"Sanford-Made" Clothing.

8.50
10.00
12.00
Spring
Overcoats

You could pay the "custom" tailor three times the money—and you can buy higher-priced ones here—but you don't need to get the most stylish garment made—in "Sanford-made" clothing style is a study—and the man with a five dollar bill to spend can have just as good style in his clothes as the man who has "twenty-five"—You couldn't put our say-so to the test in a better way than in selecting a spring overcoat from the piles of new coverts and splendid Oxford greys at these popular prices—8.50, 10.00 and 12.00—

FINE FURNISHINGS—NEWEST NOTIONS IN "GOOD FORM" NECKWEAR ..... 25c and 50c

Oak Hall Clothiers
115 KING E. — 116 YONGE.

HAMILTON NEWS

REV. MR. GILMOUR RELEASED

James-Street Baptist Congregation Has Accepted the Pastor's Resignation.

LETTER CARRIER IN HARD LUCK.

Had Paid a Note, Yet the Bailiff Was Put in on Him—General News.

Hamilton, Ont., April 14.—(Special.)—After the regular service at the James-street Baptist Church this morning, a meeting of the members was held. It was decided to accept the resignation of Rev. J. L. Gilmour, who has received a call to Olivette Church, Montreal.

A Great Hardship.

Satisfactory security has been given by William Hoey, the letter carrier, whose place was seized for a $30 judgment and $15 costs, and the bailiff has been withdrawn. Mr. Hoey's case is an exceedingly hard one, as the evidence showed that he had paid the account over a year ago. He gave a note to R. McClenahan & Co., furniture dealers, and paid it in two instalments. The firm had previously discounted the note at the bank, and didn't lift it before failing.

It is said there are other persons in a position like that of Hoey. They had paid the notes, and had receipts, but the notes were not lifted at the bank. The amount involved is considerable.

Thomas Hobson was assignee for McClenahan, as well as solicitor for the Bank of Hamilton, which had a chattel mortgage on everything. None of the other creditors got anything, and the Ontario Furniture Dealers' Association intends testing the case in the courts.

At the Assizes.

Justice MacMahon yesterday heard the action of Holman v. The Times Printing Company, in which $1500 damages were asked for the loss of a hand by a boy named Willie Holman. After hearing the evidence submitted for the plaintiff, the judge held that the accident was due to the boy's neglect. He had charge of a ticket printing press and was looking about him when his hand was crushed. A nonsuit was entered.

Court was adjourned till this morning. Judge MacMahon will sit Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings to help clear the lengthy docket.

Trouble in the Council.

There is trouble in the Saltfleet Township Council. Ransom Smith has been clerk for 32 years, and some of the Councillors think he has held the job long enough. Fred Henry, his son-in-law, is treasurer, and the councillors are sore on him because he wanted the Council to pay the premium on his bond. Now a by-law has been submitted to shift the two. Reeve Corman brought it in, but at the last meeting of the Council it was talked out for the time by Thomas Carscallen.

Things are yet in the air. It is said F. M. Carpenter is not averse to accepting the dual office of clerk and treasurer if it is offered him.

Stolen Goods Sent Back.

Chief Smith yesterday received a large parcel by express from the Toronto Police Department. It contained a valise, the property of Rev. Neil McPherson, and some clothing belonging to A. D. Braithwaite and W. F. Robinson. The articles were found in the room occupied by Peter Wheeler, who was found guilty in the Toronto Police Court of several charges of theft. Wheeler admitted that he stole the valise from the vestry of St. Paul's Church, and the other articles from Christ Church Cathedral.

Got Some Poor Advice.

At yesterday's Police Court, Mrs. Wickens, Blyth-street, was accused of converting to her own use a stove and other articles of furniture belonging to Ralph Baker. It turned out that defendant had disposed of the goods on the advice of a lawyer. The magistrate concluded she had been given bad advice and adjourned the case for a week.

Wanted in Toronto.

Isadore Olstein, a tailor, was arrested here last night. He is wanted in Toronto on a charge of not supporting his wife and family.

Small Paragraphs.

Mrs. Robert Campbell has resigned as soprano soloist of James-street Baptist Church choir.

John Hogan, Smith-avenue, has brought suit against Robert Overend, Stanley-avenue, to recover $1000 damages for alleged libel and slander.

Fishery Inspector Ogg has been advised that the spearing of carp, pike and suckers will be lawful until the last day of the present month.

THE TEA AND COFFEE HABIT.

Nerves Are Wrecked and Health Impaired—Caramel Cereal Brings Relief.

If the correct number of persons whose nerves have been wrecked and health impaired by the injudicious use of tea and coffee could but be known, the world would be astounded. With the male portion of humanity addicted to the use of whiskey and the female portion to tea and coffee, the outlook for future generations would seem to be far from promising. Happily, however, Caramel Cereal, an excellent substitute for tea and coffee, has been discovered with the additional advantage that instead of bringing disaster it promotes good health and is wonderfully beneficial. Mrs. Wassel of London, Ont., abandoned tea and old style coffee from her house and substituted Caramel Cereal with results highly satisfactory to herself, as explained in the following communication:

Battle Creek Sanitarium Health Food Company, London Branch:

Gentlemen,—I have a large family and we all use Caramel Cereal Coffee. We find it a very wholesome, pleasing and nourishing drink. My health has much improved since I discontinued the use of tea and old style coffee. I have not used any for eighteen months. Would be glad to see others use Caramel Cereal Coffee. It is cheaper, and, if properly made, is equal in flavor.

Mrs. Wassel,
44 Palace St., London, Ont.

Granose, Granola and Caramel Cereal are for sale in Toronto, wholesale and retail, by J. F. Morrish, 276 Yonge-street.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

English and American Collegians May Meet in July.

London, April 15.—It was pointed out here, as bearing upon the date for the forthcoming series of track games between the Yale-Harvard and Oxford-Cambridge teams in New York, that the English athletes have never absolutely excluded the idea of a meeting in July, and seems to be the impression in certain athletic circles in the United States. The official conference sent by Mr. C. N. Jackson, treasurer of the Oxford Athletic Club, in reply to the challenge distinctly said that, altho July 15 was impossible, it was just possible, the difficulty that the contest might be held at the end of July.

A $5,000,000 BUILDING.

New York, April 13.—The cornerstone of the new Hall of Records at the corner of Centre and Chambers-streets was laid to-day with appropriate ceremony.

The building, when completed, will house the Departments of Finance and Law, the Surrogate Court, the Register and the county clerks offices. These departments of the city government are now scattered thru four separate buildings. The entire cost of the new building will be about $5,000,000.

An Assyrian Society.

The Assyrians of Toronto have formed the St. Peter and St. Paul Syrian Benevolent Society. The object of the society is to assist any Assyrian in Toronto, of whom there are about 150, who may happen to be in need of assistance, and to look after their general welfare. Headquarters are at 167 York-street, where during the winter months since Jan. 1 a night school has been held three times a week to teach Assyrians their native and the English language, particularly the latter. The officers of the society are: M. N. Awad, president; Paul Awad, vice-president; Peter Abdo, treasurer; M. Abbis, secretary. Any inquiries or communications should be addressed to Paul Awad, 137 York-street.

Talked About a "He."

Two girls were walking arm in arm up Yonge-street on Sunday night. Their conversation was very absorbing and of course the subject of it all was a "he."

"He looked awfully nice when I saw him," said one.

"Oh, he always does," replied the other. "He and my brother Jim get their clothes made at Archambault's, 125 Yonge-street. He makes splendid clothes."

"Yes, that's what father says."

Court Now Constituted.

The Hague, April 13.—Dr. W. H. Debeaufort, president of the Administrative Council of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, has notified all the powers concerned that the court is now constituted. This notification is intended to take the place of a formal installation. The convention has not yet been signed by China, Luxemburg, Mexico and Turkey.

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Business School
Confederation Life Building, Toronto.
Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Penmanship, Arithmetic, Correspondence, Spelling, etc., thoroughly taught. Terms $7.50 per month. Send for circular. 1:5

BOER CAUSE NOW LOST IN COURT
MULES MAY GO TO SOUTH AFRICA

Judge Says That Principle That Neutral Citizens May Lawfully Sell to Belligerents Has Long Since Been Settled by Highest Judicial Authorities.

New Orleans, La., April 13.—Judge Parlange in the United States District Court to-day handed down decision dismissing the suit for injunction brought by Boer representatives with a view to preventing the shipment of mules and horses out of New Orleans to the British army in South Africa.

Judge Parlange holds that the transactions between citizens of the United States and the British Government were conducted under the order of private citizenship, and that the courts had absolutely no jurisdiction to interfere. The horses and mules, the court said, were bought in a neutral territory.

Judge Parlange continues: "If the complainants could be heard to assert here rights personal to themselves in the treaty invaded, and seeing the mules and horses involved in this case, and munitions of war, all of which is disputed by the defendants, it would become necessary to determine whether the United States intended by the declaration of the treaty (of Washington, May 8, 1871) to subvert the well-established principle of international law that the private citizens of a neutral nation can lawfully sell supplies to belligerents.

"It is almost impossible to suppose, a priori, that the United States would have done so, and would have thus provided for the most serious and extensive derangement of and injury to the commerce of our citizens, whenever two or more foreign nations should go to war, and it would seem that there is nothing in the treaty, especially when its history and purports are considered, which would warrant that the United States insisted upon inserting therein a new principle of international law from which the greatest damage might result to the commerce of the country, and which was absolutely different from and antagonistic to the rule and policy which the Government of this country has heretofore strenuously and invariably followed.

"The principle that neutral citizens may lawfully sell to belligerents has long since been settled in this country by the highest judicial authorities."

This case was begun early in April by Samuel Pearson, a Boer, residing anywhere in the United States, in order to annoy the British. He little thought how far-reaching his petty action would become.

His petition before the court set forth that the United States was at peace with the South African Republic and the Orange Free State; that Great Britain was at war with these countries, seeking to destroy the property rights and credit of the petitioners; that for the purpose of carrying on war a steamer was then loading at the port of New Orleans with munitions of war—mules and horses to the number of 1200, and to the value of $150,000.

The defendants, it was charged, were making use of New Orleans as a basis of the military operations of Great Britain in its war in South Africa and to augment its military supplies and arms. It was further asserted that the war could be carried on by Great Britain only thru the renewal of its military supplies from New Orleans, and that when those supplies ceased the war must end.

The suit was brought against Capt. Parson of the steamer Anglo-Australian, Elder, Dempster & Co., her owners, and Robert and Mathew Warriner, who represent Elder, Dempster & Co. at New Orleans.

A SAD AFFAIR AT KINGSTON

Handsome Young Woman Became Jealous and Drank a Dose of Carbolic Acid.

GLASS OF MILK SAVED HER LIFE.

Her Husband Grasped Her Hand, But She Did Not Know Him—Will Recover.

Kingston Whig of April 13: Early this morning a sensational story was circulated on the streets, which told how a young lady, boarding on Queen-street, had attempted last night to take her life by drinking carbolic acid. The name of a citizen well-known in sporting circles was also prominently mentioned with the case. Enquiry revealed the truth of the story, which is a very sad one.

A week or ten days ago a young woman obtained board at a well-known boarding house on lower Queen-street, saying that she was the wife of a young citizen. The landlord and his wife did not know her by any other name. She was ill on Tuesday and Wednesday, requiring medical aid, but yesterday she was well enough to go out. She went to her husband's shop in the afternoon, and found another young lady there. Her jealousy was aroused, and an angry scene ensued. She returned to the boarding house, ate her tea and chatted as if all were well. Later she retired to her room, which she shares with a young lady employed in the cotton mill. She called down stairs for her roommate to hand her a lead pencil, which was done. When she had written a letter, intended for the man known as her husband, she placed it under her pillow, and then drank a quantity of carbolic acid from a phial which she had evidently purchased in the afternoon. A few minutes only had elapsed when her fearful deed was discovered, and a glass of milk, provided by the landlady, neutralized the effects of the poison and saved the girl's life.

A physician was hurriedly summoned, as was also her supposed husband. Her mouth, lips, etc., were badly burned by the acid, and she could scarcely make her words understood. When her husband grasped her by the hand and bent over her she did not know him.

"Don't you know me? It's me—Barney!" he said.

"To h— with Barney," was the reply.

The letter was discovered and opened, it not being addressed to any particular person. The contents, intended presumably for her husband, read as follows: "When you read this I will be dead."

As the case was a very serious one, it was decided that the sick woman should be removed to the General Hospital, and Corbett's ambulance was accordingly summoned.

The unfortunate girl came to the city from Napanee. Her maiden name was Aries Annans, and she claims to have been married in the above village last October. Her husband did not live with her at the Queen-street boarding house. The girl is a Protestant, while the husband is a Catholic. She is a fine-looking blonde, about 24 years of age, stylish in appearance.

Her condition to-day was greatly improved, and the physicians say that she will recover. At different times during the past year she has been employed as dining-room girl at the Windsor Hotel and Congress Hall. She was discharged from the former place.

GREAT FIRE AT BOSTON.

Sturtevant Blower Works Burned, Causing $350,000 Loss.

Boston, Mass., April 14.—The main building of the extensive blower works of the B. F. Sturtevant Company, in the Jamaica Plain district, was burned early this morning, causing a loss of $350,000, fully insured. The concern manufactured various kinds of machinery and electrical goods, as well as blowers. All patterns and plans were destroyed.

The company had recently added $75,000 worth of tools and machinery, and had a large amount of electrical work ready for shipment. It also had a large number of engines and blowers for the Government for use on battleships and cruisers in course of construction. All were destroyed. Over 700 men are thrown out of employment temporarily.

CROSSED THE BAR.

Sir Edward W. Watkin and an Eminent German Dead.

London, April 15.—Sir Edward William Watkin, formerly chairman of the South-eastern Railway, the Manchester, Sheffield and Lincolnshire Railway and the Metropolitan and East London Railway, died yesterday. He was born Sept. 26, 1819.

Eminent German Dead.

Berlin, April 15.—Emil Kempin, director of laws, and one of the foremost leaders of the woman's movement in Germany, has just died in an insane asylum at Basle, Switzerland.

Kingsville Fire.

Kingsville, April 13.—The dwelling and contents in town owned by Lewis Burdick were totally destroyed by fire this morning. Loss $1000, insured $400.

"GLEANER" ON DELPIT CASE

Criticizes Quebec Archbishop's Letter Commenting on Judge Archibald's Recent Decision.

CIVIL POWER REGULATES MARRIAGE.

If Legislature Changes Law an Issue Will Rise That Will Convulse the Dominion.

Huntingdon, Que., April 13.—The Gleaner says editorially concerning the Archbishop's recent letter on the Delpit marriage:

As to the Delpit case, the Archbishop disapproves of Judge Archibald's decision, and re-states at length the views of the Church of Rome as to marriage. The Archbishop quotes the decree of the Council of Trent regarding marriage, and assumes it is binding in this province. Here is the crucial point between Judge Archibald and the Archbishop.

The judge goes minutely into the evidence as to whether the King of France ratified the decree, and demonstrates not only that he did not, but that he rejected it; therefore, as the decree was not proclaimed in France, it had no effect in its colonies. If Judge Archibald is mistaken in his historical and legal quotations as to the decree never having been proclaimed either before or after the conquest in this province, it should be easy for the Archbishop to confute him, but he does not do so—he does not cite a single authority to show the decree of the council on marriage was ever recognized by its civil power.

Until the time, place and manner in which the decree was proclaimed binding upon the Province of Quebec is given, it is impossible to see how Judge Archibald's ruling can be set aside—namely, that in this province the civil power regulates the contract of marriage.

The Archbishop declares that any two Catholics, or a Catholic and a Protestant "dare presume to contract marriage before an heretical minister" shall have pronounced against them the sentence of excommunication. We trust he may live to see the day when he will be more charitable in considering the views of those who differ from him, and neither call them heretics nor threaten them with the dire penalties of his church.

If an attempt be made, as a paragraph in the letter indicates, to induce the Legislature to so change the law of the province as to give effect to the decree of the Council of Trent, then an issue will be raised which will convulse the Dominion. As the hierarchy value peace and their continued enjoyment of the extraordinary privileges they have in this province, they will not so attempt to make the civil power their servant.

SUBLINGUAL CALCULUS.

One of the Rarest Diseases Known to Surgery Grappled With by a New Yorker.

New York, April 14.—Mr. Louis Grenner has just been the subject of an interesting surgical discovery. For years he has suffered more or less from swelling and inflammation of the glands of the throat and tongue, accompanied by a growing tendency to lisp. Finally the difficulty affected his appetite, but it was not until three weeks ago that he began to suffer acute pain.

At that time he went to a dentist with what he thought was a well-developed and severe case of toothache. On the advice of the dentist Mr. Grenner consulted a throat specialist.

The latter, having examined the patient's mouth, began to probe under the tongue. The probe came in contact with a hard, resisting substance. Then the truth dawned upon the surgeon that he was dealing with one of the rarest diseases—sublingual calculus. He applied his forceps, and, without difficulty, removed from underneath the tongue a yellowish egg-shaped stone as large as a Lima bean.

This formation is a limestone-like concretion resulting from the deposit of lime salts from the salivary glands. While such concretions in other portions of the human anatomy are not uncommon, the formation of so large a one in the sublingual region is most unusual.

Mr. Glenner on his recovery found that his toothache had departed along with the impediment in his speech. He is thinking of having his petrified lisp mounted for a watch charm.

Tugmen Will Go to Work.

Toledo, Ohio, April 14.—Members of the Tugmen's Protective Association, who voted several weeks ago that they would not go to work until the strike of the Marine Engineers had been settled, reconsidered their determination to-day, and will go to work in the morning. The Marine Engineers are incensed by the change of front

"For the worst provide, the best will save itself."

Look to the grade of leather used in the covered up sole and insole of the shoe.

The surface—the upper leather and visible work, will be cared for by the Retailer.

Or—look for the slate frame, and the Makers' price on the sole, and you may take the rest for granted, because of the Makers' guarantee with—

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A TALK WITH LI HUNG CHANG

The Chinese Diplomat Thinks American Company Has Acted Unscrupulously

IN BARTERING A CONCESSION.

Emperor Will Not Return to Pekin Until Foreign Troops Have Left.

Pekin, April 13.—Speaking to-day, Li Hung Chang said to a correspondent, with reference to the American China Development Company of New York selling out the railway concession from Hankow to Canton, that he thought they acted unscrupulously in bartering a concession, granted to them as Americans, to foreigners. The new purchasers, he was informed, were Belgians and others, probably French. He did not believe it was a Russian move to obtain the entire line from Pekin to Canton.

He said that he thought that Russia was not unfriendly to China and that the occupation of Manchuria was merely a present necessity to guard the railroad. It was no more than any other power would do under the circumstances.

Upon the correspondent asking when the Emperor would return, he replied not until the troops had left. He said the delay in the peace negotiations was due to the everlasting petty disagreements of the various powers among themselves. When the correspondent suggested that the Emperor was doubtless quite willing to return, but the Empress feared that, once he assumed power, her power would be forever ended, Li replied, "That's it exactly."

"How do your people like Wu Ting Fang?" next asked Li Hung Chang.

"He is the golden calf of America," the correspondent replied, at which Li smiled and said, "I never considered him a man of marked ability."

"Do you do not?" the correspondent ventured.

"Yes," he replied, "he has done very well."

When asked if he had been in Pekin during the siege, would he have survived, he replied: "Doubtless I would have been decapitated with the other pro-foreign Ministers." He is glad he was in Canton.

ADVICE FROM JAPAN.

Emperor Should Return to Pekin at Once to Preserve the Empire.

Pekin, April 14.—Komoura Yutaro, the Japanese Minister, accompanied by Gen. Yamaguchi, the Japanese commander, recently called upon Prince Ching and notified him that the return of Emperor Kwang Su to Pekin was urgently desired. Prince Ching was informed that the Emperor's wishes would be respected by the foreign troops, and that every courtesy would be shown him. It was pointed out to the Chinese plenipotentiary that the Emperor's return was of the highest possible importance, as affecting the maintenance of the integrity of the Chinese Empire, and that he should come accompanied by every available soldier, by at least 20,000 men, if possible. These troops, it was further contended by the Japanese Minister, must be sent into Manchuria, as the Russians reported great disturbances there, and it was not right that the task of quelling the trouble should be thrown upon the shoulders of one nation. Finally, Prince Ching was assured that, if the 20,000 Chinese troops could not suppress the disorders in Manchuria, other powers would send an international force to cooperate with China, which all the powers regarded as a friendly power. No reply having been received to this communication, Li Hung Chang was to-day notified to the same effect, and told that Emperor Kwang Su must give an immediate answer.

The preparations which the Japanese here are making for an early start indicate that they still expect war between Russia and Japan. Vessels arriving at Taku from Nagasaki report the mobilization of the Japanese fleet and the continuance of preparations on board ship for the anticipated struggle.

PRINCE CHING COMPLAINS.

Reports of Rebellions Distorted—Allies Are Dilatory.

Pekin, April 14.—Prince Ching says all his reports go to show that the missionary statements regarding a rebellion in Mongolia are not supported by facts, neither does he believe that the rebellion of General Tung Fu Hsiang amounts to much.

"It is the object of certain elements," he asserts, "to make it seem that China is in a condition of constant broil, rendering it unsafe for the foreign troops to be withdrawn. Those who have this in view will magnify a village quarrel into a big rebellion. The missionaries, naturally timid, take these reports in good faith."

The conduct of the Ministers of the powers over the negotiations with the Chinese plenipotentiaries causes much adverse comment among the military authorities. Their dilatory tactics have prevented what might have been accomplished two months ago. Even now the meetings of the Ministers are postponed for the most trivial causes. For instance, the desire of one Minister to go on a picnic to the tombs of the Ming dynasty, prevented the holding of a meeting for a number of days. Then M. De Giers and other Ministers insisted upon celebrating Easter, and thus a week was consumed. In a third case an unnecessary visit by one Minister to Tien Tsin held up the negotiations for four days. These are fair illustrations of what has been almost continuous from the beginning.

Attempt to Stab Mr. Kruger.

Paris, April 15.—(5.40 a.m.)—L'Estafetta publishes a report that an attempt was made to stab Mr. Kruger.

SETTLED PART OF THE TROUBLE.

Jersey Central Engineers and Firemen Get Increased Wages, Other Hands Have Not.

New York, April 13.—It was announced by officials of the Central Railroad of New Jersey this evening that the company had come to an agreement with its engineers and firemen. The conference which brought about this result was held between representatives of the road, General Supt. Olhausen and Division Superintendent Wentz. The wages of the engineers and firemen were increased, but the telegraphers and trainhands did not fare so well. The former were told that they will be treated as liberally as their fellow-workers in the employ of other roads and the trainhands are to have another conference with the officials.

The following particulars were given out by Division Superintendent Wentz at the end of the conference:

Passenger engineers, who have been receiving $3.25, will now be paid $3.50 for a 100-mile trip. They asked for $3.75.

Firemen, who have been receiving $2.10, and who asked for $2.25, will receive $2.20.

Freight engineers will receive 3½ cents a mile, with the 10-mile-an-hour guarantee. They wanted 3¾ cents.

Firemen on freight engines will receive $2.20 and the same conditions. They asked for $2.50.

Engineers on the heavy-draught engines will receive 4 cents a mile and a 10-mile guarantee. They asked for 5 cents.

The company has maintained two firemen on some of these large engines, altho not compelled to, and when there are two firemen, each will receive $2.35 for runs of less than 150 miles and $2.40 for 150 or more. Where there is but one fireman on these engines he will get $2.85.

The change in wages will cost the company an increased outlay per year of from $30,000 to $35,000.

A MOVE AGAINST CANADA.

United States Authorities Take Precautions to Keep Out Those They Coax In.

Detroit, April 13.—A Washington special says Commissioner of Emigration Powderly has perfected arrangements to start two of his most expert supervising inspectors on a tour of the entire border from East port, Maine, to Sault Ste. Marie, to determine the exact places at which additional inspectors should be stationed in order to effect a more rigid and efficient protection against immigrants crossing the border, who come to Canada from Europe as other foreign countries. The inspectors will enter upon that work at once, and Commissioner Powderly expects that when their report is made and acted upon the chances for violation of the law will be very much decreased, if not stopped. Investigation is also to include the smuggling of Chinese, which has been going on at a great rate in past years, and which the immigration officials are determined to break up if possible.

IMPRESSED BY AMERICAN TRIP.

Mr. Frederic Harrison Says Some Pleasant Words to Tickle United States Ears.

London, April 15.—The Daily Mail publishes an interview to-day with Mr. Frederick Harrison, president of the London Positivist Committee, regarding his recent visit to the United States, in which he repeats in part his interview of Thursday with a representative of the Associated Press:

"I was deeply impressed," said Mr. Harrison to The Daily Mail's representative, "by my American trip. I found a clear, intellectual atmosphere, a broad tolerance and a universal hospitality which delighted me. I was much struck with the evidence of deep thinking exhibited by the students in the American universities. I visited many cities, but nowhere did I see a sign or hear a hint of animosity toward England."

Mr. Harrison expressed the opinion that it was advisable for England to pay less attention to foreign affairs and more to her energetic commercial and industrial competitors in the United States.

WOMEN USED DAGGERS.

Workmen in Seville Forced to Stop Work by Strikers and Their Women Folk.

Seville, Spain, April 13.—The strikers from the cork works, accompanied by their women folk, attacked the factory this morning and with drawn daggers forced the workers to cease their tasks.

FOOLISH BOY IN TROUBLE.

Sent Blackmail Letters Thru the Mails and Was Nabbed.

Utica, N.Y., April 14.—Chester Arthur Lisle, 17 years of age, is in Utica jail, charged with using the mails for fraudulent and blackmailing purposes. He sent letters to ex-Mayor Charles A. Doolittle and Thomas F. and William T. Baker, the two latter publishers of The Utica Saturday Globe, to the effect that unless they deposited certain sums, varying from $200 to $500 in a certain place, the writer would disfigure and even kill the daughters of the families and others. The arrest was made thru the Pinkerton men, and the boy has made a complete confession, implicating others, whose arrest will follow.

Peril of "Anodyne Method."

Berlin, April 13.—At to-day's session of the Congress of Surgeons in this city, Professor August Bier of the University of Greifswald, inventor of the "anodyne method," consisting of cocaine injections under the spinal membranes, said the method had now been tried in 1200 cases and had met with enthusiastic approval from the French.

He added, however, that he regarded it as dangerous to life, and said that it must not be used indiscriminatey.

Following the example of the municipal physicians at Leipsic, those at Munich have gone on strike for higher pay and better treatment. All the Munich physicians have declared themselves in sympathy with the strikers.

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UPPER CANADA COLLEGE
SPRING TERM
BEGINS ON
Tuesday, April 16
Classes assemble at 10 o'clock.

Public Amusements

Minstrels' Golf Parade.

West's big minstrels, the attraction at the Toronto Opera House this week, will give a street parade to-day, leaving the theatre at noon. The minstrels will be attired in golf costumes, and the parade will be headed by the company's band, with William H. West driving his own team tandem. The route of the parade is as follows: Yonge to Queen, to Simcoe, to King, to Yonge, to Front, to Church, to King, to Toronto, to Adelaide, to the theatre. The promise of a performance replete with mirth, melody and novel features seems sure to be realized, for Mr. West has surrounded himself this season with a company of such superior merit, with acts of such an established reputation, with comedians of such renown and singers of such deserved fame, that one's appetite for the good, jolly old minstrel show is certain to be appeased. The usual matinees will be given on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Frederick Warde To-Night.

"The Duke's Jester," a new romantic comedy from the pen of Espy Williams, and written especially for Mr. Frederick Warde and the Brune Company, which incidentally includes the two well-known stars, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Spencer, will be the offering at the Grand during the first three nights of the week. The promises to be an entertainment of unusual merit. There are also indications that the production will receive the attention here that has been accorded it thruout the country. The curiosity of the public to see Frederick Warde, who has hitherto been identified with tragedy alone, assume a thoroly comedy role, has reached the proportions of a fad. The play is said to be magnificently staged and costumed. A special 60-foot car is carried by the organization, which has won the reputation of being the strongest aggregation of actors since the famous Booth and Barrett combination.

Lafayette at Shea's To-Day.

The crowds will surely flock to Shea's this week, "the great Lafayette show" being the magnet. On this company's previous engagement here all records were broken. Lafayette returns with practically a new act and supporting company. This sterling entertainer is one of the few vaudeville headliners who do not allow their performances to stale. He is constantly adding new features. His new set of scenery is the handsomest and most gorgeous ever used by any artist in vaudeville. It will be seen by the following names that many are new to Toronto. James J. Morton is still retained as one of the many features. His witty sayings and songs are always up to date. Others are Kelly and Ashby, on the bounding billiard table; Stine and Evans, Howard and Bland; Smity, Doty & Coe; Maud Meredith and James and Bonnie Farley.

At the Princess.

The thirty-fourth week of the engagement of the Valentine Company will begin at the Princess to-night with a presentation of Frank Harvey's powerful melodrama, "Woman Against Woman." The play is one of the most successful that Mr. Harvey ever contributed to the literature of the stage, and the Valentine Company will give it a setting that will bring out its numerous attractive qualities. The parts are all strong, and they will be interpreted by the pick of the company. Miss Maynard will have an especially good role, which will give full scope to her well-recognized powers, and additional interest centres in the production for the reason that Mr. Harry Glazier, who has an unusually large and enthusiastic following in Toronto, will make his debut to-night as a member of the Valentine Company. The souvenir feature to-night will be maple leaf pins, bearing a picture of King Edward. "Woman Against Woman" runs all week, with matinees to-morrow, Thursday and Saturday.

The Exhibition To-Morrow.

The entire collection of Turkish and Persian rugs and carpets, embroideries, etc., to be sold, commencing at 2.30 o'clock on Wednesday, will be on exhibition to-morrow afternoon from 2 till 5 o'clock. Never in this city has such a magnificent assortment been submitted to public competition. Mr. Charles M. Henderson will conduct the sale, which takes place at No. 40 East King-street (near Toronto-street).

Bubonic Not Increasing.

Cape Town, April 14.—There is no increase in the progress of the bubonic plague here, altho there is an average of five cases daily. Since the outbreak, 392 cases have been officially reported, of which 153 have proved fatal.

HELP WANTED.

BAND LASTERS WANTED — SIX first-class hand lasters on men's Goodyear work. Apply or address J. D. King Company, Limited, Wellington-street W.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

FARMS FOR SALE FOR CASH. Terms can be made easy.

$1200—45 ACRES—NEAR ST. Catharines, without buildings, but in good state of cultivation.

$2000—75 ACRES — WITHIN thirty miles of Toronto; good buildings.

$5500—TWO MILES FROM A western town, between Hamilton and Toronto; 100 acres; choice farm; highly cultivated and in first-class condition; good homestead and barns.

$8000—125-ACRE FARM — ONE of the best farms County of York; good barns and dwelling; well watered. For full particulars apply to Trustee, Box 71, World.

FOR SALE—$1500 EACH—ON EASY terms; pair new semi-detached houses; West End; 7 rooms; bath; open plumbing; concrete cellars; decorated; a decided bargain; see this. J. Curry, Manning Arcade. Tel. 948.

FOR EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—3 NICE HOUSES, WEST; free of encumbrance; for larger house in good locality; west; pay difference. Box 74, World.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTY WITH SEVEN THOUSAND cash wanted to buy half interest in old-established, profitable business in Hamilton. Executor, Box 73, World.

HOTEL FOR SALE—SOLID BRICK—Four rods from station. For particulars apply to T. English, Royal Hotel, Everett, Ont.

ART.

J. W. L. FORSTER — PORTRAIT Painting. Rooms: 24 King-street west, Toronto.

VETERINARY.

F. A. CAMPBELL, VETERINARY SURgeon, 97 Bay-street. Specialist in diseases of dogs. Telephone 141.

THE ONTARIO VETERINARY College, Limited, Temperance-street, Toronto; open day and night. Telephone 861.

LEGAL CARDS.

FRANK W. MACLEAN, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc., 54 Victoria street. Money to loan at 4½ and 5 per cent. ed

EMERSON COATSWORTH, JR., BARrister, Solicitor, Globe Building, 5 Melinda-street, will remove on 1st May to 312 Temple Building, Toronto.

LOBB & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, SOlicitors, Patent Attorneys, etc., 9 Quebec Bank Chambers, King-street east, corner Toronto-street, Toronto. Money to loan. Arthur F. Lobb, James Baird.

SYMONS & MONTGOMERY, BARRISters, Solicitors, etc., Room 3, Toronto Mortgage Co.'s Chambers, 15 Toronto-street. Harry Symons, K.C., Joseph Montgomery, B.A.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—ALL KINDS OF GOODS stored at Mounce Co., Cartage Agents, 336 Parliament-street. 'Phone No. 8777.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE AND pianos; double and single furniture vans, for moving; the oldest and most reliable firm. Lester Storage & Cartage, 369 Spadina-avenue.

PERSONAL.

FARMERS', HOTEL AND RESTAURants' help supplied—Pay when suited. 'Phone 8006, or write Canadian Employment Bureau, 66 Victoria, Toronto. Mention World.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL, STRATFORD, refitted; best $1.00-day house in Canada; special attention to grip men. J. J. Hegarty, Prop.

MEDICAL.

DR. RYERSON HAS RESUMED HIS special practice. 60 College-street. Hours 9 to 2, or by appointment.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

JAS. R. DUNN, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE liscenses, 905 Bathurst-street.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto street. Evenings, 539 Jarvis-street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

4½ PER CENT. CITY, FARM LOANS—first, second mortgages; no fees; agents wanted. Reynolds, 77 Victoria, Toronto.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST rates on city property. Macdonald, Shepley & Middleton, 28 Toronto-street.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants upon their own names, without security. Special inducements. Tolman, Room 39, Freehold Building. ed

MEETINGS.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Toronto Union Club Company, Limited, will be held at the offices of the company, 61 Victoria St., Toronto, on Tuesday, 30th April, at 3 o'clock p.m. The transfer books will be closed from 20th to 30th inst., both inclusive.

GEO. C. PARKER, Sec.-Treas.

HOTELS.

ELLIOTT HOUSE, CHURCH AND Shuter-streets, opposite the Metropolitan and St. Michael's Churches. Elevator and street-cars. Church-street cars from Union Depot. Rates $2 per day. J. W. Hirst, proprietor.

IROQUOIS HOTEL, TORONTO, CAN., centrally situated; corner King and York-streets; steam-heated; electric-lighted; elevator; rooms with bath and en suite; rates $1.50 to $2.50 per day. James K. Paisley, prop., late of the New Royal, Hamilton.

NEW SOMERSET—COR. CHURCH AND Carlton-streets, Toronto—Rates, $2 per day; American; beds for gentlemen, 50c and 75c; European plan; meal tickets issued Sunday dinners a specialty; Winchester and Church-street cars pass the door. William Hopkins, Prop. ed7

Hotel Circuit.

ROYAL—Handsomest in America, Hamilton, Ont.

PENETANGUISHENE—Canada's Great Summer Hotel, Penetang, Georgian Bay.

STRATHCONA—Niagara's Favorite, formerly Chautauqua, situated at Niagara-on-the-Lake. Two hours' sail from Toronto. Six trips daily by Niagara Navigation Company's palace steamers.

Rates: Royal, $2.50 to $4.00 per day; Penetanguishene, $2.00 a day, $12.00 to $14.00 per week; Strathcona, $2.00 a day, $10.00 to $12.00 per week. Apply HOTEL ROYAL, Hamilton, Canada.

CHARLES H. RICHES.
Canada Life Building, Toronto
Solicitor of patents and expert. Patents, trade marks, copyrights, design patents procured in Canada and all foreign countries.

SPRING CLEANING AND DYEING.

Stockwell, Henderson & Co., 103 King-street West, Suits, Overcoats, Dresses, Jackets, etc., etc., Dry Cleaned or Steam Cleaned in the most artistic manner. Our pressers are the very best, and all goods are hard pressed. Dyeing—All kinds of garments are done, right, "and quick." Cleaning same day if required and Dyeing in two days. 'Phone, and goods will be called for. Express paid one way on orders from a distance. Our agent at Bedeville is C. C. Dickens, Bridge-street, near Postoffice. 136

The Turk After Bulgarians.

London, April 14.—"It is asserted here," says the Vienna correspondent of The Times, "that the Ottoman Government has addressed another sharp note to Bulgaria demanding the immediate dissolution of the Macedonian Committee and the prohibition of the approaching Macedonian Congress."