

every hour to be rubbed on the lower regim of the stomach with a warm piece of flannel, and the wetted part should likewise be covered with flannel. A gentle previous vomiting, however is necessary to promote the absorption of the linament. Should febrile symptoms attend this complaint, and the child be strong, the loss of a little blood will be highly useful in moderating the violence and frequency of the cough.—Purges of calomel and rhubarb or jalap, are also very proper to be occasionally administered. During the operation of these medicines diluting drinks ought to be given. A gentle emetic of vinegar of squills sweetened, given early every other morning, for several days will tend greatly to moderate the violence of the cough.—Children bear the operation of emetics in a surprising manner in this disease. In the decline of the disease generous diet, riding in a carriage, together with the use of *LAC AMMONIACUM* and Peruvian Bark, are highly useful.—A plaister of Burgandy Pitch applied between the shoulders is also beneficial in moderating the cough—Three or four drops of Laudanum given twice a day in a spoonful of mint water, produce a good effect in the decline of the complaint, by abating the coughs which sometimes continue merely from habit.—A change of air is indispensably necessary to moderate the violence of the cough.”

TO CURE SMOKY CHIMNEYS.

Put on the top of the chimney a box, in each of whose sides is a door hanging on hinges, and kept open by a thin iron rod running from one to the other, and fastened by a ring in each end to a staple. When there is no wind, these doors are at rest, and each forms an angle of 45° , which is de-

creased on the windward side in proportion to the force of the wind, and increased in the same ratio on the leeward side. If the wind be very strong, the door opposed to the wind becomes close, while the opposite one is opened as wide as it can be.—If the wind strikes the corner of the box, it shuts two doors, and opens their opposites. This scheme has been tried with success in a chimney which always filled the room with smoke, but which, since adopted, has never smoked the room at all. The expense is trifling, and the apparatus simple.

TO STOP CRACKS IN GLASS VESSELS,

The cracks of glass vessels may be mended, by daubing them with a suitable piece of linen over with white of egg, strewing both over with finely powdered quicklime, and instantly apply the linen closely and evenly.

TO TAKE THE SMELL OF PAINT FROM ROOMS,

Let three or four broad tubs, each containing about eight gallons of water, and one ounce of vitriolic acid, be placed in the new painted room near the wainscot; this water will absorb and retain the effluvia from the paint in three days, but the water should be renewed each day during that time.

THE USE OF GARLIC AGAINST MOLES, GRUBS, AND SNAILS,

Moles are such enemies to the smell of garlic, that, in order to get rid of these troublesome destructive guests, it is sufficient to introduce a few heads of garlic into their subterraneous walks. It is likewise employed with success against grubs and snails.

FINIS.