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**LATEST**  
**From the Front.**

10.30 A.M.

**GERMANS AND AUSTRIANS OR-  
 DERED TO LEAVE ITALY.**

ROME, To-day.  
 The German and Austrian Ambassadors have ordered the subjects of their countries to leave Italy at once. It is reported that so many German military spies have entered Italy that the General Staff has been obliged to change its mobilization plans, because there is reason to believe that some of the secrets connected with them have been revealed. Parts of the Italian police force have been detailed to keep under surveillance Germans who recently entered Italy, under what are considered suspicious circumstances.

**BRITISH STEAMER TORPEDOED.**

LONDON, To-day.  
 The British steamer Cairnorr (2,293 tons), was reported torpedoed this afternoon off Beachy Head in the English Channel and sank, according to a Central News despatch from Eastbourne. The crew escaped. When the steamer was struck, rescue boats put out to her and attempted to tow her into port. The Cairnorr was bound from Newcastle for Genoa with coal.

**PRaise FOR FRENCH SQUADRON.**

LONDON, To-day.  
 The Admiralty last night made the following announcement: Unfavorable weather interrupted the operations in the Dardanelles, and as sea-plane reconnaissances have not been possible, the amount of damage done to the forts by the bombardment of the 18th cannot be ascertained. No greater expectations should, however, be based on this as owing to the losses caused by drifting mines, the attack was not pressed to its conclusion on that day. The power of the fleet to dominate the fortresses by the superiority of fire seems to be established. Various other dangers and difficulties will have to be encountered, but nothing has happened which justifies the belief that the cost of the undertaking will exceed what has always been expected and provided for. The British casualties in personnel are sixty-one men killed, wounded and missing. Admiral Robeck has telegraphed the Admiralty as follows: "I desire to bring to the notice of Your Lordships

the splendid behaviour of the French squadron. Their heavy loss leaves them quite undaunted. They were led into close action by Rear-Admiral Guépratte with the greatest gallantry."

**AIR RAID ON PARIS.**

PARIS, To-day.  
 Zeppelin airships raided Paris early yesterday morning and dropped a dozen bombs but the damage done was unimportant. Seven or eight persons were injured but only one seriously. Four of the aircraft started for the capital, following the Valley of the Oise, but only two reached their goal. Missiles also were dropped at Compiègne, Ribecourt and Dreuilcourt, but without serious result. Paris remained calm while the aerial invasion was in progress, and residents of the city exhibited more curiosity than fear as to the results. Trumpets gave signal that all lights must be extinguished. As soon as the warning was received of the Zeppelin approach, searchlights were turned upon the clouds. Anti-aircraft guns opened fire and aeroplanes rose to attack the Germans, but their operations were hampered by a heavy mist.

**WILD SCENES IN REICHSSTAG.**

LONDON, To-day.  
 Wild scenes occurred in the German Reichstag on Saturday during the second reading of the budget, according to a Berlin telegram, received by Reuter's Telegram agency, by way of Amsterdam. The tumult was aroused by a speech delivered by George Ledebour, Socialist Deputy, who protested against the military administration trying to Germanize portions of the French territory, from which arises on the part of Alsace Lorraine the desire for French rule. The statement was received with angry outbursts on the part of deputies, some members shouting, "What about the Party of Peace?" Continuing, Herr Ledebour said, I endorse everything said in praise of our brave troops and their commanders, but in political performances, military authorities are not up to date. I am horrified to learn that for every German village burned by the Russians, three Russian villages shall be burned. This is barbarism, shouted Dr. Karl Liebknecht, another Socialist Deputy, while from the right came three indignant protests, one member shouting, "We won't permit the supreme military authorities to be attacked." When order had been temporarily restored Herr Ledebour continued: "Such a measure, strikes not only at Russians but at Poles and Lithuanians, on whose co-operation we must count. This statement results in renewed disturbance and cries of "fish," deputies springing from their seats and excitedly shouting for order, the Vice-President of the House meantime having declared

that criticism of the army administration was not permissible. Encouraged by members of his own party who shouted "Speak up in the name of your party," Herr Ledebour continued: German policy must be such that these peoples will see in Germany a shield to and a safeguard of their freedom. As a Socialist and German patriot I ought to emphasize this. I have done this in the interest of my beloved Fatherland and Europe. Herr Ledebour concluded his address in face of loud opposition and cries of "Shouts." The leaders of the various parties protested against the remarks made by Deputy Ledebour. Herr Groeben, of the centre party, said that if military authorities were compelled, in view of the Russian action, to take severest reprisals in the shape of measures which are permissible under international law, they should not be hindered by representatives of the people. The Minister of the Interior, Behrbeck, asserted he would not be worthy in the present situation if he replied to Herr Ledebour's statements. For, every one present to-day, declared the minister, this hour will be among his bitterest memories. Herr Ledebour's criticism is unconstitutional and insulting in form and is directed against most honored army leaders. The estimates of the Ministries of the Interior, Colonies and Navy were agreed to, and an adjournment was taken until May 18th.

**11.00 A.M.**

**COL. FARQUHAR KILLED.**

OTTAWA, To-day.  
 Colonel Francis Douglas Farquhar, D.S.O., Commander of Princess Patricia's Canadian Infantry, late military Secretary of the Duke of Connaught, Governor General of Canada, has been killed in action at the front.

**GERMAN STEAMER STOPPED.**

SAN JUAN, To-day.  
 The German steamer Olenwald, which attempted to leave port without obtaining clearance papers, was stopped, as she was passing out the harbor by two shots across her bows from a maxim. She then returned and was taken in charge by the Collector of Customs.

**KITCHENER AND DOCK SLACKERS.**

LIVERPOOL, To-day.  
 "If this appeal has no effect, I shall have to consider steps that will have to be taken to ensure what is required at Liverpool being done, was the declaration made by Kitchener in a letter, which he personally handed to James E. Estlin, Secretary of the Dockers' Union. Kitchener, who spent the week-end inspecting the Liverpool, Manchester and Birmingham battalions of his new army, expressed surprise in his letter that there is a section among Liverpool Dockers who still refuse to work overtime during the week-end and on Saturday. I feel sure that these men can hardly realize that their action in this connection at the docks is delaying the munitions of war and the food required by our men at the front and is having a very serious and dangerous effect and must be stopped, I hope this message will put things right for the future. At this time we look to every British man, who ever he may be, to do all in his power to the possible time and that a number of



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**RELATIONS STRAINED.**

LONDON, To-day.  
 Relations between Italy and Austria are believed to have reached an acute stage. A despatch from Rome says the Austrian and German subjects have been advised by their Consuls to leave Italy in the shortest possible time and that a number of Germans who recently arrived in Italy are being watched because of the suspicion that they are military spies.

**ITALY PREPARING.**

ROME, To-day.  
 The military authorities have caused the distribution to Italian soldiers of the identification cards or badges which are worn customarily during active campaign. The incident is regarded as highly significant of Italy's preparedness for any eventuality.

**1 P.M.**

**THREE HUNDRED PERSONS DROWNED.**

ALGERCIERAS, To-day.  
 Four sailing vessels with Spanish deck laborers on board, were lost in a furious storm. Estimated the three hundred persons on board the vessels were drowned.

**REPORTED THREE SAILORS DROWNED.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, To-day.  
 Commander William F. Bricker, of the United States converted yacht Scorpion, reports that three sailors were drowned while attempting to reach their vessel in a row-boat. The Scorpion was anchored in the Bosphorus off Constantinople.

**L.O.A. Grand Lodge.**

The Provincial Grand Lodge of the Loal Orange Association of Newfoundland closed one of the most successful convocations in the history of the society at Carbonear on Saturday last. The meetings were marked by the large attendance and general enthusiasm of the delegates. The opening session was held on Wednesday last, at which an address of welcome from Carbonear Lodge was delivered by Worshipful Master Omond, and to which suitable replies were made by Rev. R. H. Maddock and Mr. J. E. Currie. Then followed the Grand Master's address, in which reference was made to the response made by the Association to the call of the Motherland and also to the Marine Disaster, Patriotic and other funds.

The Grand Secretary's report showed much progress both numerically and financially and the other reports presented showed the society to be in a flourishing condition. On Thursday a church parade was held, the members attending Divine Service at the Methodist Church where the Rev. F. R. Matthews, B.A., was the preacher. The service was an inspiring one and the sermon embodied the spirit of loyalty, prayer, and service. In the evening a tea and concert was held by the Ladies' Aid in honour of which event the Grand Lodge adjourned its session. During the evening addresses were given by Past Provincial Grand Master Mason and Grand Master Squires, and the entertainment was a most enjoyable one. On Friday the routine work of the Lodge was continued, and many matters of importance were discussed, notably the question of Sunday Observance, Temperance and the Permanent Disaster Fund. On Friday night the election of officers was held, the names of whom have already appeared in the Telegram. On Saturday morning Bro. Squires, Puddister and Currie were elected as delegates to the Triennial Council meeting at Winnipeg in July next.

On account of its strong odor, fish should not be put into the ice box with other food. This difficulty can be overcome by putting the fish in a tightly covered vessel. It can then be placed in the ice box without harming the taste of the other food.

**This Date  
 in History.**

MARCH 22.  
 New Moon—16th.  
 Days Past—30 To Come—284.  
 GOETHE died 1832, aged 83. The most distinguished of German poets and writers. His famous dramatic poem "Faust" is one of the world's greatest literary works and has been more written about than any other tragedy of modern days.  
 SIR ANTHONY VAN DYCK—born 1599. Great portrait painter, whose influence on the development of the English school was great and lasting. ROSA BONHEUR born 1822. One of the most noted animal painters of the 19th century. "The Horse Fair" is probably the most popular picture of the kind.  
 DR. FARRAR died 1903, aged 72. Dean of Canterbury, whose writings attack a large circulation and exercised a considerable influence. If you would be pungent, be brief; for it is with words as with sunbeams, the more they are condensed the deeper they burn. —Southey.

BESIDE THE OLD PEAT STACK.  
 At eventide I keep the tryst  
 As the days of yore,  
 But, ah! my heart is breaking now,  
 Since thou'rt return no more.  
 The moon shines down as was her wont,  
 And flowers bestrew the track;  
 But now I keep the tryst alone  
 Beside the old peat stack.

In fancy still I seem to feel  
 Thy hair upon my cheek,  
 Kissed by the heather-scented breeze  
 From yonder mountain peak;  
 But showers that gather on the hill  
 To memory will bring back  
 That dripping mist more suits me now  
 Beside the old peat stack.

How oft did we beneath its shade  
 Our troth together plight,  
 And picture there on summer nights  
 A future fair and bright?  
 When skies above were clear and blue  
 We'd oft prolong our crack,  
 And parted, but to meet again  
 Beside the old peat stack.

Though winter winds shrieked all around  
 The time flew all too fast,  
 And of this plighted breast hath proved  
 Thy shelter from the blast;  
 When sleet and snowflake drove alone  
 And all the sky was black,  
 We huddled close, nor felt their sting  
 Beside the old peat stack.

How can I bear this seeling pain  
 Or view the peat stack now,  
 Since the cold, clammy hand of death  
 Hath settled on thy brow?  
 Yet can I leave thee turn my back?  
 Or on thee turn my back?  
 How can I roam and leave my heart  
 Beside the old peat stack.  
 —William Malcom.

**Roumania.**

By GEORGE FITCH,  
 Author of "At Good Old Siwash"  
 Servia is a small country, with no resources, but it started the greatest war in the world. Roumania is also a small country, whose most notable product up to the present has been Carmen Sylvia, the poetess. But it may end the same war.

Roumania is so old that some of the larger belligerents are mere upstarts. When the Roman emperor, Trajan, in order to accommodate the Roman boundaries, he planted a colony north of the Danube River, near the Black Sea. Later, when the Roman empire went out of business, this colony continued to grow and thrive by itself. Latin is spoken in Roumania to-day, and its name has not changed in 1,800 years. Roumania is a squarish tract of land with an ell extending northward on the west side, and is a little smaller than Illinois. It has 7,560,000 people, who are almost unanimously farmers. These farmers have, by long gradations, attained an extraordinary degree of poverty. All of Roumania's export business together, including all the grain sold outside the country, is not as large as the business which is done by one Chicago mail order house. But Roumania supports 500,000 soldiers in considerable readiness to fight. Being a European is as serious and fatiguing an operation there as it is elsewhere. Roumania has had a long history, illuminated mostly by the departure of conquerors after there was nothing left to loot. The Tartars, Goths, Huns, Turks, Bulgarians, Magyars, Russians and Poles have all grabbed the country at one time or another, and have operated it as carelessly as a chauffeur runs a borrowed automobile. For over 1,800 years Roumania had to produce the revenues, while various neighbors tried to govern her. But in 1881 she was allowed to become a kingdom and govern herself. Two years ago Roumania suddenly waded into Bulgaria and whipped her, producing as much of a sensation thereby as a sweat shop worker would by knocking out Jack Johnson. Since then Roumania has been a real kingdom, but no insurance company would care to write a policy on it until the present general ill feeling is over. Roumania is separated from several million fellow Roumanians in Transylvania by a boundary line, and hopes before the present war is over to shift the said boundary line to the other side of the Roumanian population.

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 to 2; all sizes . . . . . 50c.

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 to 3 . . . . . 65c.

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