BEGINNING OF THE YEAR

How the Holiday Was Kept on Two Continents.

Large Attendance at Governor-General's Levee.

President Roosevelt's Official Reception at the White House.

The Scene One of Extraordinary Beauty and Brilliancy.

New Year's Greetings Between Czar Nicholas and the President of the French—Festivities at Paris and Berlin.

AT THE DOMINION CAPITAL.

Ottawa, Jan. 1.—There were 665 callers on the governor-general at the informal levee given by his excellency at the governor-general's office between twelve and one o'clock today. All the ministers of the crown in the city attended. Marconi was among those who were present.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Washington, Jan. 1. — President Roosevelt held his first New Year's reception at the White House today, and surrounded by the presidential and cabinet circle, he greeted officials in every branch of public life, as well as a great concourse of people from private life. The scene within the historic mansion was one of extraordinary beauty and brilliancy. The day was ideal for the observance of the time-honored custom of making New Year's calls. The sun shone from a cloudless sky, the air was cool and bracing, and a light westerly wind made the White House flags stand out proudly. The official programme of the day fixed 11 o'clock as the time for opening the reception with the members of the cabinet and the foreign representatives, but some time before that hour the approaches leading up to the marble portico were filled with carriages, while long lines of people took position at the outer gates in order to have points of vantage when the public reception began.

"HAIL TO THE CHIEF."

Exactly at 11 o'clock a fanfare from three trumpeters, stationed at the further end of the main corridor, announced the approach of the president and receiving party. At the same moment President and Mrs. Roosevelt appeared at the upper landing of the corridor, and arm in arm descended the stairway, while the Marine Band broke into 'Hail to the Chief." Following the president and wife came the members of the cabinet and their wives. The presidential party took up their station in the blue parlor with the President and Mrs. Roosevelt immediately alongside the entrance, ready to grasp the hands of callers as they were announced.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

As dean of the diplomatic corps, the British ambassador, Lord Pauncefote, is usually the first of the foreign callers to greet the president. Today, however, he was absent from the line, having conveyed his private greetings to the president, ant the head of the line was taken by Lady Pauncefote and the Misses Pauncefote, and many military, naval and civil members of the British establishment, all of the officials in full uniform. The French ambassador, M. Cambon, with the members of the embassy staff, was next in line. Following him came the German ambassador, Dr. Von Holleben, accompanied by a retinue of young officers of the Germany army and navy, some of them in the red uniforms of Hussars, others in the white uniform of the kaiser's personal escort, and still others with the sweeping plumes and chapeaux of the quarter-deck. The Russian ambassador, Count Cassini; the Italian ambassador, Signor Mayor, and the Mexican ambassador, Senor Aspirez, were similarly accompanied by large official staffs. Following the ambassadors came the ministers of Austria-Hungary, Switzerland, Japan, China, Brazil, Argentine, Turkey, Belgium, Siam and many other countries.

OFFICERS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.

Representatives of the army and navy, resplendent in their glittering uniforms, came next. They were followed by the general public. All stations, colors, creeds, sexes and ages were represented in the motley throng which elbowed up to the presidnt. The latter in no way relaxed his cordiality, and all received the same cheery greeting. For more than an hour this human stream flowed past the president. As the last of the callers filed by the president took Mrs. Roosevelt on his arm, and amid the strains of a quickstep by the Marine Band, the president and cabinet party withdrew to the private quarters of the mansion. Although several thousand people had grasped the hand of the president, he showed little fatigue, and Mrs. Roosevelt also underwent the physical strain without apparent discomfort. It was estimated by the White House attendants that about seven thousand people passed before the receiving party. Veteran officials regarded it as one of the largest and most successful receptions ever held. Following the reception at the White House, the principal social events of the day here were the receptions of the cabinet officers. Secretary Hay, following the usual practice, entertained the entire diplomatic body at noon.

A CHARMING HOSTESS.

President's Roosevelt's manner of receiving his callers was exceedingly gracious and happy. As each guest was announced by Col. Bingham, the president grasped the hand of the visitor, and wished him a hearty New Year, often accompanying with this a felicitous expression to anyone recognized as a close friend. There was no hurrying along of the callers, and often there was considerable delay while pleasantries were exchanged. Mrs. Roosevelt proved to be a most charming New Year's hostess, and the cordiality of her greetings reminded many callers of the day when Mrs. Cleveland was mistress of the White House.

THE FOREIGN MINISTERS.

Although there was no general reception by the members of the diplomatic corps, some of them kept open house and entertained a large number of callers. Particularly was this the case with the legations from the Orient, the Chinese, Japanese and the Corean ministers being at home to those who came. The Chinese New Year does not occur until about a month from now, but Mr. Wu, following the practice of the country in which he is stationed, participated in the festivities of New Year's day and, assisted by the members of his suite, received many callers at the handsome home of the legation. Minister Wu always gives his friends a cup of tea, and many of them enjoyed his hospitality today. Minister Takahira, of Japan, and his wife celebrated New Year's day as they would at home, where the European calendar is used and where the new year is the greatest event of the season. The members of the legation joined in the festivities. At the Corean legation New Year's day was observed much the same as in this country. A dinner was given this evening and was attended only by gentlemen, there being no women among the household.

NICHOLAS AND LOUBET.

Paris, Jan. 1.—The customary exchange of New Year's greetings between St. Petersburg and Paris occurred today. The czar telegraphed as follows to President Loubet: "Tsarskce-Selo, Jan. 1.—On the occasion of the new year, the empress and myself desire to express to you our best wishes for France and for you personally. Among the most agreeable remembrances of the year just closed, that of the few days passed in the beautiful country, friendly and allied to us, is especially dear.—Nicholas."

Gen. Andre, the minister of war, telegraphed to the Russian minister of war, Gen. Kouropatkino, the greetings of the French army to the Russian army and to their majesties.

FESTIVITIES AT BERLIN.

Berlin, Jan. 1.—The New Year's festivities were marked by the emergence of the court from mourning. There was a service in the morning in the chapel of the palace in the presence of the imperial family, Chancellor Von Buelow and other dignitaries. After the ceremony of nailing to their staffs the standards of several new corps, the emperor and empress received the diplomats. Later in the afternoon the emperor returned the calls of the ambassadors. The New Year's reception is a function to which no diplomat of lower rank than an ambassador is invited. His majesty was specially good-humored today. He conversed with each of the eight ambassadors in their own language, except in the case of the Turkish ambassador, and even to him the emperor uttered a few happy phrases in Turkish. In his conversation with Ambassador White the emperor referred to President Roosevelt's message in most appreciative terms, saying that Mr. Roosevelt evidently knows his own mind and speaks it, says what he means and means what he says. His majesty accepted and reciprocated the personal congratulations and good wishes recently sent to him by President Roosevelt through the United States ambassador, and spoke cordially respecting the United States, especially referring to the progress made in shipbuilding, and expressed his satisfaction at the perfectly friendly relations under which the two nations begin the new year.

THE DAY AT PARIS.

Paris, Jan. 1.—New Year's day was observed throughout France as a public holiday. In Paris the weather was unseasonably muggy. President Loubet received the usual visits from the cabinet ministers and the president and vice-presidents of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies. Mounted republican guards, drawn up in the courtyard of the Elysee Palace, rendered the customary honors to the visitors. Later the president, escorted by a detachment of cuirassiers, returned the visits. He was warmly cheered by the people. A large number of Americans, who thronged the tastefully decorated salons of the United States Embassy this afternoon, attested to the popularity of the ambassador, Gen. Horace Porter, and Mrs. Porter, who issued an open invitation to all Americans to attend their New Year's reception. Practically the entire American colony here responded.

FATAL OUTCOME OF A "WATCH NIGHT" PARTY.

Augusta, Ga., Jan. 1.—Three people were killed and two wounded last night at Robbins, N. C., in a fight which occurred among a party given at the residence of Jesse Griffin. The participants in the fight were white people, and well known in this part of the country. The dead: Geo. Dunbar, Harry Dunbar, Fletcher Bennett. The wounded: Mrs. Geo. Dunbar, Arthur Dunbar. A "watch party" was given at the residence of Jesse Griffin, and during the evening Wm. Cobb became involved in a dispute and later left the house. After his departure the quarrel was taken up by Fletcher Bennett, and Geo. Dunbar drew his pistol. Griffin, the host, interfered, taking Dunbar's pistol from him. Fletcher Bennet suddenly seized the weapon and shot Geo. Dunbar, killing him instantly. The latter's son Harry, came to the defense, but was also killed by Bennett, Arthur Dunbar, another son, also joined in the fight, and shot Bennett. The shooting became general, and Bennett received another wound, which killed him, and Arthur Dunbar received a wound which will prove fatal. Mrs. Dunbar was also shot, but it is believed she will recover.

HANDS AND FEET SWOLLEN

The Serious Condition of a Welland Woman Whom Dr. Pitcher's Backache Kidney Tablets Cured.

Mrs. Joseph Young, Division street, Welland, Ont., says: "I have suffered from backache and kidney trouble for four or five years. At times I could hardly shut my eyes they were so swollen, and my feet the same. Going upstairs hurt my back so I thought I would die, and my breath grew awful short. I tried almost everything with no relief. Black specks floated all around, and my eyes were very bad. The pain ran from the small of my back to the base of my brain. I could not sleep lying on my back. I went and got a bottle of DR. PITCHER'S BACKACHE KIDNEY TABLETS, and they have been a great boon to me. They are just splendid. I can see to thread a needle, and the pain in the head is about gone. All the old feeling of cracking and creaking in the base of the head is gone and the back comfortable. The old spells that came on any time, night or day, are gone, and I feel like living again. I can work now with comfort, and go upstairs fast with no trouble. I am only too glad to recommend them to everyone. I used to be afraid to turn over at night, and could not sleep; and now I am not afraid at all, and can sleep well."

DR. PITCHER'S BACKACHE KIDNEY TABLETS are the newest and most effective remedy for backache, lame or weak back, Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, puffiness under the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, gravel, rheumatism, specks floating before the eyes, kidney weakness of children and old people, and all urinary troubles. Price 50c a box at all druggists, or by mail. The Dr. Zina Pitcher Company, Toronto, Ont.

Does Not Disappoint

The New Discovery for Catarrh Seems to Possess Remarkable Merit.

A new catarrh cure has recently appeared which so far as tested has been remarkably successful in curing all

forms of catarrh, whether in the head, throat, bronchial tubes, or in the stomach and liver.

The remedy is in tablet form, pleasant and convenient to take and no special secrecy is maintained as to what it contains, the tablet being a scientific combinataion of Blood root, Red gum and similar valuable and harmless antiseptics.

The safe and effective catarrh cure may be found at any drug store under the name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets.

Whether the catarrh is located in the nose, threat bronchial tubes, or stomach, the tablets seem to act with equal success, removing the stuffy feeling in head and nose, clearing the mucous membrane of throat and trachea from catarrhal secretions, which cause the tickling, hawking and gagging so annoying to every catarrh sufferer.

Nasal catarrh generally leads to ulceration, in some cases to such an extent as to destroy the nose entirely and in many old cases of catarrh the bones of the head become diseased. Nasal catarrh gradually extends to the throat and bronchial tubes and very often to the stomach, causing that very obstinate trouble, catarrh of the stomach.

Catarrh is a systemic poison, inherent in the blood, and local washes, douches, salves, inhalers and sprays can have no effect on the real cause of the disease. An internal remedy which acts upon the blood is the only rational treatment, and Stuart's Catarrh Tablets is the safest of all internal remedies, as well as the most convenient and satisfactory from a medical standpoint.

Dr. Eaton recently stated that he had successfully used Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in old chronic cases, even where ulceration had extended so far as to destroy the septum of the nose. He says, "I am pleasantly surprised almost every day by the excellent results from Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. It is remarkable how effectually they remove the excessive secretion and bring about a healthy condition of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat and stomach.

All druggists sell complete treatment of the Tablets at 50 cents and a little book giving the symptoms and causes of the various forms of catarrh, will be mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart & Co., Marshall, Mich.

NAVIGATION NEWS

Plans for the Needed Improvements to Quebec Harbor.

QUEBEC HARBOR.

Quebec, Jan. 1.—Mr. Boswell, chief engineer of the harbor commission, acting under instructions from the Quebec harbor commissioners, has sent to Ottawa plans of improvements, which would afford all accommodation and facilities required, should the Canadian fast line of steamers come to the port, and it is stated that next week the members of the commission will proceed in a body to Ottawa to hold a consultaiton with the government and urge the necessity of proceeding with the improvements without delay.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

Jan. 1.	Reported at.	From.
Zeeland	New York	Antwerp
Trave	Genoa	Naples
Pretoria	Plymouth	New York
Mesaba	London	New York
Marquette	London	New York
Canadian	Liverpool	New York
Sardinian	Greenock	Philadelphia
Philadelphia	Southampton	New York

Aches and Pains.

You know by experience that the aches and pains of rheumatism are not permanently, but only temporarily, relieved by external remedies.

Then why not use an internal remedy—Hood's Sarsaparilla, which corrects the acidity of the blood on which rheumatism depends, and cures the disease.

This medicine has done more for the rheumatic than any other medicine in the world. d

SOUND AS A DOLLAR

That is the result of a course of treatment with Scott's Emulsion. We have special reference to persons with weak lungs and sensitive throats.

Scott's Emulsion does some things better than others. This is one of them. It has a peculiar action on the throat and lungs which gives them strength and makes them tough.

That's how Scott's Emulsion drives out coughs, colds and bronchitis. It keeps them out, too.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

THE HERO OF THE DAY

Signor Marconi Entertained by Hon. W. S. Fielding

At Rideau Club—Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Other Prominent Men Present.

Possibility That Sable Island May Be Utilized as an Important Station for Wireless Telegraphy.

Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Signor Marconi is the hero of the hour at the capital. He has been received with marked cordiality by the government, and the flattering attentions he has received would turn the head of a less modest man. At 1 o'clock on Tuesday the inventor was entertained by Hon. W. S. Fielding, at luncheon at the Rideau Club. The other guests present were: Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Sir Richard Cartwright, Col. Hon. F. W. Borden, Hon. Clifford Sifton, Sir Louis Davies, Sir Sandford Fleming, Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, Dr. Haanel, Mr. W. Y. Soper, Mr. Charles Marcil, M.P., Mr. Kemp (assistant to Signor Marconi), and Mr. Wm. Smith.

After the toast of "The King" had been duly honored, Mr. Fielding, who, as host, occupied the chair, proposed the health of Signor Marconi. He expressed the pleasure he felt at the opportunity of meeting the distinguished inventor and introducing him to the rest of the gentlemen present. The government had deemed it a very pleasing duty, when Signor Marconi met with certain obstacles in Newfoundland, to invite him to come to Canada and continue his experiments in Nova Scotia, where he would be free from interference. Mr. Fielding's colleagues and himself had learned with satisfaction that Signor Marconi had found a suitable site in Cape Breton for the location of a station, and the minister hoped that if a business proposition was the outcome it would be considered on its merits.

SIGNOR MARCONI'S REPLY.

The toast was very heartily received, and in reply Signor Marconi thanked Mr. Fielding for enabling him to meet so many distinguished Canadians. He was delighted with his visit up to the present, and he must say that no one could have experienced greater kindness than he had received. He was not much given to speaking about the future, but with his experiments so far he was well satisfied. The wireless system had been adopted by the British admiralty, and was now in use on 70 of their warships. A contract had lately been signed with Lloyds for the adoption of the system at all their agencies. Wireless telegraphy had been installed at Nantucket by the New York Herald, and most of the large steamships running between New York and Liverpool were using the apparatus. The establishment of a station at Cape Breton for the transmission of transoceanic messages was contemplated, and he hoped that in a short time the commercial feasibility of the idea would be fully demonstrated. It would be a great achievement to so cheapen telegraphic communication between America and Great Britain as to enable ordinary people to take advantage of it. The cost of laying and maintaining cables was great, and the rates for messages were so high as to preclude the great mass of people from using this means of communication. He hoped that the introduction and perfecting of the wireless system would greatly reduce the cost of transoceanic messages, and enable practically everybody to derive advantages from it. Signor Marconi concluded by proposing in felicitous terms the health of Mr. Fielding. The toast was drunk with musical honors, and evoked from the host an appropriate response. The gathering broke up after about an hour of pleasant conversation.

At night Signor Marconi dined with the governor-general at Rideau Hall.

SABLE ISLAND CONSIDERED.

Tuesday morning Signor Marconi paid a visit to the marine department, where he was introduced to Lieut.-Col. Anderson, chief engineer. A chart of the North Atlantic, showing the coasts of Newfoundland and Nova Scotia, was produced, and the possibility of establishing a wireless telegraphic station on Sable Island was considered. By drawing "a great circle" on the chart, Col. Anderson showed the inventor that a direct line between Sable Island and the Lizard, Cornwall, would pass well out to seaward of the Avilon peninsula of Newfoundland.

This was good news to Signor Marconi, who had been of the opinion that only by going to Cape Hatteras would it be possible to avoid the projecting point of land. Of course, in the event of a station being located on Sable Island for transatlantic communication, it would be necessary to retransmit to the main land of Canada, nearly a hundred miles distant.

Should Sable Island not be selected as a site for communicating with the Cornish coast, it would not be surprising if it were chosen as a station for transmitting warning signals to the throng of steamers that continually cross and recross the Atlantic within a comparatively short distance of its treacherous shores. The application of the Marconi system to the determination of distances from a sending station has not yet been attempted upon a practical scale. At present it is not possible to ascertain the exact distance of a ship in communication with a station at a greater distance than two miles. But, considering what has been done with wireless telegraphy during the past six weeks, it is easy to believe that before long it will be possible to warn ships of their exact distance from any point of land while they are still many miles out at sea.

REPORT ON THE BELLE ISLE STATION.

In the morning Hon. Mr. Tarte called on the inventor, in company with Mr. D. H. Kelly, superintendent of Dominion telegraph and cables. The latter gave Signor Marconi an account of the working of the wireless system which was installed at Belle Isle some weeks ago. The apparatus has been doing well. But in a recent storm the mast was injured and some repairs had to be rigged. The operators at first were Englishmen, but their places have now been taken by Canadians, who have undergone a thorough training.

CHOSEN FROM A MULTITUDE

The Preference Shown by Thinking People for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine—Record Sales Last Month.

Considering the large number of remedies for coughs and colds that are now offered to the public, and in view of the fact that nearly every druggist has a preparation of his own which he makes an effort to substitute for the medicine asked for, it seems truly remarkable that the demand for Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine should increase by such leaps and bounds.

During October the sales of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine exceeded by several hundred bottles the record of any previous month in its history. When it is remembered that this preparation receives very little newspaper advertising the evidence seems to be conclusive that it makes its way by sheer force of merit.

Thinking people recognize the harmfulness and danger of using strong drugs which are said to cure a cold in a few hours. They prefer to cling to Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, which they know beyond a doubt to be a thorough and effective treatment for coughs, colds, croup bronchitis, whooping cough, throat irritation, asthma, and even consumption itself.

The combination of linseed and turpentine, with half a dozen other ingredients of equal value for treating colds, in such proportion as they are found in Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine, has proven to be a perfect protection against such developments as pneumonia, consumption, and serious lung troubles. You can with certainty rely on this preparation to afford prompt relief and perfect cure.

Do you suppose that the sale of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine would be more than three times that of any similar preparation if it was not the most effective remedy that money can buy? It has stood the test and proven itself worthy of the confidence that is placed in it. People recommend it one to another, and so the good news spreads. Be sure you get the genuine, with Dr. Chase's portrait and signature on the wrapper. 25 cents a bottle. Family size, three times as much, 60 cents. At all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

A handsome and useful Christmas present for your mother or grandmother is a copy of Dr. Chase's last and complete Receipt Book. Illustrated folder free

JOTTINGS FROM NEAR-BY PLACES

KOMOKA.

Komoka, Dec. 31.—Mr. Archie McLaughlin is visiting relatives in Quebec.

Miss Alice McLaren, teacher at the public school, is spending her vacation at her home in Watford.

Mr. Clarke and Miss Jessie Mowat, of London, are visiting here.

Mr. Fletcher and sons Roy and Clare visited in Dutton last week.

Mr. W. and Miss J. Scott are visiting at their home here.

Mr. McLaine, of Dutton, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Fletcher, of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart and Miss Robina Mowat are visiting relatives and friends in London.

Messrs. D. and D. A. McLaughlin are visiting in Brooke.

Mr. Wyatt, principal of the public school, is spending his vacation at his home in Springbank.

Mr. Morris, while cutting wood in the woods last week was injured by a falling tree. He is recovering.

Mr. Gordon McDougall is on the sick list; also Mr. Gordon Parsons.

Mr Kennie McDonald has been away on his vacation.

Miss Edith Graham is visiting in St. Marys.

Miss Ethel Campbell, of London, visited here last week.

ILDERTON.

Ilderton, Jan. 1.—Rev. Mr. Gilmour gave a grand illustrated lecture on "A Trip Through Ireland," in English-Settlement Church, of Vanneck, on Monday evening. Mr. Gilmour had spared neither time nor expense in preparing this lecture, and as a result it proved highly interesting.

Mr. Robert Bowman, of the United States, is here on a visit to his father Mr. Bowman, who is very sick at present.

Miss Flossie Clatworthy, of this place, is visiting with her brother in Clinton.

Mr. Edward McAndless has returned home after paying a short visit here with his mother, Mrs. McAndless.

Miss Jennings, of London, is visiting here with her cousin, Miss Hattie Paisley.

Mr. Wm. Cameron has returned home to Detroit after spending a few days of his Christmas holidays with his mother, Mrs. A. Cameron, and his many friends.

Mrs. Maggie Robson, of Forest, is here on a visit to her father, Mr. Andrew Scott, and others.

Mr. Wm. McAndless has been very sick lately with a bad cold, but is slowly recovering.

Mr. John Knight has returned home from his honeymoon.

Mrs. Madden is sick with a very bad cold.

SCOTTSVILLE.

Scottsville, Jan. 1.—Last Sunday and Monday were red-letter days in the history of the North Street Methodist Sunday school. On Sunday Rev. Amos Thomas, of High Street Mission, London, gave an object lesson to the children, and Mr. Irwin, of London, preached to the young people. On Monday evening a choice entertainment was given. Rev. T. W. Cosens, superintendent of the circuit, officiated as chairman. The selections by the phonograph were highly appreciated. The newly organized orchestra, composed of E. S. Hunt, S. W. Smith, Mrs. S. W. Smith, Frank Bennet, Clara Hunt, Ewart Hunt and Effie Hunt, furnished charming music. The boys and girls and the young men and young women of the school acquitted themselves creditably. North Street has long been famous for musical and literary talent, but judging from the entertainment Monday evening the rising generation will even eclipse their illustrious predecessors. The Sabbath school enters upon the new year with excellent prospects. Mr. Ezra S. Hunt has proved himself in every way a model superintendent and he has the hearty cooperation of excellent officers and teachers.

The missionary rally held in our church on Tuesday evening was a decided success. Addresses were given by Messrs. Nicholson and Watson, after which Rev. George Hartwell, of Chentu, China, the missionary supported by the Epworth Leagues of the London district, held the audience spellbound as he spoke about China and the Chinese. Mr. Hartwell has been on furlough in Canada for over a year and will start for Canada in a few weeks. He will be accompanied by Rev. W. J. Mortimore, of London, who was the popular pastor on the Westminster circuit three years ago. The Epworth Leaguers of this vicinity wish Rev. Messrs. Hartwell and Mortimore Godspeed in their work.

Established 1679.

Haig & Haig Old Scots WHISKY

"Nuf Sed."

Omega Oil

For sore FEET

Just about the worst pain of all comes from sore feet. Some people have to take off their shoes right in the middle of the day because their feet hurt them so. If these same people would first bathe their feet in warm water, and then rub them with Omega Oil, they could wear their shoes from morning till bedtime. Omega Oil is a liniment that contains a rare little Swiss green herb that goes in through the pores of the skin and stops pain. It takes out the soreness, removes the tenderness, reduces swellings, invigorates the tired muscles, and causes all the bad odors arising from perspiration to disappear. That's a good deal for one remedy to do, but Omega Oil *does* it just the same. It is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for.

Tell your druggist you want Omega Oil and nothing else. If he refuses to supply you, the Omega Chemical Co., 257 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle, prepaid, for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 748

CHAS. F. CLARK, President. JARED CHITTENDEN, Treasurer

ESTABLISHED 1849.

BRADSTREET'S

Capital and Surplus, $1,500,000. Offices throughout the civilized world

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The Bradstreet Company,

LONDON OFFICE: 365 Richmond Street.

L. J. WALKER, Superintendent.

68c

A Lake Captain's Experience.

Capt. McDonald, one of Kingston's most prominent mariners, writes: "For years I have battled with the agonies of Bronchitic Asthma, oftentimes so bad that I could not sleep for nights at a time. I spent hundreds of dollars on doctors and quacks without getting relief, but one dollar's worth of Catarrhozone perfectly cured me." The above testimonial was given two years ago, and as the Captain lately stated he was still quite free from Bronchitis. It proves Catarrhozone a veritable specific. Catarrhozone two months' treatment, guaranteed to cure Bronchitis, price $1, small size 25 cents. Druggists or Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

There are 751 newspapers and periodicals in Sweden, including 52 dailies. Stockholm has 12 dailies.

Backache, swelling of feet and ankles, puffing under eyes, frequent thirst, scanty, cloudy, highly colored urine, and all urinary troubles lead to Bright's disease, dropsy, diabetes, etc. Doan's Kidney Pills are a sure cure. w

Botanists of the New York Department of Agricultural have found 70 new varieties of flora in one mountain in St. Christopher, W. I.

A CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.—The intrusion of uric acid into the blood vessels is a fruitful cause of rheumatic pains. This irregularity is owing to a deranged and unhealthy condition of the liver. Anyone subject to this painful affection will find a remedy in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Their action upon the kidneys is pronounced and most beneficial, and by restoring healthy action, they correct impurities in the blood.

The British High Commissioner in Rhodesia has sanctioned an ordinance imposing a tax of 10 shillings on each adult inmate of a hut.

Why Limp About

With painful corns? Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor will remove them painlessly in a few days. Use the safe, sure, and painless corn cure—Putnam's Corn Extractor. At druggists.

Questions Answered.

BLACKFRIARS—A owns land on which there is some timber mortgaged to B. Can B prevent A from selling timber, providing the money is used to pay on mortgage? Ans.—Yes, but he is not likely to do so if assured that the money will be so applied.

McGILLIVRAY.—(1) Are trustees who failed to organize on the day appointed by the school act, a lawful trustee board? Ans.—Yes. (2) Can the majority of the trustees organize a trustee board any time after the day appointed by the act? Ans.—Yes. (3) Can they spend any amount of money they like without taking a vote of the ratepayers? Ans.—For the maintenance of the school they have full power as to the amount to be expended.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—When was the camp on Dundas street, near the asylum, year and month; also Kensington and Lucan camps and year when Lord Dufferin was in London, the guest of Col Walker? Ans.—The camp on Carling's Farm, near the asylum, was in September, 1875. The camp on Kensington heights was in Sept. 1874. The camp at Lucan was for the local company and we have no available record of it. Lord and Lady Dufferin were the guests of Col. Walker in August, 1874, on the occasion of the vice-regal visit to London.

X. Y. Z.—If a wife dies without a will, and has money in the postoffice savings bank, what course would the husband take to obtain the money? Would the children have to sign off? Ans.—An administrator of the estate of the wife would have to be appointed. He is usually the husband, but not necessarily. The estate then goes one-third to the husband, and the remaining two-thirds to the children, share and share alike. The wife should make a will appointing an executor, as bondsmen are necessary when an administrator in appointed by the court.

The True Tragedy of Life

is ill-health, disappointed ambitions, usefulness destroyed. Pathetic! nay, tragic! Poor blood, weak nerves, a tired brain. Is there hope? Yes! Because there is a cure.

Ferrozone Tablets make blood; not blue blood, but the fluid that strengthens the whole body. Ferrozone does this quickly by improving digestion, stimulating assimilation and by imparting health and tone to the whole system. Mr. Strong, druggist, will tell you a great deal more about Ferrozone. Ask him to tell you of the wonderful curative properties of Ferrozone Tablets.