Poetry.

(From the Working Man's Friend.)

THE COUNTRYMAN'S REPLY
TO THE EXECUTIVE OF THE MILITIA BILL.

So, ye want to catch me, do ye?
Nae! I don't much think ye wool,
Though your scarlet coat and feather
Look so bright and beautiful;
Though ye tell such famous stories
Of the fortunes to be won,
Fightin' in the distant Ingies,
Underneath the burnin' sun.

'Spose I am a tight young feller,
Sound o' limb and all that 'one,
I can't see that that's a reason
Why the scarlet I should wear;
Fustian coat and corded trousers
Seem to suit me quite as well;
Think I doun look badly in 'em,
As my Meary, she can tell!

Sartinly I'd rather keep 'em—
These same limbs you talk about,
Cover'd up in cord and fustian,
Than I'd try to do without:
There's Bill Muggins left our village
Just as sound a man as I;
Now he goes about on crutches,
With a single arm and eye.

To be sure he's got a *medal*,
And some *twenty pounds a-year*
For his health, and strength, and service,
Gover'ment can't call that dear;
Not to reckon one leg shatter'd,
Two ribs broken, one eye lost;
'Fore I went on such a ventur,
I should stop and count the cost.

'Lots o' glory?' lots o' gammon;
As Bill Muggins about that;
He'll tell ye 'taint by no means
Sort o' stuff to make ye fat.
If it was, the private o'ger
Gets of it but precious little,
Why, it's jest like bees a kitchin'
With the sound of a brass kettle.

'Lots o' gold and quick promotion?'
Phew! jest look at William Green,
He's been *fourteen years a fightin'*,
As they call it for the Queen;
Now he comes home invalided,
With a sargeant's rank and pay;
But that he is made a captain,
Or is rich I aint heard say.

'Lots o' fun, and pleasant quarters,
And a so'gers merry life;
All the tradesmen's, farmers' daughters
Wantin' to become my wife!'
Well, I think I'll take the shillin',
Put the ribbons in my hat!
Stop I'm but a country bumpkin,
Yet not quite so green as *that*.

'*Fun?*' a nockin' fellow-creatures
Down like nine-pins, and that era;
Stickin' bag'nets through and through 'em,
Burning', slayin', every where,
'*Pleasant quarters?*'—werry pleasant!
Sleepin' on the field o' battle,
Or in hospital or barricks,
Cramm'd together jest like cattle.

Strut away, then, master sergeant,
Tell your lies as on ye go;
Make your drummers rattle louder,
And your fifers harder blow,
I shant be a 'son o' glory,'
But an honest working man,
With the strength that God has gur me
Doin' all the good I can.

Varieties.

ALL PROGRESS COMPARATIVE.

It is now the fashion to place the golden age of England in times when noblemen were destitute of comforts, the wants of which would be intolerable to a modern footman; when farmers and shopkeepers breakfasted on loaves, the sight of which would cause a riot in a modern workhouse; when men died faster in the purest country air than they now die in the most pestilential lanes of our town, than they now die on the coast of Guinea. We too, shall, in our turn, be out-stripped, and in our turn be envied. It may well be in the 20th century, that the peasant of Dorsetshire may think himself miserably paid with 15s. a-week; that the carpenter of Greenwich may receive 10s. a-day; that labouring men may be as little used to dine without meat as they are to eat rye bread; that sanitary police and medical discoveries may have added several more years to the average length of human life; that numerous comforts and luxuries which are now unknown or confined to a few may be within the reach of every thrifty and diligent workman. And yet it may then be the mode to assert, that the increase of wealth and the progress of science have benefited the few at the expense of the many; and to talk of the reign of Queen Victoria as the time when England was truly merry England, when all classes were bound together by brotherly sympathy, when the rich did not grind the faces of the poor, and the poor did not envy the splendour of the rich.

"Sam," said one little urchin to another, "does your schoolmaster ever give you a reward of merit?" "I suppose he does was the rejoinder; "he gives me a licken every day, and says that I merit two."

A man out west was lately elected constable. He was so overjoyed, that on returning home he proudly looked at his cow exclaiming, Ah, crummie! don't run with Stanley's cow any more—you're no longer a common cow—you're a constable's cow.

Madam, said a boarder to his landlady at breakfast, the other morning, 'your coffee is abominable—it's not settled.' "Indeed coolly retorted the lady. "I think you had better *settle* for the coffee, and then complain.

Old Mrs. Pilkens was reading the foreign news by a late arrival. "Cotton is declining!" exclaimed the old lady. "Well, I thought as much; the last thread I used was remarkably feeble.

In a town in Connecticut, a loafer was brought before a justice for being drunk in the street—the fine being one dollar for each offence. The fine was paid, and next day he was arraigned again. "Now you don't judge, said he, "I know the law—a dollar for each offence—and this is the same old drunk

A man said that the first thing that turned his attention to matrimony, was the neat and skilful manner in which a pretty girl handled a broom. He may see the time when the manner in which that broom is handled will not afford him so much satisfaction.

A horse dealer, who lately effected a sale, was offered a bottle of porter to confess the animal's failings. The bottle was drank, and then he said the horse had but two faults. When turned loose in the field, he was bad to catch, and he was of no use when he was caught.

'Mr. Sigsbee, you said the defendant was in love, how do you know that?' 'He reads a novel upside down, writes poetry in his day book, when it should be cheese. Any other reason?' 'Yes, sir he shaves without lather, and very frequently mistakes the sleeves of his coat for the legs of his pantaloons error that he don't discover till he tried to fasten the tails to his suspenders. The prisoner was sent up" for the balance of the season.

Winter, which strips the leaves from around us, makes us see the distant regions they formerly concealed; so does old age rob us of our enjoyment, only to enlarge the prospect of eternity before us.

"What are the chief ends of man?" asked a Sunday school teacher of one of his pupils. "Head and feet, was the prompt reply.

PROPERTIES for SALE or to LET.

FOR SALE.

284 ACRES of Freehold LAND, situate 3½ miles by water and 4½ miles by land, from Charlottetown, fronting on the Hillsborough River, and also on the Saint Peter's Road. 130 acres are cleared and under good cultivation, the remainder is covered with Firewood.

The whole is well fenced, and large quantities of Sea Weed come on the Shores. There is a Dwelling House and convenient Barn, and Out Houses attached. It is well-watered.

Also, 50 acres of Land adjoining the above, under a Lease at One Shilling per acre, for a long term and is free from any taxes, nearly the whole of which is cleared and under cultivation. The above Land will be sold altogether or in portions, a part of the purchase money will be allowed to remain on Mortgage. For further particulars, apply to James D. Haszard, Esq., or to the Subscriber on the Premises.

NEIL STEWART.

October 18, 1852.

For Sale,

ON Northern division Lot 22, *ONE THOUSAND ACRES* of *LAND*, in portions of 25, 50, or 100 acres at moderate prices.

ALSO,

Several *FARMS*, with part clearances. For further particulars, apply to

ROBERT RENNIE.

Charlottetown, October 25, 1852.

Eligible Building Lots for Sale.

FOR SALE Five eligible Building LOTS anjoining the Tan yard of Mr. Richard Heartz, and running 160 feet on Great George Street, and 84 feet on Fitz Roy Street. For Terms of Sale and plans of the Property, application to be made to T. Heath Haviland, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, at his Office in Queen Square.

September 27, 1852.

FOR SALE.

THE Leasehold Interest of 100 acres of Land situate at Canoe Cove, Lot 65. It fronts on the Gulf Shore, and is distant by the Ferry 12 miles from Charlottetown. The Rent is One Shilling per acre, on a Lease of 999 years. There is a good Dwelling House and two Barns 36 x 25 and 40 x 20. 50 acres are cleared and in good cultivation, remainder covered with good wood. There is a Pump at the door. An abundance of sea-manure can be had on the shore. For further particulars, apply to

ALEXANDER M'NEILL,
On the Premises.

Canoe Cove, Lot 65,
Oct. 7, 1852.

Valuable Freehold Property,

TO BE SOLD, by Private Contract, 388 acres of excellent LAND, 50 of which are clear, the property of the late Dr. Cumming, situate in the immediate vicinity of Georgetown; it abounds with plenty of Timber, Firewood and Longers. For further particulars, apply to

JOHN M'GILL.

May 3, 1852.

TO BE LET OR SOLD,

350 ACRES of LAND, a GRIST MILL, four Houses and other Buildings, situate five and a half miles from Charlottetown on the Malpeq Road.

The whole Estate may be had in one, or the Mill by itself, and the Land in tracts of any size to suit Leaseholders or Purchasers.—For particulars, apply to

WILLIAM CURTIS,
on the premises.

Curtisdale, Aug. 23, 1852.

Freehold Property for Sale.

THAT desirable PROPERTY owned and occupied by the Subscriber, situate on the South Side of the Hillsborough River, immediately opposite to Charlottetown. This Property consists of One hundred acres of LAND, about 40 of which are clear, and in a high state of cultivation; the remainder is covered with WOOD.

The situation of this Property, and its proximity to Charlottetown, render it most desirable for a private Gentleman's residence, or for Mercantile or Agricultural purposes.

—ALSO—

The unexpired term of three years, from the 1st of May next, of 25 acres of LAND adjoining it—most of which are cleared, and under cultivation, together with the buildings there on.

For further particulars, apply to Daniel Brennan, Esquire, Charlottetown, or to the owner on the Premises.

JAMES WALSH.

Charlottetown Ferry, Oct. 25, 1852.

TO LET on Lease, with liberty to purchase, if so required, part of the Lands belonging to the Subscriber, known as the "Ekers" Estate, situate at the Eastern extremity of Charlottetown, comprising Eleven Town Lots and portions of Two Common Lots. This Property has been laid off into Building Lots, and will be let by private contract agreeably to a plan to be seen at the Office of John Longworth, Esq.

W. S. LONGWORTH.

Charlottetown, January 6, 1852.

To be Let.

THE lower part of the New TEMPERANCE HALL in this Town, comprising one spacious Room feet, by feet, and four small Rooms suitable for Public Offices, each feet, by feet. There is also a commodious and excellent Cellar under the Building, two-thirds of which will also be let on reasonable terms. For further particulars, apply to Messrs. H Haszard, W. Heard, G. Beer, or to

JAS. B COOPER, Secy.

Charlottetown, Aug. 2, 1852.

Valuable Pasture Lot for Sale.

TO be Sold by private Contract, that beautifully situated plot of ground, the property of John Nicholl, being pasture Lot No. 530 in the Royalty of Charlottetown, comprising 20 acres of excellent LAND with the Buildings thereon. This Property is well enclosed, and for the most part with a dyke fence; and the greater part of it is cleared and under cultivation.

The property can be viewed at any time on application to John Nicholl on the premises.

An unquestionable Title will be made to the purchaser, and possession can be had at once. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Longworth, Esq., Barrister at Law.

Charlottetown, Aug. 24th 1852.

CIRCULAR.

THE SUBSCRIBERS respectfully inform their friends, that they are established in the City of Boston as

General Commission Merchants.

are prepared, with the usual facilities, to receive and sell all descriptions of Merchandize, on the most favourable terms. They also purchase and ship all description of Merchandize, and from daily experience in the Market, will enable them to meet the wishes of their friends.

The consignments of Vessels for Sale, Freight, or Charter, will receive prompt attention. Insurance on all Property effected on the lowest terms. From long experience in Foreign and Domestic Trade, we confidently offer our services in all the departments of a General Mercantile Business.

THOMAS SLEATER & CO.
Foster's Wharf.

Boston, Sept. 24, 1852.

Just Published,

Under the Sanction of the Colonial Legislature,

A MAP OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND,

By George Wright, Esq. Surveyor General.

THIS MAP comprises the latest Topographical information afforded by the Surveyor General's Office, and other authentic sources; the sea coast, rivers, &c., being laid down from the Survey recently completed by Captain H. W. Bayfield, R. N. It is the largest Map of the Island which has yet been engraved, and, in addition to the usual information afforded by publications of the kind, it gives the names of the principal Proprietors,—the Population of each Town and Township,—the Soundings of the Coast and Harbors,—the time of High Water at the full and change, with the rise of water at spring and neap tides, at the principal harbors and points of the coast, &c., &c. For Sale by the Subscriber.

HENRY STAMPER.

Nov. 15, 1852.

PATENT ARTIFICIAL SLATE.

And Unchangeable Metallic Paints:
PROOF AGAINST FIRE & WATER!

Manufactured by the Patentee, in Colchester, Nova Scotia.

THE ARTIFICIAL SLATE is the product of a mixture of mineral substances known to be the best non-conductors of heat as well as the most indestructible; the Chemical affinity of which converts the surface of materials covered, into a *Coating of Actual Slate—Proof* against FIRE and WATER. Thus the laws of nature are made to accomplish results as surprising as they are useful, by rendering Wooden fabrics as durable as brick or Stone, and less pervious to moisture, and consequently preventing decay and destruction from corroding influences hitherto supposed unattainable.

The principal ingredients are Alumina, Silica and the Oxides of Iron. The adhesive quality of the latter not only binds and attracts the particles together, but the substance covered also. The longer exposed to the weather the more powerful the attraction, and consequently the harder the *Slate*. As various shades of colour are obtained, Brick buildings may be made impervious to moisture, and the fashionable colours of either *Free Stone* or *Granite*. The oil must be evaporated by the action of the weather before it is *Fire proof*, which will take from nine to twelve months.

The METALLIC PAINTS, *Purple* and *Red*, are offered as *Weather and Water Proof solely*. Their base being Iron, secludes them from Galvanic action so fatal to lead and other Paints on *Iron* work—and their chemical combination makes it impossible, that any change should take place from atmospheric influence or the action of Salt Water and Sulphureted hydrogen so prevalent in Sea Ports and Tidal Harbours. They surpass all Paints yet discovered in *Cheapness and Durability*, which render them pre-eminently adapted to the covering of all kinds of Iron work, such as *Shipping, Mills, Bridges, Steam Machinery, Railway Cars, and Iron Railing*. The METALLIC PAINTS have been analysed by Professor Hayes of Boston. The following is an extract from his Certificate:—"As a permanent pigment, this mineral must rank with the most *indestructible and unchangeable* bases. For covering Metallic Ware, its composition shows that it is eminently fitted.

(Signed) AUGT. A. HAYS, *State Assayer.*"

Directions.—Artificial Slate. Mix the powder with pure Boiled Linseed Oil and a little Spirits Turpentine to the consistency of very thick Paint; and apply with a common Brush, being careful to keep the mixture well stirred while putting it on. One pound will cover ten square feet with two Coats.

If Shingles have been on for years, it will be necessary to sweep off the moss and lint with a stiff broom; two or three coats of this material will make a perfect Slate Roof, proof against Fire and Water.

Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 13, 1850.

Mr. J. W. Irish.

Dear Sir,—Please send us two more barrels of your Artificial Slate. We have seen some of the good effects of it at the last fire. Stime of the Roofs covered with it did not catch at all, and when the walls were burnt some of the roofs came down in one piece, and others were the means of saving the building, especially one roof alongside of the Bank B. N. A., which also was one means of saving the Bank.

Please see that it is on board of the first boat, as it might be neglected and stored.

Your obedient Servants,
STEWART & NEILL.

St. John, N. B., July 20, 1850.

John Ross, Esq., *Patentee of the Purple Metallic Iron Paint.*

Sir,—I have just painted a new Ship with your Metallic Iron Paint, and I have much pleasure in stating that I never painted a Ship with so small a quantity of Paint and Oil, and look so well. From its adhesive qualities and the manner it covers the wood, I have no doubt but it will be more durable and much cheaper than any other paint used for such purposes, and would recommend it to the public generally.

Yours, &c.
ROBERT G. MORAN.

Ross' Metallic Paints.—We have already called public attention to the high estimation in which the Metallic Paints, manufactured by John Ross, Esq., Truro, are held by those who have had occasion to use them. Certificates of a highly satisfactory character in praise of these articles of Provincial manufacture appear elsewhere, in this issue, and from information afforded by parties who have similarly applied them, we can safely endorse the opinions therein contained.—*Halifax Sun.*

☞ The METALLIC PAINTS are mixed and put on like an ordinary paint.

JOHN ROSS, Patentee.

Agents for Prince Edward Island, Geo. T. Haszard, Queen Square, Kenneth M'Kenzie, Pownal Street.

Charlottetown, Oct. 8, 1851.

A CARD.

MRS. WINSLOW TO THE LADIES.

MRS. WINSLOW, an old an experienced nurse and Female Physician, would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup for children teething. It will immediately relieve them from pain, allay all spasmodic action, soften the gums, reduce inflammation, and is sure to regulate the Bowels. Depend upon it Mothers, it will give rest to yourselves and relief and health to you children.

Price, 25 cents per bottle.

We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the past six years, several thousand the last year. We believe, it the best medicine in the world for children teething or for the cure of Dysentry and Diarrhea in Children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never never heard a complaint from any one using it, never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures—relief is *absolutely sure.*

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, Bangor, Me

WONDER OF THE WORLD.

Gravel Cured of five years standing.

Messrs. Curtis & Perkins, Bangor, Me.

Gentlemen,—I have been entirely cured of the Gravel, by the use of your *Cramp and Pain Killer.* I commenced taking the Cramp and Pain Killer in the Spring of 1847. I had been a great sufferer for ten years previous; some four or five years of the time I suffered beyond all my powers to describe.

During this time, I have had medical aid, and tried various specifics, but found very little relief until I obtained your Cramp and Pain Killer. In one month after I commenced using it, I began to grow better. I continued to use it for a year, all the time improving until I was entirely cured.

Miles Staples.

Prospect, Me., Jan. 29, 1851.

We, the undersigned, are well acquainted with the above case, and certify to the above statement of facts.

Charles Clifford,
Hannah Clifford,
Stanton Ellis.

Doctor Toby, a regular practising Physician, of East Machias, writes us under date of March 20, 1847:

"Please send me half a gallon of your Cramp and Pain Killer—it is the best medicine to cure what it is represented to, that I ever used."

The Doctor first made use of it in his own case, for a severe sprain in the shoulder, caused by the upsetting of a stage, and found immediate relief, and has since used it in his practice.

Read the following. It speaks for itself.

RHEUMATISM CURED.

I certify, that I was afflicted with a violent Rheumatic pain in the small of my back, which entirely disabled me, so that I could not get up without the greatest pain and effort; nor could I walk without a cane, and but very little with. I applied Doctor Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, or Liquid Opodeldoc, and several other remedies, without any relief. After suffering in this way about a week, I purchased a bottle of *Cramp and Pain Killer*, prepared by Curtis & Perkins, Bangor, and after *three applications* was entirely relieved and free from pain, and am now entirely well. I also cured a friend of mine, who had been suffering for a long time with a lame side, with the same bottle. I believe it the best medicine in the world, and am happy to add my testimony in its favour.

Oliver Towers.

N. B.—Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' Cramp and Pain Killer. All others bearing this name are base imitations.

Price 25 cents per bottle. For Sale by

Wm. R. WATSON.

Charlottetown, June 14, 1852.

REMOVAL.
Mrs. SELDON

GRATEFULLY acknowledges the liberal patronage received from her friends, and begs to inform them, that she has removed to that commodious House, opposite the New Temperance Hall, where she trusts, by keeping on hand a supply of the best *GINGER BEER, LEMON SYRUP, &c.*, to merit a continuance of their favors. Families, Picnic Parties, &c., supplied with any quantity. A few respectable BOARDERS can be accommodated.

Nov. 3, 1852.

IS HERE YOUR REMEDY!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

A MOST MIRACULOUS CURE OF BAD LEGS, AFTER 43 YEARS' SUFFERING.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. William Galpin, of 70, Saint Mary's Street, Weymouth, dated May 15, 1851.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—At the age of 18 my wife (who is now 61) caught a violent cold, which settled in her legs, and ever since that time they have been more or less sore, and greatly inflamed. Her agonies were distressing, and for months together she was deprived entirely of rest and sleep. Every remedy that medical men advised was tried, but without effect; her health suffered severely, and the state of her legs was terrible. I had often read your Advertisements, and advised her to try your Pills and Ointment; and, as a last resource, after every other remedy had proved useless, she consented to do so. She commenced six weeks ago, and, strange to relate, is now in good health. Her legs are painless, without seam or scar, and her sleep sound and undisturbed. Could you have witnessed the sufferings of my wife during the last 43 years, and contrasted them with her present enjoyment of health, you would indeed feel delighted in having been the means of so greatly alleviating the sufferings of a fellow creature.

(Signed) WILLIAM GALPIN.

A PERSON 70 YEARS OF AGE CURED OF A BAD LEG, OF THIRTY YEARS' STANDING.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Wm. Abbs, Builder of Gas Works, of Rushcliffe, near Huddersfield, dated May 31, 1851.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I suffered for a period of thirty years from a bad leg, the result of two or three different accidents at Gas Works; accompanied by scorbutic symptoms. I had recourse to a variety of medical advice, without deriving any benefit, and was even told that the leg must be amputated; yet, in opposition to that opinion, your Pills and Ointment have effected a complete cure in so short a time, that few who had not witnessed it would credit the fact.

(Signed) WILLIAM ABBS.

The truth of this statement can be verified by Mr. W. P. England Chemist, 12, Market Street, Huddersfield.

A DREADFUL BAD BREAST CURED IN ONE MONTH.

Extract of a Letter from Mr. Frederick Turner, of Edenhurst, Kent, dated December 14, 1850.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir,—My wife had suffered from Bad Breasts for more than six months, and during the whole period had the best medical attendance, but all to no use. Having before healed an awful wound in my own leg by your unrivalled medicine, I determined again to use your Pills and Ointment, and therefore gave them a trial in her case, and fortunate it was, I did so, for in less than a month a perfect cure was effected, and the benefit that various other branches of my family have derived from their use is really astonishing. I now strongly recommend them to all my friends.

(Signed) FREDRICK TURNER.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF A DANGEROUS SWELLING OF THE KNEE.

Copy of a letter from John Forfar, an Agriculturist, residing at Newborough, near Hexham, dated May 15, 1850.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—I was afflicted with a swelling on each side of the leg, rather above the knee, for nearly two years, which increased to a great size. I had the advice of three eminent Surgeons here, and was an inmate of the Newcastle infirmary for four weeks. After various modes of treatment had been tried, I was discharged as incurable. Having heard so much of your Pills and Ointment, I determined to try them, and in less than a month, I was completely cured. What is more remarkable I was engaged twelve hours a day in the Hay Harvest, and although I have followed my laborious occupation throughout the winter, I have had no return whatever of my complaint.

(Signed) JOHN FORFAR.

AN INFLAMMATION IN THE SIDE PERFECTLY CURED.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Francis Arnot, of Breakhouse, Lothian Road, Edinbro', dated April 29th, 1851.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir,—For more than twenty years my wife has been subject, from time to time, to attacks of inflammation in the side, for which she was bled and blistered to a great extent; still the pain could not be removed. About four years ago, she saw in the papers, the wonderful cures effected by your Pills and Ointment, and thought she would give them a trial. To her great astonishment and delight, she got immediate relief from their use, and after persevering for three weeks, the pain in her side was completely cured, and she has enjoyed the best of health for the last four years.

(Signed) FRANCIS ARNOT.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Chiego-foot	Fistulas	Sore throats
Bad Breasts	Chilblains	Gout	Skin diseases
Burns	Chapped-hands	Glandular	Scurvy
Bunions	Corns (Soft)	Swellings	Sore heads
Bites of Moschetoes and Sand-Flies	Cancers	Lumbago	Tumours
	Contracted &	Piles	Ulcers
Cocoa-Bay	Stiff joints	Rheumatism	Wounds
	Elephantiasis	Scalds	Yaws
		Sore Nipples	

Sold by the Proprietor at 244 Strand (near Temple Bar) London, and by GEO. T HASZARD, Agent for P. E. Island, in Boxes and Pots, at 2s, 5s, 8s, and 20s each. There is a very considerable saving in taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of Patients are affixed to each Pot or Box.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

SECURE YOUR PROPERTY AT A SAVING OF FIFTY PER CENT.

THIS can only be done by Insuring in the MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

This is the only Office where claims for loss can be met, without reference to a foreign Company.

Blank forms of application, and any other information can be obtained at the Secretary and Treasurer's Office, Kent Street.

April 6, 1852.

National Loan Fund Life and Equitable Fire Insurance Companies of London,

Incorporated by Acts of Parliament.

BOARD of DIRECTORS of Fire Insurance for P. E. Island. *T. H. Haviland, Esq., Hon. Charles Hensley, P. Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson, Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.*

Detached Risks taken at considerably reduced premium.

Forms of Application, and all other information, may be obtained from the Subscriber, at his Office, Charlottetown.

L. W. GALL, Agent.

To the Tenants on Lots 9 & 61.

THE Subscriber having, by Power of Attorney, dated the 6th day of March, 1851, been appointed Agent to take charge of LOTS 9 & 61, in this Island, the Property of *Lawrence Sullivan Esq.*, notifies the Tenants on those Townships, that all rents, and Arrears of Rent, due on the said Property, are required to be paid to him forthwith, he alone being authorized to receive the same.

JAMES YEO.

Port Hill, April 9, 1851.

Steamer "ROSE."

THE Steamer "ROSE," during the remainder of this season after the 1st of November, will leave Charlottetown for Pictou every Tuesday and Thursday morning, at six o'clock, instead of Ten o'clock as heretofore.

THOMAS OWEN, Manager.

Charlottetown, October 25, 1852.

Printed by James D. Haszard, at his Office, Queen Square Charlottetown.

Ha

VOL. 22.

Miscellane

GUENON ON MIL

The following letter from a farm
singular book we commend to the
engaged or interested in rearing C

Chad's Ford, Bra

To the Editor of the A

It has been about six years, I
led "A Treatise on Milch Cows,"
translated from the French by N
published in this country. It pu
of ascertaining the milking quali
ner of growth of the hair on the
thighs.

The author asserts, that not
distinguished by this rule, from
the shades of difference can be th
certainty. Of course, allowance
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be any natural connection betwe
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age is so remarkably prolific;
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A brief examination and tria
grain from the *chaff*. The fals
accepted, to become, in *its* turn
discoveries.

Years of trial have sanctione
of Mr. Guenon to a share of the
which is accorded to those bene
cover important truth in scienc

In the eastern portion of Che
are many extensive and fertile
and skilful dairymen, who supp
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Some of them commenced with
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for their credulity, to compare
cows with the drawings in the
matter speedily and fairly, for
are his best milkers. Soon th
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those who might become their
cows. For, in every case, the
book as good cows, were foun
tural marks on the best milke
vestigations have shown the
called here, is true in the min
roughly tested by many of o
and farmers, who, being actu
to advance their own interest
careful and candid examinati
tigates the subject, becomes c
portance. Some of my nei
herds, by buying the best ma
are brought here in droves fr
very best marked cows are f
escutcheon may be distinguis
tion of the rule to the selecti
ing, will give an abundance

The mark is equally plain,
ers are thus enabled to pro
selection of animals to breed
cow in our section of the co
50 per cent. over one not we
of apparently equal value.
luable discovery, I have sa
Holcom, of Delaware, L. P.
where, a few superior mark
Durhams, for breeding pu
known physiological law, t
rent, of both sexes, who e
however much they may di
pect to raise some chice m
hear the result of the experi

It is my intention to exhi
bition, some well-marked h
crib or bin for hay, &c., su
naged barnyard in our Cou
in general use elsewhere.

From Chambers

ADMI

Blake was now the obse
most of his compeers, he
tages for purposes of self
He kept aloof from the
ed at his post, 'doing his
distance from Westminste
half his claims, were ask
nours and rewards from
Nor, indeed, did he at an
party, but loudly disprov
This, coupled with influe
servedly great, made hi
well and his party; and
anxiety to keep him r
tion, that the hero of Ta
chief naval command.

Hitherto, and for yea
modern, as Macaulay po
tween the military and n
Pompey and Agrippa, h
at Flodden, the right wi
admiral, 'and the French
nae, &c. Accordingly
cific government at Tau
ral and Admiral at Sea,
neral of the fleet.' Tw
in the command; but B
cognised as *primus inter*
plorable need of reform
Blake, from the very d
for the well-being of hi
almost adoring attachm
alone as England's mod
louay dogged the steps
of him, both then and
The tremendous power
State, he exercised wit
startling politicians an
bold and open tactics,
pa this in diplomacy.
with extreme poverty
viate and disprove the