

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. II. NO. 229.

GUELPH ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 13, 1869.

PRICE ONE PENNY

Wellington Boot & Shoe Manufactory
WYNDHAM-ST., GUELPH.
JOHN A. McMILLAN
Has much pleasure in informing the public that he is prepared to fill orders for
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF Boots & Shoes!
For Spring and Summer Trade.
All home manufacture, and as cheap as any house in Toronto or Montreal.

WANTED.
A Partner, with \$5,000 or \$6,000 cash. A splendid opening for a practical man.
Address, if by letter, post paid.
JOHN A. McMILLAN,
Wellington Boot and Shoe Manufactory,
Wyndham Street, Guelph, Ont.
March 24 1869.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
NEW PROVISION STORE!
West Market Square,
(Adjoining John Harris)
FLOUR, FEED
and POTATOES—any quantity. Also Smoked Hams to be had.
HIRSCH & KENNEDY,
Guelph, March 24.

DOMINION STORE
Mrs. ROBINSON
Has just received a fresh supply of
ORANGES
FIGS, RAISINS, NUTS of all kinds,
For sale cheap.
STAMPING DONE TO ORDER.
Guelph, 27th March. **MRS. ROBINSON.**

THE ONTARIO MUTUAL Life Insurance Comp'y.
HEAD OFFICE, WATERLOO, ONT.
A comparison of our rates with the rates of any Company either doing or purposing to do a legitimate business respectfully invited.
Every Information given to intending Insurers.
Medical Examiners—Drs. Howitt and Keating.
HENRY L. DRAKE, Agent,
Box D, Guelph P.O. mar 12. dw

DOMINION SALOON FRESH OYSTERS!
OF the best quality always on hand, and served up in all styles at short notice; also for sale by the keg or can. The Bar is supplied with Li- quors, Wines, Ales and Cigars, of the choicest brands, likewise with the favorite drink, "Tom and Jerry." LUNCH between the hours of 12 noon and 3 p. m.
DENIS BUNYAN
Guelph, 17th October

700 BOXES CHEESE OF Extra Quality.
PING SUEY & MOYUNE YOUNG HYSON.
575 BOXES VERY CHOICE
JAMES MASSIE & CO.
Guelph, March 9

BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE HAIR CUTTING
DONE AT
MORGAN'S BARBER SHOP
St. George's Square, Guelph.
E. MORGAN dw
Guelph, 16th March.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1864 & 1865.
IN THE MATTER OF
JOHN HENDERSON, OF ELORA
AN INSOLVENT.
THE Creditors of the Insolvency are notified that he has made an assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the under- signed assignee, and they are required to furnish me within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it, and if none stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.
JOHN KERR,
Official Assignee.
Toronto, 31st March, 1869. do 12

PETRIE'S Furniture Cream!
Producing, with half the usual labor, a most
BRILLIANT POLISH
On all kinds of Cabinet & French Polished Furniture, Varnished and japanned articles of every description.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE:
Shake the bottle well, and apply a small quantity with a woolen cloth on the article to be polished; continue rubbing for a few minutes, then finish off with a clean soft rag, when a most beautiful polish will be produced.

A. B. PETRIE,
Chemist, Corbet's Block, Guelph.
Guelph, 3rd April. dw
STRAW AND SILK MILLINERY.
MISS LAWRENCE,
(Successor to Mrs. Wm. Pringle).
Will for the present season carry on the business in all its branches at the rooms lately occupied by Mrs. Pringle, a few doors north of the Post Office, Douglas Street, Guelph.
Guelph, 31st March. dw6w

ORANGES
WHOLESALE.
GEO. WILKINSON
Guelph.
Has just received a large consignment of

MESSINA ORANGES
At low rates to the trade.
Wholesale and Retail.
GEORGE WILKINSON.
Guelph, 3rd April. dw
LUMBER YARD.
Upper Wyndham-st., Guelph.
OLD FENCE IN THE OLD PLACE.
The subscriber begs to inform the public that he has commenced the lumber business in the old stand occupied by **GOWDY & STEWART.**
Opposite the Alma Block, Guelph
Where all kinds of Lumber will be kept constantly on hand. Bills cut to order on short notice.

To the Trade.
GARLAND'S Hat and Cap Store.
The subscriber is removed to the splendid Day's Block, late Petrie's Drug Store
In all the latest and most fashionable styles and colors, which will be sold very cheap.
As a practical hatter, he thoroughly understands the wants of customers, and invites the public to call and see his goods, as he can sell them a better article at a cheaper price than they can get elsewhere.
The highest price paid for raw Fur.
F. GARLAND.
Guelph, March 15, 1869. 3md4w
CAUTION.
Whereby notify all parties against purchasing or negotiating a promissory note made by me to William Hoover or order for the sum of \$100, dated the 31st of March, 1869, and payable at my office seven months after date, as I have received no value for the same, and shall not pay it.
F. PRIST.
Guelph, 11th March.

MONEY TO LEND.
The undersigned are requested to obtain Farm Securities for several thousand dollars, to be lent at moderate interest.
LEMONT & PETERSON,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
Guelph Dec. 9th, 1868 dw4w
MONEY FOUND.
Found on Saturday, below the Drill Shed, a purse containing a small sum of money in bills and silver. The owner on proving property and paying expenses can have it by applying to
EVAN MACDONALD, Guelph
Guelph, 3th April.

Evening Mercury

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 13, 1869.
TOWN ITEMS.
Our readers will see by advertisement that the Speed Lacrosse Club have their annual meeting to-morrow evening.
SIGNS OF SPRING.—The marble play of nuisance on the streets, and signs of suckers near the dams on the Speed.
MASSAGE.—The regular monthly meeting of Speed Lodge, No. 189, will take place in the Masonic Hall (over the Bank of Commerce) this evening.
To find out the number of idle people in town - ride a velocipede through Wyndham street. A dog fight is thrown into the shade altogether by this new street attraction.
RETURN MATCH.—The return shooting match between the West Ward and the Town will come off at the Rifle Range on Friday afternoon next, at two o'clock. Parties interested will please attend without further notice.
DUST.—Premature symptoms of this pest are beginning to appear in the streets, and a little more dry weather will soon send it forth in all its disagreeable form. The corporation should see that the water carts may be available when needed.
NOTHING TO DO.—The morals of Guelph and vicinity appear to be improving, and crime seems to soften with the weather. The "Beak" had no "subjects" to operate upon to-day, nor has he had for some days. Says a certain individual, however, that Chief Kelly is on the "war path," and will probably capture some game before many noons have waned.
NORTH WARD ELECTION.—Mr. Robt. Mitchell kept at the head of the poll in the north ward throughout the day, and at the close of the poll at five o'clock the figures stood:
Mitchell, 79
Walker, 44
Majority for Mitchell, 35

COMMENTS.—During the recent discussions of the Ontario Medical Board at Toronto, Dr. Clarke, after saying that 'one half of the Legislature are Homeopaths, and that the heads of the professions of Law and Divinity, and the leading men of the city belong to the system,' said that he 'ignores the Homeopathic theory with all his heart,' and looks upon it as a quackery. He thus puts a high compliment to the Legislature and the heads of the professions of Law and Divinity.
DRAGHTS.—A match between three Guelph and three Akerfoyle players at draughts, came off at Deady's Hotel last (Monday) night, when the former won by ten games. Mr. Wm. Mitchell acted as umpire. The players wish us to state that Mr. Deady treated them in a very gentlemanly manner, and gave them every convenience in his power. The following is the score:
GUELPH. ABERFOYLE.
Jas. Smith, 5 games/John Weir, 3 games
D. Naismith, 3 " /Mr. Todd, 4 "
C. Maddock, 9 " /Mr. Kelso, 1 "

LOCAL MOTIVE WHISTLES.—Parties residing in the vicinity of the railway track in this town tell us that the noise made by the whistles at night, between midnight and dawn is sometimes terrific, and not only arouses them from their slumbers, but would awaken the "seven sleepers" if they lived in the vicinity. The men in charge of the locomotives appear to take great delight in making as much noise as they can, to the annoyance of those who, after the "fifteen furlongs" of the day, wish to "sleep well." The whistles being so undesirable, and the only remedy would seem to be for the sleepers to get used to it. There are worse things to complain about than this.
PROF. GRAVES.—This celebrated horse tamer has arrived in town, and will give a free lecture at the Drill Shed at seven o'clock. Go and hear him. All persons having anything to do with horses should not fall to join the class, and learn his great secret of taming horses of all breeds. We have never heard of a single instance among the thousands who are long to his schools through the country but what feel that they are well paid for the time and money spent in acquiring this most useful branch of education. It only costs \$5 to learn the whole thing, and every man who buys a ticket gets a book containing 150 pages besides having his horse handled free of charge. We say it is no humbug—try it.
THE NEW ENGLISH CHURCH.—At the meeting of the St. George's Vestry yesterday (Monday) a letter was read from Mr. Langley, architect, Toronto, in reference to the building of the new church. Speaking of the Woolwich street site, he thought it would require an expense of about \$5,000 more to build on it than on a level lot; and though the northern elevation would be good, from the south and west the appearance of the proposed new church would be weak. From an architect's point of view he considered the old St. George's burying ground as the most suitable site pointed out to him; while finishing the church on its present site - according to the original plan would prove a failure, owing to the walls being too low, and he also considered the lot too small for the erection of another church on a different plan.
SPARROWS.—A gentleman in this town is importing thirty pairs of house sparrows this spring to keep down the insects. Many others are doing the same throughout the country, so that before long, unless shot as other birds are, they will be very plentiful. These efforts are praiseworthy, but perhaps the sparrows will become too numerous ere long, as they have already become in Australia, where they are destroying the grape crop in some places, owing to their great numbers. Again, why should we go to the expense of importing house sparrows when we have so many purely insectivorous birds in this country, which, if properly protected, would serve our purpose (except perhaps in large cities) equally well, or better than the sparrow, and would not be so destructive to fruits and seeds. There is a law in force which prohibits destroying the eggs, or killing any kind of insectivorous birds, and, in fact, all kinds of birds, with a few exceptions, till after the first of August. Let the prohibition be for a whole year, and our woods, groves, orchards and gardens, will soon be vocal with the warblers, and the insect nuisance abated.

Wellington Spring Assizes.

GUELPH, April 12.
LESLIE VS. HUGHES & al.—This was an action to recover \$500, the amount of a note which the defendant had endorsed. The case arose in this way. The plaintiff loaned Andrew Warner, of Rockwood, the above amount on a note, the endorser being Messrs. Hughes, Turner and Massie & Co. Warner made an assignment, and being unable to pay the note the plaintiff sought to recover from the first two endorser. The plea set up by the defence was that Warner having given Massie & Co. a mortgage for \$500 relieved them of the responsibility on the note. But from the evidence it was proved that this mortgage was given without reference at all to the note, but was to secure Massie & Co. for goods they had sold or were to sell Warner. Massie & Co. merely signed the note to satisfy the solicitor as to the security. His lordship directed the jury to return a verdict for the plaintiff, \$300 had been paid on the note, and the balance including interest amounted to \$497.25. Guthrie and Anderson for plaintiff; Lemon and McCurry for defendants.

McLAREN VS. FITZ & al.—Action on a promissory note. Unfounded. Verdict \$110.10. McCurry for plaintiff.
QUEEN VS. GREY.—The prisoner Mary Ann Grey, was charged with stealing 10 lbs. butter, a muffler, and other articles from the house of William Bell, Waterloo township, in December last. Mr. Duggan prosecuted. Prisoner was unfounded. Verdict guilty.
QUEEN VS. GREY.—This was a second charge against Mary Ann Grey for stealing two dresses from the house of Wm. Bell, the property of his daughter, on the same night as she stole the other articles. Verdict, not guilty.

Tuesday, April 13.
The court opened at 9 o'clock this morning.
In the case of Moffat vs. Kidd for seduction, which came off yesterday, the jury returned a long absence brought in a verdict of \$280 damages against defendant.
CHAPPEL & TROUTAIN.—This was an action of ejectment to recover possession of the lot, being north-east half of lot 13 in the 5th con. of Garafraxa. Plaintiff claimed the land under a deed given May 13, 1868, by Messrs. Thompson, Proudfoot and Clark, trustees for the estate of the late Geo. S. Tiffany, of Hamilton. Defendant also claimed the land under an agreement made with George S. Tiffany, and his counsel held that he was prepared to pay for the land whenever the Trustees would give him a good title. The plaintiff's counsel on the other hand held that there had been no agreement with defendant, and that plaintiff had a right to the land, having not the deed from the trustees. His lordship held that the defendant had entered into possession of the land under a verbal agreement, that he had made default in not paying up the purchase money, and that, therefore, the plaintiff was entitled to the land, and a verdict was given accordingly, with leave to the defendant to appeal against the finding of the court. Mr. Sadlier for plaintiff; Mr. Drew for defendant.

QUEEN VS. MERLIHAN.—Prisoner was charged with stealing three steers and a heifer from John Howitt, sr., in July last. Prisoner cleared out to the States after the theft was committed, and in returning to this neighborhood was arrested by Chief Constable Kelly in January last. Verdict guilty. Mr. McCurry defended the prisoner.
HORSMAN AN GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.—This was an action brought by plaintiff to recover damages for loss sustained in the non-delivery by the Grand Trunk Railway Company of the full quantity of iron put in charge of the cars from Montreal to Guelph in October 1867. Case proceeding as we go to press.

Mount Forest Correspondence.
The long and dreary winter is slowly drawing to a close. Still, much snow remains, and sleighing is still tolerable on the side roads; but it is to be regretted that ere the face of nature changes from its present sterile state, that the mortality amongst the cattle will be fearful. Already many farmers have lost six or more head of cattle. Seed is selling for fabulous prices, and those who are trying to make ends meet with a limited capital cannot afford to purchase hay at twenty-five dollars per ton. It is hard to predict what the end may be, but fear is expressed that many farmers will lose all their live stock, unless a very rapid change takes place immediately. But whilst the season is very destructive on poor Crumey, it is most favorable for the manufacture of maple sugar, and many of our thrifty farmers are now busily employed at the hard but pleasant labor of tapping the forest giants, and drawing daily from their sides sugar at the rate of 100 pounds per day. This is not bad considering the primitive appliances used for the production of this domestic luxury. The Fall wheat throughout this section promises to be a good crop. A large quantity is sown—principally midge proof. The streams are still very low and there is no apprehension that damage will be done to mill-dams or bridges. The velocipede mania has seriously broken out here. The centre of attraction during the week was Mr. Evans' Hall, where the "live machine" was kept continuously on the move, and certainly the gyrations and figures cut by the performers caused much laughter.
Mt. Forest, April 12.

HORRIBLE SPECTACLE.—Accounts from Prince Edward Island state that the execution of the sailor Dowdy, at Charlottetown, for murder committed in a drunken brawl, was one of the most inhuman and disgusting scenes ever witnessed. It appears that when the unfortunate man was turned off the rope broke, and he came to the ground heavily. Though severely injured he was able to walk to the jail, from whence, after the lapse of an hour, he was again brought to the scaffold. A second time the apparatus gave way, and the poor fellow was at last sprung up by means of a block and tackle. The crowd was greatly excited, and the presence of volunteers alone prevented a rescue. Great indignation is everywhere expressed at this abominable affair, to which the penitent and correct behavior of the man himself adds additional force.
The Sultan has abolished throughout the Turkish Empire the prohibition, hitherto rigidly enforced, against the admission of Christians to the mosques. It is only stipulated that those not Muslims, who visit the mosques, shall behave properly while in the buildings.

Board of School Trustees.

The Board met last night. Present—Mr. Peterson, chairman, Messrs. Pirie, Newton, Kennedy, Mitchell, Cathbert, Stevenson, Ball, Harvey, Watson, McGuire, McNeil, and Innes.
Mr. McNeil presented the report of the School Property Committee. The report states that they have had the desks and seats removed from the school-rooms in the East, South, and West Wards to the new school building, also new furniture supplied to the Senior Girls' School, in accordance with instructions from the Board, and they recommended that a caretaker be appointed to sweep, dust, and scrub the school-rooms, cut wood, and keep the building thoroughly clean; also light all fires, and perform any other duty laid down by the committee.
The report was adopted.
The committee presented the following supplementary report: That after conferring with the Printing Committee, they took the responsibility of advertising for applications for a caretaker of the Central School building, and received a number of applications which they herewith present. Report received.
After considerable discussion in regard to the duties of the caretaker, and whether he should have charge of all the public schools or those only in Day's Building, it was moved that the School Property Committee retire for a few minutes, and prepare a report specifying what his duties should be, and recommend what salary he should receive.

After being out for a few minutes, the Committee returned and presented the following report: That a person be employed to take care of all the public schools, viz, the Central, Grammar, and several Ward Schools, said schools to be scrubbed once a month, and swept once a day; the wood to be cut, and the fires to be lit; the schools must be kept perfectly clean to the satisfaction of the Committee, and that the caretaker shall perform such other duties as may be found necessary to keep the schools in order; that the salary for the due performance of said duties shall be \$250, in addition to house rent and firewood. All utensils necessary for the performance of the work of cleaning to be provided by the Board. Applications for the situation to be received by the chairman of the School Property Committee up to Tuesday, the 20th.
The report was adopted.
On motion of Mr. Ball, two children of the name of Robertson, and four of the name of Peterson, were admitted free pupils to the North Ward School.
The chairman read a letter from Dr. Taub, asking the Board for the use of one of the vacant rooms in the Central School Building for the use of the Battalion Band to practise in. On motion of Mr. Ball, the School Property Committee were instructed to report on the propriety of finding a room for the use of the Band.
The Board then adjourned.

Progress of the Suez Canal.
Another step towards the completion of this great enterprise has just been taken. On the 13th ult., the waters of the Mediterranean were admitted into the Bitter Lakes with perfect success, in the presence of the Viceroy of Egypt, and numerous other invited guests. One of the chief mechanical difficulties of the undertaking has thus been surmounted, and there can be little doubt that, in a short time, the Canal will be open, at least for vessels of a certain tonnage, the entire length from Port Said to Suez. Those who have taken an interest in the Canal may remember that in August, 1867, an official statement was made of the condition and prospects of the works. The completion of the Canal was fixed for the latter part of the present year, 1869. The Canal had then attained its full length of 100 metres from the Mediterranean to Lake Timsah, and it was announced, would be at once continued onward to the place called Serepium, and the Bitter Lakes. This part of the promise has been duly fulfilled, and already, in the spring of 1869, the waters of the Mediterranean are flowing into those lakes, or rather salt marshes, which they will take many weeks to fill. The remainder of the excavation does not present any remarkable difficulty, and we may therefore consider that the work will be completed within a reasonable time, and opened for the use of shipping.

THE ENVELOPE SYSTEM.—This name has been given to that substitute for the pewrent system which secures an income for the church by taking a written pledge from each attendant on the sanctuary that he will give a certain sum each Lord's day towards the support of the Gospel. The seats are of course free under this arrangement. It has of late years been adopted by St. James' Episcopal church, Milwaukee, Wis., and of the result the Gospel Messenger says:—
"Since the introduction of the Envelope system into St. James' church, Rev. J. Wilkinson, rector, the annual income from the church, containing only 78 pews, has for the last three years averaged nearly \$3,000. The pledges ranged from 10 cents to \$10 per Sunday. The people once trained in the system of joining their prayers and their alms, as an act of worship, will give for any other object with the same free and ready liberality. Evidence of this is afforded in the parish by their raising and paying out within the last fourteen months over \$38,000, without selling or leasing a foot of the new church, or even having resorted to a fair or any other expedient." Two of the Presbyterian churches of Newark, N. J., are following this plan with good success, securing an adequate income and perceiving no diminution in their contributions to benevolent objects.—*Am. paper.*

FUNERAL OF SIR WALTER SCOTT'S NEPHEW.—The Montreal News says that the funeral of Mr. Wm Scott, nephew of the great novelist, Sir Walter Scott, Bart., took place at three o'clock on Friday afternoon, and was very largely attended. Rev. Dr. Mathieson read the funeral services at St. Andrew's Home, and gave an appropriate address. The pall-bearers were: J. C. Beckett, A. A. Stevenson, Andrew Robertson, William Burnett, A. Murray and D. Rose, Esqs. The procession proceeded, by way of Dorchester and St. Lawrence Main streets, to Mount Royal Cemetery.

A young man fell dead in the whirl of a German waltz, at Chicago, last week. The shriek of his partner, as the lifeless body dropped on the crowded ball-room floor, was the first warning the revelers had that death was among them.

BY TELEGRAPH

Despatches to the Evening Mercury
LONDON, April 12.—A meeting of the Conservative members of Parliament was held to-night. Over two hundred members attended. Mr. Disraeli was present and made a speech, in which he indicated the future policy of the party on the Irish Church question, and announced the amendment which would be proposed by the opposition to the Bill, now pending in the House of Commons. These amendments are in effect that grants made to the Irish Church since the reformation are to remain intact, that glebe lands be retained by the present holders without purchase, and that the union of the Irish Church and the Church of England cease in 1872. Important modifications of the financial sections of the Bill are also proposed, including the establishment of a capitalized sum for the support of the clergy, instead of the granting of annuities and the application of a large portion of the Church revenues to the support of public worship, and to defray the expenses of the management of the Church. Finally an effort is to be made to have all the clauses in the Bill referring to the Maynooth Grant and *regium donum* struck out. Mr. Disraeli's plan was favourably received, and the proceedings of the meeting were marked by much enthusiasm.
LONDON, April 12.—The Pope, on the occasion of the jubilee in celebration of the 50th anniversary of his accession to the papacy, granted pardon to a large number of persons, including many political offenders.

American Despatches

New York, 13th.—The Herald's special says: It is well-known the Cabinet is not a unit in the question of Cuban recognition. A meeting was held Friday in which the views of each member except Paulina were learned. Secretary Fish expressed very Conservative views. He sympathizes with the Cubans as much as any man could, but deprecates any official pronouncement by the administration on either side. He believes Cuba's destiny was annexation. Spain would tire in resisting the mandates of fate, but if the United States interferes, then Spain will not only exhaust her own resources to prevent our acquisition of the island, but will draw assistance from England and France, and we will have to combat a combination of the most powerful military and naval forces of Europe. We need peace now not war. These are the Secretary's views. Grant has great confidence in the Secretary of State, and though his private views may not coincide with Mr. Fish's, yet it is feared the foreign policy of the government will be shaped in accordance with them.
Other members are directly opposed to Mr. Fish and Beliver in prompt and vigorous action, urging the president to proclaim a bold and manly policy in regard to Cuba.
Gen. Sickle has declined the Mexican mission, and will be sent to Spain.
A proposition was made to have the treaty for the settlement of the Alabama question discussed in open session.
The Herald's special gives an account of an exciting interview between Senator Ross and President Grant in regard to the Kansas appointments, in which Senator Ross told the President to go to hell. The President ordered the Senator out of the room, thus terminating the interview.

LUCID EXPLANATION.—"Can you tell me the road to Greenville?" asked a traveller of a boy whom he met on the road. "Yes, sir," said the boy; "do you see our barn down there?" "Yes," said he. "Go to that. About three hundred yards beyond the barn you will find a lane. Take that lane, and follow along about a mile and a half. Then you will come to a slippery elm log—you will be mighty keener, stranger, about going on that log—and then you go on till you get to the brow of a hill, and there the road prevaricates; and you take the left hand road, and keep that until you get into a thicket; and when you get there, why then—then—" "What then?" "Then, I'll be durned if you ain't lost!"
The Treaty between the United States and Columbia, giving the former the right to construct the Isthmian Canal, has been rejected by the Congress of the latter power, on the ground that the terms were too favorable to the United States. The New York Herald says that Columbia must be forced to ratify the treaty! This is no worse, however, than the proposition of the Tribune that Canada should be forced to surrender her fisheries. What a nation of pirates the Americans would be if they followed the advice of their leading newspapers!

SANDFIELD.—Says the London Advertiser: The Cornwall saint attempted a quiet walk through our streets to day alone, but the presence of a real live Premier in our midst was not a thing to be kept secret. The amplitude of the stranger's shirt-collar first attracted attention, and by the time Sandfield reached the Market Square his identity was fully established and a recognitory buzz accompanied his further progress through the city.
The Berwick (England) guardians have just put forth a characteristic advertisement. They happen to be in want of a medical officer and a workhouse porter. To the first they will offer £25 a year, out of which he will be required to pay for all the medicine's except cod liver oil. Candidates are expected to attend before the guardians on the day of elections at their own cost. The porter is to have £20 a year, with board and lodging.

London Fun Society has made the Peace Society is considering the feasibility of reducing the height of the Alps below the line of perpetual snow. The reason for wishing to do this is, that at present these mountain ranges impede the peace of Europe, as the snow causes piques, and produces wars between France and Switzerland, and between France and Switzerland. Denmark, England, wrote to Gov. Winthrop the second, of Massachusetts, in the 18th century, and recommended the following cure for the ague: Pare the patient's nails; put the parings in a little bag round the neck of a live eel, and put him in a tub of water; the eel will die and the patient will recover."