

the military service are minutely detailed in "Sabine's Loyalists." On one occasion he attempted the capture of Governor Livingston, and his orders from Lieutenant-General Knypfhausen, May 10th, 1780, may be found in "Moore's Diary of the American Revolution," Vol. II, page 307. At another time he was himself taken by General Anthony Wayne, and suffered much cruelty from his captors, but finally broke his guard and escaped. He still continued his attacks upon the ^{glorious} patriots, and was often employed as a spy on their movements. Notwithstanding all his years of hardships he was never promoted above a subaltern in the military service. It is difficult to understand now why this was not done. All his property in New Jersey was confiscated. In 1783 a "Narrative of his exertions and sufferings in the cause of government," was published in London, and is believed to have been dictated by him. An interesting and very full sketch of his life will be found in Salter's "Old Times in Old Monmouth." He died in 1809, in Weymouth, Nova Scotia.

JOHN MONRO.—He was a lieutenant in the First Battalion in 1778, but his record is not known.

THOMAS OAKASON.—His service exactly like Lieutenant Monro.

JOSIAH PARKER.—Lieutenant in the Second Battalion December 23d, 1776, and transferred to the Third Battalion July 20th, 1781. He was in commission in the volunteers during the whole war.