of the cholera-who have heard the bell tolling day after day, for the poor victims-looked on the separate piece of ground appointed for their inter-A PRIVATE DRESSING-ROOM

America, a bunch of quills and a quire of paper, with ment, and seen sometimes, the coffin placed upon a for their convenience, and he hopes they will favour him with the promise of a grocer to give him advertisements for truck, and wheeled to the grave, in order that as few their patronage. But I should tell those of your readers, who do not know the neighbourhood in which these things occur my assertion that it is the case in the provinces also. cities within twelve miles, and many goods are con-Take up almost any (I won't say all, because that veyed from one of these cities to the other in barges: re is a towing-path on the side of the river on but take up almost any transatlantic newspaper, and which these barges go; and this poor boy, of whom how much of personality, of imputation, of insolence, I am writing, went to help bring back the horses which of agitation, of pandering to bad passions, is there to had been used in towing the barges; the horse on regret in it? The good feeling of the country is not which he had to ride, was blind, and he himself, I strong enough for it. In England it is safe. In the suppose, unskilful or inattentive; but however it was, United States it ss safer than in any other place perhaps, but from a totally different cause,—from the carried him into the river, and there they both per-

> OLD HUMPHREY ON SOMEBODY AND NOBODY. (From the Weekly Visitor.)

A few days ago, I overheard a modest looking young woman, seemingly a respectable servant, speak the following words in giving an account of a lady whom she had known. "She used to take a great deal of notice of me, which was very kind of her: why should she have noticed me at all, who am no-

I was not only struck, but much pleased with the observation. It was the first time I had ever heard such an expression, and most likely it will be very long before I hear it again.

self; for I felt conscious, that though the young woman thought herself to be "nobody," my proud and conceited heart, had persuaded me to consider myself, "somebody," all my days. How is it with you reader? Are you "somebody" or "nobody?" Can you say in sincerity to the searcher of hearts, "Lord, my heart is not haughty, nor mine eyes lofty : neither my heart is not haughty, not mine of the desired formula formula formula formula frames for Oil frames for Oil

It is said, that the trees and plants of the earth are continually striving for light and air, that they are constantly trying to get one above the other. Is not | the best style. this the case with mankind? "I am as good as he is Take any country, where the small farmers fur- any day;" or "She shall not hold her head above nish the ministers. The people may be moral, but me," and "We are company for our betters," are exthey are not refined; they may be honest, but they pressions common enough; but I question whether are hard; they may have education, but they are we should often hear one single human being confess coarse and vulgar. Go lower down in the scale, and that he was nobody. Pride is the ruin of one half of take them from the peasantry. Education will not mankind. Even children, when they get together, eradicate their prejudices, or remove their vulgar er- boast of their fathers and mothers; and old men, with rers. They have too many feelings, and passions in hoary hairs, speak with pride of the great things they common with the ignorant associates of their youth, have done, and the great people they have known: so

but by a little smattering of languages. While they There are, in God's word, a great number of precideprecate the æra of darkness, their conversation, un- ous promises to the humble, and a great number of

You have heard of the rich man in the Bible, who gy is a sure indication of the ignorance and degrada- was so fond of fine clothes, and good living; he, no tion of a nation. What a dreadful thing it is when doubt, thought himself "somebody;" but what did it any man can preach, and when any one that preaches, all come to? You have heard, too, of Lazarus; he as in Independent or Colonial America, can procure asked only the crumbs which fell from the rich man's hearers; where no training, no learning is required, - table, and yet you know what became of him. It where the voice of vanity or laziness, is often mistaken happened to them both, according to the texts that I for a sacred call, -where an ignorant volubility is dig- have given you. The proud man was brought low and nified with the name of inspiration, -where pandering punished, where "the worm dieth not, and the fire is to prejudices is popular, and where popular preaching not quenched;" while the humble one was lifted up is lucrative! How deleterious must be the effect of into heaven. Divine grace can alone effectually teach us true humility. David was taught this lesson, when CORNER OF PRINCESS AND BARRIE STREETS, It is easy for us to say, this constitution or that con- reflecting on the vast and mighty works of creation. stitution is the perfection of reason. We boast of "When I consider the heavens, the work of thy ours that it confers equal rights on all, and exclusive fingers, the moon and stars which thou hast ordained, privileges on none, and so on; but there are other what is man that thou art mindful of him, and the son things besides rights in the world. In our government of man, that thou visitest him?" If David was a we surrender certain rights for the protection yielded "nobody," when he reflected on God's creation, sure-

Advertisements.

RATES. RATES.

Six lines and under, 2s. 'd., first insertion, and 7\(\frac{1}{2} \) d. each subseque insertion. Ten lines and under, 3s. 9d. first insertion, and ls. ea subsequent insertion. Above ten lines, 4d. per line first insertic and ld. per line each subsequent insertion. The usual discount made where parties advertise by the year, or for a considerable time. From the extensive circulation of The Church, in the Province Canada, (from Sandwich to Gaspe) in Nova Scotia and New Bruwick, in the Hudson's Bay Territories, and in Great Britain & Irelands well as in various parts of the United States, it will be found profitable medium for all advertisements which are desired to widely and generally diffused.

Advertisements from the Citx of Toronto, may be left in the bar

Advertisements from the City of Toronto, may be left in the hands the Agent of this Journal, Thomas Champion, Esq., 144, King St. d will be forwarded by him free from the charge of postage to the Advertisements, without written directions to the contrary post-paid) inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JOB WORK DONE IN A SUPERIOR MANNER At the Office of "The Church."

ALSO. BLANK DEEDS AND MEMORIALS, KEPT CONSTANTLY ON HAND. WITH AND WITHOUT BAR OF DOWER,

Handsomely printed on superior Paper and on Parchment. NEW TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

No. 1, Chewett's Buildings, KING STREET, TORONTO. R ICHARD SCORE would most respectfully inform his The friends and the public generally, that he has commenced the TAILORING BUSINESS in all its branches, with a complete Stock of the best West of England Cloths,

CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, VESTINGS, &c, fitting for the coming Season, and hopes, by strict attention to business, first-rate workmanship, and moderate prices, to merit a share of public R. S. would further intimate, that by a long experience in England, and also conducting the husiness of Mr. B. If-for the last seven years in this city, hopes that he will be able

to satisfy the most fashionable who may favour him with a trial. N.B.—Having had considerable experience in UNIVERSITY WORK, he is prepared to make every description of Gown, Hood, and Cap. Also, Judges, Queen's Counsel, and Barristers' Robes, in the most approved style, and on moderate terms.

Toronto. 1st April, 1845.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 6, Waterloo Buildings, NEXT DOOR TO STONE'S HOTEL, TORONTO. ROBERT HAWKE, in tendering his sincere thanks to

his Friends particularly and the Public generally, begs leave to inform them, that he keeps constantly on hand a well-

VESTINGS, IN GREAT VARIETY, Which he is prepared to put up to order in the most fashionable anner, and on moderate terms. N.B.—Cassocks, Clergymen and Queen's Counsel's Gowns, Barristers' Robes, &c., made on the shortest notice and in

Toronto, May 30, 1844. THOMAS H. EDMUNDS, TAILOR, ROBE MAKER, AND DRAPER,

NO. 2, CHURCH STREET, TORONTO, returning his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal support hitherto extended to him, would beg most respectfully to inform them that he has just received (per *Great Britain* from London,) a large assortnent of Goods, adapted for the present and coming seasons, which, for quality and elegance, cannot be surpassed in the Province. Also, materials for University, Barrister's, and Clergymen's Robes, from ADAM & EDES, Robe Maker to her Majesty's High Court of Exchequer, Chancery Lane, London. And as the advertiser has had considerable experience in Robe making, as well as all other branches of his business, he hopes, by unremitting attention to business, to merit that patronage which it will ever be his study to deserve.

EMPORIUM. UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF THE UNIVERSITY. W.H. EDWOODS. HAIR-DRESSER AND PERFUMER.

No. 2, St. JAMES'S BUILDINGS, KING-STREET, BEGS respectfully to acquaint his Friends and the Gentry of this City that he has recently fitted up A PRIVATE DRESSING-ROOM

Also, a Room for the accommodation of Ladies and Children. He would mention that he has on hand a quantity of MAZORS, HAIR-BRUSHES, AND PERFUMERY.

A Composition for the certain cure of Ring-worms. RAZORS CAREFULLY SET. Private Entrance to the Dressing-Room, one door wes Toronto, May, 1844. 359-tf

JOHN BROOKS. BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

THANKFUL to his friends and the public in general for the very liberal support received since he commenced ness in this city, begs leave to intimate that he has No. 4, VICTORIA ROW,

(his former Shop having been partially destroyed by the late fire in King Street), where he hopes, by close diligence and punctuality in business, to merit a continuance of the favours hitherto extended to him. Toronto, September 26, 1843.

A SHOP and OFFICES TO LET at No. 4, Victoria Row. Apply to JOHN BROOKS, on the premises.

JOHN HART PAINTER, GLAZIER, GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER, (LATE OF THE FIRM OF HART & MARCH.)

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks for the kind support he has
received while in congruence. treetered while in copartnership, and desires to acquaint his riends and the public that he has Removed to the house lately occuied by Mr. Porplawall, 30. 233, King Street, two doors east of Mr. towsell's, where he intends carrying on the above business, and rusts, by strict attention and liberal terms, still to merit a continu-

CARVING, GILDING, It set me thinking not only of others, but of my- LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTORY, A FEW DOORS WEST OF THE MARKET. King Street, Cobourg.

SIMON MUNRO

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to announce, that he has opened, in the TOWN OF COBOURG, an establishment for the above Business,—such as Carving, Gilding, Looking-glass and Picture-frame Making; House, Sign, and Ornamental Painting; Glazing, Graining, Marbling, Paper-barging Sec. 8c.

Paintings; Plain Gold, and Walnut and Gold Frames for Prints,—made to order, and on the shortest notice. Prints, Maps, and Oil Paintings, Cleaned and Varnished in Gilt Mouldings, for bordering rooms, always on hand.

Orders from the Country punctually attended to. Cobourg, 12th June, 1844.

Wm. GREEN, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT AND AUCTIONEER, HAMILTON, CANADA WEST.

REFERS to JAMES B. EWART, Esq., Dundas, C. W. A. McDonald, Esq., Manager Commercial Bank, ilton, C. W. Also, to Messrs. Thomas Clarkson & Co., Toronto, who will make liberal advances on all consign-

Mattresses and Palliasses always on hand; Curtains and Carpets cut and made to order. THOMAS WHEELER CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Reference, for integrity and ability, kindly permitted to the Lord Bishop of Toronto. OWEN, MILLER & MILLS,

ENGRAVER, &c.

191, King Street, Toronto.

COACH BUILDERS. FROM LONDON.

KINGSTON. AND KING STREET, TORONTO.

G. & T. BILTON, MERCHANT TAILORS, No. 2, WELLINGTON BUILDINGS, KING STREET, TORONTO,

[LATE T. J. PRESTON.]

HENRY J. FYFE. Yonge Street, March 4th, 1845. NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE Sale of the Eleven (say Sixteen, as per hand-bills,) BUILDING LOTS, on the East bank of the River Don, near the City of Toronto, advertized in the fourth page of this journal, will be sold by Auction, on Tuesday Even-ING, the 11th day of June next, at EIGHT o'clock precisely, at Mr. Wakefield's Auction Mart.

TERMS:-Only £2 10s. on each lot required down, the emainder can be paid in four equal annual instalments.

FOR SALE, OR EXCHANGE,

On YONGE STREET, six and a half miles from Toronto

NOTICE. These Lots are larger, (being from one-fourth to three-fourths of an acre each,) cheaper, (see hand-bills,) and upon easier terms than any lots now offered for sale. The soil is well adapted for Pasture, Orchard, or Garden; and those lying at the Margin of the River, are well adapted for the erection of any kind of Machinery propelled by Steam, and would answer well for a Brewery, Distillery, or Tannery.

N.B.—Purchasers wishing to have a Deed at once, can have one, by giving a Mortgage.

It may be well to remark, that such a Deed will entitle the holder to a Vote in the First Riding of the County of York 357-tf Toronto, August 1st, 1844. Toronto, May, 1844.

FOR SALE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS.

THAT very valuable property, beautifully situated on the Shore of Lake Simcoe, Township of Georgina, being "THE BRIARS," the property of the late Captain Bour-

The Estate contains 200 acres of very good land, of which there are 70 under good cultivation, and fenced in a very superior manner; the House is of Brick, well built, and not only R. COWLES has removed his Office to his intended residence, on King Street, the house formerly occupied by Mr. Sisson, nearly opposite Messrs. Gravely and Jackson's comfortably arranged for a gentleman's family, with all neces-sary and fitting offices, but also well and completely finished in

'THE BRIARS" is within a mile of the Church, Post Office, excellent Grist Mill, Saw Mill, and Store, and a few minutes walk from the Steamboat Wharf at Jackson's Point, the cove of which is one of the most perfectly sheltered boat-harbours of that beautiful piece of water, Lake Simcoe.

To any person visiting the picturesque scenery of the Lake, or desirous of settling on its healthy banks, this property can be pointed out by Capt. LAUGHTON, the intelligent commander of the Steamboat Beaver, who is acquainted with the place, and on whose information every reliance may be placed.

For terms and particulars apply to EDWARD G. O'BRIEN,

Land Agent, &c., No. 4, Victoria Row, King Street, Toronto.

April, 1844. BUILDING LOTS.

353-tf

ELEVEN splendid BUILDING LOTS for sale, containing about half an acre each, beautifully situated on the East Bank of the River Don, about a quarter of a mile from the Bridge, and well adapted for the erection of Rustic Cottages with unburnt bricks, several of the lots run down to the river, the soil is excellent, and the price extremely low.

For further particulars apply to Mr. J. G. HOWARD, Architect extremely low.

For further particulars apply to Mr. J. G. HOWARD, Architect and D. P. Surveyor, 243, King Street, Toronto.

FOR SALE, TN the ...large of Grafton, a Village Lot, containing One-tourth of an Acre, with a Cottage erected thereon, nearly opposite the Store of John Taylor Esq. Apply to WM. BOSWELL,

Solicitor, Cobourg. Cobourg, 12th July, 1843.

NOTICE TS hereby given, that D'ARCY E. BOULTON, Esq. of Cobourg, Canada West, is sole Agent for the general management, superintendence and sale, of all Lands in this Province registered in the name of JACQUES ADRIAN PIERRE BARBIER, Trustee of EUPHRASIE BARBIER; and that no sales will be recognised, or payments upon mortgages acknowledged, that are not effected personally with Madame Barbier, or this her Agent, Mr. Boulton. And all mortgagees, or persons indebted for payments on sales already made, will please communicate the particulars of their debts forthwith to Mr. Boulton, who is Current Prices of Bank and other Stocks, as well as authorised to collect and receive the same. New York, February 14, 1845.

THE ROYAL MAIL

BETWEEN TORONTO AND KINGSTON. WILL COMMENCE THEIR REGULAR TRIPS ON FRIDAY NEXT, THE 18TH INSTANT.

DOWNWARDS. From Toronto to Kingston.

SOVEREIGN, CAPT. SUTHERLAND Every Monday and Thursday,-At Noon. CITY OF TORONTO, CAPTAIN DICK, Every Tuesday and Friday,- At Noon. PRINCESS ROYAL,..... CAPT. COLCLEUGH, Every Wednesday and Saturday,-At Noon.

UPWARDS. From Kingston to Toronto. PRINCESS ROYAL,..... CAPT. COLCLEUGH, Every Monday and Thursday Evenings, At Seven o'clock. CAPT. SUTHERLAND.

Every Tuesday and Friday Evenings, At Seven o'clock. CITY OF TORONTO, CAPTAIN DICK, Every Wednesday and Saturday Evenings, At Seven o'clock.

The above Steamers will call regularly at Cobourg and Port Hope, (weather permitting) and on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on their downward trip, at Windsor Harbor, Darlington, and Bond Head. Parcels and Luggage at the risk of the owners, unless booked and paid for as freight.

The proprietors will not hold themselves responsible for damage to Goods by accidental fire or collision with other vessels, in addition to the ordinary exemption from liability. Money parcels at the risk of the owners thereof.

Royal Mail Steam packet Office, .. 1 ... 200 Front-Street, Toronto, 14th April, 1845. 405 THREE TIMES A-WEEK!

> THE STEAMER AMERICA, CAPT. HENRY TWOHY,

WILL, until further notice, leave Toronto for Rochester, THREE TIMES A-WEEK, touching at Windsor Harbour, Oshawa, Darlington, Bond Head, Port Hope, and Cobourg, (weather permitting) commencing on TUESDAY ext, the 22nd instant. The America will leave Toronto every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday morning, at Eleven o'clock, and will leave Rochester Landing every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday morning, at Nine o'clock.

Parcels and Luggage at the risk of the owners, unless booked and paid for as freight.

N. B.—No freight received on board after the second bell has ring for starting.
The America will leave Toronto for Rochester DIRECT,

on Sunday Evening next, at Seven o'clock—to commence her regular trip from Rochester on Monday Morning. Toronto, April 14, 1845.

THE STEAMER ECLIPSE, CAPT. JOHN GORDON, WILL, until further notice, leave Hamilton for Toronto at 7 A. M. every morning, (Sundays excepted) and returning, will leave *Toronto* for *Hamilton* at 3 P. M., touching at the intermediate Ports, weather permitting. Hamilton and Rochester Steamboat Office,

Toronto, April 10, 1845. RIDEAU CANAL. 1845. 1845. THE STEAMERS

AID, PRINCE ALBERT, AND BEAVER, WILL ply during the season between KINGSTON and BYTOWN, and vice versa, as follows:— LEAVE KINGSTON.

Brooke E. half 11 ...11 ... 100 The Aid, Every Monday, at 7 A. M.

" Prince Albert, " Wednesday, at 7 A. M.

" Beaver, " Friday, at 7 A. M. ...N. half 14 ...10 ... 100 Dover...... 44 & 45 \{ \frac{\text{Figure 1}{\text{Figure 1}{\ LEAVE BYTOWN. Warwick E. half 20 ... 1 ... 100 For further particulars, application may be made to Thomas Champion, Esq., at the office of the Church Society of the Diocese of Toronto, 144, King-street, Toronto,—(if by The above Boats run in connexion with a regular daily Line of Steam-boats and Stages between Bytown and Montreal.

Kingston, 1st May, 1845. HAMILTON NAIL WORKS. THE above Works having been in full operation since last Summer, the Subscribers are now prepared to supply their Customers, and the Trade of Canada West, generally,

a LOT, consisting of One Acre, on which is a substantial and well-finished raw-brick HOUSE, with Cellar, Wood with their very superior Shed, Granary, Stable, Pump-house, and other out-houses; the whole Lot planted with Fruit Trees of the choicest kinds;

CUT NAILS. and good water; within two hundred yards of an Episcopalian
Church and Post Office; a Presbyterian and Baptist Churches the Spring business. A stock of which they have been accumulating on purpose for

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SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE. which they offer, by Wholesale, on the most favourable terms. By the first Spring arrivals, they expect very large importa-

IRON, TIN PLATES, and OTHER METALS, and will be prepared to do the HARDWARE BUSINESS on the most extensive scale, and to offer the greatest advantage to Nail Works and Iron Warehouse, ?

Hamilton, 1st March, 1845. Ecclesiastical Music.

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