

BURNS, The Clothier's

Great Reduction Sale of High-Class Clothing Has Startled the Natives. We are Firing the Hottest Kind of Shot into the Clothing Ranks.

OUR

OUR PRICES

MAKE

RETAINS THEM!

Our great reduction prices are simply phenomenal, and offer big chances for money saving.....

Competition cannot possibly improve on the Bargains we are offering now..

BOYS' SUITS



\$1.50

\$2.50

All Sizes.

BOYS' and YOUTHS'

STORM COATS

IN FRIEZES AND TWEEDS.

Youths' Ulsters.



Sizes 32 to 35.

FROM \$5 00 UP

Be Early

And Get the First Choice.

WE CAN FIT ANY SIZED BOY OR MAN.

The rush on Saturday will crowd our store, the street cars and the streets with people attending our Great Sale. Be early and avoid this great crowd.

BOYS'



Sizes 22 to 28.

At \$4 50.

STORM KING.



ALL SIZES.

\$7 50 up.

Double and single breasted in blue and black Beaver and Meltons, from

\$7 00 up.

NO BLOW. NO BLUSTER.

BUT A SOLID EXPOSITION OF FACTS.

SALE OPENS ON

Saturday Morning

AT

9-0'Clock-9

(OPEN UNTIL 10:30 p.m.)

GENTLEMEN'S



OVERCOATS.

Men's Odd Pants

FROM \$1 25 UP.

These are the most sensational Bargain Prices ever offered for good legitimate clothing, followed by our guarantee of perfect fitting garments...

ARBITRATORS' REPORT ACCEPTED

In the Dispute Between the City Engineer and Contractor Evans.

Mr. Evans to Receive \$176 and the City to Pay the Costs of Arbitration—A Storage for Corporation Tools Is Required.

The Board of Works last night decided to accept the award of the arbitrators in the dispute between City Engineer Graydon and Contractor John C. C. Evans, and the latter will receive \$176 64, and the city will also pay the costs of the arbitration, \$25. As stated in a recent issue, Mr. Evans had the contract for the carpenter work on the recent City Hall alterations. For extras on the job he claimed to be entitled to \$231, but Mr. Graydon figured them as being worth \$54 95, which Evans refused to accept. Arbitration was resorted to, and Messrs. Wm. Jones and John Pardon were named to represent the contractor and city respectively, and John Shopland to act as referee. Their report to the committee was to the effect that Evans was entitled to \$176 64 and costs, \$25. Mr. Graydon opposed the payment of the sum, on the grounds that the arbitrators did not take into consideration what he called inferior workmanship by Evans; that no allowance was made for the failure to complete the work within the specified time by 60 days; that Evans' tender and not his agreement was examined, and that no consideration was taken of alterations to the original plans, which saved the contractor fully \$30.

"I move the award be accepted," said Ald. O'Meara. "We appointed the arbitrators, and we should accept their decision. The engineer objects on certain grounds, one of which is alleged inferior work, but this is no time to bring that up."

Ald. Parnell was willing to stand by the award, but before doing so he wanted the terms of the agreement relative to over-time carried out.

"But the engineer has granted his final certificate," said Ald. Nutkins. "That ends it, then," said Ald. Parnell.

The award was adopted.

"While we are accepting the award," continued Ald. Parnell, "we might just as well understand that the man appointed to arbitrate for the city was strongly opposed to giving Mr. Evans a single cent."

Ald. Heaman—Yes, but arbitration is arbitration.

Ald. Parnell—Yes, but arbitration is sometimes downright robbery.

Messrs. W. J. Reid and John S. Pearce, wardens of St. Paul's Cathedral, asked that the committee have the asphalt being laid in front of the edifice continued through the sidewalk out to the street pavement. The wardens had laid out a lot of money for pavements on Queen's avenue and Richmond street, and thought they were entitled to this small favor.

"I have laid a couple of walks leading to some of my places," said Ald. Nutkins, "and I might just as well ask the city to continue them to the road."

Ald. O'Meara favored granting the request, as the cathedral wardens had done a great deal towards beautifying the street. The question was referred to the engineer and chairman, with power.

In amendment to the proposed bylaw prohibiting the tearing up of the asphalt pavement, Chairman Heaman and Engineer Graydon recommended that any person desiring to open up the pavement should make a deposit of \$200 for one year without interest, to be returned on the city treasurer receiving a certificate from the engineer that the pavement was in a good condition.

"The amount is pretty steep," said Ald. Nutkins.

"But that will stop people from tearing up the pavement," said Ald. Parnell, "and that is what we want. Action deferred."

Ald. O'Meara called attention to the condition of Richmond street north since the electric line was put down. The railway company will be asked to put the roadway in proper condition.

Ald. Powell, Weld, Skinner and Richardson, of No. 3 committee, then held a conference with No. 2 on the advisability of erecting a building in the rear of No. 1 fire hall for the storage of city tools. The chairman of the two committees and the engineer will consider the matter and prepare plans, to be presented at a meeting in the near future. The proposition was looked upon with favor by the majority of the aldermen.

The Board of Works members present were: Ald. W. Heaman (chairman), J. Heaman, J. Nutkins, E. Parnell, S. O'Meara and A. Callahan, Secretary, Bell, Assistant Engineer Ironsides, and Commissioner Owens.

MILK AS A DIET.

A Physician Proves a Theory by a Personal Experience.

A medical man expresses the belief that a person could live for any length of time and take heavy exercise all the while on no other food than sweet milk. His conviction is the result of personal experiment. He wanted to establish the fact that persons convalescing from sickness may grow stronger with no other nutriment than sweet milk, and that they are obliged to take "something solid" to eat, as so many people imagine. He holds that many a convalescent has gone into his grave as a result of overtaxing his weak stomach by putting "solid" food into it; and he maintains that the old belief as to bread being the first essential of human life is shown by his experiments to be erroneous. His test was to live for 30 days with only sweet milk as a nourishment. In the whole time he lost five and a half pounds in weight, but no strength. He even attributes the loss of the weight to excessive exercise on the bicycle and the daily manipulation of 16-pound dumbbells and other heavy weights. He took more exercise than usual in order to test the thing fairly. On the seventh day of the experiment he ran several foot races with a skilled runner and was beaten in each race. On the thirtieth day he again pitted himself against the best runner, and did the best of the race, which certainly would tend to confirm his statement that he lost no strength during the thirty days' test. He drank four pints of milk daily for the last week. He thinks a healthy person should take about five pints of milk daily when no other food is being taken. His practice was to drink milk at intervals of two hours during the day, commencing at 7 o'clock in the morning and continuing until 10 at night. After that he would take no more until next morning.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

154 DUNDAS STREET