## inter Imperial Exports and Imports of the Dominion during the Five Fiscal Years 1902 to 1906. THE WORLD TRADE OF CANADA.

	1903.	~	1903.	33	1904.		1905.	5.	1906.	.:	
Countries.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	Imports.	Exports.	
British Empire.	*	**	*	*	*	•	s	•	66	**	
l Great Britain 2 Bernuda 3 British Africa	49,435,388 * 15.806	117,320,221 * 3,842,070	59,068,706 * 49,121	131,202,321	61,960,909	117.591,376 2,380,456	60,538,811	101,958,771 559,942 1,883,362	69,317,1 <b>5</b> 0 297,659	133,004,937 398,694 1,759,719	-210
British Australasia— Australia	153,057	2,586,554	98,532	2,929,861	102,169	2,622,756	161,470	2,194,223	302,075	2,082,219	4 10
6 British East Indies	٦,	47,137	2,	96,940	3,309,576	18,828	2,695,202	23,733		21,554	91-
Unana West Indies		1,974,379	-	2,184,833	4,815,828	2,179,774	6,077,013	2,404,232	'n	2,359,722	n n
9 FlJI 10 Hong Kong. 11 Newfoundland	10,450 1,118,567 5,844	2,381,082	143,714	37,755 2,516,576 36,031	1,076,757	39,359 2,89×,751 76,229	126,116 1,059,417 2,675	305,538 3,473,713 31,450	1,758,807 1,158,807 1,105	40,281 10 3,213,856 1 59,871 11	928
Totals, British Empire	54,0	129,070,620 * Includ	65,408,020 led with B. W	70,620 65,408,020 141,975,986 73,675,4 Included with B. W. Indies prior to 1905	73,675,411 or to 1905.	128,951,609	73,662,290	113,877,323	83,466,805	144,311,803	

## GREAT BRITAIN'S DUTY.

Speaking before the Leeds Chamber of Commerce upon the matter of inter-imperial trade, Mr. Winston Churchill, M.P., referred recently to the impetus which was hoped for from the approaching Conference of Colonial Prime Ministers. He looked for a marked extension of the system of inter-colonial preference. One direction in which he believed the Mother Land could improve trade prospects with and between the self-governing colonies was to take the same pains to obtain information about the conditions of such trade as about that of the foreign nations of the world. The Board of Trade collected information about the tariffs and commerce of the foreign nations of the world, but there was no similar body which collected information to anything like the same extent about the great self-governing colonies in the British Empire. It was an oversight. The consequence was that the Foreign Office or the Board of Trade could tell far more about the commercial legislation which was in prospect in some foreign countries than about the legislation which might be under consideration in the great self-governing colonies. There was a matter which could be and which ought to be set right. Glancing at the consular service in foreign countries with its new diplomatic order of "commercial attaches," and at the system of commercial correspondence which has been established in the colonies, Mr. Churchill intimated that, in his view, the expenditure of a little money, even in these days of retrenchment, might be attended in this direction with success. The Imperial Institute might become and was being made much more every year a great sample store of all the raw material and fabrics which were being produced in the Crown colonies and throughout the Empire.

In concluding his remarks upon the desirability of developing the most advantageous economic relations within the Empire, the speaker said: This is not a matter of party. It is far above all party questions. The waves of party advance and recede, surge up on the beach and recoil in their turn, but the strong tide of the British Empire rises steadily."

## METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

In 1906 the new assurances issued by the Metropolitan Life and paid for, amounted to \$401,402,-538, consisting of Industrial, \$288,515,643 and Ordinary \$112,886,895. The income was \$66,695,-827, and the total assurance in force was \$1,692,-868,585.

The daily average of the company's business during the year was: 412 per day in number of claims paid; 6,163 per day in number of policies placed and paid for; \$1,320,403.00 per day new assurance placed and paid for; \$138,000.00 per day in payments to policy-holders and addition to Reserve; \$81,465.58 per day increase of Assets.

GROWTH	IN	TEN	YEAR	PERIODS

YEAR	Income for the year	Assets at end of year	Surplus at end of year	Outstanding
Dec. 81st, 1856	20.548,593.91	\$3,705,970 61 30,628,967 89 176,429,015.01	\$791,996.03 5,051,417.49 16,229,479.92	end of year \$124,164,690,00 487,165,855,00 1,692,868,585,00