

Telegraphic News.

Ottawa, Jan. 23.
The following are the Government men elected: Young, Pelletier, Cartwright, Gill, Pouliot, Lantier, Casgrain, Galbraith, Laflamme, Croteau and Thibault. Jett, Desjardins, Delorme, Fournier, the P. M. General, Stenhouse, Harwood, Langlois, McDonoghue.
The members of the Opposition elected by acclamation are: Colby, Brooks, Olinette, Independent, Pinsonault.
Huntington is taken into the Cabinet as President of the Council.

London, Jan. 23.
A large cotton factory in Glasgow was burned last night, loss £150,000.
Four thousand operatives are thrown out of employment.

Paris, Jan. 23.
Flags are displayed from the public and private buildings in honor of the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh, Windsor Castle, Sandringham, and other buildings, occupied by the Royal family are profusely decorated with bunting, and throughout the entire country bells are ringing in honor of the nuptials.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 23.
The marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh to the Grand Duchess Maria was solemnized at one o'clock this afternoon. The day is observed as a holiday, salutes fired, and the streets crowded with people. The festivities will continue several days. The city is gaily decorated, and will be illuminated at night. Saturday and Sunday nights. On Monday a grand military review will take place in front of the Winter Palace, the troops participating will consist of 41 battalions of Infantry, 37 squadrons cavalry and an artillery force of 140 guns.

The weather is delightful; sleighing splendid.
Ottawa, Jan. 24.
J. B. Lewis, ex-M. P., who has been suffering from peritonitis for some time died this afternoon.

Shortly after Parliament meets Dorion will be appointed Chief Justice of Quebec.

London, Jan. 23.
Parliament is dissolved by royal decree.

Premier Gladstone issued an address to his constituents at Greenwich, asking for a re-election, and announcing that the Queen had been pleased to accept the advice of her Ministers to dissolve the present Parliament immediately, and to summon a new one, to meet on 5th March, 1874.

In his address, Gladstone gave as a reason for this measure, that since the defeat of the Government upon the Irish Higher Education question, by concurrent efforts of the leader of the Opposition and the Catholic prelate in Ireland, the Government has not been possessed of sufficient authority to carry out great legislative measures.

The advantage of a dissolution at the present moment is that the estimates are so far advanced that the Government is able to promise a surplus of £5,000,000 sterling, with which it intends to abolish the income tax and to relieve local taxation.

Among the matters likely to come before Parliament are the re-adjustment of the Educational Act, improvement of the Local Government, and of Land, Game and Liquor Laws.

London, Jan. 24.
Whitby Abbey has been badly destroyed by fire.

The Pope is again reported ill.
The quarrel between Gambetta and Haet Jans is settled, both parties withdrawing the offensive expressions.

English festivities are generally postponed until the arrival of the bride couple. Expecting by special services, salutes and peals of bells, London took little notice. The provinces manifested a greater joy. In most of the provincial towns there were banquets, processions, peals of bells, bonfires and gatherings.

Edinburgh was brilliantly illuminated.

New York, Jan. 24.
No lives were lost by the wreck of the "Panthier," reported yesterday.

The bulk of a burning and abandoned vessel named the "Willie Cox," was passed in mid ocean.

A great amount of stock and movable property has been swept away by a freshet prevailing in the Province of Quebec.

Gold 111 1/2.

Ottawa, Jan. 26.
It is rumored to-night that the Governor-General commences his resignation on the ground of Huntington's appointment to the Cabinet while an action for swindling is pending against him in the British Chancery Court.

New York, Jan. 26.
The Grammar School connected with Bishop's College at Lenoxville, Canada, was burned yesterday.

The boys attending narrowly escaped with their lives. Loss \$35,000.

Intelligence has just been received of the death of Dr. Livingston in the interior of Africa. He died of dysentery. His body has been embalmed and is being conveyed to England, by way of Zanzibar.

The Pope has recovered from his recent indisposition.

New York, Jan. 23.
The fishing schooner "Franklin Rogers," of Chatham, captured in a recent east of Boston Light yesterday afternoon. The captain and two of the crew were drowned—others rescued.

The weather is the coldest of the season. Gold 111 1/2.

Sending Trees from New Brunswick to Manitoba.

Ice has been shipped from America to China; even Australia and Canada have

dared to supply in part with beef, the market of Great Britain, but it has remained for a progressive farmer of King's County, New Brunswick, to be the introduced into Manitoba soil of our native evergreen Spruce, Fir, Pine, Hemlock, &c.

The gentleman referred to, Mr. Lester Stockton, mailed in the spring of 1872 an assortment of the evergreens above named which after a nine weeks journey were planted, grew and flourished.

The appearance of these trees in a part of Manitoba where evergreens were hitherto unknown at once attracted the attention of all observers, and since that date Mr. Stockton has received several orders.

HOPE FOR THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—For several years past the Sandwich Islands have been looking up, the later monarchs having each of them offered many inducements to their white brethren to come and reside among them, bringing with them the arts of peace and civilization. It is said King Lunaliili is now in the last stages of consumption, indeed may even now be dead, but that he probably succeeded as a believer in national progress than any one who has preceded him. This chief Kalakana, has written a letter to one of the Honolulu papers breathing a very liberal spirit and showing a marked friendliness to foreigners. He says: "Let them come and bring with them money and skill to develop the resources of the country. Here, as in the freest and strongest nation in the world all men will be protected in their rights under civilized law."

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JAN. 28, 1874.

ELECTION CARDS.—The Cards of John McAdam and A. H. Gillmor, Esqs., are published in another column. Both gentlemen are well known to the constituency of Charlotte; their respective merits have been canvassed, and it is probable the freeholder's minds are made up, as to "which of the two to choose." It will answer no good purpose to drag in side issues into the contest. The simple matter is, to decide which is the most competent man. The great cry last election was—"Send a man in accord, and who will support the Government."—It is of no use to elect a man who will not work with and for the Government. This being the case then, the same argument will apply with equal force now. Mr. McAdam says he "will support all good measures by this or any other government." Mr. Gillmor says, "I will give the present Government a fair and generous support." Decide between the two, gentlemen. We await your decision.

THE ELECTIONS.—John Pickard, Esq., has been re-elected in York, for the Dominion Parliament by acclamation. Lucky man,—this is the third time he has been elected by acclamation.

In St. John political affairs are rather mixed up. A want of a little forbearance, has led to a change of programme. The nomination took place on Saturday, when the Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs; A. L. Palmer, John V. Ellis, were nominated for the City and County; and J. S. Boies DeVeber, W. B. Wallace, and Geo. W. Day, were nominated for the City. All the candidates addressed the electors, and a fine old time they had, with the thermometer down to a cold point. Hon. Mr. Willis and Mr. Elder were called for, and addressed the people. The affair passed off pleasantly, and on Wednesday next, three of the candidates will be left at home to pursue the even tenor of their way, while the three fortunate men will prepare themselves for taking their places in Parliament.

Hon. A. J. Smith, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, was elected by acclamation in Westmorland, on Monday, and no doubt, the Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs, will be returned by a large majority, to-day. Ere the week closes, it is probable the Ministry will be re-elected. The only danger to be apprehended is, that the majority for the Government will be greater than is required, and yet, in what other way can the people show that they condemned the conduct of the late Government in the Pacific Railway affair, than by electing the candidates who approve of and will support the present Administration. We do not believe that an out and out supporter, who proclaimed himself as such, of the Macdonald government, could be elected in any County in the Province.

STEAMBOAT WHARF COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the St. Andrews Steamboat Wharf Company was held on the 13th inst., when the following persons were re-elected Directors for the ensuing year:—

J. W. Street, W. Whitlock, H. Osburn, H. O'Neill, T. Hipwell, J. S. Magee.

At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, J. W. Street was re-elected President, and W. Whitlock, Secretary and Treasurer.

LECTURE.—To-morrow, Thursday evening, Edward Jack, Esq., has kindly consented to deliver his interesting lecture on "Forest life in New Brunswick," in the Church Sunday School room, at 8 o'clock, in this place. From the notices of this lecture, in the Fredericton papers, it appears the subject was ably handled, as no doubt it would be, as Mr. Jack's experiences of "forest life," are not surpassed if equaled by any one in the Province; in addition to which he is fully competent to invest the subject with a degree of interest, not attainable by many. We trust the room will be filled on Thursday evening.

FIRE.—The Presbyterian Manse at St. Stephen was badly damaged by fire on Sunday night. The house and furniture were insured.

G. C. Grammar School.

On Wednesday last, we briefly noticed the examination of this school held that morning; but as the proceedings were interesting, and it being Mr. Sills' last day as Master of the School, he having resigned the position; in justice to himself and the pupils, we enter more at length into a notice of the Grammar School.

There were present, Dr. Ketchum, President of the Board, J. R. Bradley, Esq., one of the Directors, Messrs. Hatheway and O'Neill, Trustees, Rev. W. J. Foley, P.P., Rev. C. Lockhart, and other gentlemen, the popular teacher of Advanced No. 1, Mr. Vroom, and the lady teachers of the Schools, and others.

The classes were examined in Latin, Greek, French and English studies; the classes in Horace and Xenophon, acquitted themselves with great credit, the reading, grammar, history ancient and modern, geography, arithmetic and dictation were also very fair, and showed marked progress, the examiners having expressed themselves as well pleased with the examination. At the close, a most pleasing and complimentary duty was performed. Two of the boys came forward with a pleasant surprise for their teacher—an address, accompanied with two richly bound volumes of poems. The following is a copy of the address:—

MR. SILLS.—As you are about to leave us, we the undersigned pupils of your school, beg you to accept this small gift, as a token of our gratitude and goodwill to you, for your kindness to us. We are very sorry that you are now leaving us, and hope that you will meet with every success in the field of labour on which you are about to enter. You may feel assured that you carry with you the best wishes of the undersigned for your future welfare.

Signed by all the pupils.
Mr. Sills in his verbal reply, thanked the pupils for the pleasant surprise they had given him, and for the expressions of goodwill contained in their Address. Alluding to the moral status of the school, he said that during the two years he had had charge of the school, not once had he found it necessary to correct any of the pupils for quarrelling among themselves,—not once had he had occasion to punish a boy for falsehood, and during the same time in his intercourse with the boys on the playground and elsewhere, he had never heard a word uttered by any of them, that would offend the most delicate ear. Thanking them for the respect they had always shown him, and expressing his regret at leaving them, with a few other remarks, he bid them all Good-bye.

The Chairman, Rev. Dr. Ketchum, addressed the pupils in an eloquent and feeling manner, observing that it was with feelings of satisfaction and regret, that he brought the proceedings of the morning to a close. He was glad to find the result of the examination so commendable, but he was sorry that the present teacher must leave us. The School had been greatly favored, and a high character established for it, by the ability of its Masters. From his former connection with the University and Schools at Fredericton, he claimed the right to judge in this case. He wished now to say publicly, that since he had as Chairman of the Board assisted in the work of the school, the several masters have performed their duties with zeal, efficiency, and strict impartiality. Evidence of this was afforded in the positions of trust and importance now held by many who received their early training here; and by the respect and affection shown by the pupils and their parents.

To maintain this school in an efficient state, is a matter of great importance. Young men of sound education and good character can readily obtain situations of trust and emolument. An education such as has been afforded here, is well fitted for advancement in any calling in life. In the position which, for several years he, the Chairman, had been obliged to fill, it had been his endeavor, amid many hindrances, to aid the teachers in their work, and to secure the comfort and improvement of the scholars. Probably soon, by an alteration in the law, he would be relieved from these responsibilities. He trusted that whoever had the future management of the school, would be able to secure the service of masters as efficient in every respect, as those who have preceded them.

The Rev. Mr. Foley, who assisted in the examination, declined making any observations, having so recently become a resident of the town.

The Rev. C. Lockhart said that he felt satisfied with the examination, but wished the young ladies had spoken a little louder. It was his first visit to the school, which he was pleased to see well adapted for the purpose, and that the pupils had acquitted themselves so creditably; and hoped that as the present teacher was about to leave them, they would soon have another, and that they would continue to be diligent and attentive to their studies.

Mr. Smith made a few remarks complimenting Mr. Sills for having brought on the pupils so well; that he had frequently visited the Grammar and other schools during the year which has passed, and he was satisfied that a better examination had not been held than the one just closed. Mr. Sills had done his duty to the pupils, and he trusted, that his successor would prove as successful a teacher as he had done. He expressed the hope, that Mr. Sills might be as successful in winning souls, as he had been in teaching school.

C. E. O. Hatheway, Esq., Senior Trustee, next addressed the school, in his usual effective style, stating that the examination had given him much satisfaction—that it was a credit to Mr. Sills and the pupils. For the past two years the school had been worked under the School Act, and he had had frequent opportunity, in his duty as Trustee, to witness its working; and it gave him pleasure to endorse the remarks of the Chairman in reference to the progress of the school during that period, and that his co-trustees also expressed themselves pleased with work done by Mr. Sills,

and had hoped to retain his services; but other duties preventing, the school, he regretted to say, would have to be closed for a short time, which would cause increased trouble to the Trustees, and be a loss to the scholars. The Board had made every effort to secure a Teacher in place of Mr. Sills, but so far had not been successful, they hoped, however, that a competent master would soon be engaged to carry on the work.

Upon retiring the pupils gave three hearty cheers, for the School, the Board, and their late Teacher.

THE WEATHER.—The alternations from warmth to extreme cold in this climate are something remarkable. Saturday was mild and warm, during the night snow fell, but the wind blew strongly from the N.W. the snow ceased falling, and the thermometer fell rapidly to zero. On Monday and early on Tuesday morning, it registered 17 below 0. Some indicated 20 below; at any rate it was bitterly cold. The St. Croix was frozen as far down as the Devils Head; the Tug however, after much labor cut her way from the Ledge. The mercury at St. Stephen was 27 below 0. Snow commenced falling last night, sleighs and sleds are now used, and the weather is milder.

A Cable despatch announces the death of that celebrated explorer and scientific man, Dr. Livingstone, in Africa. His remains are embalmed and on their way to England.

THE MARITIME TRADE REVIEW, edited by Mr. Jones, of St. John, has been received, and from a hasty glance at its contents, we believe should be largely patronized by merchants, traders, manufacturers, and farmers also. Price \$1 per an

Hon. J. A. Beckwith will shortly be elevated to the Legislative Council. He is worthy of the honor,—if it is such.

Railway Legislation.
The question as to how far Congress shall interfere with the management of the great commonwealth of the country, has now come directly before the House, and a long discussion is inevitable. The subject is brought up by the report submitted Tuesday by the Committee on Railways and Canals, upon the House bill. It presents amendments thereto in the nature of a substitute and recommends its passage. The bill asserts the right and duty of Congress to regulate interstate commerce as carried on by railroads and prescribes as one of the regulations thereof, that charges for carrying freight and passengers shall in all cases be fair and reasonable and provides suitable penalties for the infringement of this regulation. The report claims that section eight, article first, of the Constitution of the United States, confers in express terms of the power to legislate in this behalf and claims that its expediency is beyond question.

SMALL POX IN MONTREAL.—The "Witness" reveals an alarming state of things at Montreal in regard to this terrible scourge. It says:—"Small pox is spreading throughout the city. Fourteen deaths are chronicled during last week, and the number of patients is larger than can well be accommodated in the pest ward of the Montreal General Hospital. Under these circumstances, while fresh cases are reported in the neighborhood of St. Antoine street, and in other parts of the city, it urged on the authorities of the Hotel Dieu, that the welfare of the city and the instincts of humanity demand that they open their doors to small pox patients as well as others. The great city of Montreal appears to be altogether at the mercy of the great corporations in its midst."

THE POLISH EXILES IN SIBERIA.—Polish convicts in Siberia maintain an excellent reputation, with very few exceptions. In general the exiled Poles are settlers, and, as such, instead of being condemned to hard labor, they are free to do as they like, so long as they remain in the locality to which they are assigned. There are very few of them who do not become useful, industrious members of society. Almost every one learns some trade, and seeks to become skillful in it. "Polish work" in Siberia means superior workmanship. Recently a proposition has been made that the Poles whose conduct has been satisfactory should be allowed to go back to their native country, provided they can return at their own expense, find the means of subsistence at home, and the head of the administration of their native district has no objection to their return.

Mrs. PAREPA ROSA died in London last week. Little is yet known of the cause of her death, as the telegram is silent upon that head. She had met with an accident on Christmas Day, and it is supposed that she has succumbed to it. Mrs. Rosa was born in Edinburgh in 1839. Her father was the Baron G. De Boyesku, of Bucharest, her mother, Miss Seguin, sister of the great lasso. When only 18, Parepa-Rosa made her appearance on the stage, and up to the time of her death, her career has been one continued success.

The manner in which the trees are sent is worthy of mention. Mr. S. selects the most thrifty, but smallest specimens to be found, which are put up in packages of one hundred and fifty plants, weighing four pounds when mailed, the postage on each bundle being one dollar.—[Express.

Mr. R. Robinson, M.P.P. gave the York County Council, during its recent session, a dinner at the Barker House, Fredericton, at which were present a number of other invited guests; they all enjoyed themselves. Mr. R. takes an excellent method of keeping up an acquaintance with representative men from all

parts of the County, and preserving their good will.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
Jan. 27, Alice C. Fox, Row, Hoochbay, bal. CLARENCE.
Jan. 23, Daisy, Maloney, Portland, 1800 sleepers, R. Ross.

ST. MARKS, HAVILL Dec. 30.—Rqs. Hesperus, Waycott, loading for Europe. All well.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick, for the passage of an Act to Divide the Parish of St. Andrews, and to form a new Parish.

To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—As the Dominion Parliament has been dissolved, you will soon be called upon to choose a representative. Having been requested by my friends in different parts of the County to become a Candidate at the approaching Election, I have consented to do so, and it is my impression that apart from any unfair influence a majority of you will vote for me. Did I not really entertain this opinion I would not offer.

If I should be the successful candidate, I will use my best endeavors to have this Dominion governed wisely and well. I shall be careful to ask for this locality all we are justly entitled to, and will be satisfied with nothing less. I believe the present Government intend to legislate honestly and fairly for the public good, and conduct its public business economically. I fully endorse the course pursued by the Opposition in the late Parliament in dealing with the Pacific Scandal, and condemn the conduct of the Macdonald Government, and all who sustain it, in that transaction.

With the exception of I have no legislation in saying that if I am elected I will give the present Government a fair and generous support. Thanking you for the handsome vote you gave me on the last occasion, and trusting that you may largely increase it this time, I remain, Yours Respectfully, A. H. GILLMOR, JR.

St. George, 13th January, 1874.

To the Electors of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN, Parliament being dissolved, I will again be a candidate for your suffrage. If elected, I will look after the best interest of this county and the Dominion generally, and will support all good measures brought in by this Government or any other Government. Yours truly, JOHN MCADAM.

Debentures for Sale.

THE TRUSTEES OF SCHOOLS, ST. ANDREWS, District No. One, offer for sale Debentures in sums of \$100 to \$500, secured on the credit of the District. Jan. 21, 1874.

Steam Service.

North Shore.

SEALED TENDERS will also be received at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Public Works, Fredericton, until February 1st, 1874, from persons willing to place a good and serviceable passenger and freight Steamer during the Navigation Season of 1874, once a week on the route between St. John and Campbellton, calling at Richibucto, Chatham, Newcastle, Carleton Place, and Dalhousie.

The Department will not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender for either of the above services.

W. M. KELLY, Secy 24 Chief Commissioner of Public Works.

MORRISON'S HOTEL,

Corner Water and Edward Sts., St. Andrews.

THE Subscriber thankful for the support which he has received, respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his large HOUSE, corner of Water and Edward Streets, for the reception of Travellers & Restaurant Boarders, and hopes by strict attention to business, and efforts to please, to obtain a share of public patronage.

The table will be supplied with the best market affords, and the rooms are furnished in good style, warm, and well ventilated. Particular attention given to getting up DINNERS and SUPPERS.

He also keeps on hand, the best Wines, Brandy, Whiskies, &c. Connected with the House is a large and well arranged Stable, within abundance of Hay, Oats, &c.

W. MORRISON.

St. Andrews, Jan. 14, 1874.

Notice.

IS hereby given, that an application will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of the Province of New Brunswick, for the passage of an Act authorizing the Justice of the Peace for the County of Charlotte to establish a Police Force in the Town of Saint Andrews, and to order an Assessment annually upon the inhabitants of the said Town for payment thereof.

January 6, 1874.

NOTICE.

As I am winding up my business in this place, as soon as practicable, all persons owing me will please settle at an early date.

Dec 23, 1873. W. B. MORRIS.