FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

PORT ELGIN

Port Elgin, N. B., July 16—Miss Jonah, of Sussex, is the guest of Miss Marie Mitton.

Dr. Bert Field and family are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Field.

Little Miss Helen Lowther, who has been very seriously ill is able to be up again.

Miss K. Humphrey, of Moncton, is the guest of Mrs. M. G. Siddall. Mrs. Siddall entertained a number of the young people at her home on Friday evening in Miss Humphrey's honor.

Miss Lilian Cole, of Moncton, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Moore, at their summer cottage here.

Miss Marie Mitton entertained at afternoon tea on Saturday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Jean Jonah, of Sussex.

Mrs. W. M. Spence, who has been confined to her home for some time is able to be out again.

Miss Marjorie Enman left on Thursday morning for Moncton, where she will visit her friend, Miss Kate Knight.

Miss Taylor, of Newfoundland, is the guest of Mrs. R. N. Anderson.

Miss Lilian Lawrence, of Sackville, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. R. S. Pridham.

Miss Agnes Turner, of Canning, is the guest of Mrs. B. C. Atkinson.

Miss Clara Sundby arrived home on Monday evening to spend her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sundby.

Miss Grace Oulton is visiting her cousin, Miss Isabelle Read, of Amherst.

Mr. and Mrs. Carey Robinson, of Sackville, were the guests of Mrs. Rufus Oldton on Wednesday afternoon. They returned to Sackville by car in the evening.

Misses Mary and Ethel Fitzpatrick are visiting friends in Amherst and Oxford.

A number of the students of Rev. Mr. Brownells' Bible study class wrote the Bible examination on Wednesday evening. Those writing the examinations were Misses Gracie Goodwin, Eileen Brownell, Dugney Sundby, Lily West, Jennie Johnson and Mollie Mundle.

The little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Raworth, little Miss Bessie, who was so very ill, is able to be out again.

Misses Birdie and Fannie Doyle are home from Winnipeg on a visit to their old home here.

CHIPMAN

Chipman, N. B., July 16—Mrs. E. A. Branscombe returned on Saturday after a very pleasant visit with friends in Bear River (N. S.), and St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Slipp and two children, of Fredericton, were week-end guests at the Chipman Housel

Mr. and Mrs. William Darrah and child, Brooklyn (N. Y.), arrived this week and will spend some time with Mr. Darrah's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Darrah.

Miss Etta Taylor, St. John, spent a few days of this week, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John McCollum.

The Misses Evelyn and Beulah Boyd, St. John, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Jonah.

Miss Emma MacBeath, of Westfield, spent Sunday here, the guest of Miss Darrah at the Chipman House.

Miss Ida Hay, who has been spending some time with Hon. L. P. and Mrs. Ferris, White's Cove, returned to her home on Saturday.

Senator King was in St. John a few days this week.

Frank Taylor, of Halifax, spent the week-end with friends here.

Rev. Frank Baird and family, Woodstock, arrived on Monday and will occupy their summer cottage a mile below the village for a few weeks.

Everett Porter spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Robinson Porter.

S. J. Parkhill, of St. John, spent a few days at his home here.

Miss Julia Burpee, graduate nurse, who has been spending a few weeks visiting relatives here, returned to her home in Topsfield (Mass.)

Clarence Conway, of Hampton, is the guest of his brother, Rev. E. J. Conway.

G. B. Jones, M. P. P., and family motored to Chipman last week, where they were the guests of Mrs. Jones' mother, Mrs. William Fowler, returning to their home at Apohaqui on Monday.

R. D. Innis, of Gibson, was in the village a few days this week.

Miss Lockhart, of St. John, is the guest of her friend, Miss Vera King.

Mrs. Charles F. Stevens, of St. John, was the guest of Mrs. E. B. Morrison this week.

Miss Louise Ferris, of Waterborough, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Branscombe this week.

Mrs. Miles Christopher, St. John, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Baird.

Miss Charlotte Craig is quite seriously ill at her home at the Chipman House. Dr. Hay is in attendance with Miss Gilbert, graduate nurse of Fredericton, in charge of the patient.

Dr. and Mrs. A. P. Webber, New Bedford, Mass., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. King.

On Sunday afternoon last the members of the Loyal Orange lodge here marched in a body to the Baptist church where a very eloquent address was given by Rev. B. H. Penwarden, of Miltown.

Miss Grace Crossman left this week for Nashua, (N. H.), where she will spend some time with her sister, Mrs. John Dutney.

Mrs. A. M. McLean, St. John, is visiting friends in the village.

Miss Geraldine Armstrong returned from St. John on Saturday, where she had been writing the matriculation examinations.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Millar and son Lawrence returned to their home in St. John after a pleasant visit with relatives here.

The Chipman Boy Scouts who have ben camping out the past two weeks have had as their guest this week P. R. Perrott, of Ottawa, dominion secretary of the Boy Scouts under Scout Master Otty Cruikshank left for their homes on Monday. The Chipman boys will break camp tomorrow. Ideal weather has prevailed during the two weks and the boys have thoroughly enjoyed their outing. Governor Wood who visited the camp last week expressed great approval of the site for the camping ground and hoped there would be a greater number of boys at camp next year.

GAGETOWN

Gagetown, N. B., July 15—The most important event of the week happened on Sunday last, when a good sized rain came just in time to rejoice the hearts of the farmers, especially the berry growers, who were beginning to be in the first stages of despair. There has not been much rain for several weeks and it is estimated that the present one has done several hundred dollars worth of good to the farming population.

A yachting party composed of Mrs. J. E. Church, Miss Helen Church, Miss Jessie Church, Bryant Fairweather and W. A. Church, of St. John, who have been cruising on the river in the Chinook, was with Mrs. Rubins at "Gray Gables" for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Perry and Mr. and Mrs. H. Edflad, of Houlton (Me.), passed through Gagetown on Sunday and spent the day at Mrs. Rubins'.

Among other visitors in town registered at "Gray Gables" during the past few days have been R. L. Roach, Annapolis Royal; H. S. Maxon, Montreal; C. T. Bennett, Fredericton; Mr. and Mrs. Luther B. Smith, St. John; E. Wright, St. John; Geo. Barker, H. J. Walker, K. Walker, Fredericton.

Wellington Wiggins arrived home on Saturday from Boston, where he has been employed during the past winter.

Miss Tippitt is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Peters at "Glenora."

The Misses Peters entertained their friends most pleasantly on Monday evening with bridge and dancing. The rooms at "Glenora" were prettily decorated with garden flowers. Mrs. T. S. Peters received the guests, assisted by her daughters, Miss Pearl Peters and Miss Nora Peters. Some very attractive summer gowns were worn by the ladies present. The guests included Rev. and Mrs. William Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Wilkinson, Miss Tippitt, Mrs. J. A. Casswell, Misses Elizabeth Scovil, Gertrude Scovil, Bessie Scovil (New York), Doris Murray (St. John), Marian Casswell, Molly Otty, Messrs. Morris Scovil, Rev. Charles Scovil, M. A. Scovil, F. H. Du Vernet, O. L. Jacks, R. P. Scovil.

Miss Doris Murray, who has been visiting the Misses Casswell during the past two weeks, has returned to her home in St. John.

Miss Gladys McLennan left for St. John on Tuesday, after a month's visit iwth her friend, Miss Greta Rubins.

Miss Wilkinson and Miss Mary Wilkinson have gone on to their home in Springfield after a brief stay with Mr. and Mrs. Wilkinson.

George E. McAlpine and family, of Lower Gagetown, are this week moving into their new house, Mr. McAlpine having just bought the house and property from George Allingham.

Capt. F. L. Robinson and family, who have been occupying the above mentioned house for the past two years, have now moved to the residence of George Allingham, where they will reside until the completion of their new home in the autumn.

Other building operations testify that the town is not standing still. Capt. H. B. Bridges is having a large wharf added to the waterfront, for his further convenience in handling his fleet of tug boats. F. L. Corey is erecting a woodworking factory near his residence and expects to have the machinery on hand at an early date. Thomas Allingham is considering the erection of a new residence, in the near future.

The annual school meeting was held on the morning of Monday, 13th. Rev. William Smith was made chairman of the meeting, and the subjects under discussion were chiefly those relating to a new school building to replace the present Grammar school, which is not only old, but also too near the line of railway. A considerable sum was voted for the new building. The question of locating a consolidated school here is receiving much favorable comment from many, who believe that it would bring about a decided improvement in all the surrounding districts. The school board remains the same as last year,—Secretary, H. H. Gilbert; trustees, T. S. Peters, G. W. Dingee, J. F. Reid.

Miss Laura Moore is able to be out again after her long and trying illness.

The results of the High school entrance examinations held here show the following candidates to have passed, their names being placed in order of merit: Florence Coy, Frances Coy, Roger Scovil, Florence Brooks, Zerelda Williams, Harold Stults, Cassie Wiggins, Elsie Carroll.

Several new monuments have been recently placed in St. John's church burial ground. These are: a handsome black granite and brownstone cross to the late John Law, a dark gray granite tablet to William Brooks, and a white marble tablet to the Misses Sarah and Catherine Peters, who will be remembered as heads of a girls' school here a number of years ago.

The Gagetown fire brigade is planning a picnic and excursion from Hampstead to Oromocto for next week. The affair promises to be a huge success, as it is sure to meet with the patronage of all loyal citizens. The May Queen and a band have been chartered for the occasion. Those on the committees include: Gabriel Deveber, W. K. Wilkinson, J. R. Dunn, H. H. Gilbert, J. F. Reid, R. R. Reid, H. B. Bridges, E. S. Brodie and others.

HARCOURT

Harcourt, July 16—Mrs. W. F. Buckley and Mrs. Robert Saulnier entertained informally at a very enjoyable lawn party on Friday afternoon, when Miss Rita Buckley, of Newcastle; Miss Louise Crocker, Millerton, and Miss Blanche Wathen, Bengough (Sask.), were guests of honor. Mrs. Buckley also entertained a few congenial friends at a lawn tea on Thursday afternoon.

Misses Annie Ward, Edith Black, Agnes Best, Dorothy Geddes, Nellie MacLeod and Iva Ward returned on Friday from Richibucto, where they were writing the Normal entrance examinations.

Miss Crocker accompanied her pupils and spent the week in Richibucto.

Miss Mary Keswick, of the nursing staff of Lynn hospital, is spending a few weeks at her home here.

Miss Ethel Wathen, a student of McDonald College, is spending the vacation at her home in Mortimore.

Mrs. J. D. McKay and little granddaughter, Doris McKay, of St. John, are in the village, guests of Mrs. D. D. Johnston.

Miss Aggie Wellwood arrived recently from Reading (Mass.), to spend the remainder of the summer with home friends.

Miss Jennie Wathen returned on Saturday from Moncton, where she was writing the examinations for Normal entrance.

Mrs. H. G. Fairbanks entertained a few friends at luncheon on Saturday afternoon, when Miss Best, of Chatham, was the guest of honor.

Miss Irene Lutes, student nurse, of the Moncton hospital, is spending her holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lutes.

Mrs. Melbourne Dickie and children, of Rexton, are spending the week in the village with Mrs. Dickie's mother, Mrs. Robert Wellwood.

Mrs. Philip Robichaud, and little daughter Beatrice, returned on Saturday from a pleasant visit with relatives in Port Elgin.

Andrew Ferguson came from Campbellton on Saturday to spend the week-end at his home.

John Keswick and bride arrived on Friday last from Andover, and will spend part of their honeymoon trip with the former's mother, Mrs. Ezra Keswick.

Miss Eugenie Cormier and Master Arestide Cormier, went to Dorchester on Saturday to spend some time with relatives.

Miss Margaret Curran arrived on Saturday from Victoria (B. C.) Miss Curran has been a very successful teacher in the West, and will return to Victoria after the summer vacation.

Murray Little, of Coal Branch, spent the week-end in town, a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Wathen.

Miss Effie Miller, of Campbellton, spent several days recently with her grandmother, Mrs. Andrew McIntosh.

Miss Margaret Swetnam, of Moncton, and Mr. Wathen, of Doaktown, are the guests of Misses Margaret and Jennie Wathen.

CAPTAIN'S STORE, SAVED IN WRECK, TAKEN BY THIEVES

Beach Combers Loot Stranded Vessel at Chance Harbor and Carry Away Last Articles of Clothing Left to Captain Richards — Freight a Total Loss.

Beach combers looted the trunk of Captain Richards, master of the stranded schooner Jennie A. Pickles at Chance Harbor on Saturday night, robbing the commander of his scanty store of clothing saved from the wreck, and fishermen surrounded the vessel in boats and swarmed over the side at every opportunity in search of booty.

Captain Richards had locked his trunk in a small building on shore and the locks on the door and trunk were smashed by thieves who stole, besides clothes, two pairs of new shoes, a new panama hat and other articles of value.

The freebooters rowed about the schooner in boats and as soon as the Captain left the vessel to go on shore for workmen, they boarded the wreck and ransacked the cabin. Heads of molasses puncheons and barrels were stove in, the contents allowed to wash out, and the empty vessels carried away to be used in packing fish.

The tugs Wasson and Betty D. strained on lines to the Jennie A. Pickles for upwards of two hours yesterday but the craft was held fast by boulders which have broken through her bottom.

Four seamen were brought to the city yesterday on the Wasson. An effort will be made to lift the schooner off the rocks by removing the remainder of her cargo. The freight is a total loss.

INCENDIARY FIRE AT ANNAPOLIS

Annapolis, N. S., July 20—(Special)—A severe electrical storm passed over the Annapolis valley on Saturday morning.

Fire broke out in the old Frogmore railway station about 3 o'clock on Sunday morning, the flames spreading rapidly and soon the heavens were illuminated for miles around, and in a short space of time the building was totally consumed. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary as the building had been unoccupied for more than a year.

On Sunday the Western Star Lodge of Oddfellows of this town met at their lodge room and marched in procession to Woodlawn cemetery, where they decorated the graves of their deceased brethren.

MARITIME CONFERENCE.

Wolfville (N. S.) will, from July 24 to the 31st, be the scene of the third annual missionary summer conference for the maritime provinces. This is under the direction of the missionary education movement, whose main object is to provide training in missionary work for church leadership of all denominations. The work in Canada is directed by the Canadian council, composed of twenty-five members, with an advisory committee of twelve missionaries. Summer conferences have been or are being held at Whitby (Ont.), Knowlton (Que.), Brandon (Man.), Regina (Sask.), Edmonton and Calgary (Alta.) Among the speakers expected to attend the Wolfville conference are Rev. H. T. DeWolfe, principal Acadia Seminary; Professor Falconer, Halifax; Rev. W. H. Barraclough, Centenary church, St. John, and Prof. Spidle, Acadia College, Wolfville.

Any salad will have a most excellent flavor if it is allowed to soak in its dressing for about a half hour before eating. This, o fcourse, refers to French dressing.

PREMIER FLEMMING'S MEMORY NOT VERY GOOD AT TIMES

(Continued from page 1.)

they would not fetch more than $100 a mile and probably not $100 a mile.

Q.—And you swear to that to go to the country?

A.—Yes, that is my honest belief.

Q.—What is your belief now, if you had asked $115 a mile for Class A?

A.—I don't know whether they would have paid or not. They certainly brought every argument they could and all their persuasive powers to bear on me to make it $80 a mile and I was led to the conclusion——

Mr. Teed objected.

Mr. Carvell—I am only asking him what he believes.

Witness—The reason that I decline to answer is that the different areas in the province are worth different sums and while some may be worth $115 the others may not be.

Q.—Do you say you have got no belief about it?

A.—(To the chairman)—Am I to answer that question?

Judge Wells—I think he has already answered it.

Commissioner Fisher—I think he has given a fair answer.

Judge Wells—I understood him to say that he could give no belief.

The matter was not pressed, Mr. Carvell remarking that he was glad to know that the premier of the province had no belief to express on the matter.

Q.—In view of all the evidence given here and of your own evidence do you think that Mr. L. A. Dugal was justified in laying his charges in the legislature?

Mr. Fowler—I object; that is for your honors to say.

The question was ruled against amid jeers from the opposing counsel, for which they were called to order by the chairman.

Q.—Coming back to your conversation with Mr. Berry, do you remember if that was before or after your interview with Mr. Cutler?

A.—No, sir.

Q.—How long before your interview with Berry, Teed and Brankley?

A.—I don't remember.

Witness remembered asking Teed to act as treasurer of the fund, but not of asking him to come to Fredericton.

Only An Accident.

Then it was an accident that these men met in your room?

A.—As far as I was concerned, I have no recollection of it being otherwise.

Q.—Did you give Mr. Berry any instructions to notify Mr. Teed?

A.—I don't think I did.

Q.—Do you know how Mr. Teed happened to be in Fredericton that day?

A.—Not of my own knowledge. I heard his evidence that it was because Mr. Berry called him up.

Q.—It was before this that you had told Berry to have nothing to do with the fund?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you have any conversation with Mr. Berry before you met the others?

A.—Not that I remember.

Q.—Did you tell anyone else that Mr. Teed was to be treasurer of the fund?

A. (after a long pause)—I don't remember.

Q.—Are you not positive that you did not?

A.It is impossible for me to remember.

Q.—Do you know why Mr. Berry telephoned Mr. Teed; did he ever explain?

A.—I don't think he did.

Q.—Did you ever ask him how he happened to bring Mr. Teed to Fredericton?

A.—I cannot assume that he did bring him.

Q.—Assuming that he did, could you answer?

A.—No.

Q.—Did you ever speak to Berry about not touching the money, more than once?

A.—I don't remember of speaking more than once.

Q.—You knew that Berry was acting in connection with it?

A.—I did not know what part he was taking.

Q.—You knew that he was at various places when the money was paid?

A.—I knew that he went to the Partington company's place. I did not know what was going on.

Q.—Mr. Teed says you knew that he was doing the best he could to get the matter closed up; did you not know that they made more than one trip to get the money?

A.—I knew of one trip; I did not know what it was for.

Q.—Did you have any idea that it was for anything else but in connection with the fund?

A.—I may not have had.

What's In a Name.

Q.—Did you know a man by the name of John Kennedy?

A. (after a prolonged pause)—Of South Richmond?

Q.—No; don't you know another John Kennedy??

A. (hesitatingly)—I knew one several years ago, but he is dead now.

Q.—Then we will dismiss him. Do you know another man of that name?

A.—No.

Q.—Did you not know John Kennedy, of Kennedy & McDonald?

A.—I know Mr. Kennedy of that firm, but I did not know his first name. Is he John Kennedy?

Q.—Yes, that is the man. Do you know where he is?

A.—No.

Q.—Do you know where he has been during the past month?

A.—He was in Woodstock several weeks ago.

Q.—You met him?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Where?

A.—At my brother's residence.

Q.—By appointment?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Where had he been before that?

A.—He had been in Boston for a couple of weeks consulting specialists about his hearing.

Q.—Did he tell you he was going to leave the country?

A.—No, and I did not ask him to do so.

Q.—Were you not told recently that Mr. Kennedy would not remain away more than another week?

A.—No, I was not.

Q.—Did Mr. Kennedy ever pay you any money?

Mr. Teed—This is absolutely objected to. Who are these people?

Mr. Carvell—Contractors on the Valley railway.

Mr. Teed—What has that to do with this matter?

Mr. Carvell—I am testing the veracity of the witness.

Q.—Do you know James H. Corbett?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Do you know where he is now.

A.—No.

Q.—Did you send him a telegram asking him to meet you in Moncton about May 18, 1912?

Witness paused and Mr. Teed objected. Mr. Carvell was asked to drop the question until the railway charges are taken up.

Mr. Carvell quoted from the denial of the charges made by Hon. Mr. Clarke on behalf of the witness in the legislature, asking: You authorized that?

A.—I authorized him to make a statement but did not write anything down.

Q.—You accept that however.

A.—Practically so.

Q.—Will you say the only instructions you gave Berry about this matter were not to receive the money?

A.—My recollection is that I told him if he received the money his usefulness as an official would be at an end.

On re-examination Mr. Teed asked—Do you know whether the sales to which Mr. Carvell drew your attention and which realized large amounts took place before or after the new legislation?

A.—It is my recollection that some of them took place while the legislature was in session.

Q.—And it was known that the licenses would be renewable, according to the policy of the government?

A.—I believe they knew that the bill would be introduced providing for it.

Q.—But Partington's purchase was afterwards?

A.—Yes.

Q.—What, if any, was the condition upon which Mr. Cutler and Mr. Robinson made their suggestions?

A.—That I fix the bonus at $60 a mile.

Q.—What did you do with the suggestions?

A.—I absolutely refused to consider them. If I had the province would have lost $400,000.

Q.—Have you the note of the Flemming, Gibson Lumber company for the $15,000 loaned by Mr. Teed?

A.—Yes (producing it.)

Q.—These endorsements on the back, in whose writing are they?

A.—Mr. Teed's.

Q.—That is the way the note came back to you?

A.—Yes.

Mr. Teed offered the note in evidence.

Q.—The endorsements are as follows: Dec., 1, 1913, $2,000; March 24, 1914, $3,000; April 11, 1914, $3,500; April 20, 1914, $1,500; April 17, $5,000; interest $286.67.

A.—Yes.

Q.—Mr. Teed said the first payment was made shortly after March 17.

A.—Part of the loan was in the form of a check and as funds came in from the sale of stock I did not need it and returned it. That was the first payment. I can show the money received from sales, etc., by which we met the other payments.

Q.—The note is dated 25 Nov., 1913, for $15,000 payable on demand?

A.—Yes.

That Stock Transaction.

Q.—Can you tell us more definitely how you paid for the 28 shares of M. & N. B. Power Co. stock.

A.—I sent a check under date July 28, for $687.50, the 25 per cent. payment required, in the 27½ shares. They replied that they did not issue half shares and said they would issue 28 instead of 27½ shares. On Aug. 26 I paid $1,000 and on Sept. 30 I retired a draft for the $612, the balance.

The various letters and receipts were put in evidence.

Q.—You spoke about the lumbermen pressing for an announcement regarding the terms of the renewals. Was any proposition made regarding perpetual leases?

A.—Yes; a delegation waited on the government in Fredericton. I remember among them H. A. Powell and also Senator Edwards, of Ottawa, president of the Bathurst Lumber Company. They urged perpetual leases or leases as long as possible on the grounds that it would encourage the lumbermen to conserve the forests.

Q.—What did Mr. McCurdy have to do with it?

A.—He is manager of the Royal Bank at Newcastle which is heavily interested financially. He pointed out that the leases drawing near an end would seriously affect the financing of the industry.

Did Not Use Bromide.

Q.—Bromide was spoken of in connection with your illness at Fredericton; did you have occasion to use this remedy?

A.—No, Dr. Taylor was attending me and I do not remember any such remedy.

Mr. Teed—I do not know why my friends attached such importance to its use but apparently its use did not occur.

Mr. Carvell—Did it not? Bring Mr. Berry?

Witness—I want to swear most positively that I used no bromide.

Mr. Carvell and Mr. Fowler then informally discussed with the commissioners as to the order of argument in the case, when Mr. Carvell mentioned that he had not given up his efforts to get W. H. Berry, but he did not see as much hope of succeeding as he did three weeks ago. It was a kind of forlorn hope, but he would like to put off the argument for as long as possible for that purpose.

The Chairman—You had better go on and finish this case before we go on to the Valley railway case; it will be confusing.

This was at first understood as being agreed upon.

Wants to Have Berry.

Commisioner Fisher—In connection with Mr. Berry, I think the government should make an effort to bring him here. I would be averse to seeing the case closed up without an effort by them. It has been said that he was no longer an employee of the government. But he was an employee of the government when these acts were done and the government would be thoroughly justified in asking him to come before the commission and testify.

Mr. Fowler said that the attorney-general was before the commission the other day and said that he knew of no way by which Berry could be brought back.

Com. Fisher—I regretted that I did not say it there and then, but he slipped out of the witness box and the matter did not occur to me again.

Mr. Fowler—Don't say, sir, that he slipped out of the witness box, or some might think that he went out clandestinely. (Laughter.)

Com. Fisher—I do not mean that, but he left the witness box before I could express my opinion. I want to take this opportunity of expressing it. It is the duty of the government to make an effort to bring him here inasmuch as he was an employee of the government then. He ought to give an account of himself and that action would help to clear the air more than anything. I hope it will be possible to secure Mr. Berry's attendance.

Mr. Fowler—I have this to say: the attorney general said he had no means to bring him back. He is across the lime, and the offence is not an extraditable one. If the court in its united wisdom could suggest a way the attorney general could act—

Com. Fisher—The attorney general could make a request to him to come.

Mr. Fowler—I will communicate with the attorney general.

The chairman then announced that so long as the evidence was being taken in the Valley railway case, they would hold the matter open so that Mr. Berry, if he were forthcoming, might be called to give evidence.

It was then decided to adjourn the Royal Commission until 10 o'clock this morning, when the Valley railway case will be continued.

DRAMATIC DEFENCE OF MME. CAILLAUX

(Continued from page 1.)

called the list of witnesses, each of whom answered "present" and then left the court. The prisoner looked at each of the witnesses as he or she replied. Joseph Caillaux, the prisoner's husband, answered in a firm voice, and she watched him as he left the court.

Judge Albanel then began to question the prisoner.

"You are called Genevieve Josephine Henriette Raynourd, are you not, and were born October 6, 1874?"

The prisoner—"Yes, judge." At the same time she stood up.

The judge—"During your examination by the magistrate you gave some information about your past life. Do you wish to recall for the jury what you said then?"

The prisoner then made a long statement referring frequently to notes. Her voice was steady. She turned her head occasionally from side to side as though making a public speech, and she showed much self-possession. She said:

Married at Nineteen.

"I was married at nineteen to Leo Claretie. We had two daughters. One of them died when she was only six months old. The other, Germaine, is now nineteen. A divorce was granted in April, 1908, in my favor and the guardianship of our daughter was given to me."

Mme. Caillaux spoke of her marriage to M. Caillaux with some pride. She said: "M. Caillaux was premier, and in marrying him I found complete happiness. I thought all would be happy, but alas, my life began to be poisoned by calumnies."

The judge—"You spoke at your examination of having vengeance for outrages against your husband."

The prisoner—"The campaign of the Figaro against my husband then began. All the people in the salons that I frequented, received me with smiles, that were intended to wound me. One person said behind me that my husband had taken money from Germany to cede the Congo. These slanderous rumors penetrated every part of society. I was no longer able to go to the sitting of the Chamber of Deputies, because I was the object of unpleasant attention in the galleries. One day there was a cry behind me 'To Berlin, Caillaux, Congo.' I was forced to leave."

Mme. Caillaux added that painful incidents were taking place all the time among her acquaintances when she was shopping, and even in her home. She continued:

"The attacks of the Figaro were implacable. They had nothing to do with politics. They were personal. I suffered. I lost my head."

Mme. Caillaux's voice sank, and she seemed greatly moved.

The judge waited a moment, and then asked: "Why do you say that the polemic of the Figaro had nothing to do with politics?"

The prisoner raised her clenched hands and said passionately: "I will tell you why."

Mme. Caillaux then searched among her notes, and began to read passages from the Figaro articles.

"These," she shouted, "are some among the 138 articles published against my husband. These criticisms as you have heard, are not attacks upon his political policies, but on him. No one could be mistaken."

Several times the prisoner paused and excused herself for the amount of time she was taking. She asked the presiding judge if she could go on.

"Take as much time as you wish," replied the judge. "You have the fullest freedom to say anything you like, or to take as much time as you please."

Mme. Caillaux then read all Calmette's articles against M. Caillaux, and once while she was doing so she exclaimed with sudden emotion: "Oh, my poor husband. He was recklessly accused."

The judge reminded Mme. Caillaux that at her examination she had referred to the "Thy Joe" letter as one of three forming a sort of trilogy. "I shall be obliged," the prisoner said, "to bring into the case my husband's first wife. I shall do so with the greatest possible discretion. I am forced to recall the fact that Mme. Gueydan herself told my husband that she had purloined these three letters, and that she intended to make use of them against him and against me, and even to communicate them to my daughter and to my family."

Mme. Caillaux then alluded to the anguish she felt in consequence of the threat. She said she was somewhat reassured when she had received at Florence years ago, from Private Deschanet, secretary-general of the ministry of finance, an assurance that these letters had been burned at M. Caillaux's residence, 12 Rue Pierre Charron, in the presence of Deschanet himself and Mme. Gueydan, who had declared, on oath, that she had kept no copies or photographs of the letters.

The day before the divorce between her future husband and Mme. Gueydan was to be pleaded, according to Mme. Caillaux, an arrangement was made for divorce by friendly agreement. She affirmed that she was in no way connected with the divorce, and that a complete rupture already had taken place between Mme. Gueydan and M. Caillaux.

Judge Albanel asked Mme. Caillaux to give the purport of the letters, and to say why it was she feared to have them published.

The prisoner replied that they were a sort of biography of M. Caillaux, and added:

"He said in them how happy he was to have met me, what disappointments he had hitherto experienced, and how strongly he desired to obtain his freedom. He also spoke of his scruples in breaking off connections which had been a source of a certain amount of happiness for him. He told me about his scruples, and the political reasons which had prevented him obtaining a divorce six months before the elections. In these letters M. Caillaux spoke to me about myself.

"It is almost impossible to separate the portions of the letters which were private from those which were political. The second letter was shorter than the first, and was written on official paper of the prefecture of the Sarthe. M. Caillaux explained that he had just made an advantageous investment."

"Thy Joe" Letter.

The judge here interrupted saying: "But before the publication of the letter signed 'Thy Joe,' on March 13, you did not know they were in the hands of M. Calmette?"

The prisoner—"Yes, I had every reason to suppose he had them in his possession. We had even been warned from different sources before the publication of the 'Thy Joe' letter. Moreover, I repeat, we were aware that this letter, with two others, had been offered to certain newspapers, which had refused them. The mass of horrible things I am recounting is proof of the realty of my fears. All these insinuations, all these mockeries, these publications of letters, and threats of publication—all these things—made me lose my head."

After a pause, Mme. Caillaux remarked: "Letters written to a woman are not for publication. I did not think anyone could be so base himself."

The Judge questioned Mme. Caillaux about her having asked Fernand Meni and if Calmette could not be stopped, and she replied:

"He said at once, that in France there was no law by which newspaper men could be stopped from defaming public men. One can only put up with it, or defend one's self by one's own means. This is a lamentable thing, he added, as he left me, and it is astonishing that with the French temperament there are not more heads broken."

The court then rose for the day.

HUERTA AND PARTY SAIL FOR JAMAICA

Puerto Mexico, July 20—The German cruiser Dresden, with former President Huerta and his family and former War Minister Blanquet, Senora Blanquet and their daughter, aboard, sailed at 7.30 o'clock this evening for Jamaica.

The departure of the former president was without incident, there not being even any shouts of "good-bye" to him from the dock.

SIR WILFRID LAURIER TO VISIT NEW BRUNSWICK LAST WEEK IN AUGUST

E. M. MacDonald, M. P. For Pictou Brings Good News of Liberal Chieftain's Coming Here at Most Interesting Time in Political World—Probably Two Addresses in New Brunswick Before Western Trip—F. B. Carvell, M. P. to Accompany Leader as Speaker in West.

Liberals in New Brunswick will be delighted to know that at this most interesting time in the political history of the province that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the great Liberal chief, will in all probability pay a visit to New Brunswick and deliver two addresses at central points. It is expected that the Liberal leader will spend the last week of August in the Maritime Provinces and deliver two addresses in each New Brunswick and Nova Scotia before leaving on his projected tour of the west.

E. M. MacDonald, M. P. for Pictou, one of the fighting Liberals in the House of Commons, passed through the city yesterday on his return from Ottawa and met between trains F. B. Carvell, M. P. for Carleton, and E. S. Carter, Liberal organizer. Mr. MacDonald brought the good news that Sir Wilfrid was planning to spend the last week of August, just before leaving on his western trip, in the Maritime Provinces. Two meetings at central points are likely to be arranged in New Brunswick and the same in Nova Scotia, with places and dates to be announced later.

On his western trip Sir Wilfrid is to be accompanied by Mr. Carvell, Hon. MacKenzie King and Hugh Guthrie, M. P. for South Wellington.