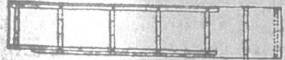


THE FARMER'S CORNER.

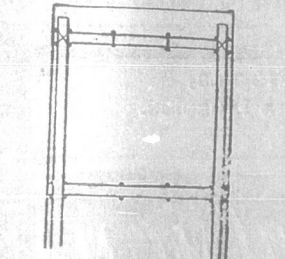
TIMELY INFORMATION OF VALUE TO CANADIAN AGRICULTURISTS.

To the Farm Boys' Inning this Week, and Some Space is Devoted to Describing the Making of a Toboggan for Their Benefit.

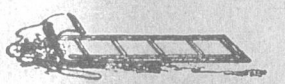
The following is a description of a Toboggan with sketches. Toboggans were first made by the Indians, who used them because they cover much snow, and thus support a very heavy weight without breaking the crust or pressing into the soft snow. They are very light to handle, as one six feet long, eighteen inches wide and three-eighths inch in thickness, weighs only twelve or fifteen pounds. They chiefly are made in Canada, where they are much used for coasting. I have had some experience with them and will relate it. I had an oak



board, seven feet long and fifteen inches wide, planed down to three-eighths of an inch thick, but would have preferred one a foot longer and three inches wider. I soaked about two feet of one end in hot water until flexible, and then bent it around a round block of wood about a foot in diameter and fastened it so as to make a curve about three-quarters of a circle, leaving it to dry and harden. For an eight-foot board there should be seven cross pieces as long as the sled is wide, and about thirteen inches apart, and two side pieces running from the

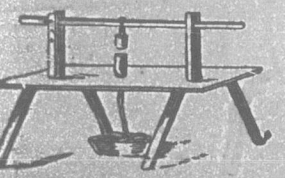


back of the sled to about two feet from the front. These should be fastened over the ends of the cross pieces. My cross pieces were made of hickory sticks worked about three-quarters of an inch square, and the side pieces of a straight hickory stick of about the same width, split in two. To fasten them on, the first cross piece should be laid down at least an inch from the back, and then the holes marked for fastening it on, four at each end and two at one-third the width of the board from each side. Do the same thing for each cross piece, and bore the holes. I used a small gimlet, and fastened



tened on the strips with copper wire. When all the holes are bored, turn the board bottom side up and cut grooves between the pairs of holes and parallel to the sides, for the binding wire or cord to fit into so as not to be cut by snow or ice to stop the sled. All the cross pieces are fastened by the holes nearest the center except the front one, which is attached to the opposite side from the others, so that when the board is bent over it will be on the upper side. It is well to have the second cross piece from the front end made a little longer than the width of the sled to fasten the line to draw it by. The side pieces, or raves, are fastened on over the ends of the cross sticks. These are tied to the cross sticks through the four holes beneath so as to hold the cross pieces as well as the raves firmly. The bottom, as soon as removal from the log, is tightly tied to the sled cross piece with wire or strips of leather, always leaving the knots or twists on the upper side, and if wire so that the ends will not catch the clothes. The drawing rope is fastened to the second cross piece and your sled is ready for the snow. Oak board is best, but if not available, hickory or ash will do. Never take a dry or well-seasoned board, as it will for it is sure to crack in bending. This sled is steered with a strong stick four feet long, pointed at each end, held in front.

Home-Made Sausage-Filling Press.
The following is a sketch and description of a simple bench and lever arrangement to be used with the common sausage filler.

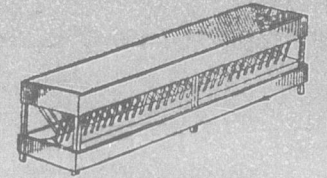


A SAUSAGE FILLER, which lightens the work so much that even a small boy can use it with ease, and any person can get up the whole apparatus at home with little or no expense. An inch thick pine board, a foot wide and four and a quarter feet long, is fitted with four legs, two and a half feet long, notched into its edges, with the feet spread outward to give firmness. Two oak standards, eighteen inches high, are set thirty-four inches apart, with a slot down the middle of each for the admission of an oak lever eight feet long. The left upright has three or four holes above each other for the lever pin, as shown in the engraving. The tin filler is set into the bench nearest the left upright, and the lever below for receiving the skins. Above the filler is a follower fitting closely into it and its top working very loosely in the lever to allow full play as it moves up and down. The engraving shows the parts and mode of working.

Clover for Sheep.
Clover hay is one of the best foods for sheep. Sheep that are old and out of condition will improve surprisingly on clover hay, and sometimes become quite fleshy. Clover hay is the richest in nutriment of any hay produced on the farm, yet it will not hurt the sheep, as much as hardgrass hay. Clover hay should always be retained at home and fed out to the sheep or cows. It should be raised more extensively on farms generally, as it improves the condition of the land and is rich in nutriment for all kinds of stock.

A Sheep Rack.
A valued correspondent sends us a sketch of a sheep rack, the dimensions of which are: length twelve feet, width two feet nine inches, and high three feet. The materials are: ten boards twelve feet long, eight of them ten inches wide, one seven

inches wide, and one eight inches wide; four boards two feet nine inches long and twelve inches wide; six posts three by four inches, three feet long; sixty-four slats, sixteen inches long and one inch square; and two strips twelve feet long, and two-and-a-half inches wide. Nail the two narrower boards in the shape of a trough, turn it bottom up, and draw a line through the middle of each side. Set the dividers to four and a half inches, and mark along the lines for holes with a three-quarter-inch bit, and bore the narrow strips to match. Set the slats into the trough, and fasten the strips on their upper ends. Nail two of the boards to the posts on each side,



as seen in the sketch, and also the short boards on the ends. Lay in a floor one foot from the ground, and set in the trough as shown in the above engraving. Fit a board from the slats up to the top of the outside of the frame. The floor need not cover the middle under the trough.

ICE.
Farmers, Make Your Own House and Save Your Own Ice.

A correspondent of the Cultivator urges farmers to save ice for themselves. The last summer's experience of the ice companies will serve as a warning to many in the country who have all the convenience and chances for keeping their own ice. There is no reason why a small ice-house should not be attached to every farm-house of any reasonable size. The need of ice for general farm purposes in the summer is so great now that one cannot well afford to buy all of the ice necessary for use. Ice-houses can easily be constructed, and at very little cost, and where much ice is consumed for dairy purposes the saving from such a convenience will soon pay for the cost. Ice-houses have been looked upon too much in the light of luxuries, but the day is coming when they will be considered necessities. The best plan of constructing ice-houses is on the co-operative scheme. Half a dozen farmers in one locality should construct one on shares, and then all will be in the same way. The outlay of money and time will then be very small and the real cost of ice in the summer months practically nothing.

An icehouse built on the co-operative plan would have the advantage of those built by single individuals, in being better constructed and a better ice-preservative for a large amount of money. Like all other co-operative enterprises of this nature, the individual would receive larger dividends for his invested capital than is put in an enterprise all by itself. Where ice is a necessary commodity in the summer time it would pay a small co-operative company of farmers to go to the extra expense of digging a pond for this purpose if no sheet of fresh water is in the locality. The outlay here will be somewhat heavy at first, but such a pond could be made to pay by utilizing the water in the summer time for irrigation purposes and in the winter for gathering ice. The icehouse should have double walls, packed with sawdust, and the outside wall should be light and the building banked so that the air cannot have access to the ice from below. Good drainage should also be had. The final covering should not be put on after the house is filled with ice, but at very cold days. The more cold that can be shut up in the icehouse the better will the ice keep. The best covering for ice is the best non-conductor, and fleecy woolen blankets, if not so expensive, would be the best covering that could be obtained. Sawdust, however, is nearly as good and much cheaper, and this should be put on from 12 to 15 inches thick. The first layer of dust becomes saturated with water and thus becomes a good conductor of heat, and so it is necessary to continue putting it on until there is a good layer of absolutely dry sawdust.

When a Farmer Should Retire.
At what age should a farmer retire from active work? He is fortunate who is able to use his own discretion in answering this question, and who is not forced to plod on after labor becomes doubly irksome. But it is still better if the farmer who feels himself unable to do full labor retires, and gives up his own discretion in answering this question, and who is not forced to plod on after labor becomes doubly irksome. But it is still better if the farmer who feels himself unable to do full labor retires, and gives up his own discretion in answering this question, and who is not forced to plod on after labor becomes doubly irksome.

A Ladder Quickly and Cheaply Made.
A good strong but light ladder on every farm is at most indispensable, and two or three of different sizes are generally desirable. Where a better one is not available, one can be improvised in an hour or so that will answer for many purposes. For the main support use a scantling of any desired or available length, and three by four inches thick—the size depends on the kind of timber and its strength, and the length of ladder required. Across this nail at the desired intervals, strips ten or twelve inches long, two or three inches wide, and an inch thick. Three or four strong nails should be driven in, each one of the several steps, to give strength and safety. A cross piece on the upper end and two side braces (as shown in the illustration) will prevent such a ladder from turning on its axis. If not needed longer the steps and braces can be quickly knocked off, and the ladder turned to account otherwise.

As Parnele's Vegetable Pills contain Mandrake and Dandelion, they cure Liver and Kidney Complaints with unerring certainty. They also contain Roots and Herbs which have specific virtues truly wonderful in their action on the stomach and bowels. Mr. E. A. Cairncross, Shaker, writes: "I consider Parnele's Pills an excellent remedy for Biliousness and Derangement of the liver, having used them myself for some time."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

How to Drink Milk.
Why milk is "distressing" to so many people, as they commonly complain, lies in the method of drinking it. Milk should never be taken too quickly, or too much at one swallow. If a glass of it is swallowed hastily, it enters into the stomach and then forms one solid, curdled mass, difficult of digestion. If, on the other hand, the same quantity is sipped, and three minutes at least are occupied in drinking it, then on reaching the stomach it is divided, and proper digestion is obtained, as well as a most nutritious effect.

Dust carved furniture with a new paint brush, which will find the dust in the deepest of the work.

A Sensible Man.
Would you keep's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It's curing more cases of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The proprietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large Bottles 50c and \$1.

What animal never grows old? The guinea.
The Key Stone.
Regular action of the bowels is the key stone of health. The use of B. B. B. insures it and cures constipation, dyspepsia, etc.

Miss F. Williams, 425 Bloor Street, Toronto, writes: "Have used your Blood Bitters for constipation and pain in the head with great success. I improved from the second dose."
What animal is used for weight? The ounce.
C. R. Hall, Grayville, Ill., says: "I have sold at retail price since the 4th of December last 150 bottles of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, guaranteeing every bottle. I must say I never sold a medicine in my life that gave such universal satisfaction. In my own case, with a badly Ulcerated Throat, after a physician prescribing it for several days to no effect, the Electric Oil cured it thoroughly in twenty-four hours, and in threatening croup in my children this winter it never failed to relieve almost instantly."

From what country did cats come? Persia.
Keep off the Claps.
Wet wintry weather causes chapped hands, sore throat, croup, colds, pain in the chest, swollen tonsils, for which a certain cure exists in Hayward's Yellow Oil, the best pain expeller for internal or external use. Keep it on hand in case of emergencies. Every bottle is a little giant in curative power.

Where is happiness found? In the dictionary.
Minard's Liniment for Sale everywhere.
Where are mules most at home? In Bray-zil.
All Over the Dominion.
Lachlin McNeil, Mabon, C. B.—Rheumatism.
J. D. Bortiller, French Village, N. S.—Diphtheria.
J. F. Cunningham, Cape Island, N. S.—Croup.
Chas. Plummer, Yarmouth, N. S.—Loss of Voice.
R. W. Harrison, Glamis, Ont.—Lame Arm.
T. W. Payne, Bathurst, N. B.—Horse.
C. A. Garcon, Rose Blanche, N.B.—General use.
They testify to the benefits derived from MINARD'S LINIMENT. Write and ask them.

Where are cows most plentiful? In the Caucasus.
When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Why is a cat's tail like the earth? It is fur to the end.
Advice to Mothers.—Are you distressed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Do not stop at it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

What kin is the doorman to the door? It is a step-father.
Owing to the unprecedented demand for plate glass it has advanced considerably in price. Messrs. McCausland & Son, Toronto, fortunately have a contract before the public for a very considerable quantity, and are thus enabled to offer their patrons this season a decided advantage in price, the quality being superior to any ever previously imported.
When is a chair like a lady's dress? When it is sat in.
SKIN DISEASES are most annoying because so noticeable, and how low Sulphur soap helps and cleanses the skin.
When is a lamp not a bonnet? When it becomes a lady.
Minard's Liniment relieves Neuralgia.

SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.
The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can successfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whooping Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure. If you dread that insidious disease, Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. Price 10 cts, 25 cts, 50 cts, and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster, Price 25 cts.

Coughs, Coughs!
Syrup Tamarac Gum
Cures all affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest—such as Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Chest, Coughs, Colds, etc.
This valuable preparation excites expectoration, allays and breaks all irritation of the throat and lungs, giving instant relief to any pain, and imparts strength to the affected parts. Cures every time.
Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. Refuse all substitutes.
PREPARED ONLY BY
H. SPENCER CASE,
Chemist and Druggist, 50 King St. West, Hamilton, Ont.
Sold by John Gayler, Ingersoll. 071



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Droopiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after attack head

Just Taken out of Bond!
A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF SCOTCH - AND - IRISH WHISKIES
Jamaica Rum, De Kuyper and Nollettes' Gin.
Also a large stock of Davey's Celebrated

WHITE LABEL EXPORT ALE
Walker's, Gooderham's, Seagram's and Corby's MALT and RYE Whiskies in Wood or Glass.
Also Bass' Ale and Guinness' Dublin Stout, Wines and Brandies of every description.
All orders promptly attended to. Orders delivered every afternoon.
Store closes every night at eight o'clock, and Saturday night at seven o'clock sharp.
JAS. BRADY.

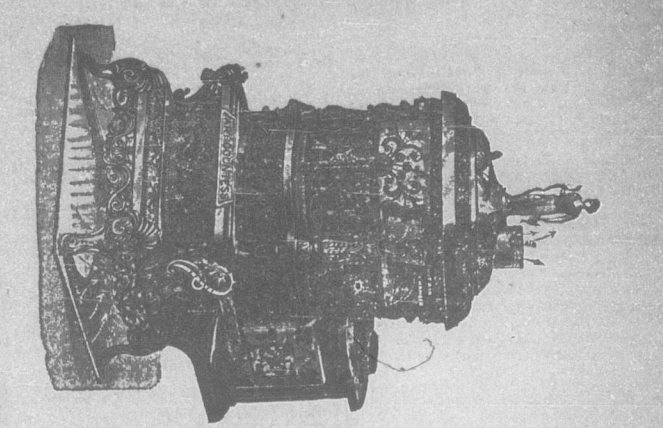
JAS. MCINTYRE, Furniture Dealer
Has on hand a large stock of Cabinet Ware & Chairs, MATTESSSES, &c.
Which he will sell cheap for cash
COFFINS, CASKETS, AND BURIAL ROBES.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT ON HAND.
HEARSE FOR HIRE.
KING ST., - - - INGERSOLL.

BURDOCK'S PILLS.
SUGAR COATED
A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK'S BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP
DESTROYS AND REMOVES WORMS OF ALL KINDS IN CHILDREN OR ADULTS. IT IS SWEET AND CANNOT HARM THE MOST DELICATE CHILD.

Coughs, Coughs!
Syrup Tamarac Gum
Cures all affections of the Throat, Lungs and Chest—such as Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Hoarseness, Influenza, Spitting Blood, Pain in the Chest, Coughs, Colds, etc.
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Sold by John Gayler, Ingersoll. 071

Call and See our Coal and Wood Heaters and Cook Stoves.



ROBERTSON & McKAY.

GREENE & SONS
COMPANY, MONTREAL.
WELL ASSORTED STOCK IN ALL LINES.

HATS, CAPS
AND
STRAW GOODS
MEN'S Furnishings
NEWEST STYLES SELECTED FOR
Spring Trade, 1891
Agents For Woodrow's Hats.
Warehouse, 517 to 525 St. Paul Street, MONTREAL.

Beck's Fruit Store
JUST ARRIVED:

10 Cases Sweet Valencia Oranges, 25c. a doz. 5 Barrels Mixed Candy, 15 & 20c per lb. Florida Oranges very sweet, Bananas, Apples, Figs,

English Walnuts, Almonds, Oysters, Siscoes, Haddies, Etc.

Fine Lot of Cigars & Tobaccos
Just Received for Christmas trade, Cheap. Also splendid assortment of
BRIAR PIPES AND FANCY CIGAR CASES
Suitable for Christmas Presents.

CALL AND SEE THEM.

HENDERSON & CO.
Electric Bells, Shot Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Powder, Shot Caps, Cartridges, Boxing Gloves, Indian Clubs, Dumb Bells, Sewing Machines, Needles, Oil, Hair Clippers, Bicycles.

WM. C. BELL, BURDOCK
SUCCESSOR TO A. OLIVER & CO.

Bege to announce to his friends and patrons that they will find him at the old stand,
Victoria St., North of the River,
Where he is prepared to furnish them with all kinds

BUILDING MATERIAL, HOUSE FINISHINGS
ETC., AT THE VERY BEST TERMS

Thanking you for past favors and trust you will favor me with a fair share of your patronage in the future.
W. O. BELL.

