Siege of QUEBEC.

those of the English the f fecond, and the Affair was over; our Right 1759. took to their Heels, our Center ran away after them, and drew along the Left, and so the Battle was lost in less Time than I am telling the Story.

An Attempt was made to rally the Runaways, but without Effect; all that could be done, was to collect a Body of 8 or 900 Men together, whom they drew up in Ambufcade in a ^s Copfe of Wood upon the Right of the Hills of Abraham, and whofe Fire retarded in fome measure the Pursuit of the Conquerors; fome others, who had recovered from their Fright, formed themfelves into a few Platoon, and made a Stand, fo that the Action began to be renewed upon the Declivity of the Mountain in different Parts; however, the fatal Blow was ftruck, and the Enemy triumphed.

We

dence he had in the Troops of the Colony and the Savagas, for he muft know the Canadians too well to rifk a Battle, becaufe they were in Spirits, and their Courage was up, as is infinuated here; but the Advantage of the Ground, the fuperior Extent of his Line, the Sight of the English Army before the Town, Vexation at finding himfelf out-generall'd, his Lines and Batteries, his intrenched Camp and formidable Redoubts become of no Ufe Surprize, Defire of Revenge, Thirft of Glory, Honour of the French Arms, Anger, or Difappointment, might all concur to hurry him on to immediate Action, and without waiting for any farther Addition to his Forces to fall upon the Enemy drawn up before him.

Whatever was the Inducement, the Event plainly fhewed it a very indiferete Onfet, and fuch a one as might have ended in the total Deftruction of the *French* Army, without affording an Opportunity for a *fecond* Trial; for, had the Town of Quebec been fituated at a greater Diffance from the Field of Battle, they must all have inevitably been cut to Pieces, or reduced to the melancholy Neceffity of laying down their Arms. ("If the "Town had been further off, the whole French Army must have been deftroyed." Saunders.)

^f Our Troops referved their Fire till within forty Yards, which was fo well continued, that the Enemy every where gave way. *Townshend*.

"The Enemy began the Attack, our Troops received their Fire, and referved their own till they were fo near as to run in upon them, and pufh them with their Bayo-"nets; by which, in a very little Time, the *French* gave way and fled to the Town in "the utmost Diforder, and with great Lofs; for our Troops purfued them quite to the "Walls, and killed many of them upon the *Glacis* of the *Ditch.*" Saunders.

⁸ "Part of the Enemy made a fecond faint Attack; part took to fome thick Copfe "Wood, and feemed to make a Stand." Townshend.

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