

MEDICAL NOTES.

A curious anæsthetic used by the Chinese has recently been made known by Lambuth in his third annual report of the Szechow Hospital. It is obtained by placing a frog in a jar of flour, and irritating it by prodding it. Under those circumstances it secretes a liquid, which forms a paste with a portion of the flour. This paste, dissolved in water, was found to possess well-marked anæsthetic properties. After the finger had been immersed in the liquid for a few minutes, it could be pricked with a needle without any pain being felt, and sometimes of the lips and tongue was produced by applying the liquid to them.

"In spite of what our Elizabethan forefathers did and did to the contrary," says the Hospital, "and notwithstanding the opinions of some eminent physicians of recent times, evening is the best time to operate."

Dr. Grossie reports in the *Gazetta Medica Italiana* a number of cases of tuberculosis, in which most successful cures have attended the external use of phosphoric acid. Dr. Grossie was first led to employ it from a consideration of the effects following Kall's treatment of a solution of calcium phosphate; he therefore tried local applications of the same, and was delighted to find, as there were no tubercles in these cases, the action of the remedy, necessitated explanation otherwise than by a calcification of the tubercles, and phosphoric acid was deemed the active agent. In pursuance of this conclusion, he began to treat all his cases of tubercular ulcer of the leg by local applications of a 10 per cent. solution of strong phosphoric acid in distilled water, the compresses being renewed three or four times a day. The very satisfactory results thus obtained led him to trial of the same substance in various tubercular affections, and with great success.

Says Dr. Norman Kerr, the well-known writer on the physiological aspects of hysteria: "The temperance of the Jews is proverbial. Extensive as my professional intercourse has been with them, I have never been consulted for hysteria in the person of a Jew, while my advice has been sought for this complaint by a very large number of Christians. In my opinion, their general freedom from hysteria in almost every class and under all conditions, there are very few exceptions to this rule is as much due to racial as to hygienic, and more to racial than to hygienic influences."

At a recent session of the Academy of Sciences of Paris the question of senescence and its remedies was discussed. It was shown that anti-typhine could be used with great efficacy. M. Le Roy de Mercey stated that according to his experiments the best means of prevention is to let day and night on dark and imbricate champagne diligently. Dr. Jale recommended the treatment of the respiratory action to the motion of the vessel. Intake as it rises, the eye being constantly fixed upon some distant object. The traveller's aid, moreover, spend the night in a lying posture, as near as possible to the centre of the deck, the body parallel with the axis of the vessel, the head in front. In the case of Dr. Jale himself, it would appear that something more than this lying exercise was required to keep off the dread enemy, for he testified to the good use he had made of chloral.

In the London Standard is an account of a German doctor's investigation as to the sex of men's and women's hearts. The masculine heart weighs more and is larger than that possessed by the fair sex. A heart, it appears, is the most quickly during the first and second years of life, and between the second and seventh years it doubles in size. Until after the fifteenth birthday the heart still grows a little. In childhood the male and female heart are the same size, but after maturity and masculine heart develops more than the female, and ends by being two square inches larger than the latter.

In a paper read by a Baltimore physician it was truly said that persons accept medicine, chiefly who will not accept it in any other form, and who are able to pay the doctor. The reason for this condition of things lies, in a great measure, in the willingness of physicians, especially young physicians who want practice, to give their services. No other profession is so charitable as the medical.

At a recent meeting of the Paris Academy of Medicine, Dr. Dujardin-Beaumetz submitted some statistical data concerning the inoculations against hydrophobia at the Pasteur Institute during the past year. Three hundred and six inoculations of the Serum of the Serum were inoculated. Of that number 64 had been bitten by animals whose rabies were experimentally demonstrated; 189 by animals whose rabies were testified to by veterinary surgeons, while concerning the rest, no satisfactory data could be obtained. Of all those inoculated only 2 or 3 per cent. died, while of 41 persons bitten by rabid animals who reported at the police prefecture and were treated according to other methods, more than those of Pasteur, 7, or 15 per cent. died. M. Dujardin-Beaumetz remarked that hydrophobia among dogs has been practically on the increase since 1884. In that year there were reported 21 cases; in 1885, 30; in 1886, 40; and in 1887, 44. The most stringent measures for the extermination of vagrant dogs were advocated by the Academy.

YOUNG MEN suffering from the effects of early evil habits, the result of ignorance and folly, who find themselves weak, nervous and exhausted; also MIDDLE-AGED and OLD MEN who are broken down from the effects of abuse or over-work, and advanced life feel the consequences of youthful excess, send for and READ M. Y. Lubon's Treatise on Diseases of Men. The book will be sent to any address or receipt of two 8c. stamps. Address, M. Y. Lubon, 47 Wellington Street, Toronto Ont.

Emperor Frederick last evening dined with the Crown Prince and Princess, the Empress and his three daughters.

STOP THAT COUGH OR IT WILL terminate in consumption. After suffering for months from a cough which, after using many "cures" without any relief, threatened to cripple seriously, we were entirely cured by the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. J. G. WESTAFER, Editor of "Chronicle," Elizabethtown, Pa.

TO BE WOUND UP.

(Continued from First Page.)

the paid-up Shareholders, as he was one of those who had not paid up all his stock.

Mr. Hewitt—How could that clause be explained to those who have paid all the call, made by the Bank on their stock?

Mr. Purdon—I am not going to discuss that point at present.

Mr. Hellmuth said there was an old adage that wise men frequently used language to conceal thoughts, and he fancied Mr. Purdon had been playing a similar trick upon the Shareholders in preparing the sections of the Bill under consideration. The 8th clause gave the Directors absolute power to cancel the shares.

Another grave opened. A Beddome shell found in Young Inwood's Grave as Stated in Evidence.

The grave of an eight-year-old son of Mrs. Inwood was opened at Woodland Cemetery yesterday. One of the witnesses in the recent examination stated that one of the Beddome shells had been placed in this grave, and one of the objects in opening it was to verify this statement. One of the prospective witnesses in this case said the boy died in 1885, and was placed in the vault. Mr. Elliott was asked to notify the mother when he was ready to bury the body, but he did not do so. Mrs. Inwood was not satisfied when she heard the remains were in the ground and insisted on having them taken out. This was two years ago, and when the remains were exhumed, it was explained to the woman that the sand had fallen in so fast it was impossible to raise the shell, and he would give her another. The "other" was the one dug up yesterday. Detective Allen, who was present, scraped the dirt off the shell and found the name "Beddome" on it in red chalk, as described by William Ward. He brought the plate to this city last night. The remains were found all right.

THE BRITISH ARMY AND NAVY A Royal Commission to Inquire Into Their Condition.

London, May 4.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. Mr. Smith, Government leader, replying to a question by Lord Charles Beresford regarding the dangerous weakness of the army and navy, declared that either was inefficient. Still an enquiry into their condition was desirable, and therefore a commission would be appointed, with Lord Hartington as President, to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other, and to the treasury also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

THE MENDELSSOHN QUINTETT CONCERT last night, at the Grand Opera House, was largely attended. The lovers of good music were out in strong force, and therefore a commission would be appointed, with Lord Hartington as President, to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other, and to the treasury also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

Notes in circulation. \$ 6,230 00 Deposits payable on demand. 2,574 00 Deposits payable after notice. 1,600 00 Drifts outstanding. 136 80 Dividends unclaimed. 136 80 Deposits transferred to Bank of Toronto, for which we are still liable. 24,120 00 Capital account. 3,076 75

Total. \$32,122 25

Due by Bank of Toronto. \$ 41,750 25 Loans on City Gas Stock. 2,474 57 Loans to Corporations. 11,940 00 Current Loans. 16,800 80 Past due bills, secured. 61,847 80 Overdrawn accounts. 92,736 44 Profit and loss. 6,230 00 Expense account. 3,076 75

Total. \$32,122 25

In reply to Mr. Sharrman, the Chairman said the Directors gave the office, safe and fixtures of the Bank of London to the Bank of Toronto for nothing, and in return the Toronto branch took over the unpaid ten years' lease of the building of our hands.

Mr. J. B. Boyle at this stage and in order to bring matters to a focus, moved, that having heard the Directors' report, legislation be asked for, and obtained as soon as possible, to wind up the affairs of the Bank. Seconded by Mr. Ferguson.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Hodgins, and seconded by Mr. Priddis, that this meeting of Shareholders, in view of the annual statement of June of last year, declines to sanction any application to wind up until a committee named by the Shareholders shall have investigated the affairs of the Bank, and the report of such investigation shall have been submitted to a meeting of the shareholders, called to consider the same.

Mr. Macdonald asked Mr. Boyle to add the following to his resolution:—And that the assets be distributed *pro rata* among Shareholders on the amounts paid in."

Mr. Boyle would not consent, and Mr. Macdonald moved that the sentence be added to the original motion as a rider, seconded by Mr. Dewar.

In reply to Mr. Macmillan, the Chairman said only a small amount of stock (under \$10,000), upon which 15 p.c. had not been paid, had been cancelled.

Messrs. Jeffery and Morrison discussed the matter further, and asked that the law be allowed to take its course. The latter gentleman said that when the Toronto papers were picturing London the Less as rotten financially he was well aware that Toronto was equally unsound from a monetary standpoint.

Mr. Hodgins respected all connected with the Bank of London, but he held it was not the time nor the place to excite sympathy just at present. Where were Messrs. Long and Morrison, rich men, when the objectionable sections of this Bill were found out? Why were they at Ottawa trying to work the Bill through the Committee. They did not consider the poor shareholder then—(hear, hear,)—and even Mr. Purdon, when in Toronto, received legal opinion that the Bill as presented would never pass.

Mr. Purdon admitted that he had received opinions *pro* and *con*.

Mr. Boyle thought it unfair to saddle his resolution with the rider, and contended it was out of order.

Mr. Ferguson also objected.

The Chairman then ruled that Mr. Macdonald's amendment was out of order, and that the assets be distributed *pro rata* among Shareholders on the amounts paid in."

Mr. Morrison at this juncture said he thought the Chairman was wrong in his

decision, and that Macdonald's amendment was perfectly in order.

Mr. Hodgins asked leave to withdraw his amendment. Granted.

The Chairman then agreed to withdraw his decision, and put the amendment of Mr. Macdonald, which was voted upon by a stock vote, which resulted as follows:—For, 1,637; against, 6,802.

The original resolution to proceed with the winding up was then passed on the same vote reversed.

Of the 6,802 votes polled against Mr. Macdonald's amendment, it should be mentioned that Mr. Long (Henry Taylor's assigned) cast 3,973 votes, and the Directors a large majority of the remaining ones. Twenty-three of the individual Shareholders in attendance at the meeting cast their ballots in favor of the amendment. Dedicating Mr. Long's vote, the majority obtained by those in favor of winding up without instructing the Directors as to the distribution of the assets) was 692.

The meeting then adjourned.

ANOTHER GRAVE OPENED. A Beddome shell found in Young Inwood's Grave as Stated in Evidence.

The grave of an eight-year-old son of Mrs. Inwood was opened at Woodland Cemetery yesterday. One of the witnesses in the recent examination stated that one of the Beddome shells had been placed in this grave, and one of the objects in opening it was to verify this statement. One of the prospective witnesses in this case said the boy died in 1885, and was placed in the vault. Mr. Elliott was asked to notify the mother when he was ready to bury the body, but he did not do so. Mrs. Inwood was not satisfied when she heard the remains were in the ground and insisted on having them taken out. This was two years ago, and when the remains were exhumed, it was explained to the woman that the sand had fallen in so fast it was impossible to raise the shell, and he would give her another. The "other" was the one dug up yesterday. Detective Allen, who was present, scraped the dirt off the shell and found the name "Beddome" on it in red chalk, as described by William Ward. He brought the plate to this city last night. The remains were found all right.

THE BRITISH ARMY AND NAVY A Royal Commission to Inquire Into Their Condition.

London, May 4.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. Mr. Smith, Government leader, replying to a question by Lord Charles Beresford regarding the dangerous weakness of the army and navy, declared that either was inefficient. Still an enquiry into their condition was desirable, and therefore a commission would be appointed, with Lord Hartington as President, to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other, and to the treasury also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

THE MENDELSSOHN QUINTETT CONCERT last night, at the Grand Opera House, was largely attended. The lovers of good music were out in strong force, and therefore a commission would be appointed, with Lord Hartington as President, to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other, and to the treasury also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

Notes in circulation. \$ 6,230 00 Deposits payable on demand. 2,574 00 Deposits payable after notice. 1,600 00 Drifts outstanding. 136 80 Dividends unclaimed. 136 80 Deposits transferred to Bank of Toronto, for which we are still liable. 24,120 00 Capital account. 3,076 75

Total. \$32,122 25

Due by Bank of Toronto. \$ 41,750 25 Loans on City Gas Stock. 2,474 57 Loans to Corporations. 11,940 00 Current Loans. 16,800 80 Past due bills, secured. 61,847 80 Overdrawn accounts. 92,736 44 Profit and loss. 6,230 00 Expense account. 3,076 75

Total. \$32,122 25

In reply to Mr. Sharrman, the Chairman said the Directors gave the office, safe and fixtures of the Bank of London to the Bank of Toronto for nothing, and in return the Toronto branch took over the unpaid ten years' lease of the building of our hands.

Mr. J. B. Boyle at this stage and in order to bring matters to a focus, moved, that having heard the Directors' report, legislation be asked for, and obtained as soon as possible, to wind up the affairs of the Bank. Seconded by Mr. Ferguson.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Hodgins, and seconded by Mr. Priddis, that this meeting of Shareholders, in view of the annual statement of June of last year, declines to sanction any application to wind up until a committee named by the Shareholders shall have investigated the affairs of the Bank, and the report of such investigation shall have been submitted to a meeting of the shareholders, called to consider the same.

Mr. Macdonald asked Mr. Boyle to add the following to his resolution:—And that the assets be distributed *pro rata* among Shareholders on the amounts paid in."

Mr. Boyle would not consent, and Mr. Macdonald moved that the sentence be added to the original motion as a rider, seconded by Mr. Dewar.

In reply to Mr. Macmillan, the Chairman said only a small amount of stock (under \$10,000), upon which 15 p.c. had not been paid, had been cancelled.

Messrs. Jeffery and Morrison discussed the matter further, and asked that the law be allowed to take its course. The latter gentleman said that when the Toronto papers were picturing London the Less as rotten financially he was well aware that Toronto was equally unsound from a monetary standpoint.

Mr. Hodgins respected all connected with the Bank of London, but he held it was not the time nor the place to excite sympathy just at present. Where were Messrs. Long and Morrison, rich men, when the objectionable sections of this Bill were found out? Why were they at Ottawa trying to work the Bill through the Committee. They did not consider the poor shareholder then—(hear, hear,)—and even Mr. Purdon, when in Toronto, received legal opinion that the Bill as presented would never pass.

Mr. Purdon admitted that he had received opinions *pro* and *con*.

Mr. Boyle thought it unfair to saddle his resolution with the rider, and contended it was out of order.

Mr. Ferguson also objected.

The Chairman then ruled that Mr. Macdonald's amendment was out of order, and that the assets be distributed *pro rata* among Shareholders on the amounts paid in."

Mr. Morrison at this juncture said he thought the Chairman was wrong in his

decision, and that Macdonald's amendment was perfectly in order.

Mr. Hodgins asked leave to withdraw his amendment. Granted.

The Chairman then agreed to withdraw his decision, and put the amendment of Mr. Macdonald, which was voted upon by a stock vote, which resulted as follows:—For, 1,637; against, 6,802.

The original resolution to proceed with the winding up was then passed on the same vote reversed.

Of the 6,802 votes polled against Mr. Macdonald's amendment, it should be mentioned that Mr. Long (Henry Taylor's assigned) cast 3,973 votes, and the Directors a large majority of the remaining ones. Twenty-three of the individual Shareholders in attendance at the meeting cast their ballots in favor of the amendment. Dedicating Mr. Long's vote, the majority obtained by those in favor of winding up without instructing the Directors as to the distribution of the assets) was 692.

The meeting then adjourned.

ANOTHER GRAVE OPENED. A Beddome shell found in Young Inwood's Grave as Stated in Evidence.

The grave of an eight-year-old son of Mrs. Inwood was opened at Woodland Cemetery yesterday. One of the witnesses in the recent examination stated that one of the Beddome shells had been placed in this grave, and one of the objects in opening it was to verify this statement. One of the prospective witnesses in this case said the boy died in 1885, and was placed in the vault. Mr. Elliott was asked to notify the mother when he was ready to bury the body, but he did not do so. Mrs. Inwood was not satisfied when she heard the remains were in the ground and insisted on having them taken out. This was two years ago, and when the remains were exhumed, it was explained to the woman that the sand had fallen in so fast it was impossible to raise the shell, and he would give her another. The "other" was the one dug up yesterday. Detective Allen, who was present, scraped the dirt off the shell and found the name "Beddome" on it in red chalk, as described by William Ward. He brought the plate to this city last night. The remains were found all right.

THE BRITISH ARMY AND NAVY A Royal Commission to Inquire Into Their Condition.

London, May 4.—In the House of Commons to-day Right Hon. Mr. Smith, Government leader, replying to a question by Lord Charles Beresford regarding the dangerous weakness of the army and navy, declared that either was inefficient. Still an enquiry into their condition was desirable, and therefore a commission would be appointed, with Lord Hartington as President, to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other, and to the treasury also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

THE MENDELSSOHN QUINTETT CONCERT last night, at the Grand Opera House, was largely attended. The lovers of good music were out in strong force, and therefore a commission would be appointed, with Lord Hartington as President, to report upon the civil and professional administration of both services and their relations to each other, and to the treasury also what changes would tend to promote economy and efficiency.

Notes in circulation. \$ 6,230 00 Deposits payable on demand. 2,574 00 Deposits payable after notice. 1,600 00 Drifts outstanding. 136 80 Dividends unclaimed. 136 80 Deposits transferred to Bank of Toronto, for which we are still liable. 24,120 00 Capital account. 3,076 75

Total. \$32,122 25

Due by Bank of Toronto. \$ 41,750 25 Loans on City Gas Stock. 2,474 57 Loans to Corporations. 11,940 00 Current Loans. 16,800 80 Past due bills, secured. 61,847 80 Overdrawn accounts. 92,736 44 Profit and loss. 6,230 00 Expense account. 3,076 75

Total. \$32,122 25

In reply to Mr. Sharrman, the Chairman said the Directors gave the office, safe and fixtures of the Bank of London to the Bank of Toronto for nothing, and in return the Toronto branch took over the unpaid ten years' lease of the building of our hands.

Mr. J. B. Boyle at this stage and in order to bring matters to a focus, moved, that having heard the Directors' report, legislation be asked for, and obtained as soon as possible, to wind up the affairs of the Bank. Seconded by Mr. Ferguson.

Moved in amendment by Mr. Hodgins, and seconded by Mr. Priddis, that this meeting of Shareholders, in view of the annual statement of June of last year, declines to sanction any application to wind up until a committee named by the Shareholders shall have investigated the affairs of the Bank, and the report of such investigation shall have been submitted to a meeting of the shareholders, called to consider the same.

Mr. Macdonald asked Mr. Boyle to add the following to his resolution:—And that the assets be distributed *pro rata* among Shareholders on the amounts paid in."

Mr. Boyle would not consent, and Mr. Macdonald moved that the sentence be added to the original motion as a rider, seconded by Mr. Dewar.

In reply to Mr. Macmillan, the Chairman said only a small amount of stock (under \$10,000), upon which 15 p.c. had not been paid, had been cancelled.

Messrs. Jeffery and Morrison discussed the matter further, and asked that the law be allowed to take its course. The latter gentleman said that when the Toronto papers were picturing London the Less as rotten financially he was well aware that Toronto was equally unsound from a monetary standpoint.

Mr. Hodgins respected all connected with the Bank of London, but he held it was not the time nor the place to excite sympathy just at present. Where were Messrs. Long and Morrison, rich men, when the objectionable sections of this Bill were found out? Why were they at Ottawa trying to work the Bill through the Committee. They did not consider the poor shareholder then—(hear, hear,)—and even Mr. Purdon, when in Toronto, received legal opinion that the Bill as presented would never pass.

Mr. Purdon admitted that he had received opinions *pro* and *con*.

Mr. Boyle thought it unfair to saddle his resolution with the rider, and contended it was out of order.

Mr. Ferguson also objected.

The Chairman then ruled that Mr. Macdonald's amendment was out of order, and that the assets be distributed *pro rata* among Shareholders on the amounts paid in."

Mr. Morrison at this juncture said he thought the Chairman was wrong in his

GEORGE WOOD & CO.

WEEKLY MARKET REPORT.

MONDAY—Quality high; prices firm with a tendency to lower and good demand.

TUESDAY—Spring goods in great demand; new stock is a regular eye-opener, prices a little low.

WEDNESDAY—Dress Goods lower; big drop per cent; now is the time to buy.

THURSDAY—No change; low prices still in vogue as high as ever; buy to-day.

FRIDAY—Hosiery and Gloves were given a raid; no change from our regular low prices; you want first choice.

SATURDAY—Prices down to lowest notch; bottom; safe to buy large quantities to-day; bargain lines never equalled; we intend to keep season on to-day's basis. Of course you are will be glad to see you at

Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets.

CRYSTAL HALL

New Arrivals

New Bar Goods, New Colored Glass, Artistic Designs in Dresden Elite, Bevington's Etruscan Vases, New French China, Elegant Bronze Goods, New and Elegant Brass Goods, Cheap Library Lamps, Rich and Beautiful Piano Lamps.

W. J. REID AND CO.

Dundas street, London.

ART SALE.—OUR NEXT ART SALE will take place at our rooms on Thursday, May 17. Parties having pictures or statuary to dispose of will communicate with us as soon as possible, as we wish to get catalogues out at once. JONES & WALL, Auctioneers.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE.—OF—VALUABLE FURNITURE, THE IRISH MINE.

DIRECT FROM THE MANUFACTURERS, on Tuesday, May 8th, at 10.30 a.m., at the Warehouses of Messrs. Jones & Wall, consisting of 6 parlor and drawing-room sets, 2 black walnut bedroom sets, 6 black walnut sideboards, 1 mahogany bedroom set, 6 hardwood sets, 2 extension dining tables, 6 centre tables, single and double bed springs, mattresses, 3 couches, lounges, easy chairs, black walnut bookcase, 2 velvet sets, lace curtains, carpets, folding crib, and other articles by the celebrated makers Karm & Thomas, of Woodstock; together with a large collection of used furniture and desirable household effects, all without reserve. Parties furnishing should attend.

JONES & WALL, Auctioneers, 115-117 Dundas Street, London.

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION by W. M. Moore, at his rooms, Richmond Street, on Wednesday, 30th May, at 3 p.m., the stock in trade of Joseph Pearson, of Chatham, Ont., consisting of—

Books and Shoes. \$75 00 Leather, findings, etc. 81 10

Total. \$156 10

Terms: 4 quinquies of sale balance 2 and 4 months, approved security, with interest at 7 per cent. Stock lots on premises and with Messrs. Gibbons, McNab & Mulhern, Trustee's Solicitors, London.

Douglas H. Grand's PRELIMINARY NOTICES.

SALE—Household furniture, 456 Adelaide Street, May 7th.

SALE—Household goods, May 8th, The Bazaar, 150 Dundas Street.

SALE—Household furniture, cottage and lot, 420 Oxford Street, May 10th.

SALE—Household goods, 317 King Street, May 10th.

SALE—Jersey cattle, Shetland ponies and horses, May 11th.

SALE—Houses and lot, Elm Street, May 10th.

SALE—Roses and potted plants at the Bazaar, on Saturdays, May 26th, at 10.30 a.m.

SALE—All kinds of carriages at the Bazaar on day, 2 p.m.

JONES & WALL, AUCTIONEERS AND Commission Merchants, Real Estate Agents, Valuers, etc. Office and Warehouses, 242 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

DOUGLAS H. GRAND AUCTIONEER, THE BAZAAR, 150 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

Auction and Commission sales held any part of the Country. R. M. McLEHERAN, Assistant Auctioneer.

LONDON WEST—NOTICE

ALL CLOSETS AND BACK YARDS MUST be cleaned out and cleared up on or before the 15th inst. Parties disobeying this notice will render themselves liable. By order of the Board of Health.

FOR THE ERECTION OF A brick school house, for a site of 1000 sq. ft., will be received the undersigned, where plans can be seen up to May 10th, 1888, at 10 a.m., or any other tender accepted. G. G. H. London, April 28th, 1888.

98c-98c-98c

A Window full of

FELT HATS!

To be Cleared out at an Alarming Reduction at

THORN & CO'S,

LIONESS STORE.

98c-98c-98c-98c.

Buildings and Fence

ON THE EXHIBITION GROUNDS.

R. M. McLEHERAN HAS RECEIVED instructions from the City of London Trust to sell by public auction on the grounds on Wednesday, the 8th day of May, 1888, at 3 p.m., the buildings and fence on the Eastern half of the late Exhibition Grounds, including the old Crystal Palace. The attention of builders and others are called to this sale, as the material offered is in first-class condition. The specifications for the removal of the above can be seen at the City Engineer's office. By order of the Trust.

ANDREW DALE, R. M. McLEHERAN, Auctioneers.