

## NEW WESTMINSTER AROUSED

Re-Instatement of Deputy Warden Fitzsimmons Denounced by the Grand Jury.

Regarded as an Insult to the Self-Respecting Portion of the Community.

New Westminster, May 17.—A sensation was created in the court of assize here to-day when the grand jury made a presentment to Chief Justice Davis, declaring the instatement of James Fitzsimmons as deputy warden of the penitentiary, by the Dominion government an insult to the self-respecting portion of the community. Fitzsimmons was discharged by the late Sir John Thompson as a result of the finding of the royal commission to investigate the penitentiary affairs, presided over by Mr. Justice Drake. Exceedingly damaging evidence was given against Fitzsimmons, who was shortly after discharged. His reinstatement in March caused intense indignation and the feeling has not yet subsided, as the grand jury's presentment indicates.

## NEWFOUNDLAND

Will not Join the Canadian Confederation on any Terms.

London, May 17.—The Associated Press learns that the merchants of St. Johns have made a strong protest against the proposal to unite Newfoundland with Canada. In an interview with Mr. Baird, a prominent merchant now in London, the latter informed a representative of the Associated Press that the people of Newfoundland would be pleased to break down the negotiations with Canada. He added: "The Whiteway party wanted to discover Canada's terms for federation. The people were not appeased to and would not have sanctioned confederation. The Marquis of Ripon received me yesterday and authorized me to assure Newfoundland that the Imperial government would tender no financial assistance to enable Newfoundland to join the Dominion." Mr. Baird considered the only remedy which Newfoundland will accept is a royal commission of inquiry. He also said that the suggested retrenchment was only "compromising with the difficulty of the mission of Mr. Emerson, ex-Speaker of the Newfoundland parliament, to obtain a private loan here, may be regarded as hopeless."

## TOO PREMATURE.

The United States Will not Recognize Canada at the Conference.

Washington, May 17.—The announcement made by Mr. Foster in the Canadian parliament that Canada would take an official part in the Behring Sea conference at Washington next October, is said here to be premature. The British government requested that Canadian delegates be recognized at the conference, but Secretary Gresham formally replied to Earl Kimberley that the United States could deal with the Imperial government only. Canadian officials will come to Washington, but merecials will be in an advisory capacity, as Secretary Gresham and Sir Julian Pauncefote will be the only parties to the conference.

## HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

British Subjects Must be Protected—Ashford Away.

Honolulu, May 8.—Per steamer Australia to San Francisco, May 15.—Though England was generally reported as avoiding the question of citizenship involved in the recent claims for British protection by rebels in the recent uprising, the Earl of Kimberley has sent a decision to the British commissioner, both cases of Rickard and Walker, both convicted of treason. As regards Rickard and Walker, citizens of Great Britain and subject to the protection of that country, this decision is interesting on account of the letter received from Secretary Gresham indicating a policy directly opposed to that of Great Britain. Rickard and Walker are both naturalized Hawaiian citizens. They swore that they merely took the oath of allegiance, but their application for naturalization are on file in the interior office. The Earl of Kimberley's decision was made without asking the Hawaiian government for its version, and without seeking evidence. While the dispatch of Kimberley simply states that Rickard and Walker must be protected as British subjects, it makes no indication of further steps. The Hawaiian government will not admit that these men are British subjects, and will accept the consequences. It is willing to submit the matter to arbitration as a final resort, but will not yield in any other way.

Rickard, after taking the oath, became a member of the legislature, and later married a native woman. Their verbal assertions as to what took place are now made, as the king is dead and the British commissioner is out of office. What the meaning and drift of Kimberley's dispatch is, is a matter of much doubt.

In view of the recent action of Great Britain in the matter of Nicaragua, it is feared that the British may proceed to extreme measures without submitting the matter to argument or arbitration. If this course should be taken the Rickard and Walker may pay a large indemnity at once or it will be threatened with forcible occupation of soil. If there should be a forcible occupation it would unquestionably be followed by insurrection and bloodshed, as the natives would believe that it meant nothing but the probable restoration of the queen.

It is rumored that a British warship will reach this port in a short time. If the Philadelphia leaves there will be no force here for the protection of American interests. The officers of this vessel expect orders by the next mail directing them to move away to the coast.

V. V. Ashford, pardoned some weeks ago, leaves for San Francisco to-day. It is understood that the government has decided to pay damages to J. Johnston, one of the men who was forcibly deported from this country. The claim was made in his behalf by the British government.

The government has chartered a steamer to patrol Hawaiian waters to prevent the landing of arms for the revolutionists.

## A WOMAN'S ADVICE

WHICH IS WORTHY OF THE MOST EARNEST ATTENTION.

A Lady in Lunenburg, N. S., Tells How She Was Relieved From a Distressing Malady After Many Efforts to Find a Cure Had Proved Unavailing.

The Argus, Lunenburg, N. S.

Among the residents of our quiet little town none is more highly esteemed than Mrs. Albert C. Smith. Our attention was some time ago called to the fact that Mrs. Smith was one of those who could bear witness to the sterling merit of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and feeling interested, knowing what good results had been derived from the use of the medicine in other cases, we were led to investigate the matter with the most gratifying results. Mrs. Smith stated that she had been a sufferer for years from that most distressing of diseases—asthma. The result was that she became very weak, and could not walk for a short distance without having to sit down and rest. Many medicines recommended as cures were tried, but none helped her, and what was apparently the last ray of hope was the urgent advice of a friend to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial.

Mrs. Smith says she was willing to try anything that held out any inducement of relief she procured a supply of Pink Pills. "The first box was hardly gone," said Mrs. Smith, "when I felt an improvement, and continuing until I had used some six boxes, I found myself feeling better than I had in years, cured in fact. You may rest assured that if there is anything I can do or say to make known the marvellous healing powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I will cheerfully do it. If others will only follow my example and give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial I feel assured they will find themselves restored to health and strength."

These pills are a positive cure for all troubles arising from a vitiated condition of the blood or a shattered nervous system. Sold by all dealers or by mail, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y., at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. There are numerous imitations and substitutes against which the public is cautioned.

## THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

The Sault Contract Under Fire in Committee.

Ottawa, May 16.—The Sault Ste. Marie contract was before the public accounts committee to-day. Mr. Schreiber was examined. He gave the different changes which had been made in the work from time to time. The contract was first to be completed in December, 1882, and was extended to December, 1883. The money was paid the contractor was to get a bonus of \$10,000. The money was paid the contractors. The contract was again extended to 1894 and would not practically be completed till July, 1895. About \$100,000 would come to the work. E. M. Hamel, assistant engineer of public works, who has been suspended for holding back moneys collected by him, was next taken in hand by Davies. Gobeil, deputy minister of public works, explained that he did not know anything about it, although Hamel kept back over \$800 for two years, until such time as the money had been refunded. There was a somewhat similar absence of knowledge on the part of Coste, chief engineer, who was also examined. He thought he had done his duty when he told Hamel to make the amount good. Hamel is not in the department now.

The Royal Society elected officers this morning. Dr. Selwyn was elected president, Archbishop O'Brien, Halifax, vice president, Dr. Bourne secretary and James Fletcher treasurer.

## SOUND FIRES.

Extensive Fires Raging in the Vicinity of Tacoma.

Tacoma, May 17.—For a radius of fifteen miles in the neighborhood of Buckley, the forests are in flames, and here, at Tacoma, thirty-six miles and here, at Tacoma, thirty-six miles and here, at Tacoma, thirty-six miles. Nothing short of rain will check the flames. About 800 people reside at Buckley. At Lester several buildings have been burned and the fire is spreading in all directions. Ranchers to the number of nine have been burned and the inhabitants have been compelled to flee. Passengers report seeing the flames leaping up fire trees to a height of two hundred feet.

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Closing out sale tinware at Shore's hardware, 57 Johnson street. Come and see prices.

## TO-DAY'S CABLE DISPATCHES

Japan Refuses an Extension of Time to China to Hand Over Formosa.

Canadian Appeal Cases Before the Imperial Privy Council—The Decisions.

London, May 17.—The Duke of Hamilton and Brandon is dead at Algiers. A dispatch from the Hague reports that a severe snow storm has been raging along the coast of Holland for several days past. The sluices have been closed, large tracts of country have been submerged and the peasants in other districts have prepared to move their cattle and effects.

Cold weather accompanied by snow is reported from various parts of England and the continent.

A number of warehouses and factories, near the leather market, Bermondsey, covering 11½ acres of ground, have been burned. The loss is estimated at \$1,000,000.

S. S. Campania, Cunard line, which sails from Liverpool for New York tomorrow, will take \$200,000 in bar gold for the Belmont-Morgan syndicate.

A curious explosion took place to-day in a railroad carriage which was just arriving at the Walworth station of the London, Chatham and Dover railroad. An occupant of the carriage was badly injured and near him was found a brass cylinder nine inches long.

The parliamentary secretary of the colonial office, Mr. Sydney Buxton, replying in the House of Commons to-day to the Rt. Hon. Sir Charles Dilke, said that the relief works instituted by the government for the assistance of the sufferers in Newfoundland would only extend to the opening of the fishing season.

The Spanish steamer Gravina, bound from Antwerp for Lisbon, was lost off Capone during a typhoon and only two of those on board saved.

London, May 18.—The privy council has granted permission to the Attorney-General of Ontario to appeal from the decision of the supreme court of January, 1885, with reference to the Governor-General's action in regard to the liquor law.

The privy council has refused leave to appeal from the decision of the supreme court of Canada in the case of LeMoine vs. the city of Montreal in respect to a public park at Mount Royal.

A dispatch from Shanghai stated that China has asked Japan for an extension of time in which the former country is to hand over the island of Formosa to Japan pending the consideration of further proposals. Japan has declined the proposition.

A dispatch from Shanghai states that Prince Komatsu, commander in chief of the Japanese army, has left Port Arthur and returned to Japan. Only two out of the seven divisions of the Japanese army on Liao Tung peninsula will remain there. The other five divisions will return to Japan. The Japanese Imperial guard will be sent to the island of Formosa in order to quell disturbances there and occupy the territory for Japan according to the treaty of peace signed between China and Japan.

Admiral Kabayama has started for Formosa in order to take up his post as governor-general of that island.

The suspension of Japanese newspapers for commenting adversely upon the Liao Tung peninsula continues.

The Russian consul here states that torpedoes have been placed at the entrance to the harbor of Vladivostok, the Russian war port which forms the eastern terminus of the trans-Siberian railroad, and which is situated not far from the northern part of Korea.

A dispatch from Santiago de Chile says the building occupied by congress has been destroyed by fire. It is believed to be of incendiary origin.

Advices from Vienna announce that Count Goluchowski had an audience with the Emperor Francis Joseph to-day and was afterwards sworn in as Imperial minister for foreign affairs in succession to Count Kalnoky, whose resignation was accepted.

## CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

J. W. Brough to Contest North Bruce as a Prohibitionist.

Winnipeg, May 17.—A dispatch from St. Paul states that President Hill, of the Great Northern, has certainly acquiesced in the control of the Northern Pacific. Chesley, Ont., May 17.—J. W. Brough, of Toronto, the well known humorist, has been nominated as the independent prohibition candidate for the Commons in North Bruce.

Relief in Six Hours.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is of great success and delight on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary system. It is a sure cure for the retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by Hall & Co., druggists.

## ARMENIAN REFORMS

Plan of Reforms Submitted by the Powers.

Constantinople, May 16.—A note presented to the Sultan by the representatives of the powers respecting reform in Armenia comprises 25 closely written quarto pages. Among the measures preliminary to the reforms the note demands the appointment of a high commissioner, general amnesty for and release of all political prisoners, the revision of certain judgments, and the appointment of a commission to sit at Constantinople charged with the surveillance and application of the reforms, and working in concert with the high commissioner. The principal reforms demanded are that the governors and vice-governors (of Van, Erzerum, Sivas, Bitlis, Kharoot and Trebizonde be Christian or Mussulman, according to how the population of those places is divided. In any case the governor or vice-governor is to be a Christian.

The note also suggests that such officials should first be approved by the powers. In regard to finances, all the taxes are to be collected by local and not by state officials, and enough is to be retained before the money is forwarded to Constantinople to defray the cost of local administration. This is the exact opposite of the present system, by which all taxes are first sent to Constantinople, from which city but little money returns to Armenia. The judicial reforms proposed by the powers make radical changes in the present system, ensure proper trials, the surveillance of prisons and the total abolition of torture. The police is to be composed equally of Turks and Christians, and Kurds are still to be retained in the notorious Hamadian cavalry, but they are not to be allowed to have arms except during drill. Finally the government is to strictly enforce the laws against compulsory conversions to Islam. In many circles here it is contended that the foregoing reforms are quite inadequate and that the abuses complained of by the Armenians will soon recommence.

The Sultan read the note of the powers attentively, and his reception of it was not unfavorable. It is understood he recognized that the proposals do not compromise his sovereign rights. He has several conferences with various ambassadors, and in an audience with Baron Calice, the Austrian ambassador, the latter strongly urged the Sultan to acquiesce with the demands of the powers. The Sultan was not offended, and sent him a valuable present. His majesty appears to count on the moral support of Emperor William of Germany, to whom he has sent an autograph letter by Bertram Effendi, under secretary of the bureau of indirect taxation, who started for Berlin last Thursday.

THE PRAIRIE PROVINCE.

The Premier and Attorney-General Leave for Ottawa.

Winnipeg, May 16.—Premier Greenway and Attorney-General Sifton left to-day for Ottawa by the C. P. R. Being seen at the station before they departed, neither gentleman would speak at all to what was expected at Ottawa. Premier Greenway said that the whole matter was in such shape that there was really nothing for them to speak on. In due time the matter would be presented.

The first Manitoba crop report will be issued on June 1. It will show that the increase of this year is much larger than the average increase of past years. In fact farmers in some parts of the province will find difficulty in harvesting the grain if the crop is large.

Peter Macarthur, a pioneer of the Grassmere district, is dead.

The Winnipeg council will decline Hon. Mr. Daly's contribution of \$5,000 towards smallpox expenses. The aldermen think the government should contribute at least \$10,000.

The Bishop of Caledonia passed through Winnipeg to-day en route to Vancouver to attend the conference to select a Bishop of Westminster.

The Winnipeg electors by 600 majority to-day adopted a by-law authorizing the issuance of debentures for the erection of new city schools.

"BUCK" ENGLISH.

Highwayman Shot in California Well Known in British Columbia.

"Buck" English, the highwayman who was shot by a sheriff's posse in California while resisting arrest and was fatally wounded, is well known in British Columbia. He was generally looked upon as a hard character, although he never did anything in this province that would cause the police to be after him. Those who knew him, however, generally accounted for this by saying that he was afraid of British justice. It was known that he was wanted in either Colorado or Idaho, having ridden into British Columbia on horse back, and for many years keeping away from the States. He lived a wild life in the interior of British Columbia, making a living by working around the ranches and mines and generally losing his earnings at gambling.

In 1887 he started east with \$30,000 worth of opium, intending to take it across the line, but it was seized shortly after leaving Winnipeg. "Buck" left British Columbia after that and the next his old acquaintances heard from him was when he made the fight against the posse and was shot.

A gentleman who went to school with him at the old Catholic college at Williams Creek, tells many interesting stories of the desperate character of Buck English.

Spavins, Ringbones, etc. Cured by Dick's Blisters.

## THE TERMS OF UNION.

Mr. Foster Submits the Terms Offered Newfoundland to Parliament.

The Island Legislature Has Abandoned the Idea of Union With Canada.

Ottawa, May 16.—Hon. G. B. Foster to-day gave to parliament the basis of the annexation of Newfoundland as follows:

(1) Canada will assume the present debt of Newfoundland, \$8,350,000. Canada will assume an excess of debt over this amounting to \$2,000,000; to-wit: \$10,350,000, or equal to \$50 per head of her population of 207,000. On the excess of \$2,000,000 Canada will pay interest at 5 per cent. per annum half yearly.

(2) Canada will pay as a yearly allowance to Newfoundland the following sums: Allowance for legislation, \$50,000; subsidy of 80 cents per head of her population up to 400,000, which at the present population of 207,000 equals \$83,800; the payments to be made on the population of each decennial census after union; allowance for crown lands and rights of minerals and metals and timber therein and thereon, \$150,000; interest at 5 per cent. on \$2,000,000 excess of debt, \$100,000; total, \$483,800.

(3) Canada will maintain all that class of services in Newfoundland which fall under the head of general or Dominion services. These comprise: Governor's salary, customs, excise, savings banks, public works (of an administrative character), crown lands, administration of justice, postoffice, steamship services, marine and lighthouses, fisheries, penitentiaries, weights and measures and gas inspection, arts, agriculture and statistics, quarantine and immigration, insurance inspection, geological surveys.

(4) Canada is to maintain the steamship services, passenger and mail communication, in at least as efficient a manner as at present as follows: Between the mainland and Newfoundland, between Newfoundland and Great Britain, and the coasting steam service east and west, between Labrador and Newfoundland.

(5) In lieu of expenditure on militia in Newfoundland, until such time as parliament may deem it necessary to introduce a more general militia system, Canada will grant \$40,000 annually towards the maintenance of a police constabulary. The men to be as efficiency, equipment and discipline up to the standards approved by the minister of militia. This force is to be at the disposal of the Dominion government for use anywhere in Canada in cases of general and serious emergency.

St. John's, Nfld., May 16.—The terms of confederation submitted to the legislature will undoubtedly be rejected when a vote is taken. So far as the proposals go both sides have substantially agreed. Accept as regards the completion of the railway and the assumption of the public debt of the colony to the extent of \$5,350,000, and to pay interest of 5 per cent. on \$2,000,000 more. Newfoundland, therefore, would have to shoulder the \$5,350,000 required to finish the railroad, thus necessitating a yearly additional interest charge of \$200,000 more.

The intervention of the British government was sought by Canada to help make the terms satisfactory to Newfoundland and to pass a measure settling the French shore question; but England declined to intervene, consequently Canada advanced her terms to the extent of offering \$8000 a mile towards the unfinished portion of the railroad. The Newfoundland delegates insisted that Canada should finish the line, so the negotiations were broken off. Apparently the only alternative left Newfoundland is to become a crown colony, because it is impossible to meet the obligations maturing at the end of June, unless financial assistance is obtained abroad, which is considered very unlikely.

London, May 16.—The Times will tomorrow print a dispatch from St. John's, Newfoundland, which says that union with Canada has been abandoned. Premier Whiteley is willing to accept a royal commission to examine into finances only.

"In the life to come," shouted the evangelist, "there will be no marrying or giving in marriage."

Those who were sitting near the Chicago woman heard a low cry of horror as she arose from her seat.

"In that event," she munched, "I've got no time to be monkeying here."

Bartholdi the great Sculptor of the Statue of Liberty.

writes of VIN MARIANI

THE IDEAL TONIC: "Vin Mariani increases and strengthens all our faculties."

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B Eddy's "Canad-Matches (will light box) or

B. Eddy's "Favorite" rior Matches, secure any danger of fire

small sliding boxes.

toria.

## NICARAGUA.

Engineers Have Arrived at Greytown.

Nicaragua, via Galveston, The Nicaraguan government has received its contract with the Steamship company. The 3-

calls for an additional month to Corinto to carry imi-

three-fourths the ordinary rate. ment grants the steamship

subsidy of 5000 soles annu- ministers from Guatemala

for have been officially receiv-

rd of engineers appointed by States government to investi-

report upon the route of the interoceanic canal between the Pacific, through Nicaragua, at Greytown, San Juan del

quantity of electric light wire and Leon from Europe for con-

electric light system. This system of this description to

THE ROYAL CITY.

Disposed of at the Assize Court.

Westminster, May 17.—The Fisheries has received instruc-

to enforce the offal regulations

izes was virtually concluded through one case, that of Regina

erie, for fraudulent disposal of her mortgage, remains to be

ay before His Honor Judge the case of John Jordan, for

William Goudy, the jury a verdict of common assault

commendation to mercy. The justice sentenced the prisoner to

his imprisonment at hard labor or in default of such security

given to suffer an additional twelve months imprisonment.

case of Denier, for burglariously a slaughter house and stealing

jury found a verdict of not the prisoner was discharged.

the v. Wilkinson, for shooting at to murder, the jury returned

of guilty of shooting with in- grievous bodily harm. The

was sentenced to ten years in military.

the v. Lobb, for shooting at M. on board the steamer Stella, a

empanelled before plea to try her's sanity. After hearing the

of Drs. Bodington and Wilson, under the direction of the court,

prisoner to be insane and unal. The court ordered him to

until the pleasure of the at-Governor be known.

rrh in the Head

dangerous disease because it is to result in loss of hearing or

or develop into consumption, the following:

My wife has been a sufferer from for the past four years and the

and gone so far that her eyesight acted so that for nearly a year

unable to read for more than five at a time. She suffered severe

the head and at times was almost ed. About Christmas, she com-

taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and at time has steadily improved.

taken six bottles of Hood's Sar- and is on the road to a complete

cannot speak too highly of Hood's Sarsa- and I cheerfully recommend

H. FUSSEER, Newmarket, Ontario.

d's Sarsaparilla

Is the Only

Blood Purifier

ently in the public eye today.

's Pills cure habitual constipa-

tion. Price 25c. per box.