

monuments of an educational nature would be of the greatest value in inducing in the Western people an appreciation of Canadian history.

The Revd. F. G. Scott put his suggestion in the form of a motion as follows:—

“That inasmuch as it is hoped that the coming celebration of the hundred years of peace among the English speaking peoples will have a world-wide influence in promoting the cause of peace, and inasmuch as a large proportion of our population is French by birth and language and inasmuch as France also was engaged in war with England a century ago, that France also be asked to join sympathetically in the Peace Celebration.”

In supporting this Canon Scott suggested the erection at Quebec of a monument of triangular design, with messages of peace from the King, the President of France and the President of the United States respectively.

After a brief discussion it was suggested by the Hon. G. H. Perley that as such a monument would have to be undertaken by joint action of the countries interested, consideration of it should be recommended to the joint Committees. To this Canon Scott acceded.

W. M. German, Esq., M.P. adverted to the claims of Niagara Falls and Fort Erie to the projected Peace Memorial Bridge and urged the advantages to be derived from the construction of a bridge and the desirability of building such a structure at Fort Erie, which had peculiarly interesting historic associations.

In closing the discussion on this aspect of the commemoration the President, Sir Edmund Walker, expressed warm approval of the proposal put forward by the Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, C.M.G. These tablets, he added, could be erected in every university in Great Britain, the United States and Canada. He echoed the remark made by one of the members of the Committee that the object to be aimed at in erecting monuments should be the cultivation of the appropriate sentiment rather than the achievement of some work of utility. In this connection he applauded Mr. J. A. M. Aikins' contribution to the discussion. The Dominion Government, he was confident, would help in marking a series of historic sites in Canada.